2025-2026 District Comprehensive Evidence-Based Reading Plan

Annually, school districts must develop a Comprehensive Evidence-Based Reading Plan (CERP) that outlines the components of the district's comprehensive system of reading instruction. In order to assist districts, the Florida Department of Education (Department) has developed the format below for district reading plans. Districts may utilize the Department's format or an alternative developed by the district. The CERP must be approved by the governing board or authority prior to being submitted to the Department by August 1 for approval. A charter school that elects to develop its own CERP must submit its CERP, approved by the governing board or authority, to the sponsoring district by July 15 and meet the requirements of sections (ss.) 1002.33(7)(a)2.a. and 1003.4201, Florida Statutes (F.S.).

The District CERP depicts and details the role of administration (both district and school level), professional learning, assessment, curriculum and instruction in the improvement of student learning of the Benchmarks for Excellent Student Thinking (B.E.S.T.) English Language Arts (ELA) Standards as provided in Rule 6A-1.09401, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), Student Performance Standards. This information is reflected for all schools and grade levels and must be shared with all stakeholders, including school administrators, literacy leadership teams, literacy coaches, classroom instructors, support staff and parents.

1) Contact Information

The Main District Reading Contact will be the Department's contact for the District CERP and is responsible for the plan and its implementation. Other contacts are those who work primarily with an area covered within the plan. Indicate the contacts for your district. **Add additional rows as needed.**

Point of Contact	Name	Email	Phone
Main Reading Contact	Deirdre "Dee" Schmidt	schmida@bay.k12.fl.us	8507674337
Third Grade Promotion/SRC	Deirdre "Dee" Schmidt	schmida@bay.k12.fl.us	8507674337
Reading Endorsement	Deirdre "Dee" Schmidt	schmida@bay.k12.fl.us	8507674337
Secondary ELA Specialist	Jennifer Miller	millejr@bay.k12.fl.us	8507674284
New Worlds Reading	Deirdre "Dee" Schmidt	schmida@bay.k12.fl.us	8507674337
	Jennifer Miller	millejr@bay.k12.fl.us	8507674284
MTSS- Multi-Tiered System of	Christina Bordelon	bordecl@bay.k12.fl.us	8507674327
Supports			
Assessment	Camilla Hudson	hudsolc@bay.k12.fl.us	8507674352
Data Element	Tim Breckenridge	brecktebay.k12.fl.us	8507674238

2) District Expenditures

Comprehensive System of Reading Instruction Expenditures (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)3.b., F.A.C.)

The reading funding included in the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) base funding is intended to provide comprehensive reading instruction to students in prekindergarten (PreK) through grade 12. Districts will include salaries and benefits, professional learning, assessment, programs/materials, tutoring and incentives required to effectively implement the district's plan. The expenditures must prioritize Voluntary Prekindergarten (VPK) students who have a substantial deficiency in early literacy skills and K-3 students who have a substantial reading deficiency or characteristics of dyslexia.

Charter schools must utilize their proportionate share in accordance with ss. 1002.33(7)(a)2.a., 1003.4201 and 1008.25(3)(a), F.S. Note: All intensive reading interventions specified by the charter must be delivered by a teacher who has a literacy micro-credential or is certified or endorsed in reading.

Comprehensive System of Reading Instruction Expenditures	Amount	FTE (where applicable)		
Anticipated Amount of District Funding for CERP after proportional share for	1245750			
Charters BASED on 23-24 and 24-25 allocations				
Elementary Expenses				
Literacy coaches	460000	5		
Intervention teachers				
Scientifically researched and evidence-based supplemental instructional	64250			
materials				
Third grade summer reading camps	125000			
Summer reading camps				
Secondary Expenses				
Literacy coaches	180000	2		
Intervention teachers				
Scientifically researched and evidence-based supplemental instructional	64250			
materials				
PreK-Grade 12 Expenses				
Professional learning to help K-12 instructional personnel and certified PreK	52000			
teachers earn a certification, a credential, an endorsement or an advanced				
degree in scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instruction				
(And additional Professional Learning Opportunities)				
Incentives for K-12 instructional personnel and certified PreK teachers who	37500			
obtain the Reading Endorsement or Certification				
Incentives for PreK-12 instructional personnel who obtain an Emergent,				
Elementary or Secondary Literacy Micro-Credential				
Additional time per day of evidence-based intensive reading instruction for				
extended literacy learning (before or after school, summer, etc.)				
Tutoring programs to accelerate literacy learning	50000			
Family engagement activities	2000			
Other – Please Describe (Add additional rows as needed.)				
Team Expenses- supplies, PD, Mileage, travel, materials, Coach Endorsement	10750			
incentives, technology				
Rollover for ELA textbook adoption 6 years	200000			
Estimated Sum of Expenditures	1245750	7		

3) Literacy Leadership – District and School

A. Measurable Student Achievement Goals (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)3.d., F.A.C.)

Goals for the plan year should increase from the previous year in order to meet statewide literacy achievement goals.

For VPK, establish clear and measurable student literacy achievement goals based on percentiles from the Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST).

	FAST					
Grade	Previous School	Goal for Plan	Previous School	Goal for Plan		
	Year – % of	Year – % of	Year – % of	Year – % of		
Students Scoring		Students Scoring	Students Scoring	Students Scoring		
Urgent		Urgent	At & Above	At & Above		
	Intervention	Intervention	Benchmark	Benchmark		
	<10 th percentile	<10 th percentile	40 th percentile & above	40 th percentile & above		
VPK	0.39%	0	96%	100%		

1. Describe how the district will improve literacy outcomes for VPK students based on an analysis of student performance data.

Based on the data, the district will continue to provide targeted instruction on early literacy skills, and continue to use the STAR progress monitoring data to drive instructional decisions. Students will receive small-group, targeted instruction using Frog Street supplemental materials along with FCRR materials targeting any identified deficit skills. Formative assessment data will determine student progress and drive instruction on targeted skills.

For K-10, establish clear and measurable student literacy achievement goals based on achievement levels from the FAST.

	FAST				
Grade Previous School		Goal for Plan	Previous School	Goal for Plan	
	Year – % of	Year – % of	Year – % of	Year – % of	
	Students Scoring	Students Scoring	Students Scoring	Students Scoring	
	Level 1	Level 1	Levels 3-5	Levels 3-5	
K	18%	10%	58%	68%	
1	25%	10%	57%	67%	
2	25%	10%	54%	64%	
3	22%	10%	53%	63%	
4	18%	10%	60%	70%	
5	20%	10%	52%	62%	
6	17%	10%	61%	71%	
7	20%	10%	57%	67%	
8	22%	10%	54%	64%	
9	18%	10%	56%	66%	
10	19%	10%	56%	66%	

B. Plan Implementation and Monitoring (Rule 6A-6.053(10), F.A.C.)

Districts must monitor the implementation of the District CERP at the district and school level, including charter schools sponsored by a district.

1. Provide an explanation of the following:

•	1. Provide an explanation of the following:			
Grades K-5	District Level	School Level		
Data that will be collected and	All K-2	All K-2		
frequency of review	FAST-STAR Early	FAST-STAR Early		
	Literacy/Reading -	Literacy/Reading -		
	3x per year	3x per year		
	Screener, Progress Monitoring,	Assesses foundations, reading,		
	Summative	vocabulary		
	Assesses foundations, reading,			
	vocabulary			
	All 3-5	All 3-5		
	FAST-ELA Reading - 3x per year	FAST-ELA Reading - 3x per year		
	Screener, Progress Monitoring,	Screener, Progress Monitoring,		
	Summative	Summative		
	Assesses comprehension and	Assesses comprehension and		
	vocabulary	vocabulary		
	All K-5	All K-5		
		iReady Diagnostic - 3x per year		
	iReady Diagnostic - 3x per year Assesses phonological	, , ,		
		Assesses phonological		
	awareness, foundations, and	awareness, foundations, and		
	comprehension in K-2, Phonics,	comprehension in K-2, Phonics,		
	Fluency, Vocabulary, and	Fluency, Vocabulary, and		
	Comprehension in K-5	Comprehension in K-5		
	All K-5 as needed for MTSS	All K-5 as needed for MTSS		
	DIBELS Next - Progress	DIBELS Next - Progress		
	Monitoring and/or Diagnostic	Monitoring and/or Diagnostic		
	Weekly, Monthly	Weekly, Monthly		
	Assesses Phonological	Assesses Phonological		
	Awareness, Phonics, Fluency,	Awareness, Phonics, Fluency,		
	Vocabulary, and	Vocabulary, and		
	Comprehension	Comprehension		
Actions for continuous support and	The district Elementary	Support is determined by need		
improvement	Director of Instruction and ELA	through collaboration between		
	Instructional Specialists will	school based leadership, LLTs,		
	provide plan oversight, support	and the ELA team. PLC		
	and follow-up while also	processes are implemented at		
	including supports from	all schools and overseen by a		
	literacy coaches, ELA staff	member of the administrative		
	training specialists, and the	team. PLCs collect and utilize		
	MTSS Instructional Specialist.	data to determine and plan for		
	In addition, District level teams	needs of students in core,		
	will conduct "EXCEL"	intervention, and enrichment.		
	will conduct EXCEL walkthroughs to determine	School level administrators		
	_			
	needs for support for each	conduct walkthroughs and		
	school.	include literacy coaches,		
		instructional specialists, and		
		district personnel as		
		appropriate.		

Grades 6-8	District Level	School Level
Data that will be collected and	All 6th-8th	All 6-8
frequency of review	FAST-ELA Reading - 3x per year	FAST-ELA Reading - 3x per year
	Screener, Progress Monitoring,	Screener, Progress Monitoring,
	Summative	Summative
	Assesses comprehension and	Assesses comprehension and
	vocabulary	vocabulary
	All 6-8 as needed for MTSS	All 6-8 as needed for MTSS
	DIBELS Next - Progress	DIBELS Next - Progress
	Monitoring and/or Diagnostic	Monitoring and/or Diagnostic
	-Weekly, Monthly	-Weekly, Monthly
	Assesses phonological	Assesses phonological
	awareness, phonics, fluency,	awareness, phonics, fluency,
	vocabulary, comprehension	vocabulary, comprehension
	6th-8th Students enrolled in	6th-8th Students enrolled in
	Intensive Reading course	Intensive Reading course
	i-Ready Diagnostic	i-Ready Diagnostic
	Screen, Progress Monitor	Screen, Progress Monitor
	3x per year	3x per year
	Assesses phonics, vocabulary,	Assesses phonics, vocabulary,
	comprehension	comprehension
	6th - 8th	6th - 8th
	McGraw Hill StudySync Grade	McGraw Hill StudySync Grade
	Readiness Screener - annually	Readiness Screener - annually
	based on student need	based on student need
	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
	Assesses phonics, fluency,	Assesses phonics, fluency,
	vocabulary, comprehension	vocabulary, comprehension
Actions for continuous support and	The district Secondary	Support is determined by need
improvement	Director of Instruction and ELA	through collaboration between
	Instructional Specialists will	school based leadership, LLTs,
	provide plan oversight, support	and the ELA team. PLC
	and follow-up while also	processes are implemented at
	including supports from	all schools and overseen by a
	literacy coaches, ELA staff	member of the administrative
	training specialists, and the	team. PLCs collect and utilize
	MTSS Instructional Specialist.	data to determine and plan for
	In addition, District level teams	needs of students in core,
	will conduct "EXCEL"	intervention, and enrichment.
	walkthroughs to determine	School level administrators
	needs for support for each	conduct walkthroughs and
	school.	include literacy coaches,
		instructional specialists, and
		district personnel as
		appropriate.
Grades 9-12	District Level	School Level
Data that will be collected and	All 9th - 10th grade	All 9th - 10th grade
frequency of review	FAST-ELA Reading - 3x per year	FAST-ELA Reading - 3x per year
	Screener, Progress Monitoring,	Screener, Progress Monitoring,
	Summative	Summative

	Τ	
	Assesses comprehension and	Assesses comprehension and
	vocabulary	vocabulary
	9th - 12th grade	9th - 12th grade
	McGraw Hill StudySync	McGraw Hill StudySync
	Benchmark Assessment - 3x	Benchmark Assessment - 3x
	per year	per year
	Progress Monitoring,	Progress Monitoring,
	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
	Assesses vocabulary and	Assesses vocabulary and
	comprehension	comprehension
	9th - 12th	9th - 12th
	McGraw Hill StudySync Grade	McGraw Hill StudySync Grade
	Readiness Screener - annually	Readiness Screener - annually
	based on student need	based on student need
	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
	Assesses phonics, fluency,	Assesses phonics, fluency,
	vocabulary, comprehension	vocabulary, comprehension
Actions for continuous support and	The district Secondary	Support is determined by need
improvement	Director of Instruction and ELA	through collaboration between
	Instructional Specialists will	school based leadership, LLTs,
	provide plan oversight, support	and the ELA team. PLC
	and follow-up while also	processes are implemented at
	including supports from	all schools and overseen by a
	literacy coaches, ELA staff	member of the administrative
	training specialists, and the	team. PLCs collect and utilize
	MTSS Instructional Specialist.	data to determine and plan for
	In addition, District level teams	needs of students in core,
	will conduct "EXCEL"	intervention, and enrichment.
	walkthroughs to determine	School level administrators
	needs for support for each	conduct walkthroughs and
	school.	include literacy coaches,
		instructional specialists, and
		district personnel as
		appropriate.

2. Describe what has been revised to improve literacy outcomes for students in the district's CERP based upon the District CERP Reflection Tool and a root-cause analysis of student performance data.

Along with a renewed emphasis on LLTs, the district has streamlined and clarified the MTSS process districtwide. With support from a state consultant, the MTSS Policy Manual has been updated with clear procedures to identify and support our students who need additional targeted instruction to meet their learning needs, as well as updated language that defines a student with a substantial deficiency in reading. In addition, our Professional Learning will also incorporate prioritization for building capacity and developing highly effective teachers from K-2 to reflect the new statute language.

3. Describe the process used by principals to monitor implementation of the reading plan, including the frequency of reading walkthroughs conducted by administrators.

Schools with an assigned literacy coach receive ongoing guidance for adjustment and support from the literacy coach, guided by the ELA Instructional Specialists. Schools without an assigned Literacy Coach receive support from an ELA Instructional Specialist in collaboration with the school's academic interventionist, new teacher mentor, or other personnel as appropriate. Administrators conduct frequent content walkthrough classroom visits to provide direct feedback to teachers and are then encouraged to

communicate needs for support based on data collected. District level teams will also conduct "EXCEL" walkthroughs, 2 -3 times a year, to help determine trends and needs across campuses. This data will also be used to plan support.

4. In addition, describe how principals monitor collection and utilization of assessment data, including progress monitoring data, to inform instruction and support needs of students.

PLC and MTSS data chat processes are implemented at all schools and overseen by the principal or principal designee. PLCs collect and utilize data to determine and plan for supporting the needs of students in core, intervention, and enrichment. Data chats are conducted at each school in accordance with guidance provided by district directors and content area and MTSS Instructional Specialists. Data is collected using state assessment portal reporting, school software systems, and teacher data collection and meeting minutes.

C. Literacy Coaches (Rule 6A-6.053(4), F.A.C.)

The Just Read, Florida! literacy coach model delineates the roles and responsibilities of literacy coaches.

1. Is the district using the Just Read, Florida! literacy coach model as defined in Rule 6A-6.053(4), F.A.C.?

	2. If no, please describe the evidence-based coach model the district is using.				
NA					

3. How is the district's literacy coach model communicated to principals?

The requirements of the Just Read, Florida! Literacy coaching model are communicated to principals through virtual and in person meetings and calls, individual meetings, professional development sessions and through information shared by the State Regional Literacy Director for RAISE schools as determined by need and situation.

4. How does the district support literacy coaches throughout the school year?

The District ELA Instructional Specialists provide professional development to coaches related to evidence based and research based practices, pedagogy, andragogy, and the coaching model. The ELA Instructional Specialists will also collaborate with the State Regional Literacy Director to provide support to literacy coaches and staff training specialists based on need and situation. In order to more effectively implement the Just Read, Florida, literacy coach model, literacy coaches and staff training specialists that do not possess the Florida Literacy Coach Endorsement will be prioritized for Literacy Coach Endorsement training in the initial year of joining the district ELA PLC.

5. How is the district supporting coaches with prioritizing high-impact activities, such as conducting data analysis with teachers to establish goals and create action plans, coaching and providing professional learning based on need?

The district ELA Instructional Specialists, with the support of the Elementary and Secondary Directors of Instruction, prioritize collaboration and PLC work for the District ELA/Literacy PLC made up of Literacy Coaches and ELA Staff Training Specialists. At regular PLC meetings, the team analyzes district, school, and class level data in order to create action plans for coaching specific to each coach's assignment. The work of the ELA PLC focuses on building the capacity of literacy coaches to impact the capacity of teachers and increase student achievement.

6. How does the district monitor implementation of the literacy coach model?

The district ELA Instructional Specialists, in conjunction with the Elementary and Secondary Directors of Instruction monitor the implementation of the coaching model. During weekly check-ins coaches discuss progress and challenges. Notes on the progress of coaching teachers and teams at schools are kept by coaches and reviewed by ELA Instructional Specialists. The combination of literacy coach calendars and coaching notes indicate implementation of the coaching model along with impact data being collected and reviewed as available.

7. How does the district measure the effectiveness of literacy coaches?

Effectiveness of literacy coaches is measured both quantitatively and qualitatively. The ELA Instructional Specialists analyze school specific, grade level, and teacher level data at schools where the coaches are assigned. Working closely with the coaches affords the opportunity to observe them as they perform their coaching duties, and thus monitor effectiveness. In addition, qualitative feedback from the principals of the schools supported helps to determine if a coach is being successful or is in need of support.

4) Assessment, Curriculum and Reading Instruction

A. Florida's Formula for Reading Success (Rule 6A-6.053(3)(a), F.A.C.)

K-12 reading instruction will align with Florida's Formula for Reading Success, 6 + 4 + T1 +T2 + T3, which includes:

- **Six components of reading**: oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary and comprehension.
- Four types of classroom assessments: screening, progress monitoring, diagnostic and summative assessment.
- Three tiers of instruction that are standards-aligned; include accommodations for students with a
 disability, students with an Individual Educational Plan (IEP) and students who are English language
 learners; and incorporate the principles of Universal Design for Learning as defined in 34 Code of
 Federal Regulations 200.2(b)(2)(ii).
 - Core Instruction (Tier 1): provides print-rich explicit and systematic, scaffolded, differentiated instruction and corrective feedback; builds background and content knowledge; incorporates writing in response to reading.
 - Supplemental Instruction/Interventions (Tier 2): provides explicit, systematic, small group teacher-led instruction matched to student need, targeting gaps in learning to reduce barriers to students' ability to meet Tier 1 expectations; provides multiple opportunities to practice the targeted still(s) and receive corrective feedback; occurs in addition to core instruction.
 - Intensive, Individualized Instruction/Interventions (Tier 3): provides explicit, systematic individualized instruction based on student need, one-on-one or very small group instruction with more guided practice, immediate corrective feedback and frequent progress monitoring; occurs in addition to core instruction and Tier 2 interventions. Tier 3 interventions must be provided to students identified as having a substantial deficiency in reading. All intensive reading interventions must be delivered by instructional personnel who are certified or endorsed in reading or possess a literacy micro-credential as provided in s. 1003.485, F.S.
- How does the district's strategic plan align with Florida's Formula for Reading Success for all students, including students with disabilities and students who are English language learners?

The district guarantees that all classroom instruction is accessible to the full range of learners, including students with a disability and who are English language learners, using Universal Design

for Learning principles for effective instructional planning and teaching through the implementation of science of reading and evidenced-based K-12 English Language Arts curriculum materials. The district will continue utilizing our adopted ELA core curriculum materials in Kindergarten – 5th grade, HMH Into Reading and MH StudySync in Grades 6-12. In addition, the district will have a continued emphasis on foundational skills for students at the K-2 level, for students with disabilities, and for students who are English Language learners through the supplemental use of the UFLI Foundations program. UFLI Foundations incorporates strategies to develop awareness of the segments of sounds in speech and how they link to letters, as well as how to teach students to decode words, analyze word parts, and write and recognize words. Each of these strategies has strong, Tier 1 ESSA evidence based on WWC IES Guides. IES Practice Guide Recommendations: Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade, Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of the segments of sounds in speech and how they link to letters (ESSA Tier 1), and Recommendation 3: Teach students to decode words, analyze word parts, and write and recognize words (ESSA Tier 1).

Teachers plan and discuss appropriate implementation of the curriculum, to include components of Tier 1 instruction, during Professional Learning Communities.

Components of Tier 1, core instruction, include explicit, systematic, and scaffolded instruction with differentiation and corrective feedback. It is content-rich and includes integrated writing in response to reading. Student performance data is monitored by school level leaders to ensure fidelity of the implementation of the curriculum and supplemental resources.

If students struggle with core instruction based on data analysis, a multi-tiered system of supports is employed. Both HMH Into Reading and MH StudySync core curriculum materials explicitly provide supplemental instruction and intervention for students who are not meeting Tier 1 expectations. In grades K-8, iReady tools (lessons and instruction) and personalized instruction is used for supplemental, Tier 2, and intensive Tier 3 instruction as determined appropriate and necessary. Focused, small group strategies, such as explicit vocabulary instruction, direct and explicit comprehension strategy instruction, and extended discussion of text meaning and interpretation, each having strong or moderate evidence based on IES guides, are integrated with core curriculums and high-quality materials at all levels in grades K-12 for intensive, individualized, instruction and intervention.

At all levels, student progress is monitored and instructional adjustments made accordingly. With guidance, assistance, and monitoring from district-level personnel, school-based teams monitor student performance data and make instructional placement decisions to intensify instruction and provide either Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 levels of support for students. Students who are not successful in Tier 1 are identified for Tier 2 interventions. If students continue to struggle in Tier 2, they receive intensive interventions in Tier 3. Interventions are chosen based on the MTSS team's recommendations and the students' needs. Intensive interventions are provided by a teacher, who is certified or endorsed in reading, include a variety of evidence-based materials and instructional practices, and are delivered with smaller teacher:student ratios. If a student is not successful at any Tier, the MTSS team discusses alternatives and makes adjustments accordingly. Multiple opportunities for success with ELA BEST Benchmarks are provided to students who are identified to have a disability, or have a plan as English language learners. High quality curriculum materials identify strategies for supporting the learning and achievement of learners with individual learning plans. Instruction and assessment includes accommodations and sustained supports

identified both in individual plans and high-quality curriculum materials.

2. Describe your public school PreK (VPK, Exceptional Student Education (ESE) and other PreK) program's plan for assessment, standards, instruction and support to meet the needs of all learners.

Bay District's PreK programs, VPK and ESE Pre-K, plan for assessment, standards, instruction, and support is designed to ensure all learners receive equitable and high-quality early childhood education. Our plan

consists of formal and informal assessments, standards-aligned instruction, tailored instructional approaches, and supports for all learners.

The BDS Pre-K assessment plan is designed to identify individual learning needs, monitor developmental progress, inform instruction, and evaluate program effectiveness. VPK students will participate in the statewide progress monitoring assessment, STAR Early Literacy. The information gained from this assessment will help identify deficit areas and will drive the instructional focus for each learner. Teachers will use on-going formative assessments, including developmental checklists based on the Florida Early Learning Developmental Standards, FELDS, and monthly progress monitoring through the administration of the STAR Early Literacy Assessment. The ESE Pre-K students will be monitored through developmentally appropriate skills-based assessments based on the FELDS. Their progress will be monitored using the TATS checklist and the skills measured by the Child Outcome Summary scores. Pre-K ESE students will receive small group instruction on targeted skills based on these assessments and their IEP goals. All BDS Pre-K students will receive instruction driven by the Florida Early Learning Developmental Standards. Students will be presented standards-aligned instruction through whole group, small group, and play-based opportunities. Their progress will be closely monitored, and opportunities for remediation will be provided as needed.

2a. Describe the instructional materials your public school PreK (VPK, ESE and other PreK) program utilizes.

BDS has adopted the Frog Street Curriculum for use in each of the Pre-K classrooms across the district. Frog Street is a comprehensive early childhood education curriculum provider that offers instructional materials focused on supporting the cognitive, social-emotional, and physical development of young children. This program offers structured academic preparation in literacy, math, science, and social studies and is on the current state-approved curriculum list. Frog Street has a strong focus on Literacy and Language Development. The lessons and activities provide opportunities for vocabulary development along with phonemic awareness and phonics based instruction. Activities include music, movement, games, sensory play, and creative arts and are aligned with the Florida Early Learning and Development standards.

3. Describe the interventions provided to public school VPK students identified as having a substantial deficiency in early literacy skills as defined in Rule 6A-6.053(5), F.A.C.

Upon completion of the first STAR Early Literacy Assessment, teachers will review results and identify students who are demonstrating substantial deficiency in early literacy skills. These students will receive targeted instruction in both the individual and small group settings. Supplemental instructional materials include Early Literacy activities through FCRR, Florida Center for Reading Research, Reading Eggs virtual learning opportunities, and Frog Street Instructional materials for re-teaching and review. Identified students' progress will be monitored through weekly assessments targeting the identified area(s) of deficit. Students who are not demonstrating consistent progress despite intense interventions will be formally assessed to determine the need for additional supports and services.

B. Assessment/Curriculum Decision Trees (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)4., F.A.C.)

Districts are required to develop Assessment/Curriculum Decision Trees to demonstrate how data will be used to determine specific reading instructional needs and interventions for all students in grades K-12. Use Assessment/Curriculum Decision Trees to address ALL students. The template can be used for grade bands or for individual grades.

The Decision Trees must contain the following information:

- Name of each assessment, targeted audience, component(s) of reading assessed, type of
 assessment, the frequency of data collection and the method and timeframes by which assessment
 data will be provided to teachers and parents. For students in VPK through grade 10, the FAST must
 be administered pursuant to <u>s. 1008.25(9)(b)</u>, F.S., and included as a component of the
 Assessment/Curriculum Decision Trees.
- Performance criteria used for decision-making for each assessment at each grade level.
- Evidence-based instructional materials and strategies.
- Specific criteria for when a student is identified to receive intensive reading interventions (Tier 3),
 what intensive reading interventions will be used, how the intensive reading interventions are
 provided and assurance that intensive reading interventions are delivered by a teacher who is
 certified or endorsed in reading or instructional personnel who possess a literacy micro-credential.
- Identification of the multisensory interventions provided to students in grades K-3 who have a substantial deficiency in reading or characteristics of dyslexia, including a description of the intensive, explicit, systematic and multisensory reading interventions which will be provided to students in grades K-3.

Note: Evidence-based instructional materials and strategies have a significant effect on improving student outcomes and meet strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence as defined in 20 United States Code (U.S.C.) s. 7801(21)(A)(i):

- (A) ...an activity, strategy or intervention that
 - (i) demonstrates a statistically significant effect on improving student outcomes or other relevant outcomes based on
 - (I) strong evidence from at least 1 well-designed and well-implemented experimental study;
 - (II) moderate evidence from at least 1 well-designed and well-implemented quasiexperimental study; or
 - (III) promising evidence from at least 1 well-designed and well-implemented correlational study with statistical controls for selection bias.

Grades VPK-5

1. Grades VPK-5 Assessments

FAST				
Name of the Assessment	Target Audience	What component of reading is assessed?	Assessment Type	How often is the data collected?
FAST Star Early Literacy	⊠ VPK ⊠ Grade K ⊠ Grade 1	 ☑ Oral Language ☑ Phonological Awareness ☑ Phonics ☑ Fluency ☑ Vocabulary ☑ Comprehension 	✓ Screening✓ ProgressMonitoring✓ Summative	⊠ 3 x Year
FAST Star Reading	⊠ Grade 1 ⊠ Grade 2	☒ Vocabulary☒ Comprehension	☑ Screening☑ ProgressMonitoring☑ Summative	⊠ 3 x Year
FAST ELA Reading	⊠ Grade 3 ⊠ Grade 4	☑ Vocabulary☑ Comprehension	☑ Screening☑ Progress	⊠ 3 x Year

	FAST				
Name of the Target Audience What component of Assessment Type How often is the				How often is the	
Assessment		reading is assessed?		data collected?	
	☑ Grade 5		Monitoring		
			Summative		

Indicate in the chart below any additional assessment(s) used to guide instructional decision-making for grades PreK-5 students. Add additional rows as needed.

grades PreK-5	grades PreK-5 students. Add additional rows as needed.				
Additional Assessment(s)					
Name of the Assessment	Target Audience (Grades PreK-5) (Select all that apply.)	What component of reading is assessed? (Select all that apply.)	Assessment Type (Select all that apply.)	How often is the data collected?	
Other District Assessment iReady	□ VPK □ PreK □ Grade K □ Grade 1 □ Grade 2 □ Grade 3 □ Grade 4 □ Grade 5 □ All Students □ Select Students	 □ Oral Language ⋈ Phonological Awareness ⋈ Phonics □ Fluency ⋈ Vocabulary ⋈ Comprehension 	☑ Screening☑ ProgressMonitoring☑ Diagnostic☐ Summative	☐ Weekly ☐ 2 x Month ☐ Monthly ☐ Quarterly ☑ 3 x Year ☐ Annually ☐ As Needed ☐ Other	
Other District Assessment DIBELS- targeted for students who show a reading deficiency	□ VPK □ PreK ⊠ Grade K ⊠ Grade 1 ⊠ Grade 2 ⊠ Grade 3 ⊠ Grade 4 ⊠ Grade 5 □ All Students ⊠ Select Students	 ☑ Oral Language ☑ Phonological Awareness ☑ Phonics ☑ Fluency ☑ Vocabulary ☑ Comprehension 	✓ Screening✓ ProgressMonitoring✓ Diagnostic☐ Summative	☐ Weekly ☐ 2 x Month ☐ Monthly ☐ Quarterly ☐ 3 x Year ☐ Annually ☐ As Needed ☑ Other	
Other District Assessment DAR-Diagnostic Assessment of Reading targeted for students who show a reading deficiency	□ VPK □ PreK □ Grade K □ Grade 1 □ Grade 2 □ Grade 3 □ Grade 4 □ Grade 5 □ All Students □ Select Students	 ☑ Oral Language ☑ Phonological Awareness ☑ Phonics ☑ Fluency ☑ Vocabulary ☑ Comprehension 	☑ Screening☐ ProgressMonitoring☑ Diagnostic☐ Summative	☐ Weekly ☐ 2 x Month ☐ Monthly ☐ Quarterly ☐ 3 x Year ☐ Annually ☐ As Needed ☑ Other	
Other District Assessment- District Common Assessments, PLC Common	□ VPK □ PreK ⊠ Grade K ⊠ Grade 1 ⊠ Grade 2 ⊠ Grade 3	☐ Oral Language☒ PhonologicalAwareness☒ Phonics☒ Fluency	☐ Screening ☑ Progress Monitoring ☐ Diagnostic ☑ Summative	☐ Weekly ☐ 2 x Month ☐ Monthly ☐ Quarterly ☐ 3 x Year ☐ Annually	

Additional Assessment(s)				
Name of the	Target Audience (Grades PreK-5)	What component of	Assessment Type (Select all that	How often is the data collected?
Assessment	(Select all that	reading is assessed? (Select all that	apply.)	data conected?
	apply.)	apply.)	ωρρ.γ.γ	
Assessments,	⊠ Grade 4			☐ As Needed
CBAs	⊠ Grade 5	□ Comprehension		☑ Other
	⋈ All Students			
	☐ Select Students			

2. Students with a Substantial Deficiency in Reading (Rule 6A-6.053(6), F.A.C.)

Students identified with a substantial deficiency in reading must have an individualized progress monitoring plan that is designed to address the student's specific reading deficiency and that meets the minimum requirements set forth in <u>s. 1008.25(4)(c)</u>, <u>F.S.</u> The individualized progress monitoring plan must be developed within forty-five (45) days after the results of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system become available, and parents must be consulted in the development of the plan.

Students with qualifying disabilities covered by an IEP or a 504 Plan are exempt from the requirement to have a progress monitoring plan, if the IEP or 504 Plan addresses the student's reading deficiency. Nothing in Rule 6A-6.053, F.A.C., should be construed to require or prohibit an IEP or 504 Plan or the contents of the CERP.

A K-3 student is identified as having a substantial deficiency in reading if:

- The student is identified as in need of Tier 3 interventions;
- A student in grades K-3 demonstrates through progress monitoring, formative assessments or teacher observation data, minimum skill levels for reading competency in one or more of the six (6) components of reading; and
 - For kindergarten, the student scores below the tenth (10th) percentile or is unable to complete the practice items on the designated grade-level assessment at the beginning, middle or end of the year on the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system pursuant to <u>s. 1008.25(9)</u>, F.S.;
 - For grades 1 and 2, the student scores below the tenth (10th) percentile or is unable to complete the practice items on the designated grade-level assessment for the specified testing window of the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system pursuant to s. 1008.25(9), F.S.; or
 - For grade 3, the student scores below the twentieth (20th) percentile at the beginning or middle of the year on the coordinated screening and progress monitoring system pursuant to s. 1008.25(9), F.S.
- A student in grade 3 scores Level 1 on the end-of-year statewide, standardized ELA assessment pursuant to s. 1008.22(3)(a), F.S.

Tier 3 interventions must be provided to students identified as having a substantial reading deficiency.

2a. Describe the district's process (e.g., Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS)) for identifying grades K-3 students in need of Tier 2/Tier 3 interventions.

In grades K-3, student performance is monitored three times per year during the state PM1, PM2, and PM3 windows using the FAST-STAR K-2 Progress Monitoring or the FAST-ELA 3-10 Progress Monitoring. Data is compared and analyzed to ensure that student academic performance and proficiency rates continue to improve. This state progress monitoring is coupled with interim classroom and school level monitoring which includes iReady diagnostics for all in grades K-5 and

adopted ELA curriculum publisher assessments in grades K-12 (K-5 HMH Into Reading).

A triangulation of data is used with the assessment/curriculum decision trees in collaboration with the district MTSS plan and processes to identify students with a substantial deficiency in reading in Grades K-3 based on the K-2 and 3-5 Comprehensive Evidence-Based Reading Plan (CERP) decision trees. If students struggle with core instruction based on data analysis, a multi-tiered system of support is employed.

At all levels, K-12, student progress is monitored in PLC meetings and MTSS data chats. With guidance, assistance, and monitoring from district-level directors, ELA, and MTSS personnel, school-based teams monitor student performance data and make instructional placement decisions to intensify instruction and provide either Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 levels of support for students.

2b. Describe the district's process (e.g., MTSS) for identifying grades 4-5 students in need of Tier 2/Tier 3 interventions.

In grades 4-5, student performance is monitored three times per year during the state PM1, PM2, and PM3 windows using FAST-ELA 3-10 Progress Monitoring. Data is compared and analyzed to ensure that student academic performance and proficiency rates continue to improve. This state progress monitoring is coupled with interim classroom and school level monitoring which includes iReady diagnostics for all in grades K-5 and adopted ELA curriculum publisher assessments in grades K-12. (K-5 HMH Into Reading)

A triangulation of data is used with the assessment/curriculum decision trees in collaboration with the district MTSS plan and processes to identify students with a substantial deficiency in reading in Grades 4-5 based on the 3-5 CERP decision trees. If students struggle with core instruction based on data analysis, a multi-tiered system of supports is employed.

At all levels, K-12, student progress is monitored in PLC meetings and MTSS data chats. With guidance, assistance, and monitoring from district-level directors, ELA, and MTSS personnel, school-based teams monitor student performance data and make instructional placement decisions to intensify instruction and provide either Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 levels of support for students.

- 3. Students with Characteristics of Dyslexia (Rule 6A-6.053(7), F.A.C.)

 Students who have characteristics of dyslexia must be covered by one of the plans described in s. 1008.25(4)(b), F.S., and parents must be consulted in the development of the plan.
- 3a. If not included within the Decision Tree, describe the district's process (i.e., actionable steps) for identifying grades K-3 students with characteristics of dyslexia. Tier 3 interventions must be provided to students identified as having characteristics of dyslexia.

School teams meet monthly for data chats. PLCs also monitor student data. Once a student is suspected of having characteristics of Dyslexia, a plan is immediately put in place through the MTSS program at each school to provide interventions that are explicit, systematic, and multisensory, using evidence based materials and instruction . An individualized Progress Monitoring Plan is developed, and progress is monitored using DIBELS assessments. When a student is moved to Tier 3, they are given a DAR- Diagnostic Assessment of Reading, to further pinpoint their deficits to target for intensive instruction.

3b. Describe the district's process for providing additional screening to students with characteristics of dyslexia pursuant to <u>s. 1008.25(9)</u>, <u>F.S.</u> Name the screener(s) utilized.

Once a student is suspected of having characteristics of Dyslexia, iReady and DIBELS Next probes are used to determine student needs as well as to monitor progress. A DAR, a Diagnostic Assessment of Reading, may also be employed.

4. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction is monitored.

PLCs meet weekly to plan and prepare initial and ongoing instruction following guidance provided by the district ELA team based on the curriculum. PLC members reflect on implementation, instruction, and student outcomes including common assessments and make adjustments as needed.

Data analysis occurs at the district level as well. School and classroom walkthroughs ("EXCEL" visits) are conducted to monitor ELA instruction district wide, giving the ability to identify trends, and plan support to increase the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction across schools.

5. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 2 interventions is monitored.

Tier 2 effectiveness is monitored at the school level through progress monitoring assessment and data as determined by student individual need and intervention. Student progress is discussed as part of the PLC process and additional data analysis occurs for monthly data chat meetings.

6. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions is monitored.

Tier 3 effectiveness is monitored at the school level through state progress monitoring and Tier 3 weekly progress monitoring assessment data as determined by student individual need and intervention. Student progress is discussed as part of the PLC process and additional data analysis occurs for monthly data chat meetings. In addition, district MTSS Instructional Specialists attend school data chats, supporting the intervention process and ensuring fidelity and effectiveness along the way.

Grades K-5 Decision Tree

Elementary schools (K-5) must teach reading in a dedicated, uninterrupted block of time of at least 90 minutes daily to all students. The reading block will include whole group instruction utilizing an evidence-based sequence of reading instruction and small group differentiated instruction in order to meet individual student needs.

Tier 1 (Core) Only

Beginning of Year Data

Students must meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

Overall performance on the FAST - ELA in Grades 3-5 is equivalent to Level 3 and above and/or iReady is at or above 40th percentile. For K-2 performance is Level 3 or above for the FAST equivalent score, and/or iReady is at or above the 40th percentile. K-5, must have scored a Level 2 or above on the previous year PM3 of FAST.

List performance criteria that indicate Tier 1 instruction is sufficient for at least 80% of students.

Common assessment data, including District Common Assessments, FAST - STAR in Grades K-2, FAST ELA in grades 3-5, and item analysis of PLC common assessment data, guided by district ELA framework expectations, is used to determine that Tier 1 is sufficient for at least 80% of students.

What processes and procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction?

PLCs are expected to meet regularly to discuss and monitor student and classroom data. PLCs also meet with the MTSS team to review data and recommend Tier 2 interventions if Tier 1 instruction is not sufficient. If necessary or requested based on school level data, the district directors, ELA Instructional Specialist, or literacy coaches support PLCs/teachers to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction.

Core Instruction

Indicate the core curriculum utilized. Add additional rows as needed.

The lease the total cultural and administration at head and the cultural a	
Name of Program	Year of Program Adoption
Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Into Reading - core adopted instructional	5
materials for K-5 English Language Arts.	

The series was reviewed and approved by the FLDOE at time of adoption	
and purchase. Into Reading is designed based on the science of reading	<u>'</u>
and evidenced-based instructional practices.	<u>'</u>

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 2 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

- -K-2 FAST STAR initial progress monitoring with an overall reading score at the Intervention level/category between the 11th and 24th percentile, or a Level 1 or 2 FAST Equivalent score.
- -3-5 FAST initial progress monitoring with an overall reading score between the 21st and 39th percentile, and/or a score of Level 2 or below on the FAST assessment.
- -Lack of expected growth in any curriculum, progress monitoring, screening, or diagnostic data that will be consistently monitored through PLC and data chats.
 - For example, 50% of typical growth is not achieved on the Winter Diagnostic for iReady
 - Embedded progress monitoring gap increasing between expected and current levels of performance based on program, and time of year etc.
 - Lack of growth as shown by percentile scores and Achievement Levels on the FAST/ FAST-STAR

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

Students who meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

K-2 FAST - STAR initial progress monitoring with an overall reading score at the Intervention level/category between the 11th and 24th percentile, or a Level 1 or 2 FAST Equivalent score.

3-5 FAST initial progress monitoring with an overall reading score between the 21st and 39th percentile. For all grade levels, iReady scores between the 16th and 40th percentile are also used to triangulate data. K-5-scored a Level 1 or 2 on the previous year PM3 of FAST.

Number of times per week interventions are provided:

3-5 days per week as determined by the intervention

Number of minutes per intervention session:

15-20 minutes per day as determined by the intervention

Supplemental Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 2 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
		UFLI does not meet strong, moderate, or
UFLI Foundations		promising levels of evidence; however, the
		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support the program: ,
		Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
		Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd
		Grade, Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of
		the segments of sounds in speech and how they
		link to letters (ESSA Tier 1), and Recommendation
		3: Teach students to decode words, analyze word
		parts, and write and recognize words (ESSA Tier
		1); AND Providing Reading Interventions for
		Students in Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build
		students' decoding skills so they can read complex
		multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1) and
		Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-
		building activities to help students read
		effortlessly. (ESSA Tier 1).

	These recommendations were built into the
	These recommendations were built into the
	program by its explicit, systematic, and
	multisensory nature, including strategies deemed
	highly effective in teaching students to decode
	and encode words from simple CVC up through
	multisyllabic words, both in isolation and through
	application to connected text. It has frequent
	opportunities for practice and corrective
	feedback. The district will support and monitor
	implementation of these programs through
	resources and professional development to
	support the embedded research and evidence-
	based practices, and meetings with school-based
	teams and support personnel such as coaches,
	staff training specialists, and school-based
	interventionists. To monitor
	implementation, data from schools is accessed
	and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams
	and provide feedback to make adjustments to
	plans and instruction as needed and appropriate.
	Professional Learning is provided through full
	implementation training several times a year, as
	well as through PLC work and individual coaching.
iReady Teacher Toolbox /	IReady Teacher Toolbox does not meet strong,
Tools for Instruction	moderate, or promising levels of evidence;
	however, the following WWC Practice Guide
	Recommendation(s) support the program:
	Providing Reading Interventions for Students in
	Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build students'
	decoding skills so they can read complex
	multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1),
	Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-
	building activities to help students read
	effortlessly, (ESSA Tier 1) and Recommendation 3
	(Parts A-D): Routinely use a set of comprehension-
	building practices to help students make sense of
	the text (ESSA Tier 1). It is also is supported by the
	following IES Practice Guide Recommendations:
	Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd
	Grade, Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of
	the segments of sounds in speech and how they
	link to letters (ESSA Tier 1), and Recommendation
	3: Teach students to decode words, analyze word
	parts, and write and recognize words (ESSA Tier 1).
	These recommendations were built into the
	program by providing hands-on, multisensory
	opportunities for learning as well as evidence
	based strategies for scaffolding struggling
	learners. The program also includes all
	components of reading to target individual needs.
	The district will support and monitor

		implementation of these programs through
		resources and professional development to
		support the embedded research and evidence-
		based practices, and meetings with school-based
		teams and support personnel such as coaches,
		staff training specialists, and school-based
		interventionists. To monitor
		implementation, data from schools is accessed
		and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams
		and provide feedback to make adjustments to
		plans and instruction as needed and appropriate.
		Professional Learning is provided through
		coaching and work directly through, and with,
		Curriculum Associates.
iReady Personalized Path	ESSA Evidence Level 2-	
	Moderate	
Phonics for Reading		Phonics for Reading (Curriculum Associates) does
(Curriculum Associates)		not meet strong, moderate, or promising levels of
		evidence; however, the following WWC Practice
		Guide Recommendation(s) support the program:
		Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
		Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd
		Grade, Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of
		the segments of sounds in speech and how they
		link to letters (ESSA Tier 1), and Recommendation
		3: Teach students to decode words, analyze word
		parts, and write and recognize words (ESSA Tier
		1); AND Providing Reading Interventions for
		Students in Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build
		students' decoding skills so they can read complex
		multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1) and
		Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-building activities to help students read
		, ,
		effortlessly. (ESSA Tier 1). These recommendations were built into Phonics for
		Reading with explicit instruction in phonemic
		awareness, phonics, fluency, and eventually
		comprehension. The lessons in the program
		feature consistent teaching routines, repeated
		practice, and immediate corrective feedback.
		Students are given a Placement Test to ensure
		that students are placed in the best level for
		optimal progress. Phonics for Reading, First Level
		teaches students how to read one and two syllable
		words by using knowledge of letter-sound
		correspondences. Phonics for Reading, Second
		Level, teaches students how to read one syllable
		and multisyllabic words by using knowledge of
		letter-sound correspondences as well as structural
		units such as root words and word endings.
		Phonics for Reading, Third Level, teaches students
		how to read one syllable and multisyllabic words
	1	11311 to read one syndble and mainsyndble words

	unional manufada affitta a sacada affitta a
	using knowledge of letter-sound relationships as
	well as structural units such as prefixes and
	suffixes.
	The district will support and monitor
	implementation of these programs through
	resources and professional development to
	support the embedded research and evidence-
	based practices, and meetings with school-based
	teams and support personnel such as coaches,
	staff training specialists, and school-based
	interventionists. To monitor
	implementation, data from schools is accessed
	and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams
	and provide feedback to make adjustments to
	plans and instruction, as well as provide
	professional learning, as needed and appropriate.
HMH Into Reading Tier 2	HMH Into Reading Tier 2 Embedded Supports-
embedded supports -	does not meet strong, moderate, or promising
	levels of evidence; however, the following WWC
	Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the
	program: Providing Reading Interventions for
	Students in Grades 4–9,
	Recommendation 1: Build students' decoding skills
	so they can read complex multisyllabic words
	(ESSA Tier 1), Recommendation 2: Provide
	purposeful fluency-building activities to help
	students read effortlessly,
	(ESSA Tier 1) and Recommendation 3 (Parts A-D):
	Routinely use a set of comprehension-building
	practices to help students make sense of the text
	(ESSA Tier 1). It is also is supported by the
	following IES Practice Guide Recommendations:
	Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd
	Grade, Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of
	the segments of sounds in speech and how they
	link to letters (ESSA Tier 1), and Recommendation
	3: Teach students to decode words, analyze word
	parts, and write and recognize words (ESSA Tier 1).
	These recommendations were built into the
	program by providing hands-on, multisensory
	opportunities for learning as well as evidence
	based strategies for scaffolding struggling
	learners. The program also includes all
	components of reading to target individual needs.
	The district will support and monitor
	implementation of these programs through
	resources and professional development to
	support the embedded research and evidence-
	based practices, and meetings with school-based
	teams and support personnel such as coaches,
	teams and support personner such as couches,

staff training specialists, and school-based
interventionists. To monitor
implementation, data from schools is accessed
and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams
and provide feedback to make adjustments to
plans and instruction as needed and appropriate.
Professional Learning is provided through
coaching, virtual meetings, and job-embedded
support.

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implemented for students with a disability, students with an IEP and students who are English language learners, if used instead of or in addition to programs above. Add additional rows as needed.

Students with Disabilities

Students identified with a disability will receive interventions using similar Tier 2 instructional materials and strategies supported with IEP accommodations. Interventions are provided in a small group setting with ratios determined by their educational needs and disability. Additional strategies for support will be utilized as indicated on each student's IEP. Special populations, such as DHH and the Blind, will receive instruction using strategies and accommodations that will support their diverse needs, (i.e. ASL and Braille etc.)

Name of Dragger	Voubiero (es pended)
Name of Program	Verbiage (as needed)
Summit – Connect to	Summit - Connect to Literacy does not meet
Literacy (Grades K-12)	strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence;
	however, the following What Works
	Clearinghouse (WWC) Practice Guide
	recommendations support
	the program: Teaching Academic Content and
	Literacy English Learners in Elementary and
	Middle School.
	Recommendation 1 (Tier 1 – Strong):
	Teach academic vocabulary words
	intensively across several days using
	a variety of instructional activities;
	Recommendation 2 (Tier 1 – Strong):
	Integrate written and oral English
	language instruction into content area
	teaching;
	Recommendation 3 (Tier 4- Has
	Rationale): Provide regular, structured
	opportunities to develop written
	language skills;
	Recommendation 4 (Tier 2-
	Moderate): Provide regular small
	group instructional intervention for
	students struggling in areas of literacy
	and English language development.
	These recommendations are embedded in the
	Summit-Connect to Literacy program by WIDA-
	aligned personalized instructional paths based on
	the four domains of English acquisition: speaking,
	listening, reading, and writing and with

systematic exposure and reinforcement of academic vocabulary. Summit Connect to Literacy provides additional adaptable targeted skills practice lessons which can be utilized for small group, whole group, or individual tutoring. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program through sustained professional learning opportunities for teachers, observational walkthroughs, monthly monitoring of school-wide and student-specific data by the District ESOL Specialist and ESOL Resource Teachers, weekly check-ins with classroom teachers, and quarterly check-ins with school-based administrators.

For K-3 students who have a substantial deficiency in reading or characteristics of dyslexia, identify the multisensory interventions provided.

Multisensory interventions strategies are explicitly included in HMH Into Reading intervention strategies, UFLI, and iReady Teacher ToolBox face to face lessons. Each of these programs contain opportunities for hands-on practice using manipulatives, as well as contain multimodal activities (auditory, visual, and kinesthetic.) Frequent opportunities for practice built into each of these programs also allows teachers to use more than one modality for instruction.

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 3 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

- -K-5, iReady, scores between the 1st and 15th percentile, less than 25% of typical growth not achieved after the Winter Diagnostic, scores 2 or more grade levels below on the iReady Diagnostic
- -K-2 FAST-STAR Level 1, student scores below the 10th percentile, or is unable to complete the practice items, or scored a Level 1 on the previous year PM3 of FAST.
- -3-5 FAST Level 1 (and/or Level 2 with triangulation)
- -Grade 3- student scores below the 20th percentile on the FAST PM assessment
- -Student was retained the previous year.

Progress monitoring data aligned to Tier 2 interventions is analyzed monthly to determine progress toward goals. Data collected from these sources as well as ELA common assessment data using district ELA framework expectation will be used as part of the triangulation to prompt the addition of Tier3 interventions during the school year for students that are not making adequate progress on MTSS goals and grade level expectations.

Any student who meets the definition of having a substantial deficiency in reading as outlined in statute language will receive intensive reading intervention.

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions + Tier 3 Intensive Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

Students who meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

- -K-5, iReady, scores between the 1st and 15th percentile, scores 2 or more grade levels below on the iReady Diagnostic
- -K-2 FAST-STAR Level 1, student scores below the 10th percentile, or is unable to complete the practice items, or scored a Level 1 on the previous year PM3 of FAST.
- -3-5 FAST Level 1 (and/or Level 2 with triangulation)
- -Grade 3- student scores below the 20th percentile on the FAST PM assessment
- -Student was retained the previous year.

Data collected from these sources as well as ELA common assessment data using district ELA framework expectation will be used as part of the triangulation to prompt the addition of Tier3 interventions.

Number of times per week interventions are provided:

4-5 days per week determined by the intervention

Number of minutes per intervention session:

15-30 minutes a day as determined by the intervention.

Intensive, Individualized Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 3 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

Additional rows as needed. Name of Program	Verbiage (as needed)
Name of Frogram	UFLI does not meet strong, moderate, or
UFLI Foundations	promising levels of evidence; however, the
OFLI FOUIIUATIONS	following WWC Practice Guide
	Recommendation(s) support the program: ,
	Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd
	Grade, Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of
	the segments of sounds in speech and how they
	link to letters (ESSA Tier 1), and Recommendation
	3: Teach students to decode words, analyze word
	parts, and write and recognize words (ESSA Tier
	1); AND Providing Reading Interventions for
	Students in Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build
	students in Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1. Build students' decoding skills so they can read complex
	multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1) and
	Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-
	building activities to help students read
	effortlessly. (ESSA Tier 1).
	These recommendations were built into the
	program by its explicit, systematic, and
	multisensory nature, including strategies deemed
	highly effective in teaching students to decode
	and encode words from simple CVC up through
	multisyllabic words, both in isolation and through
	application to connected text. It has frequent
	opportunities for practice and corrective
	feedback. The district will support and monitor
	implementation of these programs through
	resources and professional development to
	support the embedded research and evidence-
	based practices, and meetings with school-based
	teams and support personnel such as coaches,
	staff training specialists, and school-based
	interventionists. To monitor
	implementation, data from schools is accessed
	and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams
	and provide feedback to make adjustments to
	plans and instruction as needed and appropriate.
	Professional Learning is provided through full
	implementation training several times a year, as
	well as through PLC work and individual coaching.

iReady Teacher Toolbox /		IReady Teacher Toolbox does not meet strong,
Tools for Instruction		moderate, or promising levels of evidence;
. 55.5 15. 115.1 46.1011		however, the following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support the program:
		Providing Reading Interventions for Students in
		Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build students'
		decoding skills so they can read complex
		multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1),
		Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-
		building activities to help students read
		effortlessly, (ESSA Tier 1) and Recommendation 3
		(Parts A-D): Routinely use a set of comprehension-
		building practices to help students make sense of
		the text (ESSA Tier 1). It is also is supported by the
		following IES Practice Guide Recommendations:
		Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
		Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd
		Grade, Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of
		the segments of sounds in speech and how they
		link to letters (ESSA Tier 1), and Recommendation
		3: Teach students to decode words, analyze word
		parts, and write and recognize words (ESSA Tier 1).
		These recommendations were built into the
		program by providing hands-on, multisensory
		opportunities for learning as well as evidence
		based strategies for scaffolding struggling
		learners. The program also includes all
		components of reading to target individual needs.
		The district will support and monitor
		implementation of these programs through
		resources and professional development to
		support the embedded research and evidence-
		based practices, and meetings with school-based
		teams and support personnel such as coaches,
		staff training specialists, and school-based
		interventionists. To monitor
		implementation, data from schools is accessed
		and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams
		and provide feedback to make adjustments to
		plans and instruction as needed and appropriate.
		Professional Learning is provided through
		coaching and work directly through, and with,
		Curriculum Associates.
iReady Personalized	ESSA Evidence Level 2-	
Instruction-Teacher Led	Moderate	
Lessons Discussion for Boarding		Phonics for Poorling (County Loss Associates)
Phonics for Reading		Phonics for Reading (Curriculum Associates) does
(Curriculum Associates)		not meet strong, moderate, or promising levels of
		evidence; however, the following WWC Practice
		Guide Recommendation(s) support the program:
		Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
		Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd

	T
	Grade, Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of
	the segments of sounds in speech and how they
	link to letters (ESSA Tier 1), and Recommendation
	3: Teach students to decode words, analyze word
	parts, and write and recognize words (ESSA Tier
	1); AND Providing Reading Interventions for
	Students in Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build
	students' decoding skills so they can read complex
	multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1) and
	Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful
	fluency-building activities to help students read
	effortlessly. (ESSA Tier 1). These
	recommendations were built into Phonics for
	Reading with explicit instruction in phonemic
	awareness, phonics, fluency, and eventually
	comprehension. The lessons in the program
	feature consistent teaching routines, repeated
	practice, and immediate corrective feedback.
	Students are given a Placement Test to ensure
	that students are placed in the best level for
	optimal progress. Phonics for Reading, First Level
	teaches students how to read one and two syllable
	words by using knowledge of letter-sound
	correspondences. Phonics for Reading, Second
	1
	Level, teaches students how to read one syllable
	and multisyllabic words by using knowledge of
	letter-sound correspondences as well as structural
	units such as root words and word endings.
	Phonics for Reading, Third Level, teaches students
	how to read one syllable and multisyllabic words
	using knowledge of letter-sound relationships as
	well as structural units such as prefixes and
	suffixes.
	The district will support and monitor
	implementation of these programs through
	resources and professional development to
	support the embedded research and evidence-
	based practices, and meetings with school-based
	teams and support personnel such as coaches,
	staff training specialists, and school-based
	interventionists. To monitor
	implementation, data from schools is accessed
	and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams
	and provide feedback to make adjustments to
	plans and instruction, as well as provide
	professional learning, as needed and appropriate.
	Professional Learning is also provided through
	coaching and work directly through, and with,
	Curriculum Associates.
HMH Into Reading Tier 3	HMH Into Reading Tier 3 Embedded Supports-
embedded supports -	does not meet strong, moderate, or promising
	levels of evidence; however, the following WWC
	icvels of evidence, however, the following www

Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9,

Recommendation 1: Build students' decoding skills so they can read complex multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1), Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-building activities to help students read effortlessly,

(ESSA Tier 1) and Recommendation 3 (Parts A-D): Routinely use a set of comprehension-building practices to help students make sense of the text (ESSA Tier 1). It is also is supported by the following IES Practice Guide Recommendations: Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade, Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of the segments of sounds in speech and how they link to letters (ESSA Tier 1), and Recommendation 3: Teach students to decode words, analyze word parts, and write and recognize words (ESSA Tier 1). These recommendations were built into the program by providing hands-on, multisensory opportunities for learning as well as evidence based strategies for scaffolding struggling learners. The program also includes all components of reading to target individual needs. The district will support and monitor implementation of these programs through resources and professional development to support the embedded research and evidencebased practices, and meetings with school-based teams and support personnel such as coaches, staff training specialists, and school-based interventionists. To monitor implementation, data from schools is accessed and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams and provide feedback to make adjustments to plans and instruction as needed and appropriate. Professional Learning is provided through coaching, virtual meetings, and job-embedded

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implemented for students with a disability,

support.

Students with Disabilities

Name of Program ESSA Evidence Level Verbiage (as needed)

Students identified with a disability will receive intervention using the Tier 3 instruction materials and strategies supported with IEP accommodations including additional time and support for instruction, practice, and assessment. Interventions are provided in a small group setting with ratios determined by their educational needs and disability. Additional strategies for support will be utilized as indicated on each student's IEP. Special populations, such as DHH and the Blind, will receive instruction using strategies and accommodations that will support their diverse needs, (i.e. ASL and Braille etc.)

English Language Learners		
Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
Summit – Connect to		Summit - Connect to Literacy does not meet
Literacy (Grades K-12)		strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence;
		however, the following What Works
		Clearinghouse (WWC) Practice Guide
		recommendations support
		the program: Teaching Academic Content and
		Literacy English Learners in Elementary and
		Middle School.
		Recommendation 1 (Tier 1 – Strong):
		Teach academic vocabulary words
		intensively across several days using
		a variety of instructional activities;
		Recommendation 2 (Tier 1 – Strong):
		Integrate written and oral English
		language instruction into content area
		teaching;
		Recommendation 3 (Tier 4- Has
		Rationale): Provide regular, structured
		opportunities to develop written
		language skills;
		Recommendation 4 (Tier 2-
		Moderate): Provide regular small
		group instructional intervention for
		students struggling in areas of literacy
		and English language development.
		These recommendations are embedded in the
		Summit-Connect to Literacy program by WIDA-
		aligned personalized instructional paths based on
		the four domains of English acquisition: speaking,
		listening, reading, and writing and with
		systematic exposure and reinforcement of
		academic vocabulary. Summit Connect to Literacy
		provides additional adaptable targeted skills
		practice lessons which can be utilized for small
		group, whole group, or individual tutoring. The
		district will support and monitor implementation
		of this program through sustained professional
		learning opportunities for teachers, observational
		walkthroughs, monthly monitoring of school-wide
		and student-specific data by the District ESOL
		Specialist and ESOL Resource Teachers, weekly
		check-ins with classroom teachers, and quarterly
		check-ins with school-based administrators.

For K-3 students who have a substantial deficiency in reading or characteristics of dyslexia, identify the multisensory interventions provided.

Research and best practices incorporate multisensory instructional strategies which include auditory, visual-spatial, tactile, and kinesthetic strategies. As required in Section 1008.25, F.S., students identified with

a substantial reading deficiency (Tier 3) receive intensive, explicit, systematic, and multisensory reading

interventions that incorporate auditory, visual-spatial, tactile, and kinesthetic strategies. These requirements

are included in the interventions from HMH Into Reading, UFLI Foundations, and iReady ToolBox lessons. Each of these programs contain opportunities for hands-on practice using manipulatives, as well as contain multimodal activities (auditory, visual, and kinesthetic.) Frequent opportunities for practice built into each of these programs also allows teachers to use more than one modality for instruction.

What processes and procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions?

Students who receive Tier 3 intensive interventions are considered to have a substantial reading deficiency and must be monitored closely and regularly for academic progress through both core instruction and weekly progress monitoring.

For any student who has not responded to a specific reading intervention delivered with fidelity and with the initial intensity provided (time and group size), reading intervention instruction and/or materials may be changed based on student data. Diagnostic assessments are required to identify specific needs (areas of strength and weakness). Further, schools with ELA team members and school-based interventionists meet monthly to review student data, progress, and intervention materials. Additionally, schools follow the CERP decision tree and MTSS Policy manual which indicate research-based and evidence-based materials and instructional practices available for intensive interventions (Tier 3). If student data does not show progress at a Tier, or with a specific intervention, then adjustments are made (teacher:student ratio; time in intervention; intervention materials; instruction) and the parent is

notified through a FOCUS student management system email communication and regular communication from the school level.

Parental notification includes a description of the intensive, explicit, systematic, and multisensory

reading interventions which will be provided to students identified with a substantial reading deficiency.

7. Summer Reading Camps (Rule 6A-6.053(8), F.A.C.)

Requirements of Summer Reading Camps pursuant to s. 1008.25(8), F.S., include:

- Providing instruction to grade 3 students who score Level 1 on the statewide, standardized ELA assessment;
- Implementing evidence-based explicit, systematic and multisensory reading instruction in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary and comprehension; and
- Providing instruction by a highly effective teacher endorsed or certified in reading.
 - Note: Instructional personnel who possess a literacy micro-credential may not be assigned to these students.

7a. Provide a description of the district's plan to meet each requirement for Summer Reading Camps required by <u>s. 1008.25(8)</u>, <u>F.S.</u> As a reminder, instructional personnel providing services to retained third grade students, including those attending Summer Reading Camp, must be certified or endorsed in reading and rated highly effective as determined by the teacher's performance evaluation under <u>s.</u> 1012.34, F.S.

Summer Reading Camps for Retained Grade 3 Students

Schedule: June, 3 or more days a week, at least 5 hours per day.

Evidence-Based Instructional Materials to be used, as defined in 20 U.S.C. s. 7801(21)(A)(i):

All third grade students who score a Level 1 on the FAST ELA PM3 assessment and recommended for retention will be invited to participate in a Summer Reading Camp (SRC) offered by the district as required by state statutes.

Students who attend SRC receive intensive interventions in fluency, word-attack skills (IES/WWC strong evidence), vocabulary instruction, (IES/WWC strong evidence) and comprehension (IES/WWC moderate evidence) from highly effective teachers endorsed or certified in reading. This learning is

connected to grade level standards and learning that occurred during the regular school year with an intensified approach. Time is built into the schedule for additional work in Foundational skills such as oral language, phonemic awareness and phonics are also addressed. Source: IES Practice Guide re Foundational Skills K-3rd, IES Practice Guide re Reading Comprehension K-3rd.

Curriculum Associates iReady individualized instruction, both through the use of the Personalized Instruction and the ToolBox teacher led lessons, will be utilized as appropriate(moderate evidence). Because of the hours scheduled per day, students may also participate in content-area reading and experiences. When district funding permits, summer reading programs are extended to other grade levels to help prevent summer learning loss. Source: IES Practice Guide re Foundational Skills K-3rd, IES Practice Guide re Reading Comprehension K-3rd.

Alternative Assessment Used:

iReady Diagnostic- 50th Percentile

SAT10 45th Percentile

Additional Information (optional):

7b. Districts have the option of providing Summer Reading Camps to students in grades K-5 with a reading deficiency.

Will the distri	ct implement this option?
□Yes	⊠No
If yes, please	describe the grade level(s) that will be invited to participate.
When district	funding permits, summer reading programs are extended to other grade levels to help
prevent sumn	ner learning loss.

Grades 6-8

8. Grades 6-8 Assessments

	FAST			
Name of the Assessment	Target Audience	What component of reading is assessed?	Assessment Type	How often is the data collected?
FAST ELA Reading	⊠ Grade 6 ⊠ Grade 7 ⊠ Grade 8	☒ Vocabulary☒ Comprehension	☑ Screening☑ ProgressMonitoring☑ Summative	⊠ 3 x Year

Indicate in the chart below the assessment(s) used to guide instructional decision-making for grades 6-8 students. Add additional rows as needed.

	o o ottation i i attatata a a a a a a a a a a a a a			
	Ad	ditional Assessment(s	5)	
Name of the	Target Audience What component Assessment Type How often is the			How often is the
Assessment	(Grades 6-8)	of reading is	(Select all that	data collected?
	(Select all that	assessed? (Select	apply.)	
	apply.)	all that apply.)		
Other District	☑ Grade 6	☐ Oral Language	□ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment	☑ Grade 7	☐ Phonological	☑ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
iReady Diagnostic	☑ Grade 8	Awareness	Monitoring	☐ Monthly
for students	☐ All Students	☑ Phonics	□ Diagnostic	☐ Quarterly

Additional Assessment(s)				
Name of the	Target Audience	What component	Assessment Type	How often is the
Assessment	(Grades 6-8)	of reading is	(Select all that	data collected?
	(Select all that	assessed? (Select	apply.)	
	apply.)	all that apply.)		
enrolled in	⊠ Select Students		☐ Summative	⊠ 3 x Year
Intensive Reading		☑ Vocabulary		☐ Annually
Course		☑ Comprehension		☐ As Needed
				☐ Other
Other District	☑ Grade 6	☑ Oral Language	□ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment	☑ Grade 7	☑ Phonological	☑ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
DIBELS- targeted for	☑ Grade 8	Awareness	Monitoring	☐ Monthly
students who show a	☐ All Students	☑ Phonics	☑ Diagnostic	☐ Quarterly
reading deficiency	⊠ Select Students	⊠ Fluency	☐ Summative	☐ 3 x Year
		☑ Vocabulary		☐ Annually
		☑ Comprehension		☐ As Needed
				Other
Other District	☑ Grade 6	☑ Oral Language	□ Screening □	☐ Weekly
Assessment	☑ Grade 7	☑ Phonological	☐ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
DAR-Diagnostic	☑ Grade 8	Awareness	Monitoring	☐ Monthly
Assessment of	☐ All Students	☑ Phonics	☑ Diagnostic	☐ Quarterly
Reading targeted for students who show a	⊠ Select Students	☑ Fluency	☐ Summative	☐ 3 x Year
reading deficiency		☑ Vocabulary		☐ Annually
reading denotericy		□ Comprehension		☐ As Needed
				Other
Other District	☑ Grade 6	☐ Oral Language	☐ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment- District	☑ Grade 7	☐ Phonological	☑ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
Common	☑ Grade 8	Awareness	Monitoring	☐ Monthly
Assessments, PLC	⋈ All Students	☑ Phonics	☐ Diagnostic	☐ Quarterly
Common Assessments, CBAs	☐ Select Students		☑ Summative	☐ 3 x Year
(StudySync)				☐ Annually
		1		☐ As Needed
		⊠Comprehension		Other

9. Describe the district's process (e.g., MTSS) for identifying grades 6-8 students in need of Tier 2/Tier 3 interventions.

In grades 6-8, student performance is monitored three times per year (beginning, middle, and end of year) using the FAST-ELA 3-10 Progress Monitoring. Data is compared and analyzed to ensure that student academic performance and proficiency rates continue to improve. This state progress monitoring is coupled with interim classroom and school level monitoring which includes iReady diagnostics for students receiving Tier 2 interventions in grades 6-8 and adopted ELA curriculum publisher assessments in grades K-12. (6-12 MHill StudySync.)

A triangulation of data is used with the assessment/curriculum decision trees and in collaboration with the district MTSS plan and processes to identify students with a substantial deficiency in reading in Grades 6-8 based on the 6-8 CERP decision trees coupled with MTSS problem solving processes. If students struggle with core instruction based on data analysis, a multi-tiered system of supports is employed.

At all levels, K-12, student progress is monitored in PLC meetings and MTSS data chats. With guidance, assistance, and monitoring from district-level directors, ELA, and MTSS personnel, school-based teams

monitor student performance data and make instructional placement decisions to intensify instruction and provide either Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 levels of support for students.

10. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction is monitored.

PLCs meet weekly to plan and prepare initial and ongoing instruction following guidance provided by the district ELA team based on the curriculum. PLC members reflect on implementation, instruction, and student outcomes including common assessments and make adjustments as needed. Data analysis occurs at the district level as well. School and classroom walkthroughs ("EXCEL" visits) are conducted to monitor ELA instruction district wide, giving the ability to identify trends, and plan support to increase the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction across schools.

11. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 2 interventions is monitored.

Tier 2 effectiveness is monitored at the school level through progress monitoring assessment and data as determined by student individual need and intervention. Student progress is discussed as part of the PLC process and additional data analysis occurs for monthly data chat meetings.

12. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions is monitored.

Tier 3 effectiveness is monitored at the school level through state progress monitoring and Tier 3 weekly progress monitoring assessment data as determined by student individual need and intervention. Student progress is discussed as part of the PLC process and additional data analysis occurs for monthly data chat meetings. In addition, district MTSS Instructional Specialists attend school data chats, supporting the intervention process and ensuring fidelity and effectiveness along the way.

Grades 6-8 Decision Tree

Tier 1 (Core) Only

Beginning of Year Data

Students must meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

If overall performance on the FAST - ELA in Grades 6-8 is equivalent Level 3 and above and/or iReady is at or above 40th percentile.

List performance criteria that indicate Tier 1 is sufficient for at least 80% of students.

Common PLC assessment data, including District Common Assessments through the StudySync curriculum, iReady data, FAST ELA PM Data in grades 6-8, and item analysis of PLC common assessment data, guided by district ELA framework expectations, is used to determine that Tier 1 is sufficient for at least 80% of students.

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction?

PLCs are expected to meet regularly to discuss and monitor student and classroom data. PLCs also meet with

the school-level interventionist and MTSS team to review data and recommend Tier 2 interventions if Tier 1 instruction is not sufficient. If necessary or requested based on school level data, the district directors, ELA Instructional Specialists, or literacy coaches support PLCs/teachers to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction.

Core Instruction

Indicate the core curriculum utilized. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Program	Year of Program Adoption
McGraw Hill Florida Studysync state adopted instructional materials for 6th-	5
8th English LanguageArts. This series was reviewed and approved by the	
FLDOE for inclusion on the State Adopted List at time of adoption and	
purchase. Studysync is designed based on the science of reading and	
evidenced-based instructional practices as supported in this IES Practice	
Guide.	

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 2 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

FAST initial progress monitoring with an overall reading score between the 16th and 39th percentile, and/or a score of Level 2 or below on the FAST assessment.

- -Lack of expected growth in any curriculum, progress monitoring, screening, or diagnostic data that will be consistently monitored through PLC and data chats.
 - For example, 50% of typical growth is not achieved on the Winter Diagnostic for iReady
 - Embedded progress monitoring gap increasing between expected and current levels of performance based on program, and time of year etc.
 - Lack of growth as shown by percentile scores and Achievement Levels on the FAST

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

Students who meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

Students with an overall Level 1 or 2 on FAST ELA at the end of the previous year will be enrolled in a Critical Thinking and/or Intensive Reading course, based on district guidelines, and will receive Tier 2 interventions.

Number of times per week interventions are provided:

3-5 days per week as determined by the intervention

Number of minutes per intervention session:

15-20 minutes per day as determined by the intervention

Course(s) where interventions take place:

Critical Thinking and/or M/J Intensive Reading 1-3

Supplemental Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 2 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Program	Verbiage (as needed)
iReady Teacher	iReady Teacher Toolbox/Tools for Instruction does not
Toolbox / Tools for	meet strong, moderate, or promising levels of evidence;
Instruction and	however, the following WWC Practice Guide
	Recommendation(s) support the program: Providing
	Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9,
	Recommendation 1: Build students' decoding skills so
	they can read complex multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1),
	Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-building
	activities to help students read effortlessly, (ESSA Tier 1)
	and Recommendation 3 (Parts A-D): Routinely use a set
	of comprehension-building practices to help
	students make sense of the text (ESSA Tier 1). These
	recommendations were built into the program by
	providing hands-on, multisensory opportunities for
	learning as well as evidence based strategies for
	scaffolding struggling learners. The program also
	includes all components of reading to target individual
	needs. The district will support and monitor
	implementation of these programs through resources
	and professional development to support the embedded
	research and evidence-based practices, and meetings
	with school-based teams and support personnel such as

		coaches, staff training specialists, and school-based interventionists. To monitor implementation, data from schools is accessed and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams and provide feedback to make adjustments to plans and instruction as needed and appropriate. Professional Learning is provided through coaching and work directly through, and with, Curriculum Associates.
iReady Personalized	ESSA Evidence Level 2-	
Instruction	Moderate	Dhanica for Dooding (Corrientum Associates) doos not
Phonics for Reading (Curriculum Associates)		Phonics for Reading (Curriculum Associates) does not meet strong, moderate, or promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build students' decoding skills so they can read complex multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1) and Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-building activities to help students read effortlessly. (ESSA Tier 1). These recommendations were built into Phonics for Reading with explicit instruction in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, and eventually comprehension. The lessons in the program feature consistent teaching routines, repeated practice, and immediate corrective feedback. Students are given a Placement Test to ensure that students are placed in the best level for optimal progress. Phonics for Reading, First Level teaches students how to read one and two syllable words by using knowledge of letter-sound correspondences. Phonics for Reading, Second Level, teaches students how to read one syllable and multisyllabic words by using knowledge of letter-sound correspondences as well as structural units such as root words and word endings. Phonics for Reading, Third Level, teaches students how to read one syllable and multisyllabic words using knowledge of letter-sound relationships as well as structural units such as prefixes and suffixes. The district will support and monitor implementation of these programs through resources and professional development to support the embedded research and evidence-based practices, and meetings with school-based teams and support personnel such as coaches, staff training specialists, and school-based interventionists. To monitor implementation, data from schools is accessed and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams and provide feedback to make adjustments to plans and instruction, as well as provide professional learning, as needed and appropriate. Professional

	Learning is also provided through coaching and work
	directly through, and with, Curriculum Associates.
McGraw Hill Florida	McGraw Hill Florida StudySync Tier 2 embedded
StudySync Tier 2	supports - does not meet strong, moderate, or promising
embedded supports -	levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice
	Guide Recommendation(s) support the program:
	Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades
	4–9, Recommendation 1: Build students' decoding skills
	so they can read complex multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier
	1), Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-
	building activities to help students read effortlessly,
	(ESSA Tier 1) and Recommendation 3 (Parts A-D):
	Routinely use a set of comprehension-building practices
	to help students make sense of the text (ESSA Tier
	1). These recommendations were built into the program
	by providing multisensory opportunities for learning as
	well as evidence based strategies for scaffolding
	struggling learners. The district will support and monitor
	implementation of these programs through resources
	and professional development to support the embedded
	research and evidence-based practices, and meetings
	with school-based teams and support personnel such as
	coaches, staff training specialists, and school-based
	interventionists. To monitor implementation, data from
	schools is accessed and analyzed to discuss with school-
	based teams and provide feedback to make adjustments
	to plans and instruction as needed and appropriate.
	Professional Learning is provided through coaching,
	virtual meetings, and job-embedded support.

Name of Program ESSA Evidence Level Verbiage (as needed)

Students identified with a disability will receive intervention using the Tier 2 instruction materials and strategies supported with IEP accommodations. Interventions are provided in a small group setting with ratios determined by their educational needs and disability. Additional strategies for support will be utilized as indicated on each student's IEP. Special populations, such as DHH and the Blind, will receive instruction using strategies and accommodations that will support their diverse needs, (i.e. ASL and Braille etc.)

English Language Learners

Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
Summit – Connect to		Summit - Connect to Literacy does not meet strong,
Literacy (Grades K-12)		moderate or promising levels of evidence; however, the
		following What Works Clearinghouse (WWC) Practice
		Guide recommendations support
		the program: Teaching Academic Content and Literacy
		English Learners in Elementary and Middle School.
		Recommendation 1 (Tier 1 – Strong):
		Teach academic vocabulary words
		intensively across several days using
		a variety of instructional activities;

Recommendation 2 (Tier 1 – Strong): Integrate written and oral English language instruction into content area teaching;

Recommendation 3 (Tier 4- Has Rationale): Provide regular, structured opportunities to develop written language skills;

Recommendation 4 (Tier 2-Moderate): Provide regular small group instructional intervention for students struggling in areas of literacy and English language development.

These recommendations are embedded in the Summit-Connect to Literacy program by WIDA-aligned personalized instructional paths based on the four domains of English acquisition: speaking, listening, reading, and writing and with systematic exposure and reinforcement of academic vocabulary. Summit Connect to Literacy provides additional adaptable targeted skills practice lessons which can be utilized for small group, whole group, or individual tutoring. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program through sustained professional learning opportunities for teachers, observational walkthroughs, monthly monitoring of school-wide and student-specific data by the District ESOL Specialist and ESOL Resource Teachers, weekly check-ins with classroom teachers, and quarterly checkins with school-based administrators.

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 3 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

- -FAST PM score of Level 1 or Level 2
- -iReady progress monitoring with an overall reading score between the 1st and 15th percentile
- -Students scoring 2 or more grade levels behind in iReady
- -Lack of expected growth in any curriculum, progress monitoring, screening, or diagnostic data that will be consistently monitored through PLC and data chats.
 - For example, 25% of typical growth is not achieved on the Winter Diagnostic for iReady
 - Embedded progress monitoring gap increasing between expected and current levels of performance based on program, and time of year etc.
 - Lack of growth as shown by percentile scores and Achievement Levels on the FAST

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions + Tier 3 Intensive Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

Students who meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

- -FAST PM score of Level 1 or Level 2 previous year
- -iReady progress monitoring with an overall reading score between the 1st and 15th percentile
- -Score more than two years below grade level overall on the i-Ready Fall diagnostic

These students will receive Tier 1 instruction, Tier 2 interventions and Tier 3 Intensive Interventions provided in Intensive Reading courses.

Number of times per week interventions are provided:

4-5 days per week determined by the intervention

Number of minutes per intervention session:

15-30 minutes per day determined by the intervention

Course(s) where interventions take place:

Critical Thinking and/ or M/J Intensive Reading 1-3

Intensive, Individualized Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 3 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

needed.		
Name of Program		Verbiage (as needed)
iReady Teacher Toolbox / Tools for Instruction and		iReady Teacher Toolbox/Tools for Instruction does not meet strong, moderate, or promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build students' decoding skills so they can read complex multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1), Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-building activities to help students read effortlessly, (ESSA Tier 1) and Recommendation 3 (Parts A-D): Routinely use a set of comprehension-building practices to help students make sense of the text (ESSA Tier 1). These recommendations were built into the program by providing hands-on, multisensory opportunities for learning as well as evidence based strategies for scaffolding struggling learners. The program also includes all components of reading to target individual needs. The district will support and monitor implementation of these programs through resources and professional development to support the embedded research and evidence-based practices, and meetings with school-based teams and support personnel such as coaches, staff training specialists, and school-based interventionists. To monitor implementation, data from schools is accessed and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams and provide feedback to make adjustments to plans and instruction as needed and appropriate. Professional Learning is provided through coaching and work directly through, and with, Curriculum Associates.
iReady Personalized Instruction- Teacher Led Lessons	ESSA Evidence Level 2- Moderate	
Phonics for Reading (Curriculum Associates)		Phonics for Reading (Curriculum Associates) does not meet strong, moderate, or promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build students' decoding skills so they can read complex multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1) and Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-

building activities to help students read effortlessly. (ESSA Tier 1).

These recommendations were built into Phonics for Reading with explicit instruction in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, and eventually comprehension. The lessons in the program feature consistent teaching routines, repeated practice, and immediate corrective feedback. Students are given a Placement Test to ensure that students are placed in the best level for optimal progress. Phonics for Reading, First Level teaches students how to read one and two syllable words by using knowledge of letter-sound correspondences. Phonics for Reading, Second Level, teaches students how to read one syllable and multisyllabic words by using knowledge of letter-sound correspondences as well as structural units such as root words and word endings. Phonics for Reading, Third Level, teaches students how to read one syllable and multisyllabic words using knowledge of letter-sound relationships as well as structural units such as prefixes and suffixes.

The district will support and monitor implementation of these programs through resources and professional development to support the embedded research and evidence-based practices, and meetings with school-based teams and support personnel such as coaches, staff training specialists, and school-based interventionists. To monitor implementation, data from schools is accessed and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams and provide feedback to make adjustments to plans and instruction, as well as provide professional learning, as needed and appropriate. Professional Learning is also provided through coaching and work directly through, and with, Curriculum Associates.

McGraw Hill Florida StudySync Tier 3 embedded supports - McGraw Hill Florida StudySync Tier 3 embedded supports - does not meet strong, moderate, or promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build students' decoding skills so they can read complex multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1), Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluencybuilding activities to help students read effortlessly, (ESSA Tier 1) and Recommendation 3 (Parts A-D): Routinely use a set of comprehension-building practices to help students make sense of the text (ESSA Tier 1). These recommendations were built into the program by providing multisensory opportunities for learning as well as evidence based strategies for scaffolding struggling learners. The district will support and monitor implementation of these programs through resources and professional development to support the embedded

research and evidence-based practices, and meetings with school-based teams and support personnel such as coaches, staff training specialists, and school-based interventionists. To monitor implementation, data from schools is accessed and analyzed to discuss with schoolbased teams and provide feedback to make adjustments to plans and instruction as needed and appropriate. Professional Learning is provided through coaching, virtual meetings, and job-embedded support.

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implemented for students with a disability, students with an IEP and students who are English language learners, as applicable. Add additional rows as needed.

Students with Disabilities

Name of Program **ESSA Evidence Level** Verbiage (as needed)

Students identified with a disability will receive intervention using the Tier 3 instruction materials and strategies supported with IEP accommodations including additional time and support for instruction, practice, and assessment. Interventions are provided in a small group setting with ratios determined by their educational needs and disability. Additional strategies for support will be utilized as indicated on each student's IEP. Special populations, such as DHH and the Blind, will receive instruction using strategies and accommodations that will support their diverse needs, (i.e. ASL and Braille etc.)

English Language Learners	
Name of Program	Verbiage (as needed)
Summit – Connect to	Summit - Connect to Literacy does not meet strong,
Literacy (Grades K-12)	moderate or promising levels of evidence; however, the
	following What Works Clearinghouse (WWC) Practice
	Guide recommendations support
	the program: Teaching Academic Content and Literacy
	English Learners in Elementary and Middle School.
	Recommendation 1 (Tier 1 – Strong):
	Teach academic vocabulary words
	intensively across several days using
	a variety of instructional activities;
	Recommendation 2 (Tier 1 – Strong):
	Integrate written and oral English
	language instruction into content area
	teaching;
	Recommendation 3 (Tier 4- Has
	Rationale): Provide regular, structured
	opportunities to develop written
	language skills;
	Recommendation 4 (Tier 2-
	Moderate): Provide regular small
	group instructional intervention for
	students struggling in areas of literacy
	and English language development.
	These recommendations are embedded in the Summit-
	Connect to Literacy program by WIDA-aligned
	personalized instructional paths based on the four
	domains of English acquisition: speaking, listening,
	reading, and writing and with
	systematic exposure and reinforcement of academic
	vocabulary. Summit Connect to Literacy provides
•	27

additional adaptable targeted skills practice lessons which can be utilized for small group, whole group, or individual tutoring. The district will support and monitor
implementation of this program through sustained professional learning opportunities for teachers, observational walkthroughs, monthly monitoring of school-wide and student-specific data by the District ESOL Specialist and ESOL Resource Teachers, weekly check-ins with classroom teachers, and quarterly checkins with school-based administrators.

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions?

Winter and Spring administrations of state FAST progress monitoring are administered to all students in Grades 6-8. Data collected from progress monitoring, as well as ELA common assessment data using district ELA framework expectation will be used to prompt the addition of Tier 2 or 3 interventions during the school year for students that are not making adequate progress on grade level expectations through a triangulation of data. Students who receive Tier 3 intensive interventions are considered to have a substantial reading deficiency and must be monitored closely and regularly for academic progress through both core instruction and weekly progress monitoring.

For any student who has not responded to a specific reading intervention delivered with fidelity and with the initial intensity provided (time and group size), reading intervention instruction and/or materials may be changed based on student data. Diagnostic assessments are required to identify specific needs (areas of strength and weakness). Further, schools with ELA team members and school-based interventionists meet monthly to review student data, progress, and intervention materials. Additionally, schools follow the CERP decision tree and MTSS which indicate research-based and evidence-based materials and practices available for intensive interventions (Tier 3).

If student data does not show progress, at a Tier or with a specific intervention, then adjustments are made (teacher: student ratio; time in intervention; intervention materials; instruction) and parent is notified through a FOCUS email communication and regular communication from the school level. Parental notification includes a description of the intensive, explicit, systematic, and multisensory reading interventions which will be provided to students identified with a substantial reading deficiency.

Grades 9-12

13. Grades 9-12 Assessments

FAST				
Name of the	Target Audience	What component of	Assessment Type	How often is the
Assessment	(Grades 9-12)	reading is assessed?		data collected?
FAST	☑ Grade 9	☑ Vocabulary	□ Screening	⊠ 3 x Year
ELA Reading	☑ Grade 10	□ Comprehension	☑ Progress	
			Monitoring	
			Summative	

Indicate in the chart below the assessment(s) used to guide instructional decision-making for grades 9-12 students. Add additional rows as needed.

	Additional Assessment(s)			
Name of the	Target Audience	What component of	Assessment Type	How often is the
Assessment	(Grades 9-12)	reading is assessed?	(Select all that	data collected?
	(Select all that	(Select all that	apply.)	
	apply.)	apply.)		
Other District	☑ Grade 9	☐ Oral Language	☐ Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment-	☑ Grade10	☐ Phonological	☑ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
District Common	☑ Grade 11	Awareness	Monitoring	☐ Monthly
Assessments, PLC Common	☑ Grade 12	☑ Phonics	☐ Diagnostic	☐ Quarterly
Assessments, CBAs	⋈ All Students		Summative	☐ 3 x Year
(StudySync)	☐ Select Students	☑ Vocabulary		☐ Annually
(**************************************		□ Comprehension		☐ As Needed
		⊠Comprehension		⊠ Other
Other District	☑ Grade 9	⊠ Oral Language	Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment	☑ Grade10	☑ Phonological	☑ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
DIBELS- targeted	☑ Grade 11	Awareness	Monitoring	☐ Monthly
for students who show a reading	☑ Grade 12	☑ Phonics	☑ Diagnostic	☐ Quarterly
deficiency	☐ All Students	☑ Fluency	☐ Summative	☐ 3 x Year
deficiency	⊠ Select Students	☑ Vocabulary		☐ Annually
				☐ As Needed
				⊠ Other
Other District	☑ Grade 9	⊠ Oral Language	Screening	☐ Weekly
Assessment	☑ Grade10	☑ Phonological	☐ Progress	☐ 2 x Month
DAR-Diagnostic	☑ Grade 11	Awareness	Monitoring	☐ Monthly
Assessment of	☑ Grade 12	☑ Phonics	☑ Diagnostic	☐ Quarterly
Reading targeted for	☐ All Students	⊠ Fluency	☐ Summative	☐ 3 x Year
students who show	⊠ Select Students	☑ Vocabulary		☐ Annually
a reading		⊠ Comprehension		☐ As Needed
deficiency				⊠ Other
-				

14. Describe the district's process (e.g., MTSS) for identifying grades 9-12 students in need of Tier 2/Tier 3 interventions.

In grades 9-10, student performance is monitored three times per year (beginning, middle, and end of year) using the FAST-ELA 3-10 Progress Monitoring. In grades 11-12, students are progress monitored using current assessment scores in state ELA retakes and SAT practice and standardized assessment. Data is compared and analyzed to ensure that student academic performance and proficiency rates continue to improve. This state progress monitoring is coupled with interim classroom and school level monitoring and adopted ELA curriculum publisher assessments in grades K-12. (6-12 MHill StudySync.) A triangulation of data is used with the assessment/curriculum decision trees and in collaboration with the district MTSS plan and processes to identify students with a substantial deficiency in reading in Grades K-12 based on the 9-12 CERP decision trees. If students struggle with core instruction based on data analysis, a multi-tiered system of supports is employed.

At all levels, K-12, student progress is monitored in PLC meetings and MTSS data chats. In grades 9-12 this also includes Graduation Assistance Team members who provide support in areas of need and conference with students receiving the most support and intervention.

With guidance, assistance, and monitoring from district-level directors, ELA, and MTSS personnel, school-based teams monitor student performance data and make instructional placement decisions to intensify instruction and provide either Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 levels of support for students.

15. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction is monitored.

PLCs meet weekly to plan and prepare initial and ongoing instruction following guidance provided by the district ELA team based on the curriculum. PLC members reflect on implementation, instruction, and student outcomes including common assessments and make adjustments as needed.

Data analysis occurs at the district level as well. School and classroom walkthroughs ("EXCEL" visits) are conducted to monitor ELA instruction district wide, giving the ability to identify trends, and plan support to increase the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction across schools.

16. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 2 interventions is monitored.

Tier 2 effectiveness is monitored at the school level through progress monitoring assessment and data as determined by student individual need and intervention. Student progress is discussed as part of the PLC process and additional data analysis occurs for monthly data chat meetings.

17. Explain how the effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions is monitored.

Tier 3 effectiveness is monitored at the school level through state progress monitoring and Tier 3 weekly progress monitoring assessment data as determined by student individual need and intervention. Student progress is discussed as part of the PLC process and additional data analysis occurs for monthly data chat meetings. In addition, district MTSS Instructional Specialists attend school data chats, supporting the intervention process and ensuring fidelity and effectiveness along the way.

Grades 9-12 Decision Tree Tier 1 (Core) Only

Beginning of Year Data

Students must meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

- -Prior state assessment FAST ELA equivalent performance level of 3 or higher.
- -Prior year success on classroom assessments, District Assessments, and CBAs. (Passing scores 70% or higher)

List performance criteria that indicate Tier 1 is sufficient for at least 80% of students.

Common assessment data, including District Common Assessments, FAST ELA in grades 9-10, and item analysis of PLC common assessment data, guided by district ELA framework expectations, is used to determine that Tier 1 is sufficient for at least 80% of students as evidenced by passing or on grade level scores.

What processes and procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction and/or curriculum provided to students?

PLCs are expected to meet regularly to discuss and monitor student and classroom data. PLCs also meet with

the school-level interventionist, as available, and MTSS team to review data and recommend Tier 2 interventions if Tier 1 instruction is not sufficient. If necessary or requested based on school level data, the district directors, ELA Instructional Specialists, or literacy coaches support PLCs/teachers to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction.

Core Instruction

Indicate the core curriculum utilized. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Program	Year of Program Adoption
McGraw Hill Florida Studysync state adopted instructional materials for 9-	5
12th English Language	
Arts. This series was reviewed and approved by the FLDOE for inclusion on	
the State Adopted List at time	

of adoption and purchase. Studysync is designed based on the science of reading and evidenced- based instructional practices as supported in this IES Practice Guide.

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 2 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

Ongoing district standards based common assessment data, to include district ELA common assessments based in MHill StudySync curriculum will be analyzed to determine students who are in need of English course embedded Tier 2 interventions.

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

Students who meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

9-10th FAST ELA current year initial progress monitoring or previous year FAST PM3 ELA Level 1 or 2 11-12th Previous year FAST PM3 ELA Level 1 or 2.

-Inconsistent or below grade level scores on District, CBAs, and/or PLC Common assessments will be used for a triangulation of Data

Number of times per week interventions are provided:

3-5x per week

Number of minutes per intervention session:

15-30 minutes per day

Course(s) where interventions take place:

Intensive Reading Courses 1-3, Applied Communications 2 (12th grade)

Supplemental Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 2 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
McGraw Hill Florida		McGraw Hill Florida StudySync Tier 2 embedded
StudySync Tier 2 embedded		supports - does not meet strong, moderate, or
supports -		promising levels of evidence; however, the
		following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support the program:
		Providing Reading Interventions for Students in
		Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build students'
		decoding skills so they can read complex
		multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1),
		Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-
		building activities to help students read
		effortlessly, (ESSA Tier 1) and Recommendation
		3 (Parts A-D): Routinely use a set of
		comprehension-building practices to help
		students make sense of the text (ESSA Tier 1). It
		is also supported by the IES Practice Guide:
		Improving Adolescent Literacy,
		Recommendation1: Provide explicit vocabulary
		instruction, and Recommendation (ESSA Tier 3
		Promising) 2: Provide direct and explicit
		comprehension strategy instruction (ESSA Tier 3
		Promising). These recommendations were built
		into the program by providing multisensory
		opportunities for learning as well as evidence
		based strategies for scaffolding struggling

learners. The district will support and monitor implementation of these programs through resources and professional development to support the embedded research and evidencebased practices, and meetings with school-based teams and support personnel such as coaches, staff training specialists, and school-based interventionists. To monitor implementation, data from schools is accessed and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams and provide feedback to make adjustments to plans and instruction as needed and appropriate. Professional Learning is provided through coaching, virtual meetings, and job-embedded support. **Reading Fluency and** Reading Fluency and Comprehension Comprehension Instructional Practices does not meet strong, **Instructional Practices** moderate, or promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9, Recommendation(s) Routinely use a set of comprehension building practices to help students make sense of the text (strong evidence). These recommendations are implemented through explicit and systematic instruction focused on fluency and comprehension aligned to the science of reading. One of the resources that is used to support this work is CommonLit.org, The district will support and monitor implementation of this program through resources and professional development to support the embedded research and evidence-based practices, and meetings with school-based teams and support personnel such as coaches, staff training specialists, and school-based interventionists. To monitor implementation, data from schools is accessed and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams and provide feedback to make adjustments to plans and instruction as needed and appropriate. Professional Learning is provided through coaching, virtual meetings, and jobembedded support. Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices implemented for students with a disability, **ESSA Evidence Level** Name of Program Verbiage (as needed) Students identified with a disability will receive intervention using the Tier 3 instruction materials and

strategies supported with IEP accommodations including additional time and support for instruction, practice, and assessment. Interventions are provided in a small group setting with ratios determined by their educational needs and disability. Additional strategies for support will be utilized as indicated on each student's IEP. Special populations, such as DHH and the Blind, will receive instruction using strategies and accommodations that will support their diverse needs, (i.e. ASL and Braille etc.)

1		Blind, will receive instruction using strategies and
accommodations that will su	pport their diverse needs, (i.	e. ASL and Braille etc.)
	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
English Language Learners Name of Program Summit – Connect to Literacy (Grades K-12)	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed) Summit - Connect to Literacy does not meet strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence; however, the following What Works Clearinghouse (WWC) Practice Guide recommendations support the program: Teaching Academic Content and Literacy English Learners in Elementary and Middle School. Recommendation 1 (Tier 1 – Strong): Teach academic vocabulary words intensively across several days using a variety of instructional activities; Recommendation 2 (Tier 1 – Strong): Integrate written and oral English language instruction into content area teaching; Recommendation 3 (Tier 4- Has Rationale): Provide regular, structured opportunities to develop written language skills; Recommendation 4 (Tier 2- Moderate): Provide regular small group instructional intervention for students struggling in areas of literacy and English language development. These recommendations are embedded in the Summit-Connect to Literacy program by WIDA-aligned personalized instructional paths based on the four domains of English acquisition: speaking, listening, reading, and writing and with
		skills practice lessons which can be utilized for small group, whole group, or individual tutoring. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program through sustained professional learning opportunities for teachers, observational walkthroughs, monthly monitoring of school-wide and student-specific
		data by the District ESOL Specialist and ESOL Resource Teachers, weekly check-ins with classroom teachers, and quarterly check-ins with

school-based administrators.

Performance criteria that prompt the addition of Tier 3 interventions for students not meeting expectations/benchmarks during the school year:

9-10th FAST ELA winter progress monitoring data that indicates overall reading Achievement Level 1 and/or below grade level scores on District, CBAs, and/or PLC Common assessments will be used for a triangulation of Data

Tier 1 Instruction + Tier 2 Interventions + Tier 3 Intensive Interventions

Beginning of Year Data

Students who meet the following criteria at the beginning of the school year:

- -9-10th FAST ELA initial progress monitoring with an overall reading Achievement Level 1.
- -9-12th Previous year FAST PM3 ELA Level 1
- -Retention in the previous grade
- -Unsatisfactory performance on District, PLC Assessments, or CBAs during the final quarter of the previous year will be used for a triangulation of data (Below 60%).

Number of times per week interventions are provided:

4-5x per week

Number of minutes per intervention session:

15-30 minutes per day

Course(s) where interventions take place:

Intensive Reading Courses 1-3, Applied Communications 2 (12th grade)

Intensive, Individualized Instruction/Interventions

Indicate the evidence-based programs and/or practices used for Tier 3 interventions and how the programs and practices are supported by strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence. Add additional rows as needed.

Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
McGraw Hill Florida	Embedded within core	McGraw Hill Florida StudySync Tier 3 embedded
StudySync Tier 3 embedded	adopted instructional	supports - does not meet strong, moderate, or
supports -	materials for 9-12 English	promising levels of evidence; however, the
	Language Arts.	following WWC Practice Guide
		Recommendation(s) support the program:
		Providing Reading Interventions for Students in
		Grades 4–9, Recommendation 1: Build students'
		decoding skills so they can read complex
		multisyllabic words (ESSA Tier 1),
		Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-
		building activities to help students read
		effortlessly, (ESSA Tier 1) and Recommendation
		3 (Parts A-D): Routinely use a set of
		comprehension-building practices to help
		students make sense of the text (ESSA Tier 1). It
		is also supported by the IES Practice Guide:
		Improving Adolescent Literacy,
		Recommendation1: Provide explicit vocabulary
		instruction, and Recommendation (ESSA Tier 3
		Promising) 2: Provide direct and explicit
		comprehension strategy instruction (ESSA Tier 3
		Promising). These recommendations were built
		into the program by providing multisensory
		opportunities for learning as well as evidence-
		based strategies for scaffolding struggling
		learners. The district will support and monitor
		implementation of these programs through

	resources and professional development to support the embedded research and evidence-based practices, and meetings with school-based teams and support personnel such as coaches, staff training specialists, and school-based interventionists. To monitor implementation, data from schools is accessed and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams and provide feedback to make adjustments to plans and instruction as needed and appropriate. Professional Learning is provided through coaching, virtual meetings, and job-embedded support.
Reading Fluency and	Booting Element Committee
Comprehension	Reading Fluency and Comprehension

Reading Fluency and Comprehension Instructional Practices

Reading Fluency and Comprehension Instructional Practices does not meet strong, moderate, or promising levels of evidence; however, the following WWC Practice Guide Recommendation(s) support the program: Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9, Recommendation(s) Routinely use a set of comprehension building practices to help students make sense of the text (strong evidence). These recommendations are implemented through explicit and systematic instruction focused on fluency and comprehension aligned to the science of reading. One of the resources that is used to support this work is CommonLit.org, The district will support and monitor implementation of this program through resources and professional development to support the embedded research and evidence-based practices, and meetings with school-based teams and support personnel such as coaches, staff training specialists, and school-based interventionists. To monitor implementation, data from schools is accessed and analyzed to discuss with school-based teams and provide feedback to make adjustments to plans and instruction as needed and appropriate. Professional Learning is provided through coaching, virtual meetings, and jobembedded support.

Students with Disabilities

Name of Program ESSA Evidence Level Verbiage (as needed)

Students identified with a disability will receive intervention using the Tier 3 instruction materials and strategies supported with IEP accommodations including additional time and support for instruction,

practice, and assessment. Interventions are provided in a small group setting with ratios determined by their educational needs and disability. Additional strategies for support will be utilized as indicated on each student's IEP. Special populations, such as DHH and the Blind, will receive instruction using strategies and accommodations that will support their diverse needs, (i.e. ASL and Braille etc.)

English Language Learners		
Name of Program	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed)
English Language Learners	ESSA Evidence Level	Verbiage (as needed) Summit - Connect to Literacy does not meet strong, moderate or promising levels of evidence; however, the following What Works Clearinghouse (WWC) Practice Guide recommendations support the program: Teaching Academic Content and Literacy English Learners in Elementary and Middle School. Recommendation 1 (Tier 1 – Strong): Teach academic vocabulary words intensively across several days using a variety of instructional activities; Recommendation 2 (Tier 1 – Strong): Integrate written and oral English language instruction into content area teaching; Recommendation 3 (Tier 4- Has Rationale): Provide regular, structured opportunities to develop written language skills; Recommendation 4 (Tier 2- Moderate): Provide regular small group instructional intervention for students struggling in areas of literacy and English language development. These recommendations are embedded in the Summit-Connect to Literacy program by WIDA-aligned personalized instructional paths based on the four domains of English acquisition: speaking, listening, reading, and writing and with systematic exposure and reinforcement of academic vocabulary. Summit Connect to
		Summit-Connect to Literacy program by WIDA- aligned personalized instructional paths based on the four domains of English acquisition: speaking, listening, reading, and writing and with systematic exposure and reinforcement of academic vocabulary. Summit Connect to Literacy provides additional adaptable targeted
		skills practice lessons which can be utilized for small group, whole group, or individual tutoring. The district will support and monitor implementation of this program through sustained professional learning opportunities for teachers, observational walkthroughs, monthly monitoring of school-wide and student-specific data by the District ESOL Specialist and ESOL Resource Teachers, weekly check-ins with classroom teachers, and quarterly check-ins with school-based administrators.

What processes and procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 3 interventions?

Students who receive Tier 3 intensive interventions are considered to have a substantial reading deficiency and must be monitored closely and regularly for academic progress through both core instruction and weekly progress monitoring.

For any student who has not responded to a specific reading intervention delivered with fidelity and with the initial intensity provided (time and group size), reading intervention instruction and/or materials may be changed based on student data. Diagnostic assessments are required to identify specific needs (areas of strength and weakness). Further, schools with ELA team members and school-based interventionists meet monthly to review student data, progress, and intervention materials. Additionally, schools follow the CERP decision tree and MTSS which indicate research-based and evidence-based materials and strategies available

for intensive interventions (Tier 3).

If student data does not show progress, at a Tier or with a specific intervention, then adjustments are made (teacher:student ratio; time in intervention; intervention materials; instruction) and the parent is notified through the FOCUS student management system email communication and regular communication from the

school level.

Parental notification includes a description of the intensive, explicit, systematic, and multisensory reading interventions which will be provided to students identified with a substantial reading deficiency.

5) Professional Learning (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)3.f.—j., F.A.C.)

Describe the literacy professional learning that will be provided by the district and/or schools, aligned to the requirements below:

- Provide professional learning required by ss. 1012.585(3)(f) and 1012.98(5)(b)11., F.S., which includes
 training to help teachers integrate phonemic awareness, phonics, word study and spelling, fluency,
 vocabulary and text comprehension strategies into an explicit, systematic and sequential approach to
 reading instruction, including multisensory intervention strategies;
- Provide professional learning in B.E.S.T. ELA Standards and evidence-based reading practices and programs;
- Provide professional learning to help instructional personnel and certified PreK teachers funded in the FEFP earn a certification, a credential, an endorsement or an advanced degree in scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instruction;
- Differentiate and intensify professional learning for teachers based on progress monitoring data;
- Identify mentor teachers and establish model classrooms within the school; and
- Ensure that time is provided for teachers to meet weekly for professional learning.

Bay District Schools will continue implementation of state-adopted ELA curriculum materials aligned to BEST ELA standards in kindergarten through twelfth grades. In K-5 HMH Into Reading and in 6-12 MH StudySync, curriculum materials are based on the scientific research and evidence of reading/literacy instruction. Ongoing, differentiated training, is provided for teachers tasked with ELA instruction. Teachers at schools identified for RAISE support or otherwise needing intensified professional learning are provided differentiated opportunities by the assigned literacy coach, ELA instructional specialist, and state regional literacy director.

All training, both initial and ongoing, integrates the science of reading, components of reading instruction to include Florida's Formula of Reading Success, and multisensory intervention strategies.

Continued emphasis is being placed on Foundational Skills at the K-2 levels, including phonemic awareness, phonics, word study and spelling, and fluency. We, at the district level, have long recognized the need for highly effective teachers in the primary grades. Without a strong foundation, progress is often slowed immensely. With a renewed emphasis of highly effective K-2 teachers at the state level, there will be a prioritization of professional learning for this subgroup. One example would be the goal to have professional learning centered around the research and evidence-based strategies (an/or book study) of the book *7 Mighty Moves*, which is a book highly regarded by the Just Read Florida Office.

Ongoing professional learning centered around the "Reading-Writing" connection is also planned, K-12. Flexible offers of in-person, virtual, and on-demand professional learning for administrators will be developed on the topics that are shared with teachers. Administrators will be provided with support for following up and monitoring the effectiveness of professional learning within the school. Teachers continue professional learning and application when participating in weekly school-level professional learning sessions and Professional Learning Community meetings.

Instructional Personnel and Certified PreK Teachers

Describe how professional learning is provided to help instructional personnel and certified PreK teachers funded in the FEFP earn a certification, a credential or credentials, an endorsement or an advanced degree in scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instruction.

PreK-12th grade teachers are encouraged to earn their reading endorsement and are provided incentives such as district sponsorship for courses and payment of fees to add reading endorsements/certifications to certificates, as well as participate in continued education opportunities and professional learning in scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instruction. The UF Literacy Microcredential is heavily advertised and promoted as well.

Differentiated Professional Learning

Describe how professional learning is differentiated and intensified for teachers based on progress monitoring data.

Teachers at schools identified for RAISE support or otherwise needing intensified professional learning are provided differentiated opportunities by the assigned literacy coach, ELA instructional specialist, and state regional literacy director.

In addition, the district "EXCEL" walks at each school, as well as the monitoring of data, allows for the identification of trends and professional learning needs. Differentiated support is then provided based on the needs of the school.

The Professional Learning Team also contributes to the differentiated support needed for teachers. Staff Training Specialists on the team provide job-embedded support to newer teachers.

Mentor Teachers

Describe how mentor teachers are identified and how model classrooms are established and utilized within the school.

The district "EXCEL" walks at each school allow for the identification of exemplary teachers and model classrooms at the district level. These classrooms serve as a model for newer teachers, or teachers in need of support.

At the school level, many schools participate in peer walks and allow teachers to visit the classrooms of other successful teachers based on administrator recommendation.

Literacy coaches, highly effective in their craft, provide job embedded support and professional learning as needed, both at the individual and school levels.

The Professional Learning Team Staff Training Specialists also provide job embedded support to newer teachers.

"Mentor" teachers in K-3 are reading endorsed or certified. Mentors are aligned with their specialization and endorsement.

Professional Learning Time

Describe how time is provided for teachers to meet weekly for professional learning.

Each school has a designated time, or multiple times depending on need, for weekly PLCs. In addition, administrators often provide professional learning at their faculty meetings.

At the district level, three full day PLC days are provided throughout the year, each with time dedicated for professional learning.

6) Tutoring Programs to Accelerate Literacy Learning (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)3.b., F.A.C.)

Describe any tutoring programs available within your district and include targeted grade levels (e.g., Reading Achievement Initiative for Scholastic Excellence (RAISE) High School Tutoring). Add additional rows as needed.

In addition to funds budgeted in the CERP for tutoring programs, funds outside of CERP expenditures are annually provided to schools with the highest need in order to offer tutoring outside of school hours to students in order to accelerate literacy learning with a focus on K-3 students. Students are selected based on

FAST ELA/Math progress monitoring results, i-Ready diagnostic data, and district standards based common assessment data.

RAISE HS tutoring programs are available at each high school for qualifying 11th and 12th grade students. Students are trained using FCRR RAISE HS tutor training and provide small group reading tutoring to K-3 students enrolled in geographically appropriate RAISE identified elementary schools.

7) Family Engagement (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)3.o., F.A.C.)

In accordance with the list outlined in <u>s. 1008.25(5)(d)</u>, <u>F.S.</u>, describe the district's plan for immediately notifying parents of students identified with a substantial deficiency in reading.

Students identified with a substantial reading deficiency are provided with a digital version of FDOE provided a read-at-home plan.

https://info.fldoe.org/docushare/dsweb/Get/Document-9371/dps-2021-169a.pdf

Paper copies will be provided at request. Family engagement and communication is part of the district literacy framework and suggestions for family engagement are included in the district adopted ELA curriculum.

Describe the literacy partnerships or programs the district utilizes to increase support for families to engage in literacy activities and reading at home (e.g., New Worlds Reading Initiative).

With the New Worlds Reading initiative, students are identified throughout the year from the FDOE guidelines to participate in the New Worlds Reading program to receive books through home delivery with additional resources being developed for families from the program administrator. Information is shared with school administrators through emails and virtual meetings. Student lists, steps for registering students, and marketing materials are provided to each school to encourage and build participation in the program. Emails are sent through the FOCUS student management system notifying families with a student who may qualify for the New Worlds Reading Initiative.

The ELA content department participates in social media strategies to share no-cost literacy activities,

including those at the public library, to be shared with families. Upon request, ELA team members participate in and support school and community based reading activities and information sessions for families and stakeholders.

Schools also partner with various entities to provide students with free books and plan engaging reading activities outside of the school day to promote at-home reading and foster the love of reading.

8) Assurances (Rule 6A-6.053(9)(b)2., F.A.C.)

District CERP Assurances: Initial next to each assurance (a.—i.). The [Local Educational Agency Chief Executive Officer, or his/her authorized representative] assures the following:

Initials	Assurance
0	a. All reading instruction and professional learning is grounded in the science of reading uses instructional strategies that includes phonics instruction for decoding and encoding as the primary strategy for word reading; and does not employ the three-cueing system model of reading or visual memory as a basis for teaching word reading.
0	 All students identified with a substantial deficiency in reading are covered by an individualized progress monitoring plan that meets the requirements of <u>s. 1008,25(4)(c)</u>, <u>F.S.</u>, to address their specific reading deficiency, unless they have an IEP or 504 plan that addresses their reading deficiency, or both in accordance with <u>Rule 6A-6.053(6)(c)</u>, <u>F.A.C.</u>
0	c. All intensive reading interventions provided in Summer Reading Camps to students in grade 3 who score Level 1 on the statewide, standardized ELA assessment are delivered by instructional personnel who are certified or endorsed in reading and rated highly effective as determined by the teacher's performance evaluation under <u>s. 1012.34, F.S.</u> All other intensive reading interventions are delivered by instructional personnel who are certified or endorsed in reading, or by instructional personnel who possess the elementary or secondary literacy micro-credential and who are supervised by an individual certified or endorsed in reading.
0	d. Each school has a literacy leadership team consisting of a school administrator, literacy coach, media specialist and a lead teacher, as applicable.
Q	e. All literacy coaches in the district meet the minimum qualifications described in Rule 6A-6.053(4), F.A.C.
0	 Literacy coaches are prohibited from performing administrative functions that will detract from their role as a literacy coach and spend limited time administering or coordinating assessments.
a	g. Literacy coaches are assigned to schools with the greatest need based on student performance data in reading.
W	 Time is provided for teachers to meet weekly for professional learning, including lesson study and professional learning communities.
(W)	The CERP will be shared with stakeholders, including school administrators, literacy leadership teams, literacy coaches, classroom instructors, support staff and parents.

Representative (Printed Name): Mark McQueen
28 Jul 25

House Bill 1255 amends section 1003.4201, Florida Statutes, and adds a component of the reading instruction plan to provide a description of how the district prioritizes the assignment of highly effective teachers from kindergarten to grade 2.

9) Highly Effective Teachers

Describe how the district prioritizes the assignment of highly effective teachers, as identified in s. 1012.34(2)(e), from kindergarten to grade 2.

Staffing decisions for grades K-2 are informed by student achievement data, teacher evaluation results, and school performance trends. Understanding the need for a strong foundation, every effort is made to hire, place, and retain highly effective, reading endorsed, teachers in these grade levels, K-2. In addition, professional learning is specifically targeted to this K-2 teacher demographic to ensure that teachers are providing instruction grounded in the science of reading with a focus on the 6 areas of reading: oral language, phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, comprehension, and vocabulary, in order to build and reinforce teacher capacity. Both district level and school level administrator walkthrough data allows monitoring of instruction in K-2 classrooms in order to be sure that students in these grade levels are receiving quality instruction from highly effective teachers. Additional support is provided if instructional practices, or teacher effectiveness, are in question.