

LOCATE ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES

EVERYDAY ACTIVITIES TO SUPPORT LEARNING:

- ✓ Listen to your child read and reread a text at their reading level to build their fluency.
- ✓ Read aloud with your child for 20 minutes each day.
- ✓ Be a reading role model. If your child sees you reading he/she will see the importance of reading.
- ✓ Be frequent visitors to your local public library. Let him or her see you choosing, checking out, and enjoying books. Encourage your child to choose and check out books.
- ✓ Have your child research information about a topic. Encourage them to find books based on topics that they are interested in and that they would like to become an expert on. Talk about what is happening in the text. Have them write about what they learned.
- ✓ Have your child engage in real-world writing. Write a letter to a family member, write a short story or have them keep a daily journal.
- ✓ Encourage your child to give detailed responses during conversations. Ask your child questions about what he/she sees and experiences. Be sure your questions call for sentence answers (more than yes/no answers).

FIFTH GRADE SUGGESTED BOOK LIST



I, Too by Langston Hughes
Call Me Maria by Judith Ortiz Cofer
From the Mixed-Up Files of Mrs. Basil E. Frankweiler by E. L. Konigsburg
Shh! We're Writing the Constitution by Jean Fritz
If by Rudyard Kipling
Chasing Vermeer by Blue Balliett
Hidden Figures by Margot Shetterly (Young Reader Edition)
The Trail of Tears by Joseph Bruchac
Paul Revere's Ride by Henry Wadsworth Longfellow
City of Ember by Jeanne DuPrau
Hurricanes: Earth's Mightiest Storms by Patricia Lauber
The Watsons Go to Birmingham by Christopher Paul Curtis
The Road Not Taken by Robert Frost
Farewell to Manzanar by Jeanne Wakatsuki and James D. Houston
I am Malala by Malala Yousafzai
They Called Her Molly Pitcher by Anne Rockwell
Abuelita's Heart by Amy Cordova
Five Children and It by E. Nesbit
Island of the Blue Dolphins by Scott O'Dell
Thurgood Marshall and the Supreme Court by Deborah Kent
Anne of Green Gables by L.M. Montgomery
Call it Courage by Armstrong Sperry
My Librarian is a Camel: How Books Are Brought to Children Around the World by Margriet Ruurs
Volcano: Eruption and Healing of Mount St. Helens by Patricia Lauber
Written in Bone: Buried Lives of Jamestown and Colonial Maryland by Sally Walker
We the People: The Constitution of the United State of America by Peter Spier

SUPPLEMENTAL READING OPTIONS

Black Beauty
by Anna Sewell

Heidi
by Johanna Spyri

The Secret Garden
by Frances Hodgson Burnett

The Velveteen Rabbit
by Margery Williams Bianco

The Black Stallion
by Walter Farley

The Wind in the Willows
by Kenneth Grahame

The Legend of Sleepy Hollow
by Washington Irving

Anne of Green Gables
by Lucy Maud Montgomery

Treasure Island
by Robert Louis Stevenson

Ralph S. Mouse
by Beverly Cleary

Mary Poppins
by P.L. Travers

Charlie and the Chocolate Factory
by Roald Dahl



TALK TO YOUR CHILD'S TEACHER

Remember, you are your child's first teacher. Think about a conference as a "team meeting" in which you will discover the special contributions each of you can bring to your fifth grader's success. Here are some questions you could ask to prompt discussions:

In the area of literacy, what are my child's strengths? How are those strengths supported during instruction?

What literacy skills should my child have mastered at this point? Has my child mastered them? Can I see an example of a task in reading and writing that my child is working through?

What topics in connection to science and social studies is my child learning about through reading?

Where is my child struggling and how can I help?

What types of books is my child reading during independent reading? Are they limited to a specific reading level? Can I see an example of the type of texts my child is reading independently?

Can my child show you that they understand what they are reading and learning about through talking and writing? If not, what challenges are they facing?

EDUCATIONAL (ACADEMIC) WORDS TO KNOW

AUTOMATICITY: When reading, it is the ability to read words quickly and accurately.

BACKGROUND KNOWLEDGE (PRIOR KNOWLEDGE): Information that is important to understanding a situation or problem; what you already know from experience.

CENTRAL IDEA: What the text is mostly about and connects the ideas found throughout the text.

CLAIM: To say that something is true or is a fact, although you cannot prove it and other people might not believe it.

CONTEXT CLUES: Context clues are hints that an author gives to help define a difficult or unusual word within a book. The clue may appear within the same sentence as the word or it may follow in the next sentence. Because most vocabulary is gained through reading, it is important that students are able to recognize and take advantage of context clues.

DECODING: Translating a word from print to speech by using knowledge of letter-sound relationships; also, the act of reading a new word by sounding it out.

EXPLICIT INSTRUCTION: Teacher/parent-led interactive instruction that is direct and includes a clear explanation of the targeted skill.

FIGURATIVE LANGUAGE: When you use a word or phrase that does not have its normal everyday literal meaning.

FLUENCY: Fluency is defined as the ability to read with speed, accuracy, and proper expression.

MULTISYLLABIC WORDS: A syllable is a unit of pronunciation having one vowel sound (a, e, i, o, u), with or without surrounding consonants (e.g., m, n, s, t) that form the whole or a part of a word. A multisyllabic word is a word of many syllables (e.g., there are two syllables in water and three in inferno).

NARRATIVE: A story that is told in full detail.

PHONICS: Teaches students how to connect sounds of letters or groups of letters in order to read words.

PLOT: The way that an author arranges the events, in a meaningful way, to shape the story.

READING LEVEL: Independent reading level is the highest level at which a reader has adequate background knowledge for the topic and can read text very quickly with very few errors.

SUMMARIZE: To express or cover the main points briefly.

SYSTEMATIC INSTRUCTION: A carefully thought out and planned sequence of instruction.

TEXT FEATURES: The parts of a story or article that are not the main body of the text; includes the title, headings, captions, graphs, maps, glossaries and/or illustrations.

VALID SOURCE: A source that is truthful in respect to the information presented.

