District Comprehensive Evidence-Based Reading Plan

Annually, school districts must develop a Comprehensive Evidence-Based Reading Plan (CERP) that outlines the components of the district's comprehensive system of reading instruction. In order to assist districts, the Florida Department of Education (Department) has developed the format below for district reading plans. Districts may utilize the Department's format or an alternative developed by the district. The CERP must be approved by the governing board or authority prior to being submitted to the Department by August 1 for approval. A charter school that elects to develop its own CERP must submit its CERP, approved by the governing board or authority, to the sponsoring district by July 15 and meet the requirements of sections (ss.) 1002.33(7)(a)2.a. and 1003.4201, Florida Statutes (F.S.).

The District CERP depicts and details the role of administration (both district and school level), professional learning, assessment, curriculum and instruction in the improvement of student learning of the Benchmarks for Excellent Student Thinking (B.E.S.T.) English Language Arts (ELA) Standards as provided in Rule 6A-1.09401, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), Student Performance Standards. This information is reflected for all schools and grade levels and must be shared with all stakeholders, including school administrators, literacy leadership teams, literacy coaches, classroom instructors, support staff and parents.

1) Contact Information

The Main District Reading Contact will be the Department's contact for the District CERP and is responsible for the plan and its implementation. Other contacts are those who work primarily with an area covered within the plan. Indicate the contacts for your district. **Add additional rows as needed.**

Point of Contact	Name	Email	Phone
Main Reading Contact	Stacey Rimes,	Rimess@unionl.k12.fl.us	352 448-5052
	Director		
Data Element	Cailyn Stalnaker, MIS	StalnakerC@union.k12.fl.us	352 448-5101
Third Grade Promotion	Maria Kish,	KishM@union.k12.fl.us	352 448-5302
	Counselor		
Multi-Tiered System of Supports	Maria Kish,	KishM@union.k12.fl.us	352 448-5302
	Counselor		
Other (Enter Responsibility)	Jacquie, Moseley,	MoseleyJ@union.k12.fl.us	
	R Coach Jeanna	NormanJ@union.k12.fl.us	
	Norman, R Coach	KeenR@union.k12.fl.us	
	Rebecca Keen, R.	AdkinsL@union.k12.fl.us	
	Coach Lindley		
	Adkins, R. Coach		

2) District Expenditures

Comprehensive System of Reading Instruction Expenditures (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)3.b., F.A.C.)

The reading funding included in the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) base funding is intended to provide comprehensive reading instruction to students in prekindergarten (PreK) through grade 12. Districts will include salaries and benefits, professional learning, assessment, programs/materials, tutoring and incentives required to effectively implement the district's plan. The expenditures must prioritize Voluntary Prekindergarten (VPK) students who have a substantial deficiency in early literacy skills and K-3 students who have a substantial reading deficiency or characteristics of dyslexia.

Charter schools must utilize their proportionate share in accordance with ss. 1002.33(7)(a)2.a., 1003.4201 and 1008.25(3)(a), F.S. Note: All intensive reading interventions specified by the charter must be delivered by a teacher who has a literacy micro-credential or is certified or endorsed in reading.

Comprehensive System of Reading Instruction Expenditures	Amount	FTE (where applicable)
Elementary Expenses		
Literacy coaches	65,085.10	1.0
Intervention teachers		
Scientifically researched and evidence-based supplemental instructional materials I-Ready (ELA) elementary \$17,753.00 and Accelerated Reader \$11,812.65	29,565.70	0
Third grade summer reading camps		
Summer reading camps		
Secondary Expenses		
Literacy coaches All of high school coach \$65,085.10 and 1/3 of middle school coach \$23,034.15	88,119.25	1.3
Intervention teachers		
Scientifically researched and evidence-based supplemental instructional materials-		
PreK-Grade 12 Expenses		
Professional learning to help K-12 instructional personnel and certified PreK teachers earn a certification, a credential, an endorsement or an advanced degree in scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instruction		
Incentives for K-12 instructional personnel and certified PreK teachers who obtain the Reading Endorsement or Certification		
Incentives for PreK-12 instructional personnel who obtain an Emergent, Elementary or Secondary Literacy Micro-Credential		
Additional time per day of evidence-based intensive reading instruction for extended literacy learning (before or after school, summer, etc.)		
Tutoring programs to accelerate literacy learning		
Family engagement activities		
Other – Please Describe (Add additional rows as needed.)		
Estimated Sum of Expenditures	182770.05	

3) Literacy Leadership – District and School

A. Measurable Student Achievement Goals (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)3.d., F.A.C.)

Goals for the plan year should increase from the previous year in order to meet statewide literacy achievement goals.

For VPK, establish clear and measurable student literacy achievement goals based on percentiles from the Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST).

	FAST					
Grade	Previous School Year – % of Students Scoring	Goal for Plan Year – % of Students Scoring	Previous School Year – % of Students Scoring	Goal for Plan Year – % of Students Scoring		
	Urgent Intervention <10 th percentile	Urgent Intervention <10 th percentile	At & Above Benchmark 40 th percentile & above	At & Above Benchmark 40 th percentile & above		
VPK	0%	0%	90%	93%		

1. Describe how the district will improve literacy outcomes for VPK students based on an analysis of student performance data.

Teachers regularly assess student progress and receive targeted coaching to support instructional improvement. The Early Literacy Coach and Career Specialist play a vital role in enhancing both professional learning and classroom management. The Early Literacy Coach focuses on foundational literacy skills, particularly phonological awareness and vocabulary development. She analyzes student performance data, provides corrective feedback, and supports instructional planning aligned with identified needs.

District staff meet regularly with the PreK team to ensure alignment with current state requirements and best practices. A comprehensive data tracking sheet has been developed to help teachers monitor individual student growth, identify the amount of gains needed to reach proficiency, and determine strategies to support measurable learning gains.

The LEA also maintains a strong partnership with our state representative, Lexi Langieri, who provides high-quality professional development both on-site and virtually. She remains accessible for consultation and support as needed, further strengthening the district's capacity to improve early literacy outcomes.

For K-10, establish clear and measurable student literacy achievement goals based on achievement levels from the FAST.

	FAST					
Grade	Previous School Year – % of Students Scoring Level 1	Goal for Plan Year – % of Students Scoring Level 1	Previous School Year - % of Students Scoring Levels 3-5	Goal for Plan Year – % of Students Scoring Levels 3-5		
К	14%	11%	61%	65%		
1	32%	29%	47%	55%		
2	10%	8%	60%	63%		
3	10%	8%	60%	65%		
4	17%	14%	58%	63%		
5	21%	18%	45%	63%		
6	18%	15%	53%	56%		
7	20%	17%	51%	56%		
8	22%	19%	54%	59%		
9	21%	18%	46%	57%		
10	14%	11%	62%	65%		

B. Plan Implementation and Monitoring (Rule 6A-6.053(10), F.A.C.)

Districts must monitor the implementation of the District CERP at the district and school level, including charter schools sponsored by a district.

1. Provide an explanation of the following:

Grades K-5	District Level	School Level
Data that will be collected and	Principals will share at staff	Data Collection:
the frequency of review	meeting once a month or as	Walkthroughs and observations
	needed for Marzano, FAST and	using the NEFEC ELA tool will be
	i-Ready	conducted by instructional
		coaches, school-based
		administrators, or district staff.
		Observation notes, ratings, and
		evidence will be documented
		digitally.
		Frequency of Review:
		Monthly at the school leadership
		level to identify trends and
		needs for coaching support.
		Quarterly by district
		instructional leaders to analyze
		implementation across the
		district and adjust professional
		learning plans accordingly.
		Feedback will be shared with
		individual teachers and
		grade-level teams during PLCs or
		coaching conversations.
		*UFLI Foundations observation
		tool
		Data Collection:
		Observations will be conducted
		during phonics instruction blocks
		using the UFLI Fidelity Checklist
		or UFLI Classroom Observation
		Tool. Observers will note
		instructional moves, pacing,
		student engagement, and
		adherence to the UFLI routine.
		Frequency of Review:
		Every 4–6 weeks by instructional
		coaches or reading
		interventionists during ongoing
		coaching cycles.
		After each UFLI unit cycle,
		teachers and coaches will review
		fidelity notes and student exit
		ticket data to inform regrouping
		or reteaching decisions.
		Semester reviews at the district level
		will identify systemic trends and guide
		district-wide professional
		development.

Actions for continuous support and improvement	Plans will be developed during the following: Staff Meeting with district and school-level admins (weekly), Instructional Coach Meetings (monthly) School-based Literacy Lead meetings (quarterly) Professional Development Days (quarterly)	Leadership Meetings (weekly) Grade level meetings (monthly) Grade level PLC (weekly) MtSS (monthly)
Grades 6-8	District Level	School Level
Data that will be collected and frequency of review	Principals will share at staff meeting once a month or as needed for Marzano, OTISS, and FAST	FAST (3x), Read 180 NWEA Map Growth Diagnostic (3x), Write Score 2x grades 5-8), District created Benchmark Assessment, OTISS (ongoing)
Actions for continuous support and improvement	Plans will be developed during the following: Staff Meeting with district and school-level admins (weekly) Instructional Coach Meetings (monthly) School-based Literacy Lead meetings (quarterly) Professional Development Days (quarterly)	Leadership meetings (Weekly), Content planning period (Weekly), Data Chats (Monthly)
Grades 9-12	District Level	School Level
Data that will be collected and frequency of review	Principals will share at staff meeting once a month or as needed for Marzano, OTISS, FAST, and district-created standards-based assessments	FAST (3x), district-created standards-based assessments (EOC courses) (3x), OTISS (ongoing), Read180 NWEA Map Growth (Intensive Reading courses) (3x), Write Score (2x)
Actions for continuous support and improvement	Plans will be developed during the following: Staff Meeting with district and school-level admins (weekly) Instructional Coach Meetings (monthly) School-based Literacy Lead meetings (quarterly) Professional Development Days (quarterly)	Leadership Meetings (weekly), Teacher Planning Period Meeting (monthly), Data Chat Meeting (3x)

2. Describe what has been revised to improve literacy outcomes for students in the district's CERP based upon the District CERP Reflection Tool and a root-cause analysis of student performance data.

Literacy Leadership:

- Increasing CERP visibility and usage by presenting it to all teachers and the Literacy Leadership Team during pre-planning, with ongoing reference throughout the year.
- Providing targeted coaching and training for school-based administrators, aligned to student reading achievement data.
- Strengthening secondary literacy leadership teams by expanding membership to include diverse stakeholders and ensuring they meet at least quarterly to analyze data and guide instructional decisions.
- 3. Describe the process used by principals to monitor implementation of the reading plan, including the frequency of reading walkthroughs conducted by administrators.

Each school's Literacy Leadership Team—composed of school leaders and teacher representatives from multiple grade levels—monitors the implementation of the reading plan through regular classroom observations. These teams use the OTISS walkthrough tool, which was introduced during the 2022–2023 school year through district-led training on the Practice Profile.

In addition to the efforts of the Literacy Leadership Teams, both school-based and district administrators conduct reading-focused walkthroughs at least twice per month using the Marzano framework. Instructional coaches also support implementation monitoring by conducting classroom visits using the NEFEC ELA Observation Tool and the UFLI Foundations Fidelity Checklist. These coaching walkthroughs are conducted on a rotating schedule, typically once per quarter per teacher, or more frequently for teachers receiving targeted support.

All data collected from the OTISS tool, Marzano walkthroughs, NEFEC ELA Observation Tool, and UFLI Fidelity Checklists are reviewed collaboratively to identify trends, celebrate instructional strengths, and address areas for growth. These findings are aligned with FAST Progress Monitoring data to inform instructional decisions, professional development, and continuous improvement across all grade levels.

4. In addition, describe how principals monitor collection and utilization of assessment data, including progress monitoring data, to inform instruction and support needs of students.

Collected data will be analyzed to identify common trends across FAST assessments and progress monitoring tools at each educational level. These tools include i-Ready for elementary schools, Lexia Core for 5th grade, and Read 180 for 6th-12th grade (intensive reading classes).

Instructional coaches collaborate with administrators to facilitate data discussions at the grade level and provide targeted, individualized support to teachers through lesson modeling and instructional coaching, particularly in areas where concerns are identified.

To strengthen foundational literacy at the elementary level, three reading interventionists—funded through Title I—provide flexible, needs-based support for students. Additionally, two reading coaches are assigned by grade bands: one for PreK—1st grade and another for 2nd—4th grade. At the middle and high school levels, each school is supported by one dedicated reading coach who assists with instructional planning and models effective literacy practices.

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	Th	e Just Read, Florida! literacy coach m	odel delineates the roles and responsibilities of literacy coaches.
	1.	Is the district using the Just Read, I	Florida! literacy coach model as defined in Rule 6A-6.053(4), F.A.C.?
		X Yes	□No
	2.	If no, please describe the evidence	-based coach model the district is using.

3. How is the district's literacy coach model communicated to principals?

Literacy Coaches (Rule 64-6.053(4), F.A.C.)

N/A

At the beginning of each new school year, a copy of the "role of an instructional coach" is presented during our weekly district staff meeting which includes the superintendent, district and school-based administrators. The group discusses the roles of coaches in their schools. There is an assurance that coaches are "protected" even when serving on the leadership team. There cannot be a breach of trust between coach and teachers. Our district has a great working relationships between coaches/administrators and coaches/teachers.

4. How does the district support literacy coaches throughout the school year?

The district's four literacy coaches meet monthly with the Director of Curriculum and Accountability to collaboratively review upcoming initiatives, celebrate successes, and identify areas of need across the district. These dedicated educators engage in strategic planning, share instructional resources and training materials, and exchange best practices to support professional growth at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. Additionally, Title I and Title II funds are utilized to provide essential supplies, instructional resources, and technology tools that enhance the effectiveness of literacy instruction and support continued growth in instructional practice.

5. How is the district supporting coaches with prioritizing high-impact activities, such as conducting data analysis with teachers to establish goals and create action plans, coaching and providing professional learning based on need?

The district supports reading coaches by providing access to ongoing professional development opportunities through JRF, NEFEC, and the UF Lastinger Center, as well as participation in monthly JRF collaboration calls. In June, this dynamic team was allocated dedicated planning time to design and facilitate a Summer Literacy Institute. During the institute, coaches conducted training sessions, analyzed PM3 data, and guided teachers in refining their lesson plans based on data-driven insights.

These coaches consistently analyze and disaggregate student performance data, regularly sharing findings with grade-level teams and individual teachers to inform instruction. To enhance targeted support, the district added an additional reading coach at the elementary level, allowing focused attention for both PreK-1st and 2nd-4th grade bands. Additionally, the middle school reading coach, a former 1st grade teacher, brings valuable expertise in foundational literacy to support Tier 2 and Tier 3 interventions for secondary students and educators.

6. How does the district monitor implementation of the literacy coach model?

The district holds monthly meetings with instructional coaches to review progress, identify areas of need, and collaboratively develop action plans to be implemented prior to the next meeting. Following these sessions, coaches are responsible for communicating key takeaways and initiatives to their respective school-based leadership teams.

Instructional coaches are expected to maintain a detailed log or calendar documenting all professional activities, including training sessions, instructional modeling with individual teachers, data analysis meetings, and other support services provided.

Coach performance is evaluated using a Marzano-aligned rubric distinct from that used for instructional staff. This specialized evaluation tool focuses on three core domains:

- 1. Planning and preparation to deliver effective support,
- 2. Contributions to student achievement
- 3. Ongoing professional growth and refinement of coaching practices.

7. How does the district measure the effectiveness of literacy coaches?

School-wide FAST test scores in reading/language arts for evaluative purposes with focus on specific teachers who had been coached during the year.

Classroom observations to determine if instructional strategies implemented during modeling or training have been effective.

Coaching logs which identify: teachers served, time spent on PL, planning with teams, etc Feedback surveys

4) Assessment, Curriculum and Reading Instruction

A. Florida's Formula for Reading Success (Rule 6A-6.053(3)(a), F.A.C.)

K-12 reading instruction will align with Florida's Formula for Reading Success, 6 + 4 + T1 +T2 + T3, which includes:

- **Six components of reading**: oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary and comprehension.
- **Four types of classroom assessments**: screening, progress monitoring, diagnostic and summative assessment.
- Three tiers of instruction that are standards-aligned; include accommodations for students with a disability, students with an Individual Educational Plan (IEP) and students who are English language learners; and incorporate the principles of Universal Design for Learning as defined in 34 Code of Federal Regulations 200.2(b)(2)(ii).
 - Core Instruction (Tier 1): provides print-rich explicit and systematic, scaffolded, differentiated instruction and corrective feedback; builds background and content knowledge; incorporates writing in response to reading.

- Supplemental Instruction/Interventions (Tier 2): provides explicit, systematic, small group teacher-led instruction matched to student need, targeting gaps in learning to reduce barriers to students' ability to meet Tier 1 expectations; provides multiple opportunities to practice the targeted still(s) and receive corrective feedback; occurs in addition to core instruction.
- Intensive, Individualized Instruction/Interventions (Tier 3): provides explicit, systematic individualized instruction based on student need, one-on-one or very small group instruction with more guided practice, immediate corrective feedback and frequent progress monitoring; occurs in addition to core instruction and Tier 2 interventions. Tier 3 interventions must be provided to students identified as having a substantial deficiency in reading. All intensive reading interventions must be delivered by instructional personnel who are certified or endorsed in reading or possess a literacy micro-credential as provided in s. 1003.485, F.S.
- 1. How does the district's strategic plan align with Florida's Formula for Reading Success for all students, including students with disabilities and students who are English language learners?

The district is actively collaborating with UF Lastinger, NEFEC, and an in-house reading-endorsed trainer to ensure staff are equipped with the instructional practices necessary for student success across all tiers of support. Title I funds are strategically utilized in partnership with CERP to address reading gaps in PreK through 4th grade by funding two reading coaches, three reading interventionists, and three paraprofessionals.

The three reading interventionists work with Tier 3 and lower Tier 2 students using a flexible service delivery model. Interventionists and paraprofessionals provide targeted reading support within the classroom setting, implementing interventions that are intensive, explicit, systematic, and multisensory.

Student Identification and Progress Monitoring:

- 1. Students are initially screened using an Oral Reading Fluency assessment.
- 2. A Core Phonics Screener is then administered to identify specific areas of need.
- 3. Bi-weekly progress monitoring is conducted using Star CBM.
- 4. Reading Coaches, Interventionists, and core teachers administer these assessments, and monthly progress reports are sent to parents.

A variety of assessments are used to support data-driven instruction, including FAST (Renaissance), CBM, Core Phonics, i-Ready, and Flamingo Phonological Screeners.

Additionally, three of our reading coaches were selected by NEFEC to participate in the Rural Connect Summer Institute, a week-long professional development opportunity. These coaches bring valuable insights and strategies from the institute to share with instructional staff during scheduled professional development days.

Instructional staff have also been trained on the Practice Profile and are being observed using the OTISS tool to collect fidelity data, which is then compared to FAST and other progress monitoring results.

Although our English Language Learner (ELL) population is currently less than 1%, the Director of Personnel and Secondary Education provides direct support for the eight identified ELL students.

2. Describe your public school PreK (VPK, Exceptional Student Education (ESE) and other PreK) program's plan for assessment, standards, instruction and support to meet the needs of all

learners.

2a. Describe the instructional materials your public school PreK (VPK, ESE and other PreK) program utilizes.

The LEA has adopted the Teaching Strategies program to support students from birth through age five. This comprehensive, approved curriculum addresses all core subject areas as well as social-emotional development. It is designed to be adaptive, allowing teachers to effectively differentiate instruction for diverse groups of learners. The program is also used with our self-contained classrooms.

3. Describe the interventions provided to public school VPK students identified as having a substantial deficiency in early literacy skills as defined in Rule 6A-6.053(5), F.A.C.

VPK students identified as having a substantial deficiency in early literacy skills, as defined in Rule 6A-6.053(5), F.A.C., receive immediate and targeted interventions within the school day. These interventions include small-group instruction focused on phonological awareness, oral language development, alphabet knowledge, and early decoding skills. Instruction is explicit, systematic, and aligned with the Florida Early Learning and Developmental Standards.

Teachers monitor progress using data from PM1, PM2, and PM3 of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system (FAST), and adjust instruction accordingly. The Director of Curriculum and Accountability, Career Specialist, and Early Literacy Reading Coach collaborate with VPK teachers to analyze student data, plan responsive instruction, and ensure fidelity of implementation.

In addition to in-school support, eligible students may be enrolled in extended learning programs such as the NWRI program or the New Summer Bridge program, which provide continued, intensive literacy instruction beyond the school year to help close achievement gaps.

B. Assessment/Curriculum Decision Trees (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)4., F.A.C.)

Districts are required to develop Assessment/Curriculum Decision Trees to demonstrate how data will be used to determine specific reading instructional needs and interventions for all students in grades K-12. Use Assessment/Curriculum Decision Trees to address ALL students. The template can be used for grade bands or for individual grades.

The Decision Trees must contain the following information:

- Name of each assessment, targeted audience, component(s) of reading assessed, type of assessment, the frequency of data collection and the method and timeframes by which assessment data will be provided to teachers and parents. For students in VPK through grade 10, the FAST must be administered pursuant to <u>s. 1008.25(9)(b), F.S.</u>, and included as a component of the Assessment/Curriculum Decision Trees.
- Performance criteria used for decision-making for each assessment at each grade level.
- Evidence-based instructional materials and strategies.
- Specific criteria for when a student is identified to receive intensive reading interventions
 (Tier 3), what intensive reading interventions will be used, how the intensive reading
 interventions are provided and assurance that intensive reading interventions are
 delivered by a teacher who is certified or endorsed in reading or instructional personnel
 who possess a literacy micro-credential.
- Identification of the multisensory interventions provided to students in grades K-3 who have a substantial deficiency in reading or characteristics of dyslexia, including a description of the intensive, explicit, systematic and multisensory reading interventions which will be provided to students in grades K-3.

Note: Evidence-based instructional materials and strategies have a significant effect on improving student outcomes and meet strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence as defined in 20 United States Code (U.S.C.) s. 7801(21)(A)(i):

- (A) ...an activity, strategy or intervention that
 - (i) demonstrates a statistically significant effect on improving student outcomes or other relevant outcomes based on
 - (I) strong evidence from at least 1 well-designed and well-implemented experimental study;
 - (II) moderate evidence from at least 1 well-designed and well-
 - implemented quasi-experimental study; or
 - (III) promising evidence from at least 1 well-designed and well-implemented correlational study with statistical controls for selection bias.

Grades VPK-4

1. Grades VPK-5 Assessments

	FAST				
Name of the Assessment	Target Audience	What component of reading is assessed?	Assessment Type	How often is the data collected?	
FAST Star Early	☑ VPK☑ Grade K	☑ Oral Language☑ Phonological	☑ Screening☑ Progress	⊠ 3 x Year	
Literacy	⊠ Grade 1	Awareness Phonics Fluency	Monitoring ⊠ Summative		

	FAST				
Name of the Assessment	Target Audience	What component of reading is assessed?	Assessment Type	How often is the data collected?	
		☑ Vocabulary☑ Comprehension			
FAST	⊠ Grade 1		□ Screening □	⊠ 3 x Year	
Star Reading	⊠ Grade 2	□ Comprehension	□ Progress		
			Monitoring		
FAST	☐ Grade 3		□ Screening	⊠ 3 x Year	
ELA Reading	⊠ Grade 4	□ Comprehension	□ Progress		
	☐ Grade 5		Monitoring		

Indicate in the chart below any additional assessment(s) used to guide instructional decision-making for grades PreK-5 students. Add additional rows as needed.

making for gra	making for grades PreK-5 students. Add additional rows as needed. Additional Assessment(s)			
Name of the	Target Audience	What component of	Assessment Type	How often is the
Assessment	(Grades PreK-5)	reading is assessed?	(Select all that	data collected?
ASSESSITION	(Select all that	(Select all that	apply.)	
	apply.)	apply.)	appiy.	
Other District	□ VPK	☐ Oral Language	☐ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment	☐ PreK	□ Phonological	□ Progress	□ 2 x Month
iReady	☐ Frek ☐ ☑ Grade K	Awareness	Monitoring	☐ Monthly
Diagnostic	☐ ☐ Grade R		□ Diagnostic □ Diagnostic	☐ Quarterly
2100010	☐ ☐ Grade 1	☐ Fluency	☐ Summative	⊠ 3 x Year
	☐ Grade 3		Summative	☐ Annually
	☐ Stade 3	□ Comprehension		☐ As Needed
		comprehension		☐ Other
	☐ Select Students			
Other District	□ VPK	☐ Oral Language	☐ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment	☐ PreK	☐ Phonological	□ Progress	⊠ 2 x Month
STAR Reading	Grade K	Awareness	Monitoring	(progress
	⊠ Grade 1	☐ Phonics	☐ Diagnostic	monitoring)
	⊠ Grade 2	⊠ Fluency	☐ Summative	☐ Monthly
	☑ Grade 3			☐ Quarterly
	⊠ Grade 4	□ Comprehension		⊠ 3 x Year
	☑ All Students (3x)	·		☐ Annually
	year)			☐ As Needed
	⊠ Select Students			☐ Other
	(2x month)			
Other District	☐ VPK	☐ Oral Language	☐ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment	☐ PreK		□ Progress	
STAR CBM	⊠ Grade K	Awareness	Monitoring	(progress
	⊠ Grade 1	□ Phonics	□ Diagnostic	monitoring)
	⊠ Grade 2	⊠ Fluency	☐ Summative	☐ Monthly
	⊠ Grade 3			☐ Quarterly
	⊠ Grade 4			
	☑ All Students K-2			☐ Annually

	Additional Assessment(s)				
Name of the Assessment	Target Audience (Grades PreK-5) (Select all that apply.)	What component of reading is assessed? (Select all that apply.)	Assessment Type (Select all that apply.)	How often is the data collected?	
	☑ Select Students3-4			☑ As Needed☐ Other	
Other District Assessment CELF 5 OWLS - II PLS 5 CELF P2	□ VPK □ PreK □ Grade K □ Grade 1 □ Grade 2 □ Grade 3 □ Grade 4 □ All Students □ Select Students	 ☑ Oral Language ☐ Phonological Awareness ☐ Phonics ☐ Fluency ☐ Vocabulary ☐ Comprehension 	 □ Screening □ Progress Monitoring ⋈ Diagnostic □ Summative 	□ Weekly □ 2 x Month □ Monthly □ Quarterly □ 3 x Year (K-2) □ Annually ⋈ As Needed □ Other	

2. Students with a Substantial Deficiency in Reading (Rule 6A-6.053(6), F.A.C.)

Students identified with a substantial deficiency in reading must have an individualized progress monitoring plan that is designed to address the student's specific reading deficiency and that meets the minimum requirements set forth in <u>s. 1008.25(4)(c), F.S.</u> The individualized progress monitoring plan must be developed within forty-five (45) days after the results of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system become available, and parents must be consulted in the development of the plan.

Students with qualifying disabilities covered by an IEP or a 504 Plan are exempt from the requirement to have a progress monitoring plan, if the IEP or 504 Plan addresses the student's reading deficiency.

Nothing in <u>Rule 6A-6.053</u>, <u>F.A.C.</u>, should be construed to require or prohibit an IEP or 504 Plan or the contents of the CERP.

A K-3 student is identified as having a substantial deficiency in reading if:

- The student is identified as in need of Tier 3 interventions;
- A student in grades K-3 demonstrates through progress monitoring, formative assessments or teacher observation data, minimum skill levels for reading competency in one or more of the six (6) components of reading; and
 - For kindergarten, the student scores below the tenth (10th) percentile or is unable to complete the practice items on the designated grade-level assessment at the beginning, middle or end of the year on the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system pursuant to <u>s. 1008.25(9)</u>, F.S.;
 - For grades 1 and 2, the student scores below the tenth (10th) percentile or is unable to complete the practice items on the designated grade-level assessment for the specified testing window of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system pursuant to s. 1008.25(9), F.S.; or
 - For grade 3, the student scores below the twentieth (20th) percentile at the beginning or middle of the year on the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system pursuant to <u>s. 1008.25(9)</u>, <u>F.S.</u>
- A student in grade 3 scores Level 1 on the end-of-year statewide, standardized ELA assessment pursuant to <u>s. 1008.22(3)(a)</u>, F.S.

Tier 3 interventions must be provided to students identified as having a substantial reading deficiency.

2a. Describe the district's process (e.g., Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS)) for identifying grades K-3 students in need of Tier 2/Tier 3 interventions.

The MTSS decision-making process is conducted at the school level by the school-based MTSS team, which includes administrators, instructional coaches, interventionists, and classroom teachers.

In grades **K–3**, the MTSS team uses multiple data sources to make informed decisions about Tier 2 and Tier 3 placement. These include:

- STAR/FAST data, including the prior year's PM3 results, as the initial screener.
- iReady Diagnostic
- STAR CBM Oral Reading Fluency measures
- CORE Phonics Survey
- Flamingo Phonemic Awareness Assessment (UF Lastinger Center)

Additionally, any retained third-grade student who scored a Level 1 on FAST PM3 will automatically receive Tier 2 and Tier 3 support to address identified gaps.

This comprehensive, school-based approach ensures students are matched with the appropriate level of intervention based on current performance data and instructional need.

2b. Describe the district's process (e.g., MTSS) for identifying grades 4-5 students in need of Tier 2/Tier 3 interventions.

In grades 4–5, the district uses a Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS) to identify students in need of Tier 2 and Tier 3 interventions. The initial identification process begins with FAST data, including the most recent PM3 results, to flag students who may require additional support.

To ensure accurate placement and instructional focus, multiple data sources are considered alongside STAR/FAST. These include the iReady diagnostic, STAR CBM Oral Reading Fluency measures (when appropriate), and other skill-based assessments such as the CORE Phonics Survey for students who demonstrate foundational reading needs.

3. Students with Characteristics of Dyslexia (Rule 6A-6.053(7), F.A.C.)

Students who have characteristics of dyslexia must be covered by one of the plans described in <u>s. 1008.25(4)(b), F.S.</u>, and parents must be consulted in the development of the plan.

3a. If not included within the Decision Tree, describe the district's process (i.e., actionable steps) for identifying grades K-3 students with characteristics of dyslexia. Tier 3 interventions must be provided to students identified as having characteristics of dyslexia.

Students with characteristics of dyslexia will be identified using iReady's Dyslexia screener. This report is available after students complete each diagnostic and will be analyzed by school level reading coaches to determine if additional screening is needed. If an offline task is required by the screener, this will be administered by a reading endorsed, certified teacher.

- 3b. Describe the district's process for providing additional screening to students with characteristics of dyslexia pursuant to s. 1008.25(9), F.S. Name the screener(s) utilized.
- 4. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction is monitored.

The effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction is monitored through multiple systems and collaborative structures. These include classroom walkthroughs and formal observations, which provide ongoing feedback on instructional delivery and student engagement. Monthly data chats and grade level team meetings allow staff to analyze student performance trends and identify areas for instructional improvement. Grade-level PLCs and Literacy Leadership Team meetings provide regular opportunities to review Tier 1 data, align instruction to standards, and adjust planning based on student needs. Together, these processes ensure continuous monitoring and refinement of core instruction to support all learners.

5. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 2 interventions is monitored.

Tier 2 intervention is progress monitored biweekly. Documentation is collected monthly during MTSS meetings with individual teachers. During this time, intervention fidelity and needs are discussed and changes are made as necessary.

6. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions is monitored.

Tier 3 intervention is progress monitored biweekly by our reading interventionists. Documentation is collected during monthly MTSS meetings. During this time, intervention fidelity and needs are discussed and changes made as necessary. Diagnostic data from iReady is used to evaluate growth in the areas of phonological awareness, phonics, high frequency words, vocabulary and comprehension.

Grades K-5 Decision Tree

Elementary schools (K-5) must teach reading in a dedicated, uninterrupted block of time of at least 90 minutes daily to all students. The reading block will include whole group instruction utilizing an evidence-based sequence of reading instruction and small group differentiated instruction in order to meet individual student needs.

Tier 1 (Core) Only

Beginning of Year Data

Students must meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

IF student meets two or more of the following criteria at the beginning of the school year: **Grade K:**

- Prior year VPK FAST PM3 STAR Early Literacy score at or above the 40th percentile
- FAST PM1 score at or above the 49th percentile
- At benchmark on Flamingo Phonemic Awareness Assessment

- At benchmark performance on classroom-based phonemic/phonological assessments
- Early K or better on i-Ready Diagnostic

Grades 1-2:

- Prior year FAST PM3 STAR Reading score at or above level 3
- FAST PM1 score at or above the 49th percentile
- i-Ready Diagnostic showing on- or above-grade-level placement
- CORE Phonics Survey indicates mastery
- STAR CBM Oral Reading Fluency data demonstrating fluency at benchmark

Grade 3:

- Prior year **FAST ELA Reaading PM3** at or above Level 3
- FAST PM1 score at or above the 49th Percentile
- i-Ready Diagnostic showing on- or above-grade-level placement
- STAR CBM Oral Reading Fluency data demonstrating fluency at benchmark

Grade 4:

- Students enter with a prior year FAST PM3 FAST score at/above level 3.
- FAST PM1 score at or above the 49th percentile
- i-Ready Diagnostic showing on- or above-grade-level placement
- STAR CBM Oral Reading Fluency data demonstrating fluency at benchmark

All K-4 students take the iReady diagnostic at the start of the year, with additional Star Reading assessments for grades 3 and 4. Students who enroll at Lake Butler Elementary after progress monitoring windows have closed are assessed with iReady and either the Star Reading or Star Early Literacy assessment upon enrollment.

List performance criteria that indicate Tier 1 instruction is sufficient for at least 80% of students.

Eighty percent or more of students do not require Tier 2 or Tier 3 interventions, or eighty percent or more students are scoring a level 3, 4, or 5 on FAST PM assessments.

What processes and procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction?

To improve the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction, the district follows a structured, collaborative problem-solving process. Data collected during walkthroughs, informal observations, and formal evaluations are analyzed during Lead Team and Literacy Leadership Team meetings to identify trends, strengths, and areas for growth in Tier 1 instruction. These insights guide the development of action steps, including adjustments to instructional strategies, materials, and professional learning.

In addition, progress monitoring data is reviewed regularly during grade-level PLC meetings, which are facilitated by members of the Lead Team. During these meetings, student data is used to reflect on Tier 1 instruction and determine if changes are needed to improve core instruction for all students.

Reading coaches attend weekly PLCs to support instructional planning, model effective practices, and help teams problem-solve around specific student or instructional concerns. This ongoing cycle of observation, data analysis, planning, and support ensures that Tier 1 instruction is continually refined to meet student needs.

Core Instruction Indicate the core curriculum utilized. Add additional rows as needed.			
Name of Program	Year of Program Adoption		
UFLI Foundations in Kindergarten-Second Grade- Supplemental program	2022-2023		
Benchmark Advance Curriculum in grades 1-4	2021-2022		

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 2 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

A student may qualify for Tier 2 support if one or more of the following criteria are met:

- A decrease of one or more performance levels on statewide progress monitoring assessments (e.g., from Level 3 to Level 2 between PM1 and PM2);
 AND/OR
- Insufficient progress toward expected growth on i-Ready Diagnostic or STAR assessments:
 - i-Ready Diagnostic: Student demonstrates less than 25% progress toward their typical or stretch growth goal
 - STAR Reading/Early Literacy: Student growth percentile is 35 or below between progress monitoring periods AND/OR
- ELA course grades of D or F based on standards-based grade-level assignments and assessments;
 AND/OR
- Oral Reading Fluency (ORF) performance falls below grade-level benchmarks (below the 25th percentile based on STAR CBM benchmarks for the grade level).

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

To ensure accurate identification of students in need of Tier 2 support, the district uses triangulated data—incorporating multiple sources across time—to determine instructional needs at the beginning of the school year. Students may be considered for Tier 2 intervention if they meet **two or more** of the following criteria based on a combination of prior-year data, current universal screeners, and diagnostic assessments:

Kindergarten:

- Score Level 2 (Intervention) on the prior year VPK FAST PM3 STAR Early Literacy assessment
- Score **48th percentile or below** on the **FAST PM1** (current year)
- Score below the 40th percentile on the i-Ready Diagnostic (Reading)
- Score below benchmark on the Flamingo Phonemic Awareness Assessment
- Demonstrate limited readiness based on teacher observations or classroom-based assessments

Grades 1-2:

- Score Level 2 (Intervention) on the prior year FAST PM3 STAR Early Literacy or STAR Reading assessment
- Score **48th percentile or below** on the **FAST PM1** (current year)
- Score below the 40th percentile on the i-Ready Diagnostic (Reading)
- Perform below benchmark on the CORE Phonics Survey
- Score below benchmark on STAR CBM Oral Reading Fluency measures

Grade 3:

Score Level 2 (Intervention) on the prior year FAST ELA Reaading PM3 assessment or prior year
 FAST PM3 (B.E.S.T.)

- Score at the **48th percentile or below** on the **FAST PM1** (current year)
- Score below the 40th percentile on the i-Ready Diagnostic (Reading)
 Score below benchmark on STAR CBM Oral Reading Fluency
- Perform below expectations on classroom-based fluency or comprehension checks

Grade 4:

- Score Level 2 on the prior year FAST ELA Reaading PM3 assessment
- Score at the 48th percentile or below on the FAST PM1 (current year)
- Score below the 40th percentile on the i-Ready Diagnostic (Reading)
- Score below benchmark on STAR CBM Oral Reading Fluency
- Demonstrate limited comprehension or vocabulary on classroom-based reading assessments or writing samples

For students identified as potentially requiring tiered intervention (those scoring at level 2 or below), we follow a diagnostic process to determine the nature of their reading deficiencies.

- 1. **Initial Screening**: Students in grades 2-4 begin with the Star CBM ORF (Oral Reading Fluency) measure to assess fluency. For students not meeting grade-level benchmarks, further screening is conducted.
- 2. **Phonics Screening:** Students in grade 1 and any grade 2-4 students not meeting fluency benchmarks are then administered the Core Phonics Screener to assess phonics skills.
- 3. Phonemic Awareness Screening: If Core Phonics results indicate a need for more foundational skill support, we use the University of Florida Lastinger Center's Flamingo Phonemic Awareness measure. This assessment begins with phoneme segmentation and is used initially with students in grade K.

Number of times per week interventions are provided:

2-3 times per week, initially (up to daily as needed). A 30 minute daily intervention block is provided for all grades.

Number of minutes per intervention session:

This may vary depending on the intervention needed, 15-30 minutes per session.

Supplemental Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 2 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
UFLI Foundations		UFLI Foundations does not meet strong, moderate
		or promising levels of evidence; however, the
		following WWC Practice Guide Recommendations
		support the program: Foundational Skills to
		Support Reading for Understanding in
		Kindergarten through 3rd Grade,
		Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of the
		segments of sound in speech and how they link to
		letters, Strong Evidence; Recommendation 3:
		Teach students to decode words, analyze word
		parts, and write and recognize words, Strong
		Evidence; and Recommendation 4: Ensure that
		each student reads connected text everyday to

	support reading accuracy, fluency, and comprehension, Moderate Evidence. These recommendations were build into the program by explicit, systematic instruction for phonological awareness, decoding practice and reading texts with phonetically controlled vocabulary. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting data chats and observational walkthroughs using the UFLI Foundations implementation tool. In addition, UFLI Foundations partners with the Union County School District to provide targeted professional development throughout the year as well as coaching and classroom observation support.
Florida Benchmark Advance 2022 Core ELA Program	Florida Benchmark Advance 2022 Core ELA Program does not meet strong, moderate, or promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice Guide supports the program: Improving Reading Comprehension in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade.
	Recommendations from the guide that align with Benchmark Advance include: • Recommendation 1: Teach students how to use reading comprehension strategies (Level of Evidence: Strong)
	 Recommendation 2: Teach students to identify and use the text's organizational structure to comprehend, learn, and remember content (Level of Evidence: Moderate)
	 Recommendation 4: Establish an engaging and motivating context in which to teach reading comprehension (Level of Evidence: Moderate)
	These recommendations are built into the program design through:
	 Explicit instruction in comprehension strategies such as asking and answering questions, making predictions, visualizing, summarizing, and making inferences.
	Text-dependent questioning and tasks that require students to analyze the structure

Magnetic Reading Moderate iReady Personalized Instruction (paired with Reading Diagnostic) Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implement students with an IEP and students who are English language learn programs above. Add additional rows as needed. Students with Disabilities Name of Program ESSA Evidence Level Verbiage Not applicable - same programs and practices as listed above ESSA Evidence Level Verbiage Students with Disabilities Name of Program ESSA Evidence Level Verbiage Students with Disabilities	and purpose of texts, including nonfiction		
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implement Profit Stitute and a state and	engagement and motivation to read.		
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Magnetic Reading Moderate iReady Personalized Promising Instruction (paired with Reading Diagnostic) Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implements tudents with an IEP and students who are English language learner programs above. Add additional rows as needed. Students with Disabilities Name of Program ESSA Evidence Level Verbiage Not applicable - same programs and practices as listed above ESSA Evidence Level Verbiage Students iEPs, received evidence-implements	aligned to the WWC-aligned practices embedded in Benchmark Advance.		
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Magnetic Reading Moderate iReady Personalized Promising Instruction (paired with Reading Diagnostic) Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implement students with an IEP and students who are English language learner programs above. Add additional rows as needed. Students with Disabilities Name of Program ESSA Evidence Level Verbiage Not applicable - same programs and practices as listed above evidence-implement	district PD days that reinforce		
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programs and practices as listed above evidence implement	s with disabilities, including those with		
listed above evidence-implement	IEPs, receive instruction using the same		
I I	evidence-based programs and practices		
ا ا	nted schoolwide. Accommodations,		
	, and instructional supports are provided		
and progr curriculur	_		
as outline and progr	ed in each student's IEP to ensure access ress within the general education		

English Language Learners				
Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)		
Not applicable - same programs and practices as listed above	250/ Cardence acres	English Language Learners (ELLs) receive instruction using the same evidence-based programs and practices implemented schoolwide. To support their language acquisition and academic progress, accommodations, scaffolds, and targeted instructional strategies are embedded within the general education		
		framework. These supports are designed to ensure ELL students have equitable access to the curriculum and can make meaningful progress alongside their peers.		

For K-3 students who have a substantial deficiency in reading or characteristics of dyslexia, identify the multisensory interventions provided.

The district provides structured, multisensory interventions aligned with the Science of Reading. These interventions include:

- Increased dosage of UFLI Foundations, a systematic, explicit, and multisensory phonics program that integrates auditory, visual, and kinesthetic modalities to support foundational reading development.
- Phonemic awareness instruction in grades K-1 that helps students develop awareness of speech sounds and their connection to letters, using multisensory strategies such as tapping, tracing, and oral segmenting/blending.
- Explicit instruction in decoding, word analysis, and spelling in grades K–2, incorporating visual aids, sound boxes, and manipulatives to support multisensory engagement.
- Daily practice with connected text to build fluency, accuracy, and comprehension, using methods such as repeated reading and oral guided reading with teacher feedback.

These interventions are delivered in small-group settings and aligned with Tier 2 or Tier 3 support, depending on the intensity needed. Instruction is led by reading endorsed (or those with a literacy microcredential) educators.

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 3 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

K student scores at/below 10th percentile or is unable to complete practice items on the FAST STAR early literacy assessment

Grades 1 and 2 - student scores at/below 10th percentile or is unable to complete the practice items on the FAST STAR reading assessment

Grades 3 and 4 - student scores at/below 20th percentile on the FAST assessment at the beginning or middle of the school year

In addition to FAST progress monitoring data, students may also be identified for Tier 3 support if:

- They receive a D or F in grade-level, standards-based ELA coursework;
- i-Ready Diagnostic scores show no growth or regression across two consecutive administrations (same or lower placement level and/or less than 5 scaled score points gained between diagnostics);
- During Tier 2 support, they demonstrate no measurable improvement across two consecutive progress monitoring periods, defined as:
 - STAR CBM or STAR Reading Student Growth Percentile (SGP) below 35 in two back-to-back bi-weekly PMs;
 - Or a flat or declining trend on CBM passage reading rate over a 4-week period

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions + Tier 3 Intensive Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

Beginning of Year Data and Identification of Students with Substantial Reading Deficiencies

At the beginning of the school year, students who meet any of the following criteria are flagged for further review and possible Tier 3 intervention:

Grade K

- Student scores below the 10th percentile or is unable to complete the practice items on the FAST
 Star Early Literacy assessment.
- Automatically qualifies for Tier 3 if the student was retained in a previous year, per Rule 6A-6.053, F.A.C.

Grades 1 and 2

- Student scored below the 10th percentile on the prior year PM3 FAST Star Early Literacy or Star Reading assessment.
- Automatically qualifies for Tier 3 if previously retained.
- Students scoring Level 1 on the prior year PM3 FAST assessment are identified with a substantial reading deficiency and must receive Tier 3 interventions in addition to Tier 2, as required by Rule 6A-6.053, F.A.C.

Grade 3

- Student scored Level 1 on the prior year PM3 FAST ELA Reading assessment
- Student who was retained in a previous grade qualifies for Tier 3 support
- Students scoring **Level 1 on PM3 FAST** are identified with a **substantial reading deficiency** and must receive **Tier 3 + Tier 2 interventions**, per Rule 6A-6.053

Grade 4

Student enters 4th grade with a prior year PM3 FAST Reading score of Level 1

In **addition to FAST**, all students in grades K–4 take the **iReady diagnostic** at the beginning of the year. Students scoring **below the 10th percentile** on iReady are flagged as at-risk and used as supporting data in triangulation to ensure FAST is **not the sole indicator** of need.

For students flagged by these screeners, a **tiered diagnostic process** is initiated to determine the root cause of reading deficiencies:

- Initial Screening (Grades 2–4): Star CBM Oral Reading Fluency (ORF) is administered.
- **Phonics Screening (Grades 1–4):** Students who do not meet ORF benchmarks are given the **Core Phonics Screener**.
- **Phonemic Awareness Screening (Grades K–2 as needed):** If Core Phonics results show gaps in foundational skills, the **UF Lastinger Flamingo Phonemic Awareness Assessment** is administered, beginning with **phoneme segmentation**.

Number of times per week interventions are provided:

2-3 times per week, initially (up to daily as needed). A 30 minute daily intervention block is provided for all grades.

Number of minutes per intervention session:

This may vary depending on the intervention needed, 15-30 minutes per session.

Intensive, Individualized Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 3 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

Additional rows as needed. Name of Program ESSA Evidence Level Verbiage (as needed)				
Name of Program	ESSA EVIGENCE LEVEL	Verbiage (as needed)		
UFLI Foundations		UFLI Foundations does not meet strong, moderate		
		or promising levels of evidence; however, the		
		following WWC Practice Guide Recommendations		
		support the program: Foundational Skills to		
		Support Reading for Understanding in		
		Kindergarten through 3rd Grade,		
		Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of the		
		segments of sound in speech and how they link to		
		letters, Strong Evidence; Recommendation 3:		
		Teach students to decode words, analyze word		
		parts, and write and recognize words, Strong		
		Evidence; and Recommendation 4: Ensure that		
		each student reads connected text everyday to		
		support reading accuracy, fluency, and		
		comprehension, Moderate Evidence. These		
		recommendations were built into the program by		
		explicit, systematic instruction for phonological		
		awareness, decoding practice and reading texts		
		with phonetically controlled vocabulary. The		
		district will support and monitor implementation		
		of this program by conducting data chats and		
		observational walkthroughs using the UFLI		
		Foundations implementation tool. In addition,		
		UFLI Foundations partners with the Union County		
		School District to provide targeted professional		
		development throughout the year as well as		
		coaching and classroom observation support.		
Florida Benchmark Advance	Moderate & Promising	Florida Benchmark Advance 2022 Core ELA		
2022 Core ELA Program		Program does not meet strong, moderate, or		
		promising levels of evidence; however, the		

following WWC Practice Guide supports the program: *Improving Reading Comprehension in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade*.

Recommendations from the guide that align with Benchmark Advance include:

- Recommendation 1: Teach students how to use reading comprehension strategies (Level of Evidence: Strong)
- Recommendation 2: Teach students to identify and use the text's organizational structure to comprehend, learn, and remember content (Level of Evidence: Moderate)
- Recommendation 4: Establish an engaging and motivating context in which to teach reading comprehension (Level of Evidence: Moderate)

These recommendations are built into the program design through:

- Explicit instruction in comprehension strategies such as asking and answering questions, making predictions, visualizing, summarizing, and making inferences.
- Text-dependent questioning and tasks that require students to analyze the structure and purpose of texts, including nonfiction and informational content.
- A variety of high-interest texts, interactive read-alouds, and collaborative learning structures designed to increase student engagement and motivation to read.

The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by:

 Providing ongoing professional learning focused on the use of comprehension strategy instruction, modeling, and guided practice during whole group and small group reading instruction.

		 Utilizing instructional coaches and administrators to conduct classroom walkthroughs and provide feedback aligned to the WWC-aligned practices embedded in Benchmark Advance.
		 Supporting PLCs in using student work and assessment data to adjust instruction and identify areas for reteaching and enrichment.
		 Offering professional development sessions at the start of the year and during district PD days that reinforce evidence-based practices for comprehension and text analysis.
Magnetic Reading	Moderate	

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implemented for students with a disability, students with an IEP and students who are English language learners, if used instead of or in addition to programs above. Add additional rows as needed.

Students with Disabilities

Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
Not applicable - same		Students with disabilities, including those with
programs and practices as		IEPs, receive instruction using the same
listed above		evidence-based programs and practices
		implemented schoolwide. Accommodations,
		scaffolds, and instructional supports are provided
		as outlined in each student's IEP to ensure access
		and progress within the general education
		curriculum.

English Language Learners		
Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
Not applicable - same		English Language Learners (ELLs) receive
programs and practices as		instruction using the same evidence-based
listed above		programs and practices implemented schoolwide.
		To support their language acquisition and
		academic progress, accommodations, scaffolds,
		and targeted instructional strategies are
		embedded within the general education
		framework. These supports are designed to ensure
		ELL students have equitable access to the
		curriculum and can make meaningful progress
		alongside their peers.

For K-3 students who have a substantial deficiency in reading or characteristics of dyslexia, identify the multisensory interventions provided.

The district provides structured, multisensory interventions aligned with the Science of Reading. These interventions include:

- Increased dosage of UFLI Foundations, a systematic, explicit, and multisensory phonics program that integrates auditory, visual, and kinesthetic modalities to support foundational reading development.
- Phonemic awareness instruction in grades K–1 that helps students develop awareness of speech sounds and their connection to letters, using multisensory strategies such as tapping, tracing, and oral segmenting/blending.
- Explicit instruction in decoding, word analysis, and spelling in grades K–2, incorporating visual aids, sound boxes, and manipulatives to support multisensory engagement.
- Daily practice with connected text to build fluency, accuracy, and comprehension, using methods such as repeated reading and oral guided reading with teacher feedback.

These interventions are delivered in small-group settings and aligned with Tier 2 or Tier 3 support, depending on the intensity needed. Instruction is led by reading endorsed (or those with a literacy microcredential) educators.

What processes and procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions?

Classroom walkthroughs by district staff, school-based administrators, and coaches with follow-up instructional coaching and professional learning when deemed necessary. Concerns will be brought to weekly admin meetings, monthly team meetings, and/or monthly MTSS meetings with the problem-solving team. Common planning will be provided for intensive intervention teachers to meet together to plan and share what is/isn't working in their small groups, interventions and best practices will be shared out at team meetings so that all may glean ideas and support.

7. Summer Reading Camps (Rule 6A-6.053(8), F.A.C.)

Requirements of Summer Reading Camps pursuant to s. 1008.25(8), F.S., include:

- Providing instruction to grade 3 students who score Level 1 on the statewide, standardized ELA assessment;
- Implementing evidence-based explicit, systematic and multisensory reading instruction in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary and comprehension; and
- Providing instruction by a highly effective teacher endorsed or certified in reading.
 - Note: Instructional personnel who possess a literacy micro-credential may not be assigned to these students.
- 7a. Provide a description of the district's plan to meet each requirement for Summer Reading Camps required by <u>s. 1008.25(8)</u>, <u>F.S.</u> As a reminder, instructional personnel providing services to retained third grade students, including those attending Summer Reading Camp, must be certified or endorsed in reading and rated highly effective as determined by the teacher's performance evaluation under <u>s.</u> 1012.34, F.S.

Summer Reading Camps for Retained Grade 3 Students

Schedule: June 1 - 18, 2026, Monday through Thursday 8:00-12:00

Evidence-Based Instructional Materials to be used, as defined in 20 U.S.C. s. 7801(21)(A)(i):
When serving 3rd grade specifically, the district ensures that a highly-qualified, reading endorsed staff
member teaches the Summer Reading class. Magnetic Reading, Benchmark Advance and i-Ready (both
individual paths and 3rd-grade pathways). An additional i-Ready assessment is given at the end of June
when Summer Reading Camp has been completed.
When summer neutring earnip has been completed.
Alternative Assessment Used:
iReady Diagnostic
Additional Information (optional):
7b. Districts have the option of providing Summer Reading Camps to students in grades K-5 with a
reading deficiency.
Will the district implement this option?
☐ Yes X No
If yes, please describe the grade level(s) that will be invited to participate.
Grades 5-8

8. Grades 5-8 Assessments

FAST				
Name of the Assessment	Target Audience	What component of reading is assessed?	Assessment Type	How often is the data collected?
FAST	☑ Grade 5		□ Screening □	⊠ 3 x Year
ELA Reading	⊠ Grade 6		□ Progress	
	⊠ Grade 7	Comprehension	Monitoring	
	⊠ Grade 8		Summative	

Indicate in the chart below the assessment(s) used to guide instructional decision-making for grades 6-8 students. Add additional rows as needed.

Additional Assessment(s)					
Name of the Assessment	Target Audience (Grades 5-8) (Select all that apply.)	What component of reading is assessed? (Select all that apply.)	Assessment Type (Select all that apply.)	How often is the data collected?	
Other District Assessment- (ELA District Benchmark Assessment)	☑ Grade 5☑ Grade 6☑ Grade 7☑ Grade 8☑ All Students☐ Select Students	☐ Oral Language ☐ Phonological Awareness ☐ Phonics ☐ Fluency ☒ Vocabulary ☒ Comprehension	□ Screening⋈ ProgressMonitoring□ Diagnostic⋈ Summative	 □ Weekly □ 2 x Month □ Monthly ⋈ Quarterly □ 3 x Year □ Annually □ As Needed □ Other 	

Other District	⊠ Grade 5	☐ Oral Language	☐ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment	☐ Grade 6	☐ Phonological	☐ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
	☐ Grade 7	Awareness	Monitoring	☐ Monthly
	Ad	lditional Assessment(s)	
Name of the	Target Audience	What component	Assessment Type	How often is the
Assessment	(Grades 5-8)	of reading is	(Select all that	data collected?
	(Select all that	assessed? (Select	apply.)	
	apply.)	all that apply.)		
(Lexia: Power Up	☐ Grade 8	☐ Phonics	☑ Diagnostic	\square Quarterly
Diagnostic)	⋈ All Students	☐ Fluency	\square Summative	☐ 3 x Year
	☐ Select Student			
		\boxtimes		☐ As Needed
		Comprehension		☐ Other
Other District	☐ Grade 5	☐ Oral Language	□ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment	⊠ Grade 6		□ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
(Read 180 FLEX- Map	⊠ Grade 7	Awareness	Monitoring	\square Monthly
Growth Assessment)	☑ Grade 8	□ Phonics	□ Diagnostic	\square Quarterly
	☐ All Students	⊠ Fluency	☐ Summative	⊠ 3 x Year
	⊠ Select Student			☐ Annually
		\boxtimes		☐ As Needed
		Comprehension		☐ Other
Other District	⊠ Grade 5		□ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment:	⊠ Grade 6	☐ Phonological	☐ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
DAR Assessment	⊠ Grade 7	Awareness	Monitoring	\square Monthly
(Diagnostic	⊠ Grade 8	☐ Phonics	□ Diagnostic	\square Quarterly
Assessments of	☐ All Students	☐ Fluency	\square Summative	☐ 3 x Year
Reading)	⊠ Select Student	\square Vocabulary		☐ Annually
		Comprehension		\square Other

9. Describe the district's process (e.g., MTSS) for identifying grades 6-8 students in need of Tier 2/Tier 3 interventions.

FAST data is reviewed after each assessment. After FAST PM3 assessment, student scores and data are used to determine which students will need Tier 2 or Tier 3 intervention. Students who have a Level 1 score will receive Tier 3 intervention and Students who have a Level 2 score will receive Tier 2 interventions.

10. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction is monitored.

Tier 1 instruction is monitored by walkthroughs by administrators, OTISS walkthroughs by our Instructional coaches (2 x per nine weeks), FAST PM data and District Benchmark Assessments (each nine weeks).

11. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 2 interventions is monitored.

Tier 2 instruction is monitored by walkthroughs by administrators, OTISS walkthroughs by our Instructional coaches (Every 3 weeks), FAST PM data and Read 180 growth diagnostics (3 times per year)

12. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions is monitored.

Tier 3 instruction is monitored by walkthroughs by administrators, OTISS walkthroughs by our Instructional coaches (every month), FAST PM data and Read 180 growth diagnostics (3 times per year)

Grades 5-8 Decision Tree

Tier 1 (Core) Only

Beginning of Year Data

Students must meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

2025 FAST ELA PM3 data: Level 3, 4 or 5

List performance criteria that indicate Tier 1 is sufficient for at least 80% of students.

- 80% of our students will show mastery of the benchmarks on each quarterly District Benchmark Assessment with a score of 70% or higher.
- 80% or more students will score a level 3 or higher of FAST PM and not need Tier 2 or Tier 3
 interventions

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction?

Tier 1 instruction will be monitored by our Administrators who do classroom observations. Also, our instructional coaches use OTISS to do walkthroughs. Teachers will analyze data after District Progress Monitoring each quarter. This data is shared with the Reading Coach and the administrative team during quarterly data chats. OTISS data will look for trends or areas that need to be improved within our Tier 1 instruction.

Core Instruction

Indicate the core curriculum utilized. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Program	Year of Program Adoption
	2021
Benchmark Advanced (5th grade only)	
	2021
Savvas MyPerspectives (6th-8th grade)	

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 2 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

- A decrease of one or more performance levels on statewide progress monitoring assessments (e.g., from Level 3 to Level 2 between PM1 and PM2);
 AND/OR
- Tier 2 interventions will be provided if students score below proficiency levels (60% or less) on their District Benchmark Assessments.

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

Students who meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

2025 FAST ELA PM3 data: Level 2

Number of times per week interventions are provided: 5 x per week

Number of minutes per intervention session: 50 minutes

Course(s) where interventions take place: Intensive Reading (Course Code: 1000010)

Supplemental Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 2 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

rows as needed.		
Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
Read 180 Flex Program		Read 180 Flex does not meet
(Grades 6-8)		strong, moderate, or promising
		levels of evidence; however, the
		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support
		the program: Improving
		Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention
		Practices, Recommendation 1:
		Providing explicit vocabulary
		instruction, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 5: Make
		available intensive and
		individualized interventions for
		struggling readers that can be
		provided by trained specialists,
		Promising Evidence. These
		recommendations were built
		into the program through the
		diagnostic testing and
		individualized practice it creates
		for students. The diagnostic test
		is an adaptive assessment tool
		which accurately assesses
		students' knowledge and provides each student with a personalized action plan to help them grow. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting data chats and observational walkthroughs, and bi-weekly meetings with the Reading coach.

IVI - ELA CI:II		iVI Languago Arts dass not
IXL: ELA Skills:		iXL Language Arts does not
Florida BEST standards		meet strong, moderate or
(Grades 6-8)		promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC
		Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support
		the program: Improving
		Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention
		Practices, Recommendation 1:
		Providing explicit vocabulary
		instruction, Promising
		Evidence; Recommendation 5:
		Make available intensive and
		individualized interventions for
		struggling readers that can be
		provided by trained specialists,
		Promising Evidence. These
		recommendations were built
		into the program through the
		diagnostic testing and
		individualized practice it
		creates for students. The
		diagnostic test is an adaptive
		assessment tool which
		accurately assesses students'
		knowledge and provides each
		student with a personalized
		action plan to help them grow.
		The district will support and
		monitor implementation of
		this program by conducting
		data chats and observational
		walkthroughs, and bi-weekly
		meetings with the Reading
		coach.
Lexia: Power Up Literacy	Promising ESSA Evidence Level	
(Grade 5 only)		
Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implemented for students with a disability,		
	ents who are English language learners, as appli	cable. Add additional rows
as needed.		
Students with Disabilities		
Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)

Read 180 Flex Program		Read 180 Flex does not meet
(Grades 6-8)		strong, moderate, or promising
		levels of evidence; however, the
		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support
		the program: Improving
		Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention
		Practices, Recommendation 1:
		Providing explicit vocabulary
		instruction, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 5: Make
		available intensive and
		individualized interventions for
		struggling readers that can be
		provided by trained specialists,
		Promising Evidence. These
		recommendations were built
		into the program through the
		diagnostic testing and
		individualized practice it creates
		for students. The diagnostic test
		is an adaptive assessment tool
		which accurately assesses
		students' knowledge and
		provides each student with a
		personalized action plan to help
		them grow. The district will
		support and monitor
		implementation of this program
		by The district will support and
		monitor implementation of this
		program by conducting data
		chats and observational
		walkthroughs, and bi-weekly
		meetings with the Reading
		coach.
Lexia: Power Up Literacy	Promising ESSA Evidence Level	
(Grade 5 only)		

[T	I was a second
IXL: ELA Skills:		iXL Language Arts does not
Florida BEST standards		meet strong, moderate or
(Grades 6-8)		promising levels of evidence;
		however, the following WWC
		Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support
		the program: Improving
		Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention
		Practices, Recommendation 1:
		Providing explicit vocabulary
		instruction, Promising
		Evidence; Recommendation 5:
		Make available intensive and
		individualized interventions for
		struggling readers that can be
		provided by trained specialists,
		Promising Evidence. These
		recommendations were built
		into the program through the
		diagnostic testing and
		individualized practice it
		creates for students. The
		diagnostic test is an adaptive
		assessment tool which
		accurately assesses students'
		knowledge and provides each
		student with a personalized
		action plan to help them grow.
		The district will support and
		monitor implementation of
		this program by conducting
		data chats and observational
		walkthroughs, and bi-weekly
		meetings with the Reading
		coach.
English Language Learners		
Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
Read 180 Flex Program		Read 180 Flex does not meet
(Grades 6-8)		strong, moderate, or promising
		levels of evidence; however, the
		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support
		the program: Improving
		Adolescent Literacy: Effective

		Providing explicit vocabulary
		instruction, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 5: Make
		available intensive and
		individualized interventions for
		struggling readers that can be
		provided by trained specialists,
		Promising Evidence. These
		recommendations were built
		into the program through the
		diagnostic testing and
		individualized practice it creates
		for students. The diagnostic test
		is an adaptive assessment tool
		which accurately assesses
		students' knowledge and
		provides each student with a
		personalized action plan to help
		them grow.The district will
		support and monitor
		implementation of this program
		by The district will support and
		monitor implementation of this
		program by conducting data
		chats and observational
		walkthroughs, and bi-weekly
		meetings with the Reading
		coach.
Lexia: Power Up Literacy (Grade 5 only)	Promising ESSA Evidence Level	
IXL: ELA Skills:		iXL Language Arts does not
Florida BEST standards		meet strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence;
(Grades 6-8)		however, the following WWC
(3000 0 0)		_
(2.3000 0 0)		Practice Guide
(2.3000 0 0)		_
		Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support

Providing explicit vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence; Recommendation 5: Make available intensive and individualized interventions for struggling readers that can be provided by trained specialists, Promising Evidence. These recommendations were built into the program through the diagnostic testing and individualized practice it creates for students. The diagnostic test is an adaptive assessment tool which accurately assesses students' knowledge and provides each student with a personalized action plan to help them grow. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting data chats and observational walkthroughs, and bi-weekly meetings with the Reading

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 3 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

Students who do not show progress or growth (moving from low level 3 to a mid level 3) between their FAST PM scores and/or are not making expected growth (60% or higher) on their District Benchmark Assessments compared to their peers will qualify for additional Tier 3 support

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions + Tier 3 Intensive Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

Students who meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

2025 FAST ELA PM3 data: Level 1

Number of times per week interventions are provided: 5 days per week

Number of minutes per intervention session: 50 minutes per day (25 minutes of Tier 2 and 25 minutes of Tier 3)

Course(s) where interventions take place: Intensive Reading (Course Code: 1000010)

Intensive, Individualized Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 3 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
Read 180 Flex Program		Read 180 Flex does not meet
(Grades 6-8)		strong, moderate, or promising

*Using lessons for teacher	levels of evidence; however, the
led small groups	following WWC Practice Guide
	Recommendation(s) support
	the program: Improving
	Adolescent Literacy: Effective
	Classroom and Intervention
	Practices, Recommendation 1:
	Providing explicit vocabulary
	instruction, Promising Evidence;
	Recommendation 5: Make
	available intensive and
	individualized interventions for
	struggling readers that can be
	provided by trained specialists,
	Promising Evidence. These
	recommendations were built
	into the program through the
	diagnostic testing and
	individualized practice it creates
	for students. The diagnostic test
	is an adaptive assessment tool
	which accurately assesses
	students' knowledge and
	provides each student with a
	personalized action plan to help
	them grow.The district will
	support and monitor
	implementation of this program
	by The district will support and
	monitor implementation of this
	program by conducting data
	chats and observational
	walkthroughs, and bi-weekly
	meetings with the Reading
	coach.
IXL: Language Arts- Using Lessons for Teacher Led Small Group	iXL Language Arts does not meet strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support
	Recommendation(s) support

		the program: Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and Intervention Practices, Recommendation 1: Providing explicit vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence; Recommendation 5: Make available intensive and individualized interventions for struggling readers that can be provided by trained specialists, Promising Evidence. These recommendations were built into the program through the diagnostic testing and individualized practice it creates for students. The diagnostic test is an adaptive assessment tool which accurately assesses students' knowledge and provides each student with a personalized action plan to help them grow.The district will support and monitor implementation
		assessment tool which accurately assesses students' knowledge and provides each student with a personalized action plan to help them grow. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting data chats and observational walkthroughs, and bi-weekly meetings with the Reading
		coach
Lexia: Power Up Literacy (Grade 5 only) *Using lessons for Teacher led small groups	Promising ESSA Evidence Level	
ica cilian Broaps		

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implemented for students with a disability, students with an IEP and students who are English language learners, as applicable. Add additional rows as needed.

Students with Disabilities

Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
Read 180 Flex Program		Read 180 Flex does not meet
(Grades 6-8)		strong, moderate, or promising
*Using lessons for teacher led small groups		levels of evidence; however, the
icu siriali groups		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support
		the program: Improving
		Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention
		Practices, Recommendation 1:
		Providing explicit vocabulary
		instruction, Promising Evidence;

	Recommendation 5: Make
	available intensive and
	individualized interventions for
	struggling readers that can be
	provided by trained specialists,
	Promising Evidence. These
	recommendations were built
	into the program through the
	diagnostic testing and
	individualized practice it creates
	for students. The diagnostic test
	is an adaptive assessment tool
	which accurately assesses
	students' knowledge and
	provides each student with a
	personalized action plan to help
	them grow.The district will
	support and monitor
	implementation of this program
	by The district will support and
	monitor implementation of this
	program by conducting data
	chats and observational
	walkthroughs, and bi-weekly
	meetings with the Reading
	coach.
IXL: Language Arts- Using Lessons for Teacher Led Small Group	iXL Language Arts does not meet strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and Intervention Practices, Recommendation 1: Providing explicit vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence; Recommendation 5: Make available intensive and individualized interventions for struggling readers that can be provided by trained specialists,
	Promising Evidence. These

		recommendations were built into the program through the diagnostic testing and individualized practice it creates for students. The diagnostic test is an adaptive assessment tool which accurately assesses students' knowledge and provides each student with a personalized action plan to help them grow. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting data chats and observational walkthroughs, and bi-weekly meetings with the Reading coach
Lexia: Power Up Literacy	Promising ESSA Evidence Level	
(Grade 5 only) *Using lessons for Teacher		
led small groups		
English Language Learners Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
Read 180 Flex Program	ESSA EVIDENCE EEVEI	Read 180 Flex does not meet
(Grades 6-8)		strong, moderate, or promising
*Using lessons for teacher		levels of evidence; however, the
led small groups		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support
		the program: Improving
		Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention
		Practices, Recommendation 1:
		Providing explicit vocabulary
		instruction, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 5: Make
		available intensive and
		individualized interventions for
		struggling readers that can be
		provided by trained specialists,
		Promising Evidence. These
		recommendations were built
		into the program through the
		diagnostic testing and
		individualized practice it creates

for students. The diagnostic test is an adaptive assessment tool which accurately assesses students' knowledge and provides each student with a
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students' knowledge and provides each student with a
provides each student with a
·
personalized action plan to help
them grow.The district will
support and monitor
implementation of this program
by The district will support and
monitor implementation of this
program by conducting data
chats and observational
walkthroughs, and bi-weekly
meetings with the Reading
coach.
iXL Language Arts does not meet strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and Intervention Practices, Recommendation 1: Providing explicit vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence; Recommendation 5: Make available intensive and individualized interventions for struggling readers that can be provided by trained specialists, Promising Evidence. These recommendations were built into the program through the diagnostic testing and individualized practice it creates for students. The diagnostic test is an adaptive assessment tool which accurately assesses students' knowledge and provides each student with a personalized action plan to help them grow.The district will support and monitor implementation

		walkthroughs, and bi-weekly meetings with the Reading coach
Lexia: Power Up Literacy	Promising ESSA Evidence Level	
(Grade 5 only)		
*Using lessons for Teacher		
led small groups		

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions?

Students receiving Tier 3 instruction will take a quarterly District Benchmark Assessment to measure their mastery of the benchmarks. They will also take the Read 180 assessment 3 times per year and this data will be analyzed along with their FAST PM data. These assessment scores will be used to determine the effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions.

Grades 9-12

13. Grades 9-12 Assessments

	FAST				
Name of the	Target Audience	What component of	Assessment Type	How often is the	
Assessment	(Grades 9-12)	reading is assessed?		data collected?	
FAST	⊠ Grade 9		□ Screening	□ 3 x Year	
ELA Reading	⊠ Grade 10	□ Comprehension	□ Progress		
			Monitoring		

Indicate in the chart below the assessment(s) used to guide instructional decision-making for grades 9-12 students. Add additional rows as needed.

	Additional Assessment(s)			
Name of the Assessment	Target Audience (Grades 9-12) (Select all that apply.)	What component of reading is assessed? (Select all that apply.)	Assessment Type (Select all that apply.)	How often is the data collected?
Other District Assessment (ELA District Benchmark Assessments)	⊠Grade 9 ⊠Grade 10 ⊠Grade 11 ⊠Grade 12 ⊠ All Students □ Select Students	 □ Oral Language □ Phonological Awareness □ Phonics □ Fluency ☒ Vocabulary ☒ Comprehension 	☐ Screening☒ ProgressMonitoring☐ Diagnostic☒ Summative	□ Weekly □ 2 x Month □ Monthly ⊠ Quarterly □ 3 x Year □ Annually □ As Needed □ Other

Additional Assessment(s)				
Name of the	Target Audience	What component of	Assessment Type	How often is the
Assessment	(Grades 9-12)	reading is assessed?	(Select all that	data collected?
	(Select all that	(Select all that	apply.)	
	apply.)	apply.)		
Other District	⊠ Grade 9	☐ Oral Language	□ Screening □	☐ Weekly
Assessment	⊠ Grade 10		□ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
(Read 180 - Map	⊠ Grade 11	Awareness	Monitoring	\square Monthly
Growth	⊠ Grade 12	□ Phonics	□ Diagnostic □ Diagnostic	☐ Quarterly
Assessment)	☐ All Students	⊠ Fluency	☐ Summative	⊠ 3 x Year
	⊠ Select Students	⊠Vocabulary		☐ Annually
		□ Comprehension		☐ As Needed
				☐ Other
Other District	⊠Grade 9	☐ Oral Language	☐ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment	⊠ Grade 10	☐ Phonological	□ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
(Intensive Reading	⊠ Grade 11	Awareness	Monitoring	
Benchmark	⊠ Grade 12	☐ Phonics	☐ Diagnostic	☐ Quarterly
Assessments)	☐ All Students	☐ Fluency		☐ 3 x Year
	⊠ Select Students	⊠Vocabulary		☐ Annually
		□ Comprehension		☐ As Needed
				☐ Other
Other District	⊠ Grade 9	□ Oral Language	□ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment	⊠ Grade 10		☐ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
(DAR Assessment)	⊠ Grade 11	Awareness	Monitoring	☐ Monthly
	⊠ Grade 12	⊠ Phonics	☐ Diagnostic	☐ Quarterly
	☐ All Students	⊠ Fluency	☐ Summative	☐ 3 x Year
	⊠ Select Students	⊠Vocabulary		☐ Annually
		□ Comprehension		⋈ As Needed
				☐ Other

14. Describe the district's process (e.g., MTSS) for identifying grades 9-12 students in need of Tier 2/Tier 3 interventions.

Student FAST data is reviewed after each administration. After FAST PM3, student data is analyzed to determine which students need to receive Tier 2/Tier 3 intervention. During the school year, teachers and administrators look at the Read180 Map Growth data, district created ELA benchmark assessment data, and district created Intensive Reading benchmark assessment data to determine students in need of Tier 2/Tier 3 interventions.

15. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction is monitored.

Tier 1 instruction is monitored through regular administrator walkthroughs, instructional coach OTISS walkthroughs (3x per quarter), FAST PM data (3x per year), District Benchmark Assessment Data(each quarter). Data is discussed at PLC meetings and data chats with school and district administrators.

16. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 2 interventions is monitored.

Tier 2 instruction is monitored through regular administrator walkthroughs, instructional coach OTISS walkthroughs (3x per quarter), FAST PM data(3x per year), District Benchmark Assessment Data(monthly), and NWEA Map Growth data (3x per year). Data is discussed monthly at PLC meeting with the reading coach to evaluate effectiveness of Tier 2 instruction. Data will also be discussed at quarterly data chats with school administrators.

17. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions is monitored.

Tier 3 instruction is monitored through regular administrator walkthroughs, instructional coach OTISS walkthroughs (3x per quarter), FAST PM data(3x per year), District Benchmark Assessment Data(monthly), and NWEA Map Growth data (3x per year). Data is discussed monthly at PLC meeting with the reading coach to evaluate effectiveness of Tier 3 instruction. Data will also be discussed at quarterly data chats with school administrators.

Grades 9-12 Decision Tree

Tier 1 (Core) Only

Beginning of Year Data

Students must meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

2025 FAST ELA Reading Progress Monitoring 3 Data: Level 3, 4, or 5

List performance criteria that indicate Tier 1 is sufficient for at least 80% of students.

- 80% or more of students are scoring level 3, 4, or 5 on FAST ELA Reading Progress Monitoring throughout the school year.
- 80% or more students do not require Tier 2 or Tier 3 interventions.

What processes and procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction and/or curriculum provided to students?

Teachers analyze student performance data from progress monitoring assessments, which is then shared and discussed with the Reading Coach and administrative team during scheduled data chat meetings. Additionally, Tier 1 instruction is regularly monitored through weekly classroom observations conducted by school administrators or the Reading Coach.

Core Instruction

Indicate the core curriculum utilized. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Program	Year of Program Adoption
SAVVAS MyPerspectives	2021

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 2 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

- A decrease of one or more performance levels on statewide progress monitoring assessments (e.g., from Level 3 to Level 2 between PM1 and PM2);
- Tier 2 interventions will be provided if students score below proficiency levels (60% or less) on their District Benchmark Assessments.

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

Students who meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

2025 FAST Progress Monitoring 3 Data: Level 2

Number of times per week interventions are provided: 2-3

Number of minutes per intervention session: 15 - 30

Course(s) where interventions take place: Intensive Reading (1000412, 1000414, 1000416, 1000418)

Supplemental Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 2 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

rows as needed.		
Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
CommonLit360 PRO		CommonLit360 does not meet strong, moderate
		or promising levels of evidence; however, the
		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support the program:
		Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention Practices,
		Recommendation 1: Providing explicit
		vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 2: Providing direct and explicit
		comprehension strategy instruction, Promising
		Evidence; Recommendation 3: Providing
		opportunities for extended discussion of text
		meaning and interpretation, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 4: Increase student motivation
		and engagement in literacy learning, Promising
		Evidence; Recommendation 5: Make available
		intensive and individualized interventions for
		struggling readers that can be provided by
		trained specialists, Promising Evidence. These
		recommendations will be built into the lessons
		that the teacher will provide during small group
		instruction using resources provided through the
		platform. Teachers will create lessons using the
		BEST Standards, while implementing
		instructional strategies from the FLDOE Literacy Instruction Practice Profile - such as explicit and
		systematic instruction. The district will support
		and monitor implementation of this program by
		conducting data chats and observational
		walkthroughs, a professional learning session
		offered by the publisher, and bi-weekly meetings
		with the Reading coach.
Read180 Flex		Read 180 Flex does not meet strong, moderate,
*Using lessons for teacher		or promising levels of evidence; however, the
led small groups		following WWC Practice Guide
- '		Recommendation(s) support the program:
		Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention Practices,
		Recommendation 1: Providing explicit vocabulary
		instruction, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 5: Make available intensive and
		individualized interventions for struggling readers
		that can be provided by trained specialists,

Promising Evidence. These recommendations were built into the program by the use of diagnostic testing to build individual learning paths. The program includes an adaptive assessment tool, administered three times per year, that identifies the correct literacy level and generates a personalized action plan. This plan drives instruction by placing students either in the Code (phonics instruction) or Comprehension, and provides them with an individualized action plan. Teachers also use this data to create groups / targeted lessons to provide small group instruction. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting data chats and observational walkthroughs, and bi-weekly meetings with the Reading coach. iXL (Grades 11-12) iXL Language Arts does not meet strong, *Using lessons for teacher moderate or promising levels of evidence; led small groups however, the following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and Intervention Practices, Recommendation 1: Providing explicit vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence; Recommendation 5: Make available intensive and individualized interventions for struggling readers that can be provided by trained specialists, Promising Evidence. These recommendations were built into the program through the diagnostic testing and individualized practice it provides for students. The program generates personalized learning pathways for students' individual areas of need, offering practice for students in context as well as content for teachers to use in direct instruction. Additionally through the ongoing progress monitoring in the program, teachers can use this data to deliver targeted support and adjust instruction based on data trends, based on skill specific needs. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting data chats and observational walkthroughs, and bi-weekly meetings with the Reading coach. Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implemented for students with a disability, students with an IEP and students who are English language learners, as applicable. Add additional rows as needed. **Students with Disabilities**

Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
CommonLit360 PRO		CommonLit360 does not meet strong, moderate
		or promising levels of evidence; however, the
		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support the program:
		Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention Practices,
		Recommendation 1: Providing explicit
		vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 2: Providing direct and explicit
		comprehension strategy instruction, Promising
		Evidence; Recommendation 3: Providing
		opportunities for extended discussion of text
		meaning and interpretation, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 4: Increase student motivation
		and engagement in literacy learning, Promising
		Evidence; Recommendation 5: Make available
		intensive and individualized interventions for
		struggling readers that can be provided by
		trained specialists, Promising Evidence. These
		recommendations will be built into the lessons
		that the teacher will provide during small group
		instruction using resources provided through the
		platform. Teachers will create lessons using the
		BEST Standards, while implementing
		instructional strategies from the FLDOE Literacy
		Instruction Practice Profile - such as explicit and
		systematic instruction. The district will support
		and monitor implementation of this program by
		conducting data chats and observational
		walkthroughs, a professional learning session
		offered by the publisher, and bi-weekly meetings
		with the Reading coach.
Read180 Flex		Read 180 Flex does not meet strong, moderate,
*Using lessons for teacher		or promising levels of evidence; however, the
led small groups		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support the program:
		Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention Practices,
		Recommendation 1: Providing explicit vocabulary
		instruction, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 5: Make available intensive and
		individualized interventions for struggling readers
		that can be provided by trained specialists,
		Promising Evidence. These recommendations
		were built into the program by the use of
		diagnostic testing to build individual learning
		paths. The program includes an adaptive
		assessment tool, administered three times per
		year, that identifies the correct literacy level and

English Language Learners		generates a personalized action plan. This plan drives instruction by placing students either in the Code (phonics instruction) or Comprehension, and provides them with an individualized action plan. Teachers also use this data to create groups / targeted lessons to provide small group instruction. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting data chats and observational walkthroughs, and bi-weekly meetings with the Reading coach.
Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 3 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

Students can be prompted to receive tier 3 interventions if:

- A decrease of one or more performance levels on statewide progress monitoring assessments (e.g., from Level 2 to Level 1 between PM1 and PM2);
 AND/OR
- A lack of expected growth (60% or higher) on their District Benchmark Assessments compared to their peers will qualify for additional Tier 3 support.

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions + Tier 3 Intensive Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

Students who meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

2025 FAST Progress Monitoring 3 Data: Level 1

Number of times per week interventions are provided: 2-3

Number of minutes per intervention session: 15-30

Course(s) where interventions take place: Intensive Reading (1000412, 1000414, 1000416, 1000418)

Intensive, Individualized Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 3 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
CommonLit360 PRO		CommonLit360 does not meet strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence; however, the
		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support the program:
		Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention Practices,
		Recommendation 1: Providing explicit
		vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 2: Providing direct and explicit

comprehension strategy instruction, Promising Evidence; Recommendation 3: Providing opportunities for extended discussion of text meaning and interpretation, Promising Evidence; Recommendation 4: Increase student motivation and engagement in literacy learning, Promising Evidence; Recommendation 5: Make available intensive and individualized interventions for struggling readers that can be provided by trained specialists, Promising Evidence. These recommendations will be built into the lessons that the teacher will provide during small group instruction using resources provided through the platform. Teachers will create lessons using the BEST Standards, while implementing instructional strategies from the FLDOE Literacy Instruction Practice Profile - such as explicit and systematic instruction. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting data chats and observational walkthroughs, a professional learning session offered by the publisher, and bi-weekly meetings with the Reading coach. Read180 Flex Read 180 Flex does not meet strong, moderate, *Using lessons for teacher or promising levels of evidence; however, the led small groups following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and Intervention Practices, Recommendation 1: Providing explicit vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence; Recommendation 5: Make available intensive and individualized interventions for struggling readers that can be provided by trained specialists, Promising Evidence. These recommendations were built into the program by the use of diagnostic testing to build individual learning paths. The program includes an adaptive assessment tool, administered three times per year, that identifies the correct literacy level and generates a personalized action plan. This plan drives instruction by placing students either in the Code (phonics instruction) or Comprehension, and provides them with an individualized action plan. Teachers also use this data to create groups / targeted lessons to provide small group instruction. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting

	data chats and observational walkthroughs, and
	bi-weekly meetings with the Reading coach.
iXL (Grades 11-12)	iXL Language Arts does not meet strong,
*Using lessons for teacher	moderate or promising levels of evidence;
led small groups	however, the following WWC Practice Guide
	Recommendation(s) support the program:
	Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective
	Classroom and Intervention Practices,
	Recommendation 1: Providing explicit
	vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence;
	Recommendation 5: Make available intensive
	and individualized interventions for struggling
	readers that can be provided by trained
	specialists, Promising Evidence. These
	recommendations were built into the program
	through the diagnostic testing and individualized
	practice it provides for students. The program
	generates personalized learning pathways for
	students' individual areas of need, offering
	practice for students in context as well as
	content for teachers to use in direct instruction.
	Additionally, through the ongoing progress
	monitoring in the program, teachers can use this
	data to deliver targeted support and adjust
	instruction based on data trends, based on skill
	specific needs. The district will support and
	monitor implementation of this program by
	conducting data chats and observational
	walkthroughs, and bi-weekly meetings with the
	Reading coach.
Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices	implemented for students with a disability

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implemented for students with a disability, students with an IEP and students who are English language learners, as applicable. Add additional rows as needed.

Students with Disabilities

Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
CommonLit360 PRO		CommonLit360 does not meet strong, moderate
		or promising levels of evidence; however, the
		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support the program:
		Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective
		Classroom and Intervention Practices,
		Recommendation 1: Providing explicit
		vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 2: Providing direct and explicit
		comprehension strategy instruction, Promising
		Evidence; Recommendation 3: Providing
		opportunities for extended discussion of text
		meaning and interpretation, Promising Evidence;
		Recommendation 4: Increase student motivation
		and engagement in literacy learning, Promising

	I	Estate Barrier Lorenza and
Read180 Flex		Evidence; Recommendation 5: Make available intensive and individualized interventions for struggling readers that can be provided by trained specialists, Promising Evidence. These recommendations will be built into the lessons that the teacher will provide during small group instruction using resources provided through the platform. Teachers will create lessons using the BEST Standards, while implementing instructional strategies from the FLDOE Literacy Instruction Practice Profile - such as explicit and systematic instruction. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting data chats and observational walkthroughs, a professional learning session offered by the publisher, and bi-weekly meetings with the Reading coach. Read 180 Flex does not meet strong, moderate,
*Using lessons for teacher led small groups		read 180 Fiex does not meet strong, moderate, or promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and Intervention Practices, Recommendation 1: Providing explicit vocabulary instruction, Promising Evidence; Recommendation 5: Make available intensive and individualized interventions for struggling readers that can be provided by trained specialists, Promising Evidence. These recommendations were built into the program by the use of diagnostic testing to build individual learning paths. The program includes an adaptive assessment tool, administered three times per year, that identifies the correct literacy level and generates a personalized action plan. This plan drives instruction by placing students either in the Code (phonics instruction) or Comprehension, and provides them with an individualized action plan. Teachers also use this data to create groups / targeted lessons to provide small group instruction. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by The district will support and monitor implementation of this program by conducting data chats and observational walkthroughs, and bi-weekly meetings with the Reading coach.
English Language Learners		, 5:
Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
	•	•

What processes and procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions?

Students receiving tier 3 interventions will take a monthly district created benchmark assessment to measure their mastery of the benchmarks. This data, along with their FAST score, Read180 assessment scores, and classroom data, will be analyzed to evaluate the effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions. Classroom visits are conducted regularly to observe Tier 3 instruction to determine if additional supports are needed. These observations inform professional learning that is offered, as well as supports that are needed.

Through team PLCs, leadership meetings, department data chats, and literacy leadership meetings, teams are able to identify and problem solve.

Data chats are conducted throughout the school year with teachers, the reading coach, school leadership, and district leadership to analyze data and formulate plans to support student learning.

5) Professional Learning (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)3.f.—j., F.A.C.)

Describe the literacy professional learning that will be provided by the district and/or schools, aligned to the requirements below:

- Provide professional learning required by ss. 1012.585(3)(f) and 1012.98(5)(b)11., F.S., which
 includes training to help teachers integrate phonemic awareness, phonics, word study and
 spelling, fluency, vocabulary and text comprehension strategies into an explicit, systematic
 and sequential approach to reading instruction, including multisensory intervention
 strategies;
- Provide professional learning in B.E.S.T. ELA Standards and evidence-based reading practices and programs;
- Provide professional learning to help instructional personnel and certified PreK teachers funded in the FEFP earn a certification, a credential, an endorsement or an advanced degree in scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instruction;
- Differentiate and intensify professional learning for teachers based on progress monitoring data;
- Identify mentor teachers and establish model classrooms within the school; and
- Ensure that time is provided for teachers to meet weekly for professional learning.

Provide the Name of Professional Learning, Target Audience and Description. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Professional Learning	Target Audience	Description
4 professional learning days in	PreK-12th ELA	Improve Tier 1 instruction using authentic
district	teachers	text, using the Practice Profile with an emphasis on scaffolding and differentiation
In-house training with certified	PreK-12th ELA	Through informal observations and data
reading coaches	teachers	trends, coaches determine professional
		learning and the need for modeling
District Summer Literacy Institute	K-12th ELA, Reading	Offered to all ELA teachers in the district
	Intervention teachers	during the first week of June
	and paras	
Read 180	6th-8th grade	Teacher training for the implementation of
		the new program

Kaleb Watkins, SRLD	1st-10th	Disaggregate data, develop a strategic plan to
		refine and enhance instructional practices

Access Project training	K-12	To provide resources to facilitate the teaching
		and learning of access points

Instructional Personnel and Certified PreK Teachers

Describe how professional learning is provided to help instructional personnel and certified PreK teachers funded in the FEFP earn a certification, a credential or credentials, an endorsement, or an advanced degree in scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instruction.

PreK teachers and instructional support staff are encouraged to participate in micro-credential programs in phonological awareness, vocabulary development, and emergent literacy.

These programs are aligned with Florida's B.E.S.T. Standards and grounded in the science of reading, offering teachers evidence-based strategies to support young learners. Literacy coaches, supported by Title I and II funds, deliver job-embedded professional development focused on implementing evidence-based reading practices. Our state representative, Lexi Langieri, provides teachers with individualized training on district PL day. She provides coaching aligned with their endorsement progress, student data, and classroom needs.

Differentiated Professional Learning

Describe how professional learning is differentiated and intensified for teachers based on progress monitoring data.

Teachers are provided with ongoing, differentiated support that is responsive to student data, classroom walkthrough trends, and individual teacher needs. Progress monitoring results, formative assessments, and observational data are analyzed collaboratively by school and district leadership teams to identify instructional strengths and areas for growth. This analysis is supported by our partnership with the State Regional Literacy Director (SRLD), who helps prioritize areas for targeted support.

Differentiation of professional learning is achieved by tailoring the type, frequency, and intensity of support based on the data. Teachers demonstrating specific instructional gaps may receive more intensive, individualized coaching, while others may participate in small-group sessions focused on common needs. Instructional support is delivered through a variety of formats including job-embedded coaching cycles, co-planning sessions, modeling of effective instructional practices, and focused professional development workshops.

Reading Coaches play a critical role in providing this differentiated support, using data to guide the content and structure of coaching interactions. New teachers receive enhanced support, including mentoring, onboarding sessions focused on core instructional strategies, and regular check-ins to ensure a strong foundation for success.

By aligning support with real-time student and teacher data, we ensure professional learning is purposeful, relevant, and designed to build teacher capacity in ways that directly impact student achievement.

Mentor Teachers

Describe how mentor teachers are identified and how model classrooms are established and utilized within the school.

Mentor teachers are identified based on a combination of factors, including classroom observation data, student performance, and demonstrated strengths in specific instructional areas. Teachers who consistently implement high-impact strategies, show strong classroom management, and contribute to student growth are recommended by school and district leadership to serve as mentors.

Model classrooms are established by strategically placing these mentor teachers in visible and accessible roles, where they can serve as demonstration sites for effective instructional practices. These classrooms are

open for peer observation, allowing other teachers to observe targeted strategies aligned with their professional goals or areas for growth.

Opportunities for classroom visits are arranged based on individual teacher needs, with support from instructional coaches or administrators. Following observations, debriefs are conducted to reflect on observed practices and plan for implementation. This system fosters a culture of collaboration, continuous learning, and shared expertise across the school.

Professional Learning Time

Describe how time is provided for teachers to meet weekly for professional learning.

Time is intentionally scheduled each week to ensure that teachers have dedicated opportunities for professional learning and collaboration. This time is embedded into the school schedule in one of the following ways:

- 1. Four professional learning days:
 - Schools implement specific professional learning based on data results from FAST progress monitoring assessments and historical data within subgroups at each school.
- 2. Common Planning Periods:
 - Common planning allows teachers to meet regularly for data analysis, lesson planning, instructional strategies, and reflection.
- 3. Protected Meeting Time:
 - Administrative leadership ensures that a specific time each week is set aside exclusively for professional learning. This time is protected from other meetings or non-instructional duties.
- 4. Use of Professional Learning Communities (PLCs):
 - The elementary school organizes their professional learning around PLCs. These teams follow a structured process to focus on student learning outcomes, examine student work, and implement instructional improvements collaboratively.

In all cases, school leadership plays a key role in prioritizing and supporting this time, ensuring it is focused, purposeful, and aligned with school improvement goals and student learning needs.

6) Tutoring Programs to Accelerate Literacy Learning (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)3.b., F.A.C.)

Describe any tutoring programs available within your district and include targeted grade levels (e.g., Reading Achievement Initiative for Scholastic Excellence (RAISE) High School Tutoring). Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Tutoring Program	Target Audience	Description
Step Up for Students - New Worlds Scholarship	VPK-5th grade	New Worlds Scholarship Accounts help VPK and K–5 public school students strengthen skills in reading and math. Families can use the scholarship for tutoring, after-school or summer programs, instructional materials, and more. Awarded students receive an education savings account (ESA) to cover

	eligible educational expenses. Award
	amounts vary by school year.

7) Family Engagement (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)3.o., F.A.C.)

In accordance with the list outlined in <u>s. 1008.25(5)(d)</u>, F.S., describe the district's plan for immediately notifying parents of students identified with a substantial deficiency in reading.

In accordance with s. 1008.25(5)(d), F.S., when a student at Lake Butler Elementary School is identified with a substantial reading deficiency, the district ensures timely written notification is sent to the parent or guardian. This notification outlines the nature of the deficiency, the specific interventions the student will receive, and strategies families can use at home to support reading development.

Describe the literacy partnerships or programs the district utilizes to increase support for families to engage in literacy activities and reading at home (e.g., New Worlds Reading Initiative).

To further support family engagement in literacy, the district partners with the New Worlds Reading Initiative in collaboration with the Union County Education Foundation. Through this partnership, the school hosts family literacy nights that provide hands-on activities, resources, and guidance to help families support reading at home. Families also receive information about how to enroll in the New Worlds Reading Initiative, which offers free books and reading tips tailored to each child's reading level.

8) Assurances (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)2., F.A.C.)

District CERP Assurances: Initial next to each assurance (a.—i.). The [Local Educational Agency Chief Executive Officer, or his/her authorized representative] assures the following:

Initials	Assurance	
SR	a. All reading instruction and professional learning is grounded in the science of reading; uses instructional strategies that includes phonics instruction for decoding and encoding as the primary strategy for word reading; and does not employ the three-cueing system model of reading or visual memory as a basis for teaching word reading.	!
SR	b. All students identified with a substantial deficiency in reading are covered by an individualized progress monitoring plan that meets the requirements of s. 1008.25(4)(c), F.S., to address their specific reading deficiency, unless they have an IEP or 504 plan that addresses their reading deficiency, or both in accordance with Rule 6A-6.053(6)(c), F.A.C.	_
SR	c. All intensive reading interventions provided in Summer Reading Camps to students in grade 3 who score Level 1 on the statewide, standardized ELA assessment are delivered by instructional personnel who are certified or endorsed in reading and rated highly effective as determined by the teacher's performance evaluation under s. 1012.34, F.S. All other intensive reading interventions are delivered by instructional personnel who are certified or endorsed in reading, or by instructional personnel who possess the elementary or secondary literacy micro-credential and who are supervised by an individual certified or endorsed in reading.	5

SR	d. Each school has a literacy leadership team consisting of a school administrator, literacy coach, media specialist and a lead teacher, as applicable.
SR	e. All literacy coaches in the district meet the minimum qualifications described in <u>Rule</u> 6A-6.053(4), F.A.C.
SR	f. Literacy coaches are prohibited from performing administrative functions that will detract from their role as a literacy coach and spend limited time administering or coordinating assessments.
SR	g. Literacy coaches are assigned to schools with the greatest need based on student performance data in reading.
SR	h. Time is provided for teachers to meet weekly for professional learning, including lesson study and professional learning communities.
SR	i. The CERP will be shared with stakeholders, including school administrators, literacy leadership teams, literacy coaches, classroom instructors, support staff and parents.

Local Educational Agency Chief Executive Officer or Authorized Representative (Printed Name): Stacey Rimes	
Signature:	Date: June 19, 2025
Stoney Times	

House Bill 1255 amends section 1003.4201, Florida Statutes, and adds a component of the reading instruction plan to provide a description of how the district prioritizes the assignment of highly effective teachers from kindergarten to grade 2.

9) Highly Effective Teachers

Describe how the district prioritizes the assignment of highly effective teachers, as identified in s. 1012.34(2)(e), from kindergarten to grade 2.

In accordance with s. 1012.34(2)(e), F.S., the district identifies highly effective teachers annually based on a comprehensive evaluation system that includes student growth, instructional practice, and additional performance indicators.

To support early literacy and ensure strong foundational instruction, the district prioritizes the assignment of highly effective teachers in kindergarten through grade 2 through the following practices:

- Data-Driven Placement
 Each year, the HR and instructional leadership teams collaborate to identify priority K-2 classrooms. Teacher placement decisions are guided by evaluation data to ensure alignment with legislative intent and to maximize student impact during these critical early learning years.
- Support for All Teachers
 While highly effective teachers are prioritized for key K-2 placements, the district also

strategically assigns mentors and instructional coaches to support teachers who have not yet earned a highly effective rating. This ensures that all students have access to high-quality instruction, and that teachers are provided with the tools they need to grow.

- Mentorship and Professional Development
 Highly effective K-2 teachers often serve as peer mentors within grade-level teams and
 PLCs. They model effective instructional practices and provide job-embedded professional
 development.
- Equity and Continuous Monitoring
 School leaders and instructional teams regularly review student outcome data and staff
 assignments to ensure equity across classrooms. Adjustments are made as needed
 throughout the year to strengthen Tier 1 instruction and ensure every K-2 student receives
 high-quality, evidence-based instruction.