

**2019-20 Exceptional Student Education
On-Site Monitoring Report**

**Lake County School District
November 19-21, 2019**



This publication is produced through the Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services (BEES), Division of K-12 Public Schools, Florida Department of Education (FDOE), and is available online at <http://www.fldoe.org/ese/mon-home.asp>. For information on available resources, contact the BEES Resource and Information Center (BRIC).

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**Florida Department of Education
Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services
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Authority

The Florida Department of Education (FDOE), Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services (BEESS), in carrying out its roles of leadership, resource allocation, technical assistance, monitoring and evaluation, is required to oversee the performance of district school boards in the enforcement of all exceptional student education (ESE) laws (sections 1003.01(3), 1003.571 and 1008.32, Florida Statutes [F.S.]) and rules. One purpose of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) is to assess and ensure the effectiveness of efforts to educate children with disabilities (s. 300.1(d) of Title 34, Code of Federal Regulations [CFR]). BEESS is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of IDEA and the educational requirements of the state are implemented (34 CFR §300.149(a)(1) and (2)).

In fulfilling this requirement, BEESS monitors ESE programs provided by district school boards in accordance with ss. 1001.42, 1003.57 and 1003.573, F.S. Through these monitoring activities, BEESS examines records and ESE services, evaluates procedures, provides information and assistance to school districts and otherwise assists school districts in operating effectively and efficiently. The monitoring system is designed to facilitate improved educational outcomes for students while ensuring compliance with applicable federal laws and regulations and state statutes and rules.

Under 34 CFR §300.646(d), if a state identifies significant disproportionality based on race or ethnicity in a local educational agency (LEA) with respect to the identification of children as children with disabilities, the identification of children in specific disability categories, the placement of children with disabilities in particular educational settings or the taking of disciplinary actions, the LEA must provide comprehensive coordinated early intervening services (CCEIS) to address factors contributing to the significant disproportionality.

Section 1003.573, F.S., Use of restraint and seclusion on students with disabilities (SWD), establishes documentation, reporting and monitoring requirements for districts regarding the use of restraint and seclusion on SWD. It also requires districts to have policies and procedures in place that govern parent notification, incident reporting, data collection and monitoring the use of restraint or seclusion for SWD. As required, the FDOE has established district- and school-based standards for documenting, reporting and monitoring the use of restraint and seclusion. These standards are included in each district's Exceptional Student Education Policies and Procedures (SP&P) document.

The Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) was signed into law in December 2015, amending the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 and replacing No Child Left Behind provisions. States were required to submit a state plan describing their approach to ESSA compliance. Drafted with public input and submitted to the Governor for review, as required by ESSA, the Florida state plan for ESSA was approved by the U.S. Department of Education on September 26, 2018. The state's ESSA plan preserves the focus on increased student achievement and includes details on the added federal calculation to satisfy ESSA requirements, which includes accountability provisions for the inclusion of English Language Learner (ELL) proficiency as a separate accountability indicator; additional focus on the reporting of subgroups' performances; additional federal school improvement designations and support; and a revamped public report card of state, district and school data. The new Federal Percent of Points Index (Federal Index) is calculated overall and by subgroup to include all school grade components in conjunction with English Language Proficiency (ELP) progress.

The Federal Index is calculated for 10 subgroup categories, which include the seven major racial and ethnic groups, SWD, ELLs, and economically disadvantaged students for academic achievement and student growth in schools.

Schools were identified under ESSA for support based on their Federal Index score. The threshold of support is a score below 41 percent on their overall Federal Index or by subgroup. Annually, any school below 41 percent in the Federal Index for any subgroup is identified for Targeted Support and Improvement; annually, any school below 41 percent in the overall (school grade components and ELP progress) Federal Index will be designated as in need of Comprehensive Support and Improvement. Schools will be responsible for developing a School Improvement Plan for their identified ESSA subgroups. BEESS will support districts with schools with a grade of A, B, and C and all ESE center schools with a Federal Index below 41 percent with SWD. In addition, BEESS will provide support to alternative schools and Department of Juvenile Justice programs with a Federal Index below 41 percent.

In addition, ESSA limits the percentage of students that a State may assess with an alternate assessment based on alternate academic achievement standards (AA-AAAS) to no more than 1.0 percent of all assessed students in the grades assessed in a State for each subject. While there is a limit on the percentage of students statewide who may take the AA-AAAS, there is no such limit among LEAs. However, 34 CFR §§200.6(c)(3)(ii) and (iv) require that an LEA submit information justifying the need to assess more than 1.0 percent of its students in any subject with an AA-AAAS. The State must make that information publicly available, provided that such information does not reveal personally identifiable information about an individual student. The required justification information will be collected in Florida via the annual SP&P and the focus of Florida's training and technical assistance will continue to be on ensuring that individual educational plan (IEP) teams make appropriate, individualized and data-based decisions for each student.

ESE On-Site Monitoring Process

Background Information

The 2019-20 ESE On-Site Monitoring process focuses on those State Performance Plan indicators that contributed to the targeting of school districts for CCEIS and the following indicators that affect equity and access in the educational environment for SWD:

- Indicator 1 – Graduation: Percentage of youth with IEPs graduating from high school with a regular diploma.
- Indicator 2 – Dropout: Percentage of youth with IEPs dropping out of high school.
- Indicator 4 – Rates of suspension and expulsion:
 - A. Percentage of districts that have a significant discrepancy in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of more than 10 days in a school year for children with IEPs.
 - B. Percentage of districts that have (a) a significant discrepancy, by race or ethnicity, in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of more than 10 days for children with IEPs; and (b) policies, procedures or practices that contribute to the significant discrepancy and do not comply with requirements relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, the use of positive behavioral interventions and support, and procedural safeguards.
- Indicator 5 – Educational environments:
 - Percentage of children with IEPs aged 6 through 21:
 - A. In the regular class 80 percent or more of the day;

- B. In the regular class less than 40 percent of the day; and
- C. In separate schools, residential facilities or homebound or hospital placements.
- Indicator 10 – Disproportionality, specific disability categories: Percentage of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in specific disability categories that is the result of inappropriate identification.
- CCEIS – Significant disproportionality in overrepresentation of a particular racial group within special education programs for identification of children in specific disability categories, the placement of children with disabilities in particular educational settings or the taking of disciplinary actions.
- Restraint – Rate of incidents of restraint, as reported in the FDOE database.
- Seclusion – Rate of incidents of seclusion, as reported in the FDOE database.
- ESSA – Accountability and one percent cap for participation in the Florida Standards Alternate Assessment.

The ESE On-Site Monitoring process includes four phases:

- Phase 1 is composed of planning activities that occur in advance of the initial on-site visit to the school district.
- Phase 2 is the initial on-site visit to the selected school district by the state support team (SST). The SST consists of BEESS staff, peer monitors from other districts and discretionary project staff. The SST assists with facilitating focus groups at each school site that may consist of administrators, teachers, students and parents.
- Phase 3 is follow-up activities, which are conducted by a designated follow-up team, as determined by the SST, and identification of the ongoing data that will be collected.
- Phase 4 is evaluation of the effectiveness of how the district is addressing each of the focus areas and should include participation of the action-planning and problem-solving process team.

On July 31, 2019, the superintendent of the Lake County School District was notified that BEESS would be conducting an on-site monitoring visit. After a review of the district's data, the following focus areas were identified as being in need of support: dropout rate, least restrictive environment (LRE), prekindergarten (PreK) proficiency in communication, timeframe between evaluation and identification (Child Find), English language arts (ELA) scores for third grade SWD and math scores for middle-grades SWD.

School Selection

Upon review of the school district's data, it was determined that the on-site monitoring process would involve all of the following schools for school administrator, teacher and school support focus groups, and some schools for paraprofessional, parent and student focus groups:

- Eustis Heights Elementary School
- Eustis Middle School
- Lake Minneola High School
- Leesburg High School
- Lake Hills School
- Rimes Early Learning and Literacy Center

2019-20 ESE On-Site Monitoring Focus Areas

The following data are related to the focus areas and activities for the 2019-20 ESE On-Site Monitoring for the Lake County School District.

Dropout Rate

The federal dropout rate for SWD is calculated by taking the number of students who exited special education as a result of dropping out, divided by the number of students who graduated with a regular high school diploma, a special diploma, a certificate of completion, or a special certificate of completion, and who dropped out or died. The district’s federal dropout rate for SWD increased from 11.9 percent during the 2016-17 school year to 12.9 percent during the 2017-18 school year. The 2018-19 dropout rate increased to 13.4 percent, which is above the state target of 9.5 percent. The district did not meet the state target for any of the three years.

	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Lake	11.9%	12.9%	13.4%
State Target	11.7%	10.0%	9.5%

Educational Environment (Least Restrictive Environment)

To the maximum extent appropriate, SWD are to be educated with students without disabilities. These LRE data are calculated by dividing the number of SWD aged 6 through 21 served in the regular class for 80 percent or more of the day, by the total number of SWD aged 6 through 21 reported in October (survey 2). These data do not include parentally placed private school students or students served in Florida county jails, Florida Department of Juvenile Justice facilities or Florida Department of Corrections facilities. The district’s percentage of SWD being served in the regular class decreased from 75.6 percent during the 2017-18 school year to 74.6 percent during the 2018-19 school year. The 2019-20 LRE rate increased to 74.7 percent, which is below the state target of 85 percent. The district did not meet the state target for any of the three years.

	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Lake	75.6%	74.6%	74.7%
State Target	83.0%	85.0%	85.0%

Prekindergarten Proficiency in Communication

Early literacy and communication are the building blocks for the development of effective reading skills. The percentage of PreK SWD functioning within age expectations in the communication domain increased from 57.5 percent during the 2016-17 school year to 58.4 percent during the 2017-18 school year. The 2018-19 percentage increased to 59 percent, which is below the state target of 78.9 percent. The district did not meet the state target for any of the three years.

	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Lake	57.5%	58.4%	59.0%
State Target	73.4%	75.9%	78.9%

Timeframe Between Evaluation and Identification (Child Find)

The percentage of children who were evaluated within 60 days of the district receiving parental consent for an initial evaluation was below the state target of 100 percent in the 2016-17, 2017-18 and 2018-19 school years. The percentage of evaluations completed within 60 days decreased from 96.6 percent during the 2016-17 school year to 94.9 percent during the 2017-18 school year. The 2018-19 percentage increased to 96.4 percent, which is below the state target of 100 percent. The district did not meet the state target for any of the three years.

	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Lake	96.6%	94.9%	96.4%
State Target	100%	100%	100%

English Language Arts Scores for Third Grade Students with Disabilities

After reviewing state assessment data trends for the Florida Standards Assessment (FSA), BEESS identified SWD in third grade ELA as an area in critical need of support. BEESS established a tiered criteria in order to provide needed supports for grades K-3 ELA in each district in order to increase the number of SWD scoring level three and above and close the gap between students with and without disabilities. Three-year historical data for ELA scores for students in third grade (from the 2016-17 to 2018-19 school years) showed that the achievement gap between SWD and students without disabilities had increased by 1.4 percent. In addition, the rate for SWD scoring at level three and above had decreased by 3.7 percent from the 2016-17 to the 2018-19 school year.

FSA Scores of Level Three and Above in Third Grade ELA	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Lake			
Students without Disabilities	68.0%	66.0%	65.7%
SWD	32.5%	31.2%	28.8%
Achievement Gap between Students with and without Disabilities	35.5 percentage points	34.8 percentage points	36.9 percentage points

Math Scores for Middle-Grades Students with Disabilities

After reviewing state assessment data trends for the FSA, BEESS identified SWD in middle-grades math as an area in critical need of support. BEESS established a tiered criteria in order to provide needed supports for middle-grades math in each district (grades 6-8) in order to increase the number of SWD scoring level three and above and close the gap between students with and without disabilities. Three-year historical data for middle-grades math scores (from the 2016-17 to 2018-19 school years) showed that the achievement gap between SWD and students without disabilities had decreased by 2.9 percent. In addition, the rate for SWD scoring at level three and above had increased by 7.1 percent from the 2016-17 to the 2018-19 school year.

FSA and End-of-Course Scores of Level Three and Above in Middle-Grades Math	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Lake			
Students without Disabilities	60.0%	61.4%	64.1%
SWD	15.4%	19.0%	22.5%
Achievement Gap between Students with and without Disabilities	44.5 percentage points	42.4 percentage points	41.6 percentage points

Interviews Conducted

Administrator Focus Groups

Members of the SST conducted focus groups with administrators from Eustis Heights Elementary School, Eustis Middle School, Lake Minneola High School, Leesburg High School, Lake Hills School and Rimes Early Learning and Literacy Center, regarding dropout rate, LRE, PreK proficiency in communication, timeframe between evaluation and identification (Child Find), ELA scores for third grade SWD and math scores for middle-grades SWD.

Themes that emerged from these focus groups included the following:

- Some administrators reported that students who were previously educated in a separate class and are now included in general education classes with their non-disabled peers are being academically and socially successful.
- Administrators indicated that previous training on universal design for learning (UDL) and strategies has helped teachers plan for their students; however, they feel more training is needed as a follow-up.
- Some administrators indicated a need to strengthen the preparation for students transitioning from elementary to middle school and middle to high school.
- Administrators reported difficulty with hiring quality teachers and retaining them.
- Most administrators feel that student absenteeism is a barrier and more mentors are needed to help students maintain academics for on-time graduation.
- Some administrators shared that more on-the-job-training is needed to assist students in meeting their postsecondary goals at the high schools.

Teacher Focus Groups

Members of the SST conducted focus groups with teachers from Eustis Heights Elementary School, Eustis Middle School, Lake Minneola High School, Leesburg High School, Lake Hills School and Rimes Early Learning and Literacy Center, regarding dropout rate, LRE, PreK proficiency in communication, timeframe between evaluation and identification (Child Find), ELA scores for third grade SWD and math scores for middle-grades SWD.

Themes that emerged from these focus groups included the following:

- Elementary and middle school teachers reported that UDL training was beneficial for improving instruction for SWD in the the general education environment; however, follow-up training is needed at the high schools.
- Elementary and middle schools teachers indicated that common planning time for general education and ESE teachers is having a positive impact on student academic success. However, additional common planning time is needed at the high schools.
- Some teachers were not aware that students with significant cognitive disabilities enrolled in access courses can be supported in general education classes.
- Teachers feel that students who do not attend their home zone schools contribute to absenteeism and students being more likely to dropout.
- Most teachers indicated that professional development (PD) is needed for early warning systems.
- Teachers shared that more mentors are needed to support students at risk.
- Some teachers reported that support facilitators are being pulled from their regular schedule to serve as substitute teachers.

Parent Focus Group

Members of the SST conducted a focus group with parents of SWD aged 14 years or older who were invited by the district.

Themes that emerged from the focus group included the following:

- Most parents indicated that they had good relationships with teachers and administrators at their schools.
- Most parents expressed a need for more information on postsecondary resources and some expressed the need for clarification on college entrance exams.
- Most parents feel they have input in their child's IEP and that services are provided.
- Some parents reported that support facilitators' time in the classroom should be protected as they are pulled away for other duties.
- Most parents feel their children have positive peer supports, but would like to see the course, "Peers as Partners in Learning" offered at more secondary schools.

Student Focus Groups

Members of the SST conducted focus groups with students from Eustis Middle School and Lake Minneola High School and Leesburg High School. Students were asked to share their perspectives on topics such as graduation, dropout and postsecondary activities.

Comments from these focus groups included the following:

- High school students indicated that they all participate in their IEP team meetings and provide input for their postsecondary goals.
- All students reported having at least one trusted adult they can go to if they need support at school.
- High school students feel there are consistent behavioral expectations in their classes; however, at the middle school, students feel expectations can vary from class to class.
- Most students questioned the effectiveness of the in-school-suspension program “PASS” and feel other alternatives such as communicating with parents and using positive reinforcements would be more effective.
- Some students indicated that lack of transportation hinders their ability to access after-school tutoring and extracurricular activities.

School Support Team Focus Groups

Members of the SST conducted focus groups with school support team staff who support SWD from Eustis Heights Elementary School, Eustis Middle School, Leesburg High School, Lake Hills School and Rimes Early Learning and Literacy Center.

Themes that emerged from the focus group included the following:

- School support staff indicated that mental health staff are helping students and staff with socioeconomic stress.
- School support staff reported that absenteeism and teacher turnover affects the consistency of supports needed for students who struggle with academic success.
- Paraprofessionals indicated that additional training is needed to support students with intense behaviors.
- Paraprofessionals expressed a need for access to students’ IEP information, in order to better serve students and their needs.

Commendations

1. The district’s standard diploma rate for SWD increased from 83.9 percent during the 2017-18 school year to 85.1 percent during the 2018-19 school year.
2. The district’s ESE center school, Lake Hills School, increased their ELA learning gains for SWD from 20 percent during 2017-18 to 45 percent during 2018-19 while increasing their math learning gains from 41 percent during 2017-18 to 57 percent in 2018-19.

2019-20 Next Steps

Dropout Rate	
Summary	The district’s federal dropout rate for SWD increased from 11.9 percent during the 2016-17 school year to 12.9 percent during the 2017-18 school year. The 2018-19 dropout rate increased to 13.4 percent, which is above the state target of 9.5 percent. The district did not meet the state target for any of the three years.

<p>Recommendations</p>	<p>The district should consider the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • More on-the-job training for high school students to help meet their post-secondary goals. • A consistent early warning system and recruit additional mentors to work with at-risk students.
<p>Required Actions</p>	<p>The district must complete the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establish goals for decreasing the dropout rate of SWD. • Review data for students coded as a dropout to determine if they are coded accurately. A definition of the dropout codes (DNE, W05, W13, W15, W18, W21, W22 and W23) can be found in the PK-12 Database Manuals, Appendix A, which can be accessed at http://www.fldoe.org/accountability/data-sys/database-manuals-updates/. • Review and determine additional strategies to implement to decrease the dropout rate. • Collaborate with Project 10 staff to provide training to district and school staff on the use of data to identify students at risk of dropping out. <p>The district must provide a detailed narrative that describes each of the above-mentioned actions and verification for each activity or training, which should include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detailed narrative of each activity or training. • Dates for each activity or training. • Copies of any content shared or presented. • Names and titles of the presenters. • Names, titles and signatures of the staff who participated in the trainings. • Number of staff who participated in the trainings from schools designated as Targeted Support & Improvement and Comprehensive Support & Improvement schools under ESSA. <p>By November 5, 2020, the district must provide documentation for each of the above-mentioned actions to the district’s BEESS liaison via BEESSMonitoring@fldoe.org.</p>
<p>Least Restrictive Environment</p>	
<p>Summary</p>	<p>The district’s percentage of SWD being served in the regular class decreased from 75.6 percent during the 2017-18 school year to 74.6 percent during the 2018-19 school year. The 2019-20 LRE rate increased to 74.7 percent, which is below the state target of 85 percent. The district did not meet the state target for any of the three years.</p>
<p>Recommendations</p>	<p>The district should consider the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue to collaborate with project staff from the Florida Diagnostic and Learning Resource System (FDLRS) and the Florida Inclusion Network (FIN) for PD to support inclusive scheduling and implementation. • Continue collaborative planning time between ESE and general educators at the elementary and middle school level and increase the collaboration between ESE and general education teachers at

	<p>the high school level.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that support facilitators' time is protected from being pulled for substitute and other duties during their scheduled support facilitation time. • Outline the articulation process for the transition of students from elementary to middle and from middle to high school, including a variety of supports available to students in general education settings. • Review FDOE's Technical Assistance Paper, DPS: 2016-13, "Least Restrictive Environment Considerations Related to Individual Educational Plans," which can be accessed at https://info.fldoe.org/docushare/dsweb/Get/Document-7540/dps-201613.pdf.
<p>Required Actions</p>	<p>The district's Plan for Inclusive Education dated September 13, 2019, includes the following short- and long-term improvement efforts to increase the district's rate of inclusion:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collaborate with FDLRS project staff to provide coaching and follow-up support to teachers and district staff who have submitted student outcome data for UDL and collaborative teaching. • Collaborate with FIN project staff to provide a UDL planning session with participants that submitted student outcome data. • Collaborate with FIN project staff to provide coaching and support to teachers and district staff to build capacity for access points in the general education setting. <p>The district must provide a detailed narrative that describes each of the above-mentioned actions and verification for each activity or training, which should include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detailed narrative of each activity or training. • Dates for each activity or training. • Copies of any content shared or presented. • Names and titles of the presenters. • Names, titles and signatures of the staff who participated in the trainings. • Number of staff who participated in the trainings from schools designated as Targeted Support & Improvement and Comprehensive Support & Improvement schools under ESSA. <p>The documentation must be provided to the district's BEESS liaison via BEESSMonitoring@fldoe.org by November 5, 2020.</p>
<p>PreK Proficiency In Communication</p>	
<p>Summary</p>	<p>The percentage of PreK SWD functioning within age expectations in the communication domain increased from 57.5 percent during the 2016-17 school year to 58.4 percent during the 2017-18 school year. The 2018-19 percentage increased to 59 percent, which is below the state target of 78.9 percent. The district did not meet the state target for any of the three years.</p>

<p>Recommendations</p>	<p>The district should consider the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review the current available curriculum in PreK ESE classes. • Ensure the curriculum includes rich language and early literacy skill development for all skill levels. • Utilize a progress monitoring system to drive instruction and identify whether targets are being met.
<p>Required Actions</p>	<p>The district's Plan for Inclusive Education dated September 13, 2019, included short- and long term improvement efforts to increase the number of blended PreK programs to increase inclusionary opportunities for SWD. In order to meet this goal, the district must complete the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collaborate with Technical Assistance and Training Program (TATs) project staff to provide training to PreK staff to improve age expectations in the communication domain for children three through five years old in the district programs. <p>The district must provide documentation of the verification of the training for PreK teachers of students who are not functioning within age expectations in the communication domain. The documentation must include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detailed narrative of the trainings. • Dates of the trainings. • Copies of any content presented. • Names and titles of the presenters. • Names, titles and signatures of the teachers who participated in the trainings. • Number of teachers who participated in the trainings from schools designated as Targeted Support & Improvement and Comprehensive Support & Improvement schools under ESSA. <p>This documentation must be provided to the district's BEESS liaison via BEESSMonitoring@fldoe.org by November 5, 2020.</p>
<p>Timeframe Between Evaluation and Identification (Child Find)</p>	
<p>Summary</p>	<p>The percentage of evaluations completed within 60 days decreased from 96.6 percent during the 2016-17 school year to 94.9 percent during the 2017-18 school year. The 2018-19 percentage increased to 96.4 percent, which is below the state target of 100 percent. The district did not meet the state target for any of the three years.</p>
<p>Recommendations</p>	<p>The district should review FDOE's Technical Assistance Paper, DPS: 2015-152, "Evaluation, Determination of Eligibility, Reevaluation and the Provision of Exceptional Student Education Services," which can be accessed at https://info.fldoe.org/docushare/dsweb/Get/Document-7505/dps-2015-152.pdf, to ensure an understanding of the 60-day requirement for completing an evaluation.</p>
<p>Required Actions</p>	<p>The district must problem solve to identify the root causes for initial evaluations not being completed within 60 days, identify action steps to address the identified root causes and develop written procedures to ensure that students are evaluated within 60 days.</p> <p>The district must provide a detailed narrative describing the above-</p>

	mentioned actions and a copy of their written procedures to the district's BEESS liaison via BEESSMonitoring@fldoe.org by November 5, 2020 .
ELA Scores for Third Grade Students with Disabilities	
Summary	Three-year historical data for ELA scores for students in third grade (from the 2016-17 to 2018-19 school years) showed that the achievement gap between SWD and students without disabilities had increased by 1.4 percent. In addition, the rate for SWD scoring at level three and above had decreased by 3.7 percent from the 2016-17 to the 2018-19 school year.
Recommendations	The district should consider the following activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collaboration with project staff from the Problem Solving and Response to Intervention Project (PS/RtI), to follow up on the established district strategic plan for third grade ELA and for guidance on the implementation of a multi-tiered system of supports (MTSS) to provide targeted support aligned with identified student needs. • The district should utilize the variety of online courses available on the BEESS Portal for PD Alternatives, which can be accessed at https://fl-pda.org, to build the capacity of educators to respond to the needs of SWD (e.g., MTSS, UDL and integrating standards aligned instruction across tiers).
Required Actions	The district's Plan for Inclusive Education dated September 13, 2019, includes the following short- and long-term improvement efforts to increase reading scores: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FIN project staff and district ESE program specialists will facilitate the inclusive scheduling process with schools identified by the district. A report on the six schools identified for training during the 2018-19 school year and the eight schools identified for training during the 2019-20 school year must be completed. • FIN and FDLRS project staff will provide professional learning opportunities regarding the following Strategic Inclusion Model learning strategies for the ten secondary schools identified by the district. <p>The district must provide a detailed narrative that describes each of the above-mentioned actions and verification for each activity or training, which should include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dates for each activity or training. • Copies of any content shared or presented. • Names and titles of the presenters. • Names, titles and signatures of the staff who participated in the trainings. • Number of staff who participated in the trainings from schools designated as Targeted Support & Improvement and Comprehensive Support & Improvement schools under ESSA. <p>This documentation must be provided to the district's BEESS liaison via BEESSMonitoring@fldoe.org by November 5, 2020.</p>

Math Scores for Middle-Grades Students with Disabilities	
Summary	Three-year historical data for middle-grades math scores (from the 2016-17 to 2018-19 school years) showed that the achievement gap between SWD and students without disabilities had decreased by 2.9 percent. In addition, the rate for SWD scoring at level three and above had increased by 7.1 percent from the 2016-17 to the 2018-19 school year.
Recommendations	<p>The district should consider the following activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue to work with the BEESS Best Practices for Standards-Based Instructional Support in Math team to increase achievement in math of SWD in grades six through eight. • Review middle grades math assessment data with the BEESS Math Team to identify trends and possible barriers and collaborating with the BEESS Math Team and discretionary projects to implement best practices in middle grades math instruction.
Required Actions	<p>The district's Plan for Inclusive Education dated September 13, 2019, includes the following short- and long-term improvement efforts to increase math scores:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FIN project staff and district ESE program specialists will provide PD to teachers and school leaders in UDL, collaborative teaching and planning during the 2020-21 school year. <p>The district must provide documentation of the completion of the above-mentioned action and verification of the trainings provided that includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detailed narrative of the trainings. • Dates of the trainings. • Copies of any content presented. • Names and titles of the presenters. • Names, titles and signatures of the staff who participated in the trainings. • Number of staff who participated in the trainings from schools designated as Targeted Support & Improvement and Comprehensive Support & Improvement schools under ESSA. <p>This documentation must be provided to the district's BEESS liaison via BEESSMonitoring@fldoe.org by November 5, 2020.</p>
Follow up to the ESE Monitoring Visit	
Summary	<p>The Lake County School District was selected for an on-site visit for the following focus areas related to students with disabilities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dropout rate • LRE • PreK proficiency in communication • Timeframe between evaluation and identification (Child Find) • ELA scores for third grade SWD • Math scores for middle-grades SWD

Required Actions	By November 12, 2020 , designated BEESS staff and members of the district problem-solving team will reconvene via a conference call to share how the district is addressing each of the above-mentioned focus areas and determine next steps. By October 12, 2020 , the district will coordinate with BEESS via BEESSmonitoring@fldoe.org to schedule the date and time for the conference call.
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Technical Assistance

1. **Implementing a Multi-Tiered System of Support (MTSS) for Behavior: Recommended Practices for School and District Leaders** (Florida Positive Behavioral Interventions and Support Project: MTSS [FLPBIS:MTSS]) may be accessed at https://www.pbis.org/common/cms/files/pbisresources/RTIB_Guide_101811_final.pdf. FLPBIS:MTSS provides an overview of the critical components of an MTSS for behavior. These critical components describe systems changes that are necessary for a results-driven ESE system.
2. The district's **Exceptional Student Education Policies and Procedures** document provides district- and school-based standards for documenting, reporting and monitoring the use of manual, physical, or mechanical restraint and seclusion developed by the FDOE. The school district's document for the 2015-16 through 2017-18 school years may be accessed at <http://beess.fcim.org/sppDistrictDocSearch.aspx>.
3. The FDOE's technical assistance paper DPS: 2016-13, entitled, "**Least Restrictive Environment Considerations Related to Individual Educational Plans,**" dated January 15, 2016, may be accessed at <https://info.fldoe.org/docushare/dsweb/Get/Document-7540/dps-201613.pdf>. This document provides guidance on the provision of services for SWD in the LRE.
4. The United States Department of Education, in collaboration with the United States Department of Justice, released **School Discipline Guidance** in January 2014, Volume 4, Issue 1, of the **Office of Special Education Programs Monthly Update**. This package will assist states, districts and schools in developing practices and strategies to enhance school climate, and ensure those policies and practices comply with federal law. The following resource documents are included in the package, and are available at <http://www.ed.gov/school-discipline>:
 - **Dear Colleague** guidance letter on civil rights and discipline;
 - **Guiding Principles** document, which draws from emerging research and best practices;
 - **Directory of Federal School Climate and Discipline Resources**, which indexes federal technical assistance and other resources; and
 - **Compendium of School Discipline Laws and Regulations**, which catalogs state laws and regulations related to school discipline.
5. The **Project 10: Transition Education Network** may be accessed at <http://project10.info>. Project 10 assists Florida school districts and relevant stakeholders in building capacity to provide secondary transition services to SWD in order to improve their academic success and postsecondary outcomes. Project 10 serves as the primary conduit between BEESS and school-district personnel in addressing law and policy, effective practices, and research-based interventions in the area of transition services for youth with disabilities. The project also supports transition initiatives developed through the BEESS Strategic Plan. Examples of assistance provided related to graduation rates include using school-level data for graduation success, technical assistance to improve data collection, analysis and data-driven decision making, in order to develop a color-coded student graduation tracking system that can be coordinated with existing initiatives or systems. Regarding dropout, Project 10 supports dropout prevention strategies for students with disabilities, school-based enterprise, service learning and early warning system.

6. The **Florida Diagnostic and Learning Resource System (FDLRS) Associate Centers Support** may be accessed at <http://www.fdlrs.org>. The 19 FDLRS associate centers provide an array of instructional and technical support services to school districts statewide. The four central functions of each FDLRS center are Child Find, parent services, human resource development, and professional learning and technology. The centers collaborate with districts, agency and support personnel, communities, families, and educational personnel providing support services for educators, school administrators, parents, and students with disabilities. Examples of professional development related to graduation rates include Florida standards and access points, differentiated instruction, access to the general curriculum, Strategic Instruction Model™, behavior and discipline, Standing up for Me, self-advocacy, responsive classroom, and district-specific supports. Professional development related to dropout include differentiated instruction, accommodations, Conversation, Help, Activity, Movement, Participation, and Success (known as CHAMPS), Tough Kids, discipline in the secondary classroom, support for parent involvement, Professional Development Alternatives for Positive Behavior Support module, universal design for learning, small-group planning and problem solving, disability awareness, and district-specific supports.
7. The **Florida Inclusion Network (FIN)** may be accessed at <http://www.floridainclusionnetwork.com/>. FIN collaborates with all districts and schools to provide customized services and supports to ensure that SWD have the same educational, social and future opportunities as their peers. In partnership with districts and schools, FIN facilitates implementation of best practices for inclusive education through data-driven, student-focused problem solving across districts and schools. In addition, FIN facilitates implementation of professional development and provides technical assistance and resources to district and school personnel in order to increase knowledge and skills to build and sustain capacity.
8. The **Problem Solving and Response to Intervention Project (PS/Rtl) Technology** may be accessed at <http://www.floridarti.usf.edu/index.html>. One function of this project is to provide support to regional technology coordinators and technology specialists to effectively implement accessible instructional materials, assistive technologies, learning technologies and universal design for learning principles within all tiers of instruction. This project also manages, coordinates and supports the regional assistive technology loan libraries.
9. The **Multiagency Network for Students with Emotional/Behavioral Disabilities (SEDNET)** may be accessed at <http://www.sednetfl.info/>. The 19 regional SEDNET centers assist Florida school districts and relevant stakeholders in building capacity to provide the necessary mental health and academic supports to students with or at risk of emotional and behavioral disabilities to prepare students to achieve academic success; graduate high school; and become college, career and life ready.
10. The **PS/Rtl – Technology and Learning Connections (TLC)** may be accessed at <http://www.tlc-mtss.com>. TLC provides guidelines and resources to support the implementation of universal design for learning. A quarterly newsletter that focuses on technology integration to support the local development of highly effective classrooms for all students may also be accessed. TLC's winter 2016-17 newsletter focused on math instruction, resources and tools to eliminate barriers and increase achievement for all students and can be viewed at <http://conta.cc/2kjsuGt>. To sign up to receive this quarterly newsletter, go to <http://bit.ly/1TLoHLQ>. Additional resources are available at <https://www.tlc-mtss.com/resources>.

11. The **Center for Autism and Related Disabilities** may be accessed at <http://florida-card.org>. The seven regional autism centers provide nonresidential resource and training services for persons of all ages and of all levels of intellectual functioning who have autism, a pervasive developmental disorder, an autistic-like disability, a dual sensory impairment, or a sensory impairment with other disabling conditions. Each center provides services within its geographical region of the state and service delivery is consistent for all centers and each center coordinates services within and between state and local agencies and school districts.
12. The **Technical Assistance and Training System (TATS)** may be accessed at <https://tats.ucf.edu/>. TATS is a statewide system of technical assistance and training that promotes high-quality programs, which lead to and support positive outcomes for prekindergarten children with disabilities and their families.
13. The **State Personnel Development Grant (SPDG)** project builds capacity to increase school completion rates of students with disabilities, through the provision of professional development to support and scale-up existing research-based practices, develop capacity for use of evidence-based dropout prevention strategies, and enlist parental support of these research based practices. These practices include Check & Connect (C&C) and the Strategic Instruction Model™ (SIM). C&C is a Tier 2 and Tier 3 intervention used with secondary school students who show warning signs of disengagement with school and who are at risk of dropping out. At the core of C&C is a trusting relationship between the student and a trained mentor who both advocates and challenges the student to keep education salient. SIM is a literacy program centered on promoting effective teaching and learning of critical content in schools. Focusing on the Learning Strategies Curriculum and Content Enhancement Routines, SIM strives to help teachers make decisions about what is of greatest importance, what can be taught to help students become more effective learners, and how to teach so that all students, including students with disabilities, increase their proficiency in the Florida standards. SPDG does not have a website; however, if you have questions, contact Margaret Sullivan, director of SPDG, at msullivan@fgcu.edu.
14. The **FLPBIS:MTSS** may be accessed at <http://flpbs.fmhi.usf.edu>. Significant behavior problems contribute to unsafe school environments and to reductions in student performance; therefore, FLPBIS:MTSS is committed to building the capacity of school districts so that they may better assist schools to develop effective discipline, social skills teaching and behavior support strategies for all students.
15. The **Institute for Small and Rural Districts (ISRD)** may be accessed at <http://isrd.nefec.org/>. ISRD provides a forum for school district staff to keep abreast of a wide array of topics impacting the delivery of services to SWD and their families, such as curriculum and instructional practices; educational policies, procedures and practices; behavior support; and transition. ISRD's primary purpose is to provide staff development, training and technical support to a network of 35 small and rural school districts, lab schools, the Florida Virtual School and the Department of Corrections. Overall, ISRD's goal is to ensure that service to SWD and their families is enhanced and that positive outcomes for SWD is achieved through increased student performance.

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