Reviewer's Name: Tiffany Hoben

Title: MATHSPACE FLORIDA: Algebra 2 B.E.S.T. 2022 edition

**Publisher:** Mathspace Inc.

Author: Hoyt, A., et al.

Copyright: 2022

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** 9-12

Course: Algebra 2

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification    |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No prohibited material. |

Reviewer's Name: David Lee

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| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Mathspace incorporates what the BEST standards are seeking. The curriculum includes instructional strategies such as notice and wondering, think-pair-share, and gallery walks. Students have plenty of opportunities to discuss the topic and learn from each other and revise their own model of thinking. Engage activities provide students with time to |  |  |

understand and apply the standards, work cooperatively with their peers, and rate themselves at the end of a lesson. A weakness is the MTR's and EE's are discussed in the topic overview, but would be nice to see them listed along with standards in each section.

| Standard      | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.1.1 | Identify and interpret parts of an equation or expression that represent a quantity in terms of a mathematical or real-world context, including viewing one or more of its parts as a single entity. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Problems are written to the standard. Would like to see more problems added. Worksheets have both short answer and find the error. |
| MA.912.AR.1.3 | Add, subtract and multiply polynomial expressions with rational number coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | A lot of good problems.  |
| MA.912.AR.1.5 | Divide polynomial expressions using long division, synthetic division or algebraic manipulation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard  |
| MA.912.AR.1.6 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division of polynomials.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard  |
| MA.912.AR.1.8 | Rewrite a polynomial expression as a product of polynomials over the real or complex number system.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Not enough problems with complex numbers.  |
| MA.912.AR.1.9 | Apply previous understanding of rational number operations to add, subtract, multiply and divide rational algebraic expressions.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | aligned to standard  |
| MA.912.AR.3.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard  |

|                | equations over the real and complex number systems.   |                               |                     |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| MA.912.AR.3.3  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic inequalities over the real number system. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically.        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard |
| MA.912.AR.3.4  | Write a quadratic function to represent the relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | aligned to standard |
| MA.912.AR.3.8  | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with quadratic functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | aligned to standard |
| MA.912.AR.3.9  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write two-variable quadratic inequalities to represent relationships between quantities from a graph or a written description.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard |
| MA.912.AR.3.10 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph the solution set to a two-variable quadratic inequality.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard |
| MA.912.AR.4.2  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable absolute value inequalities. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically.                               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard |
| MA.912.AR.4.4  | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with absolute value functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard |
| MA.912.AR.5.2  | Solve one-variable equations involving logarithms or exponential expressions. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of the   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard |

|               | context and identify any extraneous solutions.  |                               |  |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.5.4 | Write an exponential function to represent a relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard  |
| MA.912.AR.5.5 | Given an expression or equation representing an exponential function, reveal the constant percent rate of change per unit interval using the properties of exponents. Interpret the constant percent rate of change in terms of a real-world context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard  |
| MA.912.AR.5.7 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with exponential functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard  |
| MA.912.AR.5.8 | Given a table, equation or written description of a logarithmic function, graph that function and determine its key features.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard  |
| MA.912.AR.5.9 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-<br>world problems that are modeled with<br>logarithmic functions. Interpret key features<br>and determine constraints in terms of the<br>context.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | aligned to standard  |
| MA.912.AR.6.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, when suitable factorization is possible, solve one-variable polynomial equations of degree 3 or higher over the real and complex number systems.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Again could use more on complex numbers. Section 3.06 appears to have majority of problems in the extend our thinking piece. |
| MA.912.AR.6.5 | Sketch a rough graph of a polynomial function of degree 3 or higher using zeros, multiplicity and knowledge of end behavior.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard  |

| MA.912.AR.7.1 | Solve one-variable radical equations. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of context and identify any extraneous solutions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard                             |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.7.2 | Given a table, equation or written description of a square root or cube root function, graph that function and determine its key features.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard                             |
| MA.912.AR.7.3 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-<br>world problems that are modeled with<br>square root or cube root functions. Interpret<br>key features and determine constraints in<br>terms of the context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Could use some more practice problems on AR.7.3 |
| MA.912.AR.8.1 | Write and solve one-variable rational equations. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of the context and identify any extraneous solutions.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard                             |
| MA.912.AR.8.2 | Given a table, equation or written description of a rational function, graph that function and determine its key features.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard                             |
| MA.912.AR.8.3 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-<br>world problems that are modeled with<br>rational functions. Interpret key features and<br>determine constraints in terms of the<br>context.                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard                             |
| MA.912.AR.9.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve a system consisting of a two-variable linear equation and a non-linear equation algebraically or graphically.                                       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard                             |
| MA.912.AR.9.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve a system consisting of two-variable linear or non-linear equations algebraically or graphically.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard                             |
| MA.912.AR.9.5 | Graph the solution set of a system of two-<br>variable inequalities.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard                             |

| MA.912.AR.9.7 | Given a real-world context, represent constraints as systems of linear and non-linear equations or inequalities. Interpret solutions to problems as viable or non-viable options.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| MA.912.DP.2.8 | Fit a quadratic function to bivariate numerical data that suggests a quadratic association and interpret any intercepts or the vertex of the model. Use the model to solve real-world problems in terms of the context of the data. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.DP.2.9 | Fit an exponential function to bivariate numerical data that suggests an exponential association. Use the model to solve realworld problems in terms of the context of the data.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.F.1.1  | Given an equation or graph that defines a function, determine the function type. Given an input-output table, determine a function type that could represent it.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.F.1.7  | Compare key features of two functions each represented algebraically, graphically, in tables or written descriptions.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.F.1.9  | Determine whether a function is even, odd or neither when represented algebraically, graphically or in a table.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.F.2.2  | Identify the effect on the graph of a given function of two or more transformations defined by adding a real number to the x- or y- values or multiplying the x- or y- values by a real number.                                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.F.2.3  | Given the graph or table of f(x) and the graph or table of f(x)+k,kf(x), f(kx) and f(x+k), state the type of transformation and find the value of the real number k.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |

| MA.912.F.2.5  | Given a table, equation or graph that represents a function, create a corresponding table, equation or graph of the transformed function defined by adding a real number to the x- or y-values or multiplying the x- or y-values by a real number. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| MA.912.F.3.2  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, combine two or more functions, limited to linear, quadratic, exponential and polynomial, using arithmetic operations.  When appropriate, include domain restrictions for the new function.             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.F.3.4  | Represent the composition of two functions algebraically or in a table. Determine the domain and range of the composite function.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.F.3.6  | Determine whether an inverse function exists by analyzing tables, graphs and equations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.F.3.7  | Represent the inverse of a function algebraically, graphically or in a table. Use composition of functions to verify that one function is the inverse of the other.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.FL.3.1 | Compare simple, compound and continuously compounded interest over time.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.FL.3.2 | Solve real-world problems involving simple, compound and continuously compounded interest.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |
| MA.912.FL.3.4 | Explain the relationship between simple interest and linear growth. Explain the relationship between compound interest and exponential growth and the relationship between continuously compounded interest and exponential growth.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard |

| MA.912.NSO.1.3 | Generate equivalent algebraic expressions involving radicals or rational exponents using the properties of exponents.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.NSO.1.5 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide algebraic expressions involving radicals.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard  |
| MA.912.NSO.1.6 | Given a numerical logarithmic expression, evaluate and generate equivalent numerical expressions using the properties of logarithms or exponents.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard  |
| MA.912.NSO.1.7 | Given an algebraic logarithmic expression, generate an equivalent algebraic expression using the properties of logarithms or exponents.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard  |
| MA.912.NSO.2.1 | Extend previous understanding of the real number system to include the complex number system. Add, subtract, multiply and divide complex numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to standard  |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Individual practice<br>and lot of problems<br>designed to work with<br>partners. |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Can be found in engage activities and performance tasks.                         |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:         <ul> <li>Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.</li> <li>Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.</li> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |                       |                               |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | <ul> <li>Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.</li> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:         <ul> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | embedded in the<br>curriculum |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | embedded in the curriculum    |

|                | <ul> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>   |                       |                            |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | embedded in the curriculum |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  • Estimate to discover possible solutions.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | embedded in the curriculum |

|                | <ul> <li>Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.</li> <li>Check calculations when solving problems.</li> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul>  |                       |                            |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | embedded in the curriculum |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | embedded in the curriculum |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | embedded in the curriculum |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | embedded in the curriculum |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | embedded in the curriculum |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | embedded in the curriculum |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | embedded in the curriculum |

## ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1

English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.

4 - Good Alignment embedded in the curriculum through strategies and problems

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | aligned with standards and benchmarks  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is appropriate for Algebra 2.   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Material is adaptable for classroom instruction.   |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material provides adaptive practice, worksheets, engagement activities, and performance tasks to help students understand.                   |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Adaptive practice has a variety of questioning levels. Question types vary in modality. Problems also provide explanations for worked solutions. |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is aligned to the BEST standards for Algebra 2.  |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Time frames provided are reasonable estimates the various sections of the lesson.  |

| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Make references to experts in the field such as Jo Boaler, John Hattie, NCTM, etc.                                   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Sources help with instructional strategies for all learners.   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No errors were identified in the material reviewed.  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appears presented objectively.   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Curriculum is aligned to the standards and is representative of algebra 2 for Florida.                               |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No mistakes were identified in the material reviewed.  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | A lot of references are within the past 5 years, so the research is current.   |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is appropriate and relevant to algebra 2.  |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is appropriate and relevant for students in algebra 2.   |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There are connections to the real-world, but would like to see more especially for concepts such as complex numbers. |

| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Curriculum could incorporate more content on interdisciplinary connections. |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Material reviewed appears fair and unbiased.                                |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Material reviewed appears aligned.  |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Overall the material does cover BEST standards and benchmarks.              |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There is a lot of good questions and strategies incorporated throughout the book.   |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | aligned   |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good organization.  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The material is kind of bland when reading. White background with gray boxes for solutions and blue for support and instructional strategies. |

| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Pacing is good with provided time estimates.   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The majority of examples incorporate strategies to support students with disabilities. Make recommendations to incorporate technology such as Desmos and GeoGebra.                           |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Material has good alignment<br>for presentation. Problems<br>such as graphs look good.<br>Graphs converted to pdf do not<br>always present clearly making<br>it harder see what is occuring. |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There are a variety of instructional strategies and questioning including engage activities and performance tasks.                           |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Big ideas are listed in topic overview by section.   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material provides clear statements & outcomes  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There is a lot of cooperative learning activities to help develop thinking and adaptive practice and worksheets for independent development. |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Provide strategies for different learners. Could use more  |

|  |                            | differentiation examples especially for new teachers.   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Opportunities for mental activities could use more physical.  |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is presented logically.  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Strategies incorporated in curriculum are shown through research to be successful.  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Strategies incorporated in curriculum are shown through research to be successful.  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Assessments cover the big ideas and should help students reach the desired learning outcomes.   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Assessments cover the standards and big ideas of algebra 2. However, would be nice to have more problems available. For instance, Topic 2 Quadratics has 15 questions more with sub-questions and 1 performance question. There are student check-ins built into the program. |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Teachers are provided with strategies that can help all learners understand the material. Includes support for students with disabilities, ELL's, misconceptions., and instructional strategies.  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Majority of ELA standards would appear in the engage  |

| Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?  |                            | section and through other cooperative learning problems.   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.) | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Overall, the learning section satisfies the BEST standards through activities, practice, assessments, and high-yield strategies. |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification             |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Did not notice inclusion of CRT. |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appears aligned.                 |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appears aligned.                 |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appears aligned.                 |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Lauren Proulx

**Title:** MATHSPACE FLORIDA: Algebra 2 B.E.S.T. 2022 edition

**Publisher:** Mathspace Inc.

Author: Hoyt, A., et al.

Copyright: 2022

**Edition: 1** 

Grade Level: 9-12

Course: <u>1200330 - Algebra 2</u>

**Bid ID:** 348

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Fonts: The accessibility mode renders Mathspace in larger font size, students can also adjust the sizes of fonts on their device or on the browser. See "Background", below, for details about possible color adjustments. Background: Colors and background colors may be adjusted via the accessibility mode, which renders the pages in a high contrast theme. Text-to-speech tools: Using the Chrome browser and either JAWS, NVDA and Math Player or using Mac VoiceOver on Safari 14 for all major tool student components by selecting enable Accessibility Mode on Mathspace. All images have alt tags: All images in accessibility mode and on worksheets will have alt tags. All videos are captioned: All videos are captioned Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays: this is possible via JAWS and NVDA for all major tool student components by selecting enable Accessibility Mode on Mathspace.

| Review  | Rating                | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Font type, size, and background colors could be adjusted. Font color could not. Settings could only be adjusted in Accessibility mode.                             |
| Background: High contrast color settings are available.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Accessibility mode enabled a high contrast like setting but some of the colors still seemed not high contrast. And there was only the one option that was preset.  |
| Text-to-speech tools.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | There is no built-in text to speech tool, software is compatible with browser's functionality. However, this may be limited depending on the district or computer. |

| All images have alt tags.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Images did have alt tags.  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| All videos are captioned.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | Not all videos were captioned.   |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Publisher says this information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays. I do not have a way to test this feature. |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

 Non-text navigation elements(buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size for all major tool student components by enabling Mathspace accessibility mode in order to render the text to be larger. This is also possible using the zoom function on most web browsers. - Navigation elements and information do not currently have keyboard shortcuts and therefore may not be sent to refreshable Braille displays at this time.

| Review   | Rating                           | Comments   |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Non-text navigation could not be adjusted in size.   |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | Some navigation was able to be done through keyboard shortcuts but not all. Ability to access the other needed accessible features through navigation elements would be helpful. |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment       | Publisher says this information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays. I do not have a way to test this feature.   |

### 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Mathspace integrates with the Weava Highlighter - PDF and Web Chrome extension allowing for highlighting in the four standard colours, automatic extraction into another document and the ability to write ideas online as they are processing curriculum content.(see details athttp://chrome.google.com/webstore/detail/weava-highlighter-pdf-web/cbnaodkpfinfiipjblikofhlhlcickei).

| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Highlighters were provided in the notes section to go on the text but not directly in the text without going into the notes. |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | Highlighted text could not be extracted automatically.   |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Note taking tools were available and math was able to be inserted. You could not see notes and problems side by side though. |

| )<br>     |  |
|-----------|--|
| -         | ol student components by enabling or using Mac VoiceOver.                |
|           |  |
|           |  |
| 2 - Poor  | Text to speech was compatible in my browser, I was unable to test any of |
| Alignment | the other assistive technology  features.                                |
|           | rith all major to<br>ad MathPlayer (<br>2 - Poor                         |

| 5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials? |                            |   |  |
|--|----------------------------|---|--|
| Bid Response  All major tool student components will be able to be printed for students who require paper materials based upon the IEP.  |                            |   |  |
| Review   | Rating                     | Comments  |  |
|  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Publisher states paper based materials are available and can be adjusted. |  |

Reviewer's Name: David Aldred

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 6 Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 6 Mathematics

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No examples of prohibited content. Problems deal with practical and real-world application of math principles |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Evette Idehen

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 6 Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** 1205010 - Grade Six Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 355

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

? Fonts: Carnegie Learning provides all lessons in both Google Slides and PPT formats for presentation purposes. Google Slides and PPTs have a font size setting that the user can manipulate. Chrome browser (and others) can also manipulate font size. o Type and size. YES o Colors and background colors can be adjusted. YES ? Background: High contrast color settings are available. All Carnegie Learning print and digital materials have been reviewed at the time of creation by color contrast compliance design tools. CL does not use extraneous imagery or colors that is not required. ? Text-to-speech tools. MATHia platform includes an embedded text-to-speech tool that is programmed to read mathematics accurately. Content can be provided in live text to work with various screen readers. ? All images have alt tags. YES ? All videos are captioned. YES ? Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review  | Rating                | Comments  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Modifications can be used when working on the downloadable formats.   |
| Background: High contrast color settings are available.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Modifications can be used when working on the downloadable formats.   |
| Text-to-speech tools.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Text to speech tools are embedded in certain sections, but not all modules and math computations. However, text to speech options can be used when working on the downloadable formats. |

| All images have alt tags.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | All images do not have atl tagseven in the source page section   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| All videos are captioned.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Not all videos have the option of text to speech. For example the overview video made in Vimeo did not give me the option to add captions. |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only applicable when using IOS or Windows features, however, it is not embedded in the site  |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. YES ? All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts. YES ? All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment |   |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment |   |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only applicable when using IOS or Windows features, however, it is not embedded in the site |

## 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue). YES ? Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document. YES ? Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. YES

| Review | Rating | Comments |
|--------|--------|----------|
|--------|--------|----------|

| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT          |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Not applicable   |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Note taking icon and tools are provided during the modules |

4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

1. Magnification YES 2. Text-to-speech YES 3. Text-to-American Sign Language Our content works with all assistive technologies. 4. On-screen keyboards YES - MATHia 5. Switch scanning controls YES 6. Speech-to-text Our content works with all assistive technologies.

| Review   | Rating                     | Comments  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | With the downloadable versions, all resources will work with the appropriate AT tools |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

## **Bid Response**

All MATHbook Instructional Materials are available in print. Students who cannot access MATHia can access our Skills

Practice print worksheets.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many of the features are provided, but I would suggest better integration with Text to speech features, particularly when working with math |

**Reviewer's Name:** Linda Spanjer-Furstenburg

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 6 Mathematics

**Publisher:** Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

**Author:** Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** Grade Six Mathematics

| Final Recommendation   |                    |  |  |
|--|--------------------|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes                |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 4 - Good Alignment |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. |                    |  |  |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating    | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only   |

|             |   |                               | downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book.   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Love the detailed examples and simplicity of solving the problems. The book allows for the student to use any method of solving the problem.  |
| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers.    | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Discourse questions and guides allows the teacher to recognize when to reach out to students when they are struggling with the skill. There are detailed examples, common misconceptions, and how to redirect the students to try a different method of solving the problems. |
| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Content is rigorous and provides the students with a lot of guided practice and independent practice opportunities for the skills.  |
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Content is rigorous and provides the students with a lot of guided practice and independent practice opportunities for the skills.  |

| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of two quantities using appropriate notation:  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The guided lessons and practice problems align with independent practice questions at the end of each lesson.   |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units. Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous   |

|             | lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.  |                       | grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book.   |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a realworld context, find and interpret mean, median, mode and range.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The guided lessons and practice problems align with independent practice questions at the end of each lesson.   |
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-world context, qualitatively describe and interpret the spread and distribution of the data, including any symmetry, skewness, gaps, clusters, outliers and the range.        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The guided lessons and practice problems align with independent practice questions at the end of each lesson.   |

| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The guided lessons and practice problems align with independent practice questions at the end of each lesson. |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The getting started section in the chapter previews and reviews the prerequisites needed for the chapter.     |
| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment.                       |
| MA.6.GR.1.2 | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment.                       |
| MA.6.GR.1.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment.                       |
| MA.6.GR.2.1 | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment.                       |
| MA.6.GR.2.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment.                       |

| MA.6.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula.                              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment. |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.GR.2.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment. |
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment. |
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment. |
| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment. |
| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment. |
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment. |
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems                             |

|              | by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency.   |                               | to practice the assignment.   |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment.   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment.   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.2 | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers.                        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
| MA.6.NSO.3.3 | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Great preview to the activity, then good amount of problems to practice the assignment.   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.4 | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |

| MA.6.NSO.3.5   | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.4.1   | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2   | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has a review of the skill from the previous grade level and then detailed step by step problems to go through. The only downside is the amount of problems to practice in the book. |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> </ul> | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Love the detailed examples and simplicity of solving the problems. The book allows for the student to use any method of solving the problem.  |

|                | <ul> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   |                       |  |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Love the detailed examples and simplicity of solving the problems. The book allows for the student to use any method of solving the problem. |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Love the detailed examples and simplicity of solving the problems. The book allows for the student to use any method of solving the problem. |

|                | Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.  |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Love the detailed examples and simplicity of solving the problems. The book allows for the student to use any method of solving the problem. |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Love the detailed examples and simplicity of solving the problems. The book allows for the student to use any method of solving the problem. |

|                | Connect solutions of problems to<br>more complicated large-scale<br>situations.   |                       |  |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.                 | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Love the detailed examples and simplicity of solving the problems. The book allows for the student to use any method of solving the problem. |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Love the detailed examples and simplicity of solving the problems. The book allows for the student to use any method of solving the problem. |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are ample amounts of questions where students have to explain their reasoning.   |

| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Additional opportunities for students to experience gradelevel text was very evident within the lesson as well as at the end in the facilitator notes.                       |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Embeds instructional strategies to allow for the students to take a step by step approach in solving the problems.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | In the teacher outline where they say to "chunk" the activity, it gives a clear guide as to what you have the students complete, even the timeline presented to them for it. |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | There are plenty of opportunities that allow the students to work together to solve the problem, but then also time to work independently.                                   |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | There are plenty of opportunities that allow the students to work together to solve the problem, but then also time to work independently.                                   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | There are plenty of opportunities that   |

|                  | for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.   |                       | allow the students to work together to solve the problem, but then also time to work independently.  |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are plenty of opportunities that allow the students to work together to solve the problem, but then also time to work independently. |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The learning outcomes are detailed to the state's standards.   |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The content is written to the correct skill level, but there could be more paper examples, not just online.  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The materials are useful for whole group and independent activities. It's also useful when you assign an online assignment that can measure the students' progress of each standard. |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There are plenty of step-by-<br>step practice examples.  |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The content matches the standards.   |

| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The content matches the students' abilities and grade level activity.   |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | One lesson does take a long time to complete, but if you are open to small group activities, you will love this curriculum.   |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is a good correlation.  |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is a good correlation.  |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | No errors were noticed.   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is a good correlation.  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is a good correlation.  |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | No mistakes were noticed.   |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is a good correlation.  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Provides a great guide on where to begin and how to move throughout the lesson to ensure a successful delivery of the lesson. |

| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is a good correlation. |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is a good correlation. |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is a good correlation. |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is a good correlation. |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is a good correlation. |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is a good correlation. |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The teacher does have to prepare additional material to preview concepts prior to the lesson. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Great alignment.  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Great organization.   |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Visuals are very engaging.  |

| understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   |                       |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Although it could completed faster.  |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Fair level of differentiation for students with disabilities.  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The presentation of the material is spaced out, not overwhelming. There is enough space for students to work out the material, and plenty of images to allow students students to visualize the skill. |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | It isn't not very motivational for middle schoolers to keep going. It' not very capitivating to students, although it covers the new state standards. |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Yes, it's chunked to not overwhelm a teacher with the current topic at hand.  |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Also you see the statements of information, it's not clear the exact essential question being asked.  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Yes, great guidance.  |

| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | It also provides great differentiated instruction opportunities for students that don't understand the skill at hand.  |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Could be perceived as boring after a certain amount of time.   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There could be more practice problem that the teacher could on with the students.                                      |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Great alignment.   |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The strategies are effective, but needs to take a more hands on approach and provide more fluency practice.            |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Yes, but if students struggle with reading, they will do poorly on the assessments seeing that it's all word problems. |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Not 100% effective.  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The additional differentiated options are very useful to teachers.   |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The MTR's are not listed or shown in the curriculum.   |

| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.) | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | It does satisfy learning requirements however, there needs to be more fluency practice on the basics skills in the event students struggle with the basic concepts. |
|---|-----------------------|---|
|---|-----------------------|---|

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was no evidence to me about CRT.                        |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was no evidence of Social Justice as it relates to CRT. |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was no evidence of Social Justice as it relates to CRT. |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was no solicitation of Social Emotional Learning.       |

**Reviewer's Name:** Thomas Womble

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 6 Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

**Author:** Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** Grade Six Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 355

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | All comments on effectiveness of the curriculum are included in the above questionnaire. The curriculum presents a strong design that will allow teachers a seamless transition to including this curriculum in the classroom. The only major flaw is that there is not much practice for fluency and the teacher may need to supplement for this need. The curriculum |  |

| may also go beyond the standard class time for some lessons. |
|--|
|  |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum introduces students to real-world context to demonstrate how to create algebraic expressions from written words. The places where the curriculum covers this standard is appropriate and can be found in topic 1 lesson 2 and lesson 3. The mathia online content is an excellent resource to introduce students to MA.6.AR.1.1 and to help students develop their understanding of the standard. Resource links 3-7, 9, and 10 were not available. |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.                                  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | The topic of inequalities in one variable is covered in topic 2, lesson 4. There is some introduction and connection to prior knowledge, but there   |

|             |  |                               | is very little practice with real-world scenarios.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Evaluating algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations is covered in topic 1 with lesson 1 & 2. The curriculum does well introducing the students to the concept and creating scenarios where the student will discover that a variable can have many different real numbers substituted. |
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.                                   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The modules and lessons cover how to create equivalent expressions, but there is very little practice beyond using the sums of variables and their coefficients.  Would need more practice for finding the difference between variables and their coefficients.  |
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The modules do well introducing and developing the students' understanding of substituting an integer to determine if it is a solution to an equations.  |

| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The modules do well introducing and developing the students' understanding, writing, and solving one-step equations.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum introduces students to real-world context to demonstrate how to create algebraic expressions from written words and then how to solve these equations by introducing students to each step in the process.   |
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum introduces students to real-world context to demonstrate how to create algebraic expressions from written words and then how to solve these equations, including decimal or fraction solutions, by introducing students to each step in the process. |
| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of two quantities using appropriate notation:   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The way that ratios is introduced is excellent. The lesson continue and students learn how to create equivalent ratios and to determine if ratios are equivalent.   |

| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units. Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given many real-world scenarios to determine the unit rate for a ratio and to interpret the meaning.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Student are asked to create multiple column table to illustrate equivalent ratios.   |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students use ratios to solve problems with percentages. The online and book resource offer great guidance to developing this skill.  |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum, through online and book resources, does a good job aligning to this standard. Students will be introduced to ratios and will use that knowledge to develop to be able to solve real-world problems with ratios, rates, and unit rates. |
| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are asked to identify if a question is a statistical question.  |
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a real-<br>world context, find and interpret mean,<br>median, mode and range.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The students are asked to determine different measures of center.  |

| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data.                          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students will create and interpret box plots given a data set.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-world context, qualitatively describe and interpret the spread and distribution of the data, including any symmetry, skewness, gaps, clusters, outliers and the range.                                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students will be given a histogram or line plot in real world scenarios and be asked to interpret the data.                 |
| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students will create and interpret box plots given a data set.  |
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students will explore how adding and removing data will affect the measures of center.                                      |
| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The development of this skill is done expertly with great use of the virtual format to help students develop understanding. |
| MA.6.GR.1.2 | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The development of this skill is done expertly with great use of the virtual format to help students develop understanding. |
| MA.6.GR.1.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Students use the coordinate grid in reference to problems with volume, but do not   |

|              |  |                               | use the coordinate plan to determine the perimeter of a rectangle.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.GR.2.1  | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is included in the curriculum.  |
| MA.6.GR.2.2  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The development of this skill is done expertly with great use of the virtual format to help students develop understanding. |
| MA.6.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The development of this skill is done expertly with great use of the virtual format to help students develop understanding. |
| MA.6.GR.2.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.                       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The development of this skill is done expertly with great use of the virtual format to help students develop understanding. |
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The development of this skill is done expertly with great use of the virtual format to help students develop understanding. |
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are introduced to negative numbers and will develop their  |

|              | them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context.   |                               | understanding by using a number line to explore real numbers and their opposites.   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The development of this skill is done expertly with great use of the virtual format to help students develop understanding.           |
| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The development of this skill is done expertly with great use of the virtual format to help students develop understanding.           |
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Students develop an algorithm for solving long division problems with fluency, but I do not see an algorithm created for multiplying. |
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The curriculum lacks procedural fluency in this standard.   |
| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The development of this skill is done expertly with great use of the virtual format to help students develop understanding.           |

| MA.6.NSO.3.1   | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This curriculum covers this standard very well.   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.3.2   | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The development of this skill is done expertly with great use of the virtual format to help students develop understanding. |
| MA.6.NSO.3.3   | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered well and there is fluency exercises.   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.4   | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered well and there is fluency exercises.   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.5   | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Student will convert fractions decimals and percent.  |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1   | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Introduces and covers the topic well, but appears to lack procedural fluency.   |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2   | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Introduces and covers the topic well, but appears to lack procedural fluency.   |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This curriculum has students working together and modeling to develop understanding of the standards.                       |

|                | <ul> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>  |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This curriculum will show students how to solve problems in multiple ways in order to demonstrate a deeper understanding of the standard. |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  • Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  • Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  • Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Not much drill down<br>or procedural work in<br>the curriculum or<br>online content.  |

|                | <ul> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>  |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. • Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. • Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. • Justify results by explaining methods and processes. • Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students use openers and practice to open discussion about their understanding of the standards. |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts. • Look for similarities among problems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Student use patterns and structure to help them explore and develop understanding.               |

|                | <ul> <li>Connect solutions of problems to<br/>more complicated large-scale<br/>situations.</li> </ul>   |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.                 | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students use estimation, but it is not directly connected to checking answers very well.                     |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are many real world scenarios in this curriculum.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are asked to explain reasoning. It will depend on the facilitator to how well this is accomplished. |

| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Students are not given many opportunities to interpret data, but have it chunked so they may develop the skill. |
|------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Students use prior knowledge to make inferences about new content.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Many areas for collaboration in the curriculum.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Course has a rigid structure by allows for creativity within it's structure.                                    |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | This will be determined by the facilitator.   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Many opportunities for ELL students to listen and communicate with classmates and teachers.                     |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Many opportunities for ELL students to listen and communicate with classmates and teachers.                     |

| Content Reviewer Rating Rating Justification |
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|--|

| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The state standards are represented within the curriculum with the only areas of concern being the lack of fluency exercises.        |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is a math book that is written at the appropriate level for grade 6 students.   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The instructions for the facilitator included in the curriculum will make for this curriculum to be easily adapted to any classroom. |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Student will cover many topics and events.   |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Standards are of an appropriate level for grade 6 math.  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The level of difficulty is appropriate for grade 6 math.   |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Some of the lessons may be a little too involved for the standard class time.  |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Citation not obvious but content is correct  |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.         | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Citation not obvious but content is correct  |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).               | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No noticeable errors in content.   |

| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias present.  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content includes prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models.  |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No errors found.  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Content is up to date with current practices.   |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is grade appropriate.   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Presentation is relevant to grade 6 learners.   |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Real life context. Lacks relations to current culture.  |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Standard amount of interdisciplinary connection, but not much connections to other courses in the curriculum. |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Fair portrayal of many socioeconomic backgrounds.   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | This is covered in the curriculum.  |

| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is covered in the curriculum. |  |
|---|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
|   |                            |                                    |  |

| Presentation  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Teacher may be required to use additional resources for fluency exercises.  |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Curriculum covers all standards.  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Curriculum is in a standard order for grade 6 curricululms.   |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Curriculum was easy to follow for students and facilitators.  |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Curriculum could presetn problems in some lessons with teachers not being able to complete the lessons in their entirety. |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is covered on the UDL questionnaire  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum is presented in a way that will be satisfying to the grade 6 math classroom.                               |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The learner will be motivated.   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Modules are connected to big ideas.  |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Clear outcomes are provided.   |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There are many opportunities for students to use prior knowledge in learning new content.  |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The curriculum can be used as a self paced curriculum, but the student may lose interaction opportunities unless there are students of the same level. |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is done very well in this curriculum.   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The activities contained help to developing an understanding of the standards.   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This curriculum is very well designed for a seamless transition to the classroom.  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | BEST Florida standards are covered very well.  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Curriculum does not address test taking strategies.  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Test are sufficient to test the students knowledge.  |

| assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  |                            |  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Course is created in a way that can be self paced.               |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | BEST Standards are observed.                                     |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum covers the learning requirements of grade 6 math. |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                          |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | CRT is not addressed in this math curriculum. |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | CRT is not addressed in this math curriculum. |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | CRT is not addressed in this math curriculum. |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | CRT is not addressed in this math curriculum. |

Reviewer's Name: David Aldred

**Title:** Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

Course: M/J Accelerated Mathematics Grade 6

**Bid ID:** 356

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | examples are real-world and practical. No evidence of prohibited material |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Evette Idehen

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** 1205020 - M/J Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 356

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

? Fonts: Carnegie Learning provides all lessons in both Google Slides and PPT formats for presentation purposes. Google Slides and PPTs have a font size setting that the user can manipulate. Chrome browser (and others) can also manipulate font size. o Type and size. YES o Colors and background colors can be adjusted. YES ? Background: High contrast color settings are available. All Carnegie Learning print and digital materials have been reviewed at the time of creation by color contrast compliance design tools. CL does not use extraneous imagery or colors that is not required. ? Text-to-speech tools. MATHia platform includes an embedded text-to-speech tool that is programmed to read mathematics accurately. Content can be provided in live text to work with various screen readers. ? All images have alt tags. YES ? All videos are captioned. YES ? Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review  | Rating                | Comments  |  |
|---|-----------------------|---|--|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Modifications can be used when working on the downloadable formats.   |  |
| Background: High contrast color settings are available.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Text to speech tools are embedded in certain sections, but not all modules and math computations. However, text to speech options can be used when working on the downloadable formats. |  |
| Text-to-speech tools.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Text to speech tools are embedded in certain sections, but not all modules and math computations. However, text to speech options can be used when working on the downloadable formats. |  |

| All images have alt tags.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | All images do not have atl tagseven in the source page section                           |  |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| All videos are captioned.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | All podcast recordings do not have captioning even after downloading.                    |  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | With built in features in iOS and windows, we could see the potential for compatibility. |  |

# 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. YES ? All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts. YES ? All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |  |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT  |  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Users can only use the keyboard to scroll up or down and not horizontally which is how the site is set up. Users have to use the mouse to navigate to the next page. |  |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | With built in features in iOS and windows, we could see the potential for compatibility.   |  |

## 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue). YES ? Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document. YES ? Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. YES

| Review | Rating | Comments |
|--------|--------|----------|
|--------|--------|----------|

| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment |   |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only if downloaded as a PDF or PPT  |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Note taking icon and tools are provided, but I was unable to take notes without being kicked into another page. I'm not sure if it was because I wasn't a "student" in the class that prevented me from gaining access. |

4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### Bid Response

1. Magnification YES 2. Text-to-speech YES 3. Text-to-American Sign Language Our content works with all assistive technologies. 4. On-screen keyboards YES - MATHia 5. Switch scanning controls YES 6. Speech-to-text Our content works with all assistive technologies.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | With the downloadable versions, all resources will work with the appropriate AT tools |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

## **Bid Response**

All MATHbook Instructional Materials are available in print. Students who cannot access MATHia can access our Skills

Practice print worksheets.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|--|
|        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many of the features are provided, but I would suggest better integration with Text to speech features, particularly when working with math |  |

Reviewer's Name: Laura Lane

**Title:** Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

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Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 356

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | The major plus for this material is the total integration fo the online component in the teacher and learning phases. While the text provides significant amounts of mathematical models and representations, there are many missed opportunities for hands-on experiences. REgardless |  |  |

| of this, the material meets and in most cases exceeds the expectations of the state benchmarks. |
|---|
|   |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification                             |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions.       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text meets the full intent of the benchmark. |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text meets the full intent of the benchmark. |
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text meets the full intent of the benchmark. |
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text meets the full intent of the benchmark. |
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false.                               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text meets the full intent of the benchmark. |
| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text meets the full intent of the benchmark. |

| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text meets the full intent of the benchmark.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text meets the full intent of the benchmark.  |
| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of two quantities using appropriate notation:  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text meets the full intent of the benchmark.  |
| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units.  Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed fully. The text provides many strategies and opportunities to apply in real-world contexts. |
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed fully. The text provides many strategies and opportunities to apply in real-world contexts. |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed fully. The text provides many strategies and opportunities to apply in real-world contexts. |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed fully. The text provides many strategies and opportunities to apply                         |

|             |   |                               | in real-world contexts. In addition it is appropriately scaffolded using previous teaching of rates and ratios. |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.  |
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a real-<br>world context, find and interpret mean,<br>median, mode and range.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.  |
| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data.                          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.  |
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-world context, qualitatively describe and interpret the spread and distribution of the data, including any symmetry, skewness, gaps, clusters, outliers and the range.                                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.  |
| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.  |
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.  |
| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate hands-on activities and directly aligns with the benchmarks.  |

| MA.6.GR.1.2 | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.                                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate hands-on activities and directly aligns with the benchmarks.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.GR.1.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.                               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate hands-on activities and directly aligns with the benchmarks.  |
| MA.6.GR.2.1 | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this content fully. It provides several strategies to master the content.  |
| MA.6.GR.2.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this content fully. There are several examples and realworld applications for the topic.   |
| MA.6.GR.2.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this content fully. There are several examples and realworld applications for the topic.   |
| MA.6.GR.2.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The text addresses this content fully. There are several examples and realworld applications for the topic. However, there were missed opportunities for using real-world objects for the hands-on portion of this topic. |

| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this benchmark and is in very good alignment.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context.  5 - Very Good Alignment |                               | The text addresses this benchmark and is in very good alignment.  |
| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Visual representions and real-world problems make the alignment of this benchmark very good.  |
| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this benchmark and is in very good alignment.  |
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The teaching phase this concept is presented using two strategies, models and the standard algorithm for both multication and division. However, there is insufficient focus on the connection between those two strategies. In addition, understanding of decimal place value when multiplying and dividing is done from a procedural view only. There is no development of the idea of multiplying and dividing by powers of 10 and |

|              |   |                               | their role when multiplying or dividing. There is however ample opportunities for practice of the concept using realworld application of other benchmarks in the grade level. |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses the content fully. Scaffolds logically from models to procedures through several lessons. Includes some real world application.                            |
| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | THis topic is addressed in several different areas of the text in different contexts and realworld situations.  Spiral review also allows for continued practice.             |
| MA.6.NSO.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text adresses this content fully. There are several strategies used to apply the topic with several opportunities for practice.   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.2 | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text adresses application of the distributive property by relating it to area model. Offers several methods of understanding and simplifying. Also                        |

|              |  |                               | begins to relate to writtne description.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.3.3 | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text adresses this content fully. This topic is presented logically as a precursor to common factors and mutliples. |
| MA.6.NSO.3.4 | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.                                       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text adresses this content fully. This topic is presented logically as a precursor to common factors and mutliples. |
| MA.6.NSO.3.5 | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this benchmark and is in very good alignment.  |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this benchmark and is in very good alignment.  |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this benchmark and is in very good alignment.  |
| MA.7.AR.1.1  | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this benchmark and is in very good alignment.  |
| MA.7.AR.1.2  | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this benchmark and is in very good alignment.  |
| MA.7.AR.2.1  | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this benchmark and is  |

|             | represent solutions algebraically or graphically.   |                               | in very good<br>alignment.                                       |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.3.1 | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this benchmark and is in very good alignment. |
| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this benchmark and is in very good alignment. |
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers.             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.     |
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.     |
| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.     |
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.     |
| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring.  Compare the probabilities of chance events.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.     |
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.     |
| MA.7.DP.2.4 | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.     |

| MA.7.GR.1.1    | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this content fully. It provides several strategies to master the content.  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.GR.1.2    | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this content fully. There are several examples and realworld applications for the topic.   |
| MA.7.NSO.2.1   | Solve mathematical problems using multi-<br>step order of operations with rational<br>numbers including grouping symbols, whole-<br>number exponents and absolute value.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text addresses this benchmark thoroughly.   |
| MA.7.NSO.2.2   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.  |
| MA.7.NSO.2.3   | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed the best of all content in the text.  |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate this MTR and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark. |

| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate this MTR and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark. |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate this MTR and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark. |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate   |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:</li> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>                               |                               | this MTR and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark.   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate this MTR and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark. |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities  |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:</li> <li>Estimate to discover possible solutions.</li> <li>Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.</li> <li>Check calculations when solving problems.</li> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul> |                               | throughout for the teacher to facilitate this MTR and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark.  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate this MTR and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark.       |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate this benchmark and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark. |

| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate this benchmark and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark. |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate this benchmark and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark. |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate this benchmark and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark. |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate this benchmark and for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark. |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides multiple opportunities throughout for the teacher to facilitate this benchmark and  |

|                  |  |                               | for students to demonstrate the use of this benchmark.   |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text provides educators with the tools to support ELLs. The text provides ample opportunities for ELLs to engage with their peers in discussion. |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | State benchmarks and learning outcomes were thoroughly addressed                              |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material provided is written to the correct skill level of the course.                    |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The integration of the online component make this adaptable for all classroom types.          |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | THe real-world examples provided supports the significance of the mathematics topics covered. |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was appropriate distribution of both complexity and difficulty used in the text.        |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was appropriate distribution of both complexity and difficulty used in the text.        |

| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was appropriate distribution of both complexity and difficulty used in the text.                  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate references were used to show content and expertise in the development of the materials.     |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate references were used to show content and expertise in the development of the materials.     |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | THere were no inaccuracies evident in the material.   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There were no inaccuracies evident in the material provided.  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The mathematics were sound and are representative of the discipline.                                    |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There were no inaccuracies evident in the material.   |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Relevant and up-to-date research was used in the material.  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The contexts used throughout the text were relevant not only to the topics but also to the grade level. |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate references were used to show content and expertise in the development of the materials.     |

| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate references were used to show content and expertise in the development of the materials.         |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | While there were relevant real-<br>world examples given, the<br>interdisciplinary connects were<br>lacking. |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was no bias evident in the material   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was no cruelty evident in the material.   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content and the benchmarks were thoroughly covered with ing the material provided.                      |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The teacher side of the material is the most developed. However, the online material is also a significant support to students. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All material is aligned with the benchmarks and the cohesiveness of the online component to work text is a plus.                |

| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | THe material is laid out ina consistent and easy to follow framework.      |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | THe online component is better than the text. The text leaves you wanting. |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Pacing and scaffolding was very appropriately handled throughout the text. |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is accessible for all students across the tiers.                  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Overall the material meets the PRESENTATION requirements.                  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The online component is more aligned than the textbook component.   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | 5 modules with subtopics under all.   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Clear and concise information is provided for intended student outcomes.                                      |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Both the online component and the text provide scaffolded examples. The online component does the better job. |

| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Both the online component and the text provide scaffolded examples. The online component does the better job.               |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Student are expected to use all modalities of learning while using the marterial.   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Activities area provided for appropriate extensions of the material.  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The instructions strategies provided meet the requirement for teargeted outcomes of the benchmarks.                         |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The instructions strategies provided meet the requirement for teargeted outcomes of the benchmarks.                         |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate assessments that are aligned to both the benchmarks and materials are provided throughout the learning process. |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate assessments that are aligned to both the benchmarks and materials are provided throughout the learning process. |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | UDL is evident in the planning of the lessons.  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The MTR's and appropriate ELA standards are addressed fully throughout the text and materials.                              |

14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)

5 - Very Good Alignment In general, the material meeting the learning requirement.

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                                      |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There is no critical race theory evident in the material. |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There is no critical race theory evident in the material. |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There is no critical race theory evident in the material. |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | SEL is not addressed in the material.                     |

**Reviewer's Name:** Tammy Shelton

**Title:** Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 356

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | No  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 3 - Fair Alignment  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | If the school is 1:1, then this would be an acceptable resource. However, if the school is not 1:1, then the teacher would be relying on a consumable that does not allow for ample practice and thus have to create and/or pull other resources. |  |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating    | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Not to the rigor of the standard. I found the guided lessons to be difficult to maneuver and too helpful. If you click on it, it gives you the answer.  |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.                                  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Lacks Rigor. The lessons provide no productive struggle. A learner can click on each answer and immediately get a response and know the choose the other answer. No thought needed.                               |
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Writing Expressions from verbal descriptions - I would like to see it have some distractors to increase the rigor.  |
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Consumable pages would benefit from more practice problems.   |
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false.                         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Rigor is not there. Solving with addition and subtraction - Again the learner can just click buttons until the computer reveals the answer. Real- World Inequalities was better. There were distractors in place. |

| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers.                         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Some of the solving equations (type in) still automatically give you the answer. Low Rigor! |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers.                      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Same as stated above.   |
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Same as stated above.   |
| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of two quantities using appropriate notation:  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | I like the way this section is covered.   |
| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units.  Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This was presented well. Excellent job on Unit Rates.                                       |
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Low rigor but other than that meets the benchmark.  |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Covered very well.  |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This was covered thoroughly! I liked the guided practice.                                   |

| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | I would like to see<br>less true/false<br>questions.   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a real-<br>world context, find and interpret mean,<br>median, mode and range.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the way the data<br>sets change in<br>Measuring the Effects<br>of Changing Data<br>Sets. Very good<br>visual!   |
| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data.                          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | I like that the numbers can be marked off as the learner counts. However, I would like them to put the numbers in order. If they are always given in order, then they do not think to put them in order when they are not. |
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-<br>world context, qualitatively describe and<br>interpret the spread and distribution of the<br>data, including any symmetry, skewness,<br>gaps, clusters, outliers and the range.                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This benchmark is covered thoroughly.  |
| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great Job!   |
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | covered well   |
| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I enjoyed these<br>lessons. The<br>symmetry section was<br>good.   |

| MA.6.GR.1.2  | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Same as above.   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.GR.1.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Would like to see<br>more practice<br>problems.  |
| MA.6.GR.2.1  | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Animations in video<br>lesson were good. I<br>liked the<br>decomposing demos                     |
| MA.6.GR.2.2  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I liked the way Nets<br>were utilized for<br>surface area.                                       |
| MA.6.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula.                              | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good use of relevant problems. I like that division of decimals is thrown into this module also. |
| MA.6.GR.2.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Good lessons continuing through.   |
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | I like the online<br>lessons. The<br>consumables need<br>more practice<br>problems.              |
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Same as above. Meets the standard but needs more practice problems in the consumable.            |
| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The computer modules lack  |

|              | the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.   |                               | productive struggle. Otherwise good.   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covered well.  |
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Multiplying decimals gives you the answer as soon as you make a mistake. I'd rather it just say the answer is wrong and allow the learner to think through where they made a mistake. They could always hit the hint button if needed. Again, the consumable pages are lacking enough practice problems. |
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good visuals in the modules.   |
| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers.                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Computer modules are good. Consumable is lacking practice problems.  |
| MA.6.NSO.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | covered well.  |
| MA.6.NSO.3.2 | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Covered well.  |

| MA.6.NSO.3.3 | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the error analysis (organizing steps) in applying the order of operations. |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.3.4 | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Rigor is missing.   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.5 | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Good coverage.  |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.           |                               | Online module very good. consumable needs more practice problems.                 |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Online modules very good. Consumable lacking enough practice.                     |
| MA.7.AR.1.1  | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | online modules are great. Consumable needs more practice problems.                |
| MA.7.AR.1.2  | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covered well  |
| MA.7.AR.2.1  | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and represent solutions algebraically or graphically. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | covered well. Good<br>rigor   |
| MA.7.AR.3.1  | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great job   |

| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | Great job  |
|-------------|---|---|--|
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment   | Good relevance.  |
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations. | data, use the measure(s) ure(s) of variability to interpret results and  4 - Good Alignment |  |
| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment   | good module; need<br>more in consumable.                     |
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | Great coverage   |
| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring. Compare the probabilities of chance events.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | Great  |
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment   | Would like to have more practice problems in the consumable. |
| MA.7.DP.2.4 | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | I like the way this is presented.                            |
| MA.7.GR.1.1 | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | I like the online<br>modules AND the<br>consumable!          |
| MA.7.GR.1.2 | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | Great  |

|                | figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals.  |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.NSO.2.1   | Solve mathematical problems using multi-<br>step order of operations with rational<br>numbers including grouping symbols, whole-<br>number exponents and absolute value.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | online modules are good.  |
| MA.7.NSO.2.2   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I liked the lessons in the modules.   |
| MA.7.NSO.2.3   | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good coverage.  |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The online modules allow for individual work while the consumables have ample collaboration built in. |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects,  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | There are multiple representations; however I feel the modules may limit this.                        |

|                | drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.   |                               |  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | There is a lack of fluency skills within the consumables.  |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.  • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.  • Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.  • Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | All aspects are represented online and in the comsumables. |

|                | <ul> <li>Justify results by explaining methods<br/>and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based<br/>on evidence.</li> </ul>  |                               |  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts. • Look for similarities among problems. • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great job within in the modules.   |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Would benefit in showing learners how to "check" their own work within the modules other than estimations. |

|                  | 1   | 1                             |  |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1   | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Tons of real-world problems built in throughout. |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | na   |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Some sections are great and others are lacking in alignment and rigor.  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Rigor is missing in several sections noted above.   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | The consumable does not provide enough practice for the classroom. The learners would need to stay in the modules the majority of the time to gain fluency. |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Details and significance could be represented better.   |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | Rigor is lacking in some benchmarks as noted above.   |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | na  |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na  |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na  |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.         | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | na  |

| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na |
|--|----------------------------|----|
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | na |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na |

| Presentation  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | Consumable is lacking.   |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | This would depend if you are in the online modules or the consumables. |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | na   |

| Learning | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|----------|-----------------|----------------------|
|----------|-----------------|----------------------|

| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Definitely in the modules.   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | na   |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Some of the modules were too guided and did not allow productive struggle. |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | yes when in online modules   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na   |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | na   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | na   |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na   |

| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Excellent job |
|--|----------------------------|---------------|
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | na            |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na                   |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na                   |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na                   |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | na                   |

**Reviewer's Name:** Thomas Womble

**Title:** Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics

**Publisher:** Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 356

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment                              |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Very good curriculum with excellent online material. |  |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covers standard. The digital MATHia material is very strong.      |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered.<br>Great real world<br>material on MATHia.   |
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered very well.                                    |
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standard covered<br>well. Would be better<br>with MATHia support. |
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard covered well.  |
| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard covered well. Great online resources.                    |
| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard covered well.  |
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard covered well.  |

| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of two quantities using appropriate notation:  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard covered well. Progresses nicely to real world scenarios. |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units. Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard covered well. Progresses nicely to real world scenarios. |
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios.                         | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.   |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is done well.                                       |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.   |
| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standard covered well.  |
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a real-<br>world context, find and interpret mean,<br>median, mode and range.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the online<br>material for this<br>standard.               |
| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard covered well.  |
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-<br>world context, qualitatively describe and   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Covered well.   |

|             | interpret the spread and distribution of the data, including any symmetry, skewness, gaps, clusters, outliers and the range.  |                               |   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Curriculum could use more histogram examples. |
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covered well.                                 |
| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard covered well. Great online resource. |
| MA.6.GR.1.2 | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Done well.                                    |
| MA.6.GR.1.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standard covered well.                        |
| MA.6.GR.2.1 | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Online material is a little confusing.        |
| MA.6.GR.2.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Done well.                                    |
| MA.6.GR.2.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard covered well.                        |

| MA.6.GR.2.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment   | Done well.                          |
|--------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | Introduced well. Good practice.     |
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context. | quantities that have opposite 5 - Very sing rational numbers. Compare number line and explain the Alignment |                                     |
| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | Done very well.                     |
| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment   | Done well.                          |
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment   | Standard is covered well.           |
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency.           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | Standard is covered well.           |
| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | Standard used in most every module. |
| MA.6.NSO.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment   | Standard is covered well.           |

| MA.6.NSO.3.2 | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standard is covered well.                                |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.3.3 | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                |
| MA.6.NSO.3.4 | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                |
| MA.6.NSO.3.5 | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.            | orms including 5 - Very       |  |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standard is covered well. Lacks some procedural fluency. |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standard is covered well. Lacks some procedural fluency. |
| MA.7.AR.1.1  | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standard is covered well.                                |
| MA.7.AR.1.2  | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                |
| MA.7.AR.2.1  | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and represent solutions algebraically or graphically. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                |
| MA.7.AR.3.1  | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well. Good real-world examples.      |

| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good lessons on proportions. Good online material.        |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers.             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Done well.  |
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covered well with good examples of real world situations. |
| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                 |
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                 |
| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring. Compare the probabilities of chance events.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standard is covered well.                                 |
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Probability lessons are done well.                        |
| MA.7.DP.2.4 | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Probability lessons are done well.                        |
| MA.7.GR.1.1 | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well with good, engaging visuals.     |
| MA.7.GR.1.2 | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                 |

| MA.7.NSO.2.1   | Solve mathematical problems using multi-<br>step order of operations with rational<br>numbers including grouping symbols, whole-<br>number exponents and absolute value.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.NSO.2.2   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                  |
| MA.7.NSO.2.3   | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                  |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many opportunities for growth mindset.     |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Problems are represented in multiple ways. |

|                | <ul> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul>   |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  • Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  • Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  • Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  • Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  • Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Curriculum does lack<br>on fluency exercises. |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | <ul> <li>Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.</li> <li>Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:</li> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many student reflection opportunities.        |

|                | Construct possible arguments based on evidence.   |                               |                           |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well. |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covered well.             |

|                  |   | 1                             |  |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1   | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                  |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   |                               | Standard is covered well.                                  |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                  |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                  |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students will be engaged with active listening techniques. |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                  |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                  |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                  |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Alignment is correct to content.  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Correct skill level is used.  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material will be easily assimilated into current classroom models.              |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Treatment is sufficient.  |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Level of difficulty matches standards.  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Level of difficulty matches grade level.  |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Time period could go a bit over, depending on management skills of facilitator. |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.         | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).               | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No errors observed.   |

| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is free of bias. |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.          |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No errors observed.      |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.          |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.          |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.          |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.          |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Good alignment.          |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Good alignment.          |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.          |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.          |

| Presentation  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The teacher resources are helpful and easy to understand.                    |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material has a logical organization.   |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.  |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Pacing of contact will be good if facilitator has good classroom management. |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Good alignment.  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification                               |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Learners are motivated through multiple resources. |

| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Big ideas are taught well.                             |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Clear outcomes are given.                              |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Great support for students through multiple resources. |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Great support for students through multiple resources. |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Students will be actively engaged.                     |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.  |

| Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?  |                            |          |
|---|----------------------------|----------|
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.) | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It does. |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.      |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.      |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.      |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.      |

Reviewer's Name: Elizabeth Abel

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 7 Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

**Author:** Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** Grade Seven Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 357

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes   |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment   |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Overall, this was a great series. The material was easy to read and felt obtainable for both students and teachers. The materials were user-friendly and provided students with graphics and writing that was clear and easy to understand. The concept of 60% print and 40% digital for the curriculum was interesting and would appeal to classrooms with a |  |

strong digital presence. The lessons were clear cut and had clear expectations. The activities were varied and provided students with lots of opportunities for collaboration and discourse. Within Mathia, there were many avenues for remediation. It would have been nice to see more enrichment activities embedded in the series. Also, there did not seem to be as many ties to STEM as there could be. However, the problems and lessons had a strong connection to the real-world and provided students with ample examples, problems and scenarios that were real-world based. This allowed students to see the math as relatable, highly interesting and it will serve to hold their attention and interest throughout the lessons. I would recommend this series for adoption.

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.1.1 | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students complete multiple lessons and activities that involve adding and subtracting linear expressions with rational coefficients. These activities have students applying order of operations to solve. |
| MA.7.AR.1.2 | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students compare and determine whether linear expressions are equivalent in a series of activities and Mathia lessons, including with the use of the distributive property.                                |

| MA.7.AR.2.1 | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and represent solutions algebraically or graphically. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students solve one-<br>step inequalities on<br>number lines, in<br>algebraic form and<br>with graphs. Students<br>are given<br>opportunities to<br>practice all three<br>scenarios through two<br>Mathia lessons and<br>through their<br>textbook lessons and<br>activities. This allows<br>students ample time<br>for practice.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.AR.2.2 | Write and solve two-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context, where all terms are rational numbers.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students write and solve two-step equations with one variable using a variety of real-world problems including building doghouses, comparing the populations in towns and comparing the money raised in a fundraiser. Students also complete 5 Mathia lessons that either support prior skills necessary to learn this standard (three lessons) or represent the actual lessons on this standard (two lessons). |
| MA.7.AR.3.1 | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students solve a variety of multi-step problems involving percent, including problems related to sales on a variety of clothing, trips, cable   |

|             |  |                               | service, and more. Students also explore real-world problems involving what percent to tip servers or what percentage of tips servers receive. They also explore sales tax and solve a plethora or multi-step problems related to this topic. Probability is explored in relation to percentages. There are also Mathia lessons on percents to support this standard, such as one on how to calculate sales tax.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Proportions are explored in correlation with percentages through a myriad of real-world word problems. Students explore ratios through problems such as the likelihood of a specific scenario happening, such as the probability of a cup landing a certain way. They also apply ratio to see how much money a student can earn at a job based on the amount of money earned over a certain time period or by applying their understanding of ratios to explore how a scientist might |

|             |   |                               | calculate an animal's population.   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.AR.3.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students convert a variety of unit across both the customary and metric measurement systems including units that measure distance, weight, and capacity.  |
| MA.7.AR.4.1 | Determine whether two quantities have a proportional relationship by examining a table, graph or written description.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students analyze word problems, graphs, and tables to determine if there is a proportional relationship between two quantities. This can be seen in problems related to the design of a garden, the mixture of paint colors, the cost a person charges to translate pages and the growth of a plant. There are also two Mathia lessons that directly support this standard. |
| MA.7.AR.4.2 | Determine the constant of proportionality within a mathematical or real-world context given a table, graph or written description of a proportional relationship. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students look for the constant of proportionality in a variety of graphs, tables or word problems including ones related to the amount of money a translator charges to transcribe written pages, in the relationship between the minutes of  |

|             |   |                               | television program and a plethora of other similar real-world problems. When analyzing graphs, they look for the presence or absence of a contant, they create corresponding equations and they apply it to real-world scenarios. They also have students create a different representation of the constant based on the information being presented in one type of representation (for example making a chart from a graph or a graph from a word problem). There was a Mathia lesson focused on the constant of proportionality as well. |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph proportional relationships from a table, equation or a written description. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | information in a table, equation or word problem and asked to create a graph based on that information for a variety of realworld type problems including data on recipes, design of a garden, and the mixture of paint colors. There are ample practice opportunities   |

|             |  |                               | throughout multiple<br>lessons in the student<br>math books on this<br>standard.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.4.4 | Given any representation of a proportional relationship, translate the representation to a written description, table or equation. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students analyze graphs and use this data to create a table, equation or description through a variety of activities and practice problems on recipes, gardens, and other real-world scenarios. There are multiple Mathia lessons to support student work on proportional thinking, which includes the representations of graphs and charts.   |
| MA.7.AR.4.5 | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students work through a plethora of lessons, both in their print book and on Mathia, involving proportional relationships, graphing proportions, writing equations for proportions and analyzing charts, word problems and other representations of the data. The bulk of the problems are centered on real-life scenarios involving money, recipes, garden design, money made, and other situations in which students will have an interest and be able |

|             |   |                               | to related. This entire topic, spanning multiple lessons, is rooted in real-world contexts.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students use population graphs, graphs on tv watching, and graphs/charts related to types of milk preferences to explore measures or center or variation through a variety of practice problems, activities and discourse. There were also two Mathia lessons on this standard.  |
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students compared the information presented, including measure of center and measure of variability, on population graphs, graphs on tv watching, and graphs/charts related to types of milk preferences. With this information, students analyzed the results and drew conclusions using the data as their guide. There is a Mathia lesson that centers on comparing the data in graphs for the type of information in this standard. |

| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students use data from survey results on floor plans, populations and gumballs to make inferences and predictions about the data. They use the random samples of data to make generalizations about the data as a whole. Students are presented this information in word problems, in graphs, and in charts. There are practice problems and activities to support this standard well. Students also practice this standard in a Mathia lesson on using inferences to create population predictions. |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.DP.1.4 | Use proportional reasoning to construct, display and interpret data in circle graphs.                               | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students analyze circle graphs and create circle graphs with a variety of data including how they spend their day, how parents pay for college, and types of pets owned. There is also a Mathia lesson on creating circle graphs. While there was a lesson devoted to this topic, there could be additional problems or activities added to his section as students only created one graph on  |

|             |  |                               | their own in the book   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
|             |  |                               | lesson.   |
| MA.7.DP.1.5 | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.               | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | While the lesson does have students decide whether the information presented represents a census or sample, it does not have students create a graphical representation, which is what the standard calls for. While the lesson is related to this, it does not directly have students practice this skill in their book or in the Mathia lesson. |
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students determine the sample space for rolling a 6-sided dice, for spaces labeled on a spinner, for colored marbles being pulled out of a bag, and for clothing combinations. Students are given ample opportunity to practice this skill with a variety of scenarios. There is also a Mathia lesson on Determining Probabilities.               |
| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring. Compare the probabilities of chance events. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students analyze the probability of a chance event happening, such as the results in rolling a 6-sided dice or  |

|             |  |                               | landing on a spot on a spinner, the likelihood of pulling out a specific colored marble out of a bag or a clothing combination out of a drawer. Students are given ample opportunity to practice this skill with a variety of scenarios. There are two Mathia lessons related to this standard, one on Determining Probabilities and one on Modeling Simple Events. Students analyze uniform and non-uniform probability models and have ample opportunities to practice this standard. |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students calculate the theoretical probability of a variety of events related to simple experiments using ratio relationships. They calculate the probability of the results in rolling a 6-sided dice or landing on a spot on a spinner, the likelihood of pulling out a specific colored marble out of a bag or a clothing combination out of a drawer. Students are given ample opportunity to   |

|             |   |                               | practice this skill with a variety of scenarios. There is also a Mathia lesson on Determining Probabilities that has them calculate the theoretical probability of an event occurring.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.DP.2.4 | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students run simple experiments with tossing cups, flipping coins and spinning a spinner to determine the experimental probabilities. They then compare their results with the theoretical probabilities of the experiment. Students explore and practice this standard in the Mathia lesson, Comparing Experimental and Theoretical Probabilities. Students also design spinners to test for experimental probability in a different lesson. This part of the standard is further practiced in the Mathia lesson Simulating Simple Events. There are ample opportunities for students to practice this standard. |
| MA.7.GR.1.1 | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The areas of these three categories of shapes are explored  |

|             |   |                               | through connecting these shapes to other shapes students are familiar with (by decomposing more complex polygons into these familiar shapes) through formulas (heavy concentration on this) and through visual representations. Students explore the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi in two Mathia lessons on this standard.   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.GR.1.2 | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students solve real-world problems involving the areas of parallelograms, rhombi and trapezoids through connecting these shapes to other shapes students are familiar with (by decomposing more complex polygons into these familiar shapes). Students explore this concept by decomposing diagrams into sections of triangles and quadrilaterals, thus making the area calculations more manageable. |
| MA.7.GR.1.3 | Explore the proportional relationship between circumferences and diameters of circles. Apply a formula for the                                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are introduced to the diameter and circumference of  |

|             | circumference of a circle to solve mathematical and real-world problems.                               |                               | circles and how they are proportionally related. Students learn about Pi and how it is related to calculating circumference. They then practice solving real-world and mathematical problems involving Pi using the formula for circumference. Practice problems includes scenarios related to go-cart tracks and jump rope patterns, giving students exposure to relevant examples. Students also explore this standard in the Mathia lesson Investigating Circles. |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.GR.1.4 | Explore and apply a formula to find the area of a circle to solve mathematical and realworld problems. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students practice using the formula for area of a circle and apply what they have learned to solving real-world problems involving circles including problems about making pizzas, circular gardens, pipe configurations, and creating a circular mural. Students also practice and apply the formula for area in two Mathia lessons on this standard. Students have copious opportunities to explore this   |

|             |   |                               | standard across<br>multiple lessons.   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.GR.1.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving dimensions and areas of geometric figures, including scale drawings and scale factors. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students solve a plethora of problems involving the dimensions and areas of geometric figures, such as realistic problems involving putting greens, curved windows, airplane hangar designs, and irregular shaped stickers. Students must apply their knowledge of how to calculate area, as well as their skills in interpreting scale drawings to solve these problems. Student have ample opportunity to practice in both print lessons and on Mathia (there are multiple lessons related to area of polygons and circles. This standard also is included spiraled into some other lessons throughout the series. |
| MA.7.GR.2.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of a right circular cylinder using the figure's net.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students calculate the surface area of a variety of different right circular cylinders using the shape's net including cans, popcorn containers, paint rollers, and drums. Students solve a variety of real-life problems that involve   |

|             |  |                               | cylinders. There were many different scenarios described and students were asked to apply their knowledge beyond simply following the formula. There were also affiliated Mathia lessons available on cylinders.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.GR.2.2 | Solve real-world problems involving surface area of right circular cylinders.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students calculate the surface area of a variety of different cylinders, including cans, popcorn containers, paint rollers, and drums. Students solve a variety of real-life problems that involve cylinders. There were many different scenarios described and students were asked to apply their knowledge beyond simply following the formula. There were also affiliated Mathia lessons available on the area of cylinders. |
| MA.7.GR.2.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving volume of right circular cylinders. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students calculate the volume of a variety of different cylinders, including cans, popcorn containers, paint rollers, and drums. Students solve a variety of real-life problems that involve cylinders. There were many different scenarios described   |

|              |  |                               | and students were asked to apply their knowledge beyond simply following the formula. There were also affiliated Mathia lessons available on calculating and using the volume of cylinders   |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.NSO.1.1 | Know and apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to whole-number exponents and rational number bases. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered in multiple lessons, activities and practice opportunities involving expanded notation, the Laws of Powers (including powers of powers and products/quotients of powers). There are multiple Mathia lessons on rewriting simple and complex algebraic expressions with integer coefficients, including ones with parentheses and exponents. |
| MA.7.NSO.1.2 | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and realworld problems.    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students make equivalent rational numbers in a variety of forms including with terminal and repeating decimals, with equivalent fraction, and as percentages. There are also two Mathia lessons focused on this standard, focusing on how to convert between fractions and   |

|              |   |                               | decimals (to make them equivalent) and how to convert to percentages. There are many practice problems in this section.   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.NSO.2.1 | Solve mathematical problems using multistep order of operations with rational numbers including grouping symbols, wholenumber exponents and absolute value. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students practice the addition and subtraction of rational numbers through straight computation problems as well as word problems set in real-life situations. Many of these problems are multistep in nature. Students are asked to follow the order of operations to solve the computation problems (absolute value, exponents and grouping of symbols were all covered in the practice problems and instruction; many of these concepts were explored through applying the commutative, associative and distributive properties). There are two Mathia lessons on addition/subtraction of rational numbers and on multiplication/division of rational numbers that provide students with ample opportunities for |

|              |   |                               | practice and remediation (including step-by-step instructions for students that needed it.)   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.NSO.2.2 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Adding, subtracting, multiplying and dividing rational numbers was covered, at great length, in a series of lessons in this series. There were ample opportunities for students to practice with procedural fluency, both in the printed book and on Mathia (where it was presented to or practiced with students in nine distinct lessons.) The practice on this standard felt thorough and was presented to students in a variety of different contexts. Students would be able to relate to the contexts as well, as they applied to ideas the students would have personal interest in (such as money, or the amount of sleep they received.) |
| MA.7.NSO.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students solve a<br>myriad of real-world<br>problems involving<br>the four operations<br>(with rational   |

|                |  |                               | numbers) through problems involving temperature readings, the amount of time spent doing a preferred activity, money spent, distance traveled, and the amount of sleep a student received. This practice is interwoven into a variety of Mathia lessons, where students can received detailed instructional assistance or move straight on to show their mastery of this concept.  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The series had strong questions for discourse built into it, which will help cultivate learners that analyze well and develop perseverance. Students completed many tasks collaboratively throughout the printed book, as well as spend about 40% of their time working independently in Mathia (this is in addition to the independent practice embedded in the math textbooks.) All of this will lead to a classroom of students that value productive |

|                |  |                               | struggle while keeping an upbeat attitude.  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives. Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations. Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations. Express connections between concepts and representations. Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Students were asked to represent problems in many different ways, including with graphs, charts and tables, and with drawings. There were not as many opportunities for the use of concrete manipulatives as much of the instruction seemed focused in the representational and abstract worlds. The instruction in both of these areas was strong, but there needed to be more opportunities for concrete modeling and practice. |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | <ul> <li>Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.</li> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:</li> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students were given sufficient opportunities to complete tasks with mathematical fluency. The instruction focused on accuracy and flexibility (especially in the representational and abstract instruction). There was a strong connection between the activities provided and the correlating questions (which would prompt strong discourse.)   |

| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. • Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. • Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. • Justify results by explaining methods and processes. • Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The program supported and encouraged discourse at every turn. There were questions embedded in each lesson and students were encouraged to collaborate to discuss their mathematical thinking. Students would have a plethora of opportunities for productive struggle, which will lead to more discussions routed in the mathematics. The types of questions varied and often required students to analyze one another's work or defend their own opinion on a mathematical solution. The program was definitely set up with a growth mindset model in |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
|                |   |                               |   |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Patterns were highlighted throughout the series, helping students to both look for and continue a problem based on the pattern. Students were provided procedures with clear, efficient steps, and allowed plenty of opportunities to reach mastery in practice problems. Student   |

|                | <ul> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul>   |                               | could further practice their procedures in Mathia by completing a series of problems that supported each lesson. Within Mathia, there was embedded remediation support (if needed) that followed the steps clearly and highlighted patterns to help students make the connections between math concepts.   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students were constantly asked to determine the reasonableness of solutions and to agree/disagree with their peers' solutions. They needed to justify their own answers, and defend their work during discussions with their classmates. Students were given a multitude of opportunities to see problems already worked out, allowing them to see the step by step process by which a solution was derived. This allowed students to look for mistakes throughout a problem, not just verify if their answer was correct. In some problems, multiple solutions were |

|                |   |                               | offered and students had to select the correct one and justify it as part of their answer. This led to many strong opportunities to strengthen their ability to analyze work and continue the growth mindset model.   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This series is rooted in real-world context. Every lesson evaluated contained practice that consistently demonstrated real-world context and would appeal to students' interests or knowledge base. Students will be able to build strong connections to their own personal world as there were so many strong connections to relevant, interesting scenarios that would appeal to them. The problems felt relatable and current, thus helping hold students' focus and interest. |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students were asked to explain their mathematical reasoning and defend/justify their solutions throughout   |

|                |   |                               | the myriad of lessons on just about every concept. This was part of the normal routine of the program - discussing with peers, analyzing work, choosing a solution, and defending it with their own work (or with the work of collaborators.)  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Within any math textbook, there is a lot of reading comprehension necessary. This program provided texts that were gradelevel appropriate, but not unapproachable for learners on a wide-range of levels. Students will find the text enjoyable to read and not bogged down by heavy, non-math related vocabulary. The text in rich, but the supporting visuals will aid students in understanding the context of the words. The series does an excellent job of making the text challenging, interesting and attainable all simultaneously. |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students will be able to make a multitude of inferences in reading this text   |

|                |   |                               | based on the charts, graphs, pictures and supporting work samples. Throughout the series there are correlating graphics and pictures as well a many "Worked Examples" that will aid students in their understanding of what they are reading.  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students collaborate frequently in this series. They are asked to discuss their math at every turn and often work with partners or in small groups to solve their problems.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | There is a consistency to the lessons as students will see familiar frameworks throughout the series. Students use some graphic organizers, follow some routines (such as the way the Talk the Talks are set up, or the Thumbs up/Thumbs down scenarios) and see comparable Mathia lesson formats throughout the series. |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The book rides the road down the middle - not too informal and not so bogged down by formal vocabulary   |

|                  |  |                       | that students will feel overwhelmed. There is math vocabulary interwoven throughout the series; however, it does not feel stiff and will not bring anxiety to students that struggle with reading.   |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students will like the familiar layout and routines set up in both the print and digital formats.  Mathia lessons provide opportunities for students to listen to items being read to them and the series allows students many opportunities to collaborate with students in their class. This will build conversational and academic vocabulary for ELL students as the more discourse they engage in, the more they will strengthen their language skills. |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students will like the familiar layout and routines set up in both the print and digital formats.  Mathia lessons provide opportunities for students to listen to items being read to them and the series allows students many   |

|  |  |  | opportunities to collaborate with students in their class. This will build conversational and academic vocabulary for ELL students as the more discourse they engage in, the more they will strengthen their language skills. |
|--|--|--|---|
|--|--|--|---|

| Content  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content had strong alignment to the state's standards and benchmarks on every standard. The instruction and practice problems directly correlated with what the standard was asking for on each concept or area. |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content had a strong alignment to the state's expected level of rigor for each of the standards and benchmarks. Tasks were differentiated throughout the series and offered multiple points for access.          |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The materials were both useful and adaptable for classroom instruction. There were presentation slides that could be modified to meet instructional needs of an individual classroom.                                |

| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials covered each topic/event in its entirety; it would not be necessary to supplement in order for students to comprehend the concepts.   |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                         | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was strong alignment between the complexity of the content and the standards; the concepts presented in the content was at an appropriate level based on what the standards asked for.  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | here was strong alignment between the complexity of the content and student abilities and grade level. The materials always seemed ageappropriate for a student in this grade band as well as interesting. Students will be drawn in by the humorous titles of each lesson and the real-world scenarios presented in the problems. Furthermore, the math was on par with what would be expected of a student in this grade band.                  |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The series is set up for it to cover an entire school year, with 60% of the lessons coming from the math book and 40% of the lessons coming from Mathia. The instruction was designed with stated pacing on each section and the amount of minutes required seemed achievable in the time period. There was sufficient time built in to remediate as well as to accommodate for loss of instructional time due to statewide testing, holidays and |

|   |                            | other events that would interrupt the flow of instruction. The goal is for the course to be taught across two semesters in 150 45-minute sessions or 75 block scheduling sessions. |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The information comes from the knowledge of the series authors, who both present with credible and robust credentials and experience.  |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The authors' contributions enhance the quality of the content; it provides students with relevant, interesting content that will hold their attention.                             |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | No errors were found; however many of the links were broken in here and required using the Correlation to the BEST Standards document to locate.                                   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias was noted.   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content was representative of the current theories and concepts in math and was rooted in the current standards.   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content in the material was factual.   |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content reflected current research and standards of practice.  |

| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The context was based on real-world experiences and situations, which is appropriate and relevant to the curriculum, standards, benchmarks and students.  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The context was based on real-<br>world experiences and<br>situations, which is appropriate<br>and relevant for students.   |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The context was based on real-world experiences and situations, which is appropriate and relevant to students. This will directly correlate with student interests, thus making the context both meaningful and exciting for students. Students that can make these connections will automatically be vested in the mathematics, and thus be more successful. |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There were a myriad of connections to the STEM world, as well as art. However, there were not as many connections made to History and English Language Arts.  |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | All representations were fair and unbiased.   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | People and animals are portrayed with sympathy, compassion and appropriately.   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material more than sufficiently covers the content  |

| of the benchmarks standards for this c |
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| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There were sufficient resources for the students and teachers to utilize in the course. Each lesson had multiple activities and accompanying problems and the teacher's edition was thorough. There were also a plethora of Mathia lessons that correlated with each lesson. There did not seem to be a lot of resources for enrichment; however they might have just not been included in the materials that accompanied the bid |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The alignment was comprehensive.  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The lessons and sequence had a nice flow to them. It felt logical and organic and would be easy for a teacher to follow.  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Students will be able to understand the content at an appropriate level. The narrative felt like it aligned with what a student in this grade band would need. The visuals were clear and not overburdened by unnecessary information. It felt like a myriad of learners would be able to access the instructional materials and be successful with it.   |

| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This was definitely a strong point of the series - it felt like the material was just the right amount for each lesson. It did not feel like the lessons were bare-boned, but it also did not feel like there was extraneous material that was unnecessary. Teachers could easily fit these lessons into the prescribed time period and not feel overwhelmed. |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material has all of the necessary supports to aid students, such as presentation and navigation that is adjustable and flexible, as well as study tool resources and other assistive supports to assist all students in learning.   |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials were presented in a clear, easy to view and comprehend format that will appeal to all types of learners.  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There were activities that were high-interest, which will appeal to all types of learners.  |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The instructional materials did a great job of teaching "Big Ideas". The series pushed the idea that it is okay to make mistakes, and that this is how we grow for example. |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.                        | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson began with a clear overview of what would be  |

|  |                            | covered in the lesson and what the lesson would teacher students. It was very clear what the desired outcome of each lesson was and all of the information related to the lesson (standards, learning progression, etc.) were very clearly stated   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This series had strong questions for discourse as well as encouraged students to analyze their work and the work of others to improve their mathematical thinking. The series pushed for students to be independent learners and thinkers and not to just regurgitate information or follow simple formulas. Students took their learning to the next level and really applied the mathematics. |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum took into account students of various developmental backgrounds and learning styles. It definitely complied with an ideal UDL model and took into consideration the learning needs of ELL and ESE students as well as students on a 504.   |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                         | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Many of the lessons and activities in the series were high engagement type ones; students were actively, not passively participating in the mathematics. There were many opportunities to collaborate with peers, and to work on problems and inquiry based questions that did not  |

|  |                            | just require simple rote memorization of formulas.  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There were many activities for students to complete, both in their print books and on Mathia. This allowed students to extend their knowledge and expand their practice on the various standards. It would have been nice to see more enrichment opportunities though.  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Instructional materials included many strategies that have a proven success rate with teaching students including providing strong questions for discourse, following predictable and reliable frameworks for analyzing student work, etc. There were many routines that students would become familiar with, such as Thumbs Up, Thumbs Down, Who's Correct and Worked Examples.      |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The instructional strategies included in the materials were best practices and would be effective in teaching the targeted outcomes. There were many opportunities for students to collaborate with peers, for students to reflect on their own work and for students to engage in active discourse with both the teacher and their peers. All of these strategies are best practice. |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There were a lot of assessment strategies incorporated into   |

|   |                            | the Mathia portion of the program as well as printed assessment resources. These provided lots of opportunities for summative assessments. There were some formative assessments embedded in the series although more could be added to enhance this portion of the program.                                    |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The summative assessments were completely sufficient to assess learners' performance. The formative assessments were a great start, but could b expanded upon in the future.  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All of the best practices of UDL were present and implemented in this series.   |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The MTRS were present throughout the series and provided a foundation upon which the lessons were designed. There were also some ELA strategies embedded throughout the series.   |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                 | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The submission completely satisfies learning requirements. Students will receive a comprehensive education with this series. Between the digital resources (such as Mathia) and the print resources, students will have sufficient learning and practice time in both collaborative settings and independently. |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials did not include any materials related to Critical Race Theory.                        |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The instructional materials omitted Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT.            |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was no mention of Social Justice as it relates to CRT present in the instructional materials. |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The instructional materials do not solicit Social Emotional Learning.                               |

Reviewer's Name: David Aldred

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 7 Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 7 Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 357

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of prohibited material. Problems reflect realworld and practical application of math principles |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Evette Idehen

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 7 Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** 1205040 - Grade Seven Mathematics

**Bid ID: 357** 

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

? Fonts: Carnegie Learning provides all lessons in both Google Slides and PPT formats for presentation purposes. Google Slides and PPTs have a font size setting that the user can manipulate. Chrome browser (and others) can also manipulate font size. o Type and size. YES o Colors and background colors can be adjusted. YES ? Background: High contrast color settings are available. All Carnegie Learning print and digital materials have been reviewed at the time of creation by color contrast compliance design tools. CL does not use extraneous imagery or colors that is not required. ? Text-to-speech tools. MATHia platform includes an embedded text-to-speech tool that is programmed to read mathematics accurately. Content can be provided in live text to work with various screen readers. ? All images have alt tags. YES ? All videos are captioned. YES ? Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review  | Rating                | Comments  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Modifications can be used when working on the downloadable formats.   |
| Background: High contrast color settings are available.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | You would only highlight by selecting the annotation button, but the box was around the words, it was difficult to select one word at a time  |
| Text-to-speech tools.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Text to speech tools are embedded in certain sections, but not all modules and math computations. However, text to speech options can be used when working on the downloadable formats. |

| All images have alt tags.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | All images do not have atl tagseven in the source page section   |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| All videos are captioned.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Not all videos have the option of text to speech. For example the overview video made in Vimeo did not give me the option to add captions. |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | With the use of built in features in iOS and Windows, we could see the potential for compatibility   |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

? Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. YES ? All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts. YES ? All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Users can only use the keyboard to scroll up or down and not horizontally which is how the site is set up. Users have to use the mouse to navigate to the next page. |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | With the use of built in features in iOS and Windows, we could see<br>the potential for compatibility  |

#### 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

? Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue). YES ? Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document. YES ? Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. YES

| Review | Rating | Comments |
|--------|--------|----------|
|--------|--------|----------|

| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Note taking icon and tools are provided, but I was unable to take notes without being kicked into another page. I'm not sure if it was because I wasn't a "student" in the class that prevented me from gaining access. |

4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

1. Magnification YES 2. Text-to-speech YES 3. Text-to-American Sign Language Our content works with all assistive technologies. 4. On-screen keyboards YES - MATHia 5. Switch scanning controls YES 6. Speech-to-text Our content works with all assistive technologies.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background.  Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to- American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The interface is not user friendly.  Text to speech is hard to find, not highlighting support when text is read. |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

### **Bid Response**

All MATHbook Instructional Materials are available in print. Students who cannot access MATHia can access our Skills

Practice print worksheets.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many of the features are provided, but I would suggest better integration with Text to speech features, particularly when working with math |

Reviewer's Name: David Lee

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 7 Mathematics

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| Final Recommendation   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | The textbook and Mathia provide a solid system of support for both educators and students.  Animations in MATHia are very nice. They are short have closed captions for English and Spanish. The animations can also be downloaded. A concern is that Carnegie "highly recommends" using the given sequencing (see pg. FM-8). Given the unknown of |  |

how the F.A.S.T. progress monitoring will be implemented such a rigid curriculum could be an issue. I would also recommend for future reviews Carnegie fix the short videos for "Explore the Resources" as it currently only loads standards navigator. None of the rest of the videos worked. There was also an issue with accessing some of the Mathia activities.

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.AR.1.1 | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The standard is met. The format of the student edition and teacher edition are nice.  |
| MA.7.AR.1.2 | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Problems require students to compare and contrast, describe their reasoning, and use models.                                  |
| MA.7.AR.2.1 | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and represent solutions algebraically or graphically. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The activities promote mathematical reasoning, incorporate ELA standards for justifying reasoning and summarizing properties. |
| MA.7.AR.2.2 | Write and solve two-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context, where all terms are rational numbers.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Book and Mathia require students to explain, justify, and solve problems.   |
| MA.7.AR.3.1 | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Make realworld connections to mathematics using   |

|             |   |                               | examples that are relevant to students not outdated problems.        |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students look for more efficient strategies and real world problems. |
| MA.7.AR.3.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Incorporate peer<br>analysis   |
| MA.7.AR.4.1 | Determine whether two quantities have a proportional relationship by examining a table, graph or written description.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | mathematical problem solving, peer analysis, activities              |
| MA.7.AR.4.2 | Determine the constant of proportionality within a mathematical or real-world context given a table, graph or written description of a proportional relationship.                               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | mathematical<br>problem solving, peer<br>analysis, activities        |
| MA.7.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph proportional relationships from a table, equation or a written description.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Book activities are<br>aligned, Mathia were<br>locked                |
| MA.7.AR.4.4 | Given any representation of a proportional relationship, translate the representation to a written description, table or equation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Book activities are aligned, Mathia were locked                      |
| MA.7.AR.4.5 | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Book activities are aligned, Mathia were locked                      |
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Problems are good<br>and likely encourage<br>student engagement      |
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students analyze and interpret data. Incorporates writing.           |

|             | make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations.   |                               |   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population.                                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good problems in textbook and Mathia  |
| MA.7.DP.1.4 | Use proportional reasoning to construct, display and interpret data in circle graphs.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Relates circles to topics students know, has them working with a peer, and creating their own pie charts. |
| MA.7.DP.1.5 | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.                                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | formulate questions,<br>determine statistical<br>methods.   |
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good problems in textbook and Mathia  |
| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring. Compare the probabilities of chance events.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Easily supports different activities and differentiation.   |
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good problems in textbook and Mathia  |
| MA.7.DP.2.4 | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good problems in textbook and Mathia. Differentiated for students.  |
| MA.7.GR.1.1 | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Problems are good foundation for future math classes.   |
| MA.7.GR.1.2 | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Problems are good foundation for future math classes.   |

| MA.7.GR.1.3  | Explore the proportional relationship between circumferences and diameters of circles. Apply a formula for the circumference of a circle to solve mathematical and real-world problems. |                               | Good investigation activity.  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.GR.1.4  | Explore and apply a formula to find the area of a circle to solve mathematical and realworld problems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good problems in textbook and Mathia  |
| MA.7.GR.1.5  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving dimensions and areas of geometric figures, including scale drawings and scale factors.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good problems in textbook and Mathia  |
| MA.7.GR.2.1  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of a right circular cylinder using the figure's net.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good examples and promoting of mathematical discourse.                          |
| MA.7.GR.2.2  | Solve real-world problems involving surface area of right circular cylinders.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | hands on activity,<br>problems are aligned<br>to standard                       |
| MA.7.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving volume of right circular cylinders.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good problems in textbook and Mathia  |
| MA.7.NSO.1.1 | Know and apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to whole-number exponents and rational number bases.      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good problems in textbook and Mathia  |
| MA.7.NSO.1.2 | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and realworld problems.         | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good examples and use of multiple representations                               |
| MA.7.NSO.2.1 | Solve mathematical problems using multi-<br>step order of operations with rational<br>numbers including grouping symbols, whole-<br>number exponents and absolute value.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | use patterns and<br>structure to help<br>students understand<br>negative values |

| MA.7.NSO.2.2   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Textbook and mathia are aligned to the standard.    |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.NSO.2.3   | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Textbook and mathia are aligned to the standard.    |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTR is embedded throughout the textbook and Mathia. |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTR is embedded throughout the textbook and Mathia. |

|                | Choose a representation based on<br>the given context or purpose.   |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTR is embedded throughout the textbook and Mathia. |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTR is embedded throughout the textbook and Mathia. |

| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTR is embedded throughout the textbook and Mathia.                         |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTR is embedded throughout the textbook and Mathia.                         |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTR is embedded throughout the textbook and Mathia using realworld problems |

|                | <ul> <li>Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.</li> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | ELA standard is embedded throughout the lessons. Supports student learning with mathematical vocabulary.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | ELA standard is embedded throughout the lessons.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | ELA standard is embedded throughout the lessons.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | ELA standard is embedded throughout the curriculum providing students to discuss, write, and share ideas. |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | ELA standard is<br>embedded<br>throughout the<br>curriculum   |

| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | ELA standard is<br>embedded<br>throughout the<br>curriculum                             |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Supports ELL students by providing resources to assist in comprehension of mathematics. |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Provides ELL students with opportunities to interact with peers.                        |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Curriculum aligns to the state standards and learning objectives for 7th grade math.                                  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Skill level is appropriate and incorporates much needed practice.   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Curriculum is adaptable however sequencing is less flexible.  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Detail is sufficient for students to understand the material. Carnegie acknowledges the connectedness of mathematics. |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There is a variety of DOK levels for questions that meet the standards.   |

| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The combination of book problems and Mathia problems will meet the needs of students abilities and grade level.                |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Suggested pacing is good. Curriculum is designed for about 150 days of instruction.  |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Primary and secondary sources cited incorporate research (evidence) based best practices.                                      |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Sources contribute instructional strategies that have been proven to be effective and do increase the quality of the material. |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Did not notice during review any typographical or visual errors  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is appears bias free  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material represents 7th grade math using effective theories, concepts, and models.   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material reviewed appeared mistake free.   |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Supported by Carnegies research website and teacher implementation guide   |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | material is both relevant and appropriate for 7th grade mathematics  |

| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is both relevant and appropriate for students taking 7th grade mathematics.                     |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Curriculum provides many examples and problems that make connections between mathematics and real world. |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Connections are meaningful   |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material reviewed appeared to be free of bias.   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material reviewed appeared to be compassionate.  |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The B.E.S.T. benchmarks are covered in the material.   |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum does not appear to need any supplementing of resources. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The major tool aligns with the curriculum.                             |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum is provided in a logical order for the seventh grade.   |

| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Student edition is organized, is visually appealing, and uses nice coloring to maintain student interest.   |  |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Suggested pacing is provided as well as resources to help teachers plan for all students to achieve mastery.  |  |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Differentiation strategies are incorporated as well as common msconceptions. There are many choices for assistive supports including high contrast backgrounds, text to speech, ppt & slides allow for text size manipulation, video captions, different highlighter colors, and note-taking tools.   |  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Both the teacher and student edition are well laid out. The material provides a way to engage students prior to the lesson, activities to work with peers, sequencing for students not on level and those that are on level in a nice flowchart connected to Mathia. Also included are suggested lesson pacing as well as a planning document for the teacher with key terms, pacing, and room for notes. Finally a form for the teacher to reflect on what went well and what did not. |  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification                                      |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content looks appealing and with the setup could motivate |

|   |                            | learners to want to learn. There are different strategies such as collaboration, graphic organizers, etc that may help keep students motivated.                         |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Teacher edition provides a list of the essential key ideas for each lesson. Links are provided for language, and questions types are presented for promoting discourse. |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials provide clear statements supporting teachers in sharing big ideas and learning outcomes.  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Scope and Sequence states there are about 52 days of individual learning built into the curriculum. Mathia provides support for students to learn individually.         |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Material provides examples of ways to reach all students using differentiation strategies. Carnegie also supports differences with their UDL design.                    |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Students have plenty of opportunities to work together such as with pairs as well as individual practice to stimulate students mentally.                                |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material provides plenty of activities designed to complement the lesson, goals, and objectives.  |

|  | I                          | 1  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are different types of instructional strategies included to help students be successful with the curriculum such as questioning, differentiation, EL support (limited mainly to Spanish), and others listed in the teacher implementation guide. |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Strategies provided are grounded in research.  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Students are able to demonstrate their mathematical knowledge and reflect upon their learning experience. Assessments are also provided using the digital tools of the program.  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The assessment component is designed to monitor student progress. Their is a readiness check, supplemental learning to fill gaps, progress monitoring, and summative assessments.  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Listed in the document IM12.   |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Embedded in the curriculum   |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Overall, the material provides teachers with the resources and strategies needed to support student learning.  |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Does not appear to have CRT in the material.                                 |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Does not appear to have CRT in the material.                                 |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Does not appear to have social justice as it relates to CRT in the material. |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Does not appear to have Social Emotional Learning.                           |

Reviewer's Name: Amanda Melvin

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 7 Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

**Author:** Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** Grade Seven Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 357

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | No  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 1 - Very Poor/No Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | There is lots of practice problems, but there does not seem to be any instructions on specific concepts. Students do learn by activities, but the basic background must be established. Navigation within the sources was difficult and the assessment component was not found. The online component is |  |  |

| not user friendly (student or teacher. The textbook |
|---|
| looks to busy.                                      |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating    | Rating Justification                               |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.1.1 | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | add/sub linear<br>equations                        |
| MA.7.AR.1.2 | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | equivalent linear equations                        |
| MA.7.AR.2.1 | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and represent solutions algebraically or graphically. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | one-step equations                                 |
| MA.7.AR.2.2 | Write and solve two-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context, where all terms are rational numbers.     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | two-step equations                                 |
| MA.7.AR.3.1 | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.                                   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Percentages and ratios                             |
| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | previous<br>understanding of<br>ratios             |
| MA.7.AR.3.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.                        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | conversions of units                               |
| MA.7.AR.4.1 | Determine whether two quantities have a proportional relationship by examining a table, graph or written description.                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | determine if two<br>quantities are<br>proportional |

| MA.7.AR.4.2 | Determine the constant of proportionality within a mathematical or real-world context given a table, graph or written description of a proportional relationship.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | constant of proportionality  |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph proportional relationships from a table, equation or a written description.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | graphing proportional relationships  |
| MA.7.AR.4.4 | Given any representation of a proportional relationship, translate the representation to a written description, table or equation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | translate proportional relationships from description, tables, or equation |
| MA.7.AR.4.5 | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | solve real world<br>problems involving<br>proportional<br>relationships    |
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | determine<br>appropriate measure<br>of center                              |
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | use measures of center to make comparisons                                 |
| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | random sampling and<br>making predictions                                  |
| MA.7.DP.1.4 | Use proportional reasoning to construct, display and interpret data in circle graphs.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | proportional reasoning   |
| MA.7.DP.1.5 | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | choose appropriate<br>graph  |
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | sample space   |

| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring. Compare the probabilities of chance events.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | probability  |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | theoretical probability  |
| MA.7.DP.2.4 | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | experimental probability   |
| MA.7.GR.1.1 | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | areas of trapezoids,<br>parallelograms, and<br>rhombi                  |
| MA.7.GR.1.2 | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals.                                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | area of composite figures  |
| MA.7.GR.1.3 | Explore the proportional relationship between circumferences and diameters of circles. Apply a formula for the circumference of a circle to solve mathematical and real-world problems. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | proportional<br>relationships between<br>circumference and<br>diameter |
| MA.7.GR.1.4 | Explore and apply a formula to find the area of a circle to solve mathematical and realworld problems.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | area of circle   |
| MA.7.GR.1.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving dimensions and areas of geometric figures, including scale drawings and scale factors.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | scale drawings and scale factors                                       |
| MA.7.GR.2.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of a right circular cylinder using the figure's net.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | SA of right cylinder<br>net  |
| MA.7.GR.2.2 | Solve real-world problems involving surface area of right circular cylinders.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | SA of right cylinder   |
| MA.7.GR.2.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving volume of right circular cylinders.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | volume of right cylinder   |

| MA.7.NSO.1.1   | Know and apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to whole-number exponents and rational number bases.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | laws of exponents  |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.NSO.1.2   | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and realworld problems.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | rewrite rational<br>numbers in<br>equivalent forms       |
| MA.7.NSO.2.1   | Solve mathematical problems using multi-<br>step order of operations with rational<br>numbers including grouping symbols, whole-<br>number exponents and absolute value.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | multi step order of operations                           |
| MA.7.NSO.2.2   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | add, sub, multi, divide rational numbers                 |
| MA.7.NSO.2.3   | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | solving real world problems with rational operations     |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | student develop their<br>own knowledge in<br>math        |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | students demonstrate<br>understanding in<br>various ways |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:</li> <li>Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.</li> <li>Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.</li> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul> |                       |   |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | <ul> <li>Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.</li> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:</li> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | complete tasks with<br>mathematical fluency |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | students engage in discussion               |

|                | <ul> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>   |                       |  |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | use patterns to understand math        |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  • Estimate to discover possible solutions.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | assess the reasonableness of solutions |

|                | <ul> <li>Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.</li> <li>Check calculations when solving problems.</li> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul>  |                       |                                       |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | develop conceptual<br>mathematics     |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | provide evidence to prove the answer  |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | complex math problems                 |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | make inferences                       |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | collaborate about math problems       |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | follow rules to answer math questions |

| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | speak the<br>mathematical<br>language correctly |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | ELL in math                                     |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | ELL socially                                    |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification                              |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | alignment with subject and grade level            |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | skill level of standards and benchmark            |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | adaptable material                                |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | details are sufficient for students to understand |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | content matches standards                         |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | content matches student ability and grade level   |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | content time of teaching is appropriate           |

| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | sources reflect expert information         |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | quality of content                         |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | content presented accurately               |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | material is free of bias                   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | content represents the discipline          |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | materials are factual and accurate         |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | content is up to date                      |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | content presented in an appropriate manner |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | content is relevant                        |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | content connects to real life              |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | material is presented in different ways.   |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | multicultural evidence is present          |

| various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).   |                       |                                       |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | no mistreatment of humans, or animals |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | overall                               |

| Presentation  | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification                    |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | teacher resources                       |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | major tool                              |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | organization of materials               |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | readability                             |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Pacing of Content                       |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | access to the presentation of materials |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating               | Rating Justification                            |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | motivation                                      |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Big Ideas                                       |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Explicit instruction                            |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | guiding students to become independent learners |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | learning styles                                 |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | active participation                            |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | organized activities                            |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Targeted strategies                             |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | effective instructional strategies              |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | assessment strategies                           |

| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes. | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | assessment incorporation                     |
|---|-------------------------------|--|
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | materials consider the needs of all students |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | ELA incorporation                            |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                 | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | learning requirements overall                |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | CRT   |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | instructional materials omit culturally responsive teaching |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | social justice  |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | SEL   |

Reviewer's Name: David Aldred

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 7 Accelerated Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Accelerated Mathematics Grade 7

**Bid ID:** 358

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Excellent real-world and practical examples. One problem I thought could lead to a discussion of race was " Government agencies and civil rights groups monitor enrollment data at universities to ensure that they fully represent different groups. One study focused on the enrollment of females at a particular university. The study found that three out of every five students enrolled were female." |

**Reviewer's Name:** Jennifer Dormichev

**Title:** Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 7 Accelerated Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

**Author:** Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 7 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 358

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes   |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment   |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | This text is written at a high level of rigor and text complexity. As I reviewed the text, I had to keep reminding myself that this text is meant for the advanced learner and that some of the content might not work for lower level students but gifted students would love it and engage in it eagerly. The content is fully covered and uses examples with |  |  |

| which the students have familiarity. I highly |
|---|
| recommend this text for adoption.             |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.AR.2.2 | Write and solve two-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context, where all terms are rational numbers.                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text teaches many ways to write and solve two-step equations.  |
| MA.7.AR.3.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | There is a typo in the worked example that lists oz instead of kg. This standard is taught.   |
| MA.7.AR.4.1 | Determine whether two quantities have a proportional relationship by examining a table, graph or written description.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught at a high rigor.  |
| MA.7.AR.4.2 | Determine the constant of proportionality within a mathematical or real-world context given a table, graph or written description of a proportional relationship. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Another error in the first example. The numbers in the table are 30 and 60, the solution shows 30 and 120. The standard is taught at a high level of rigor. |
| MA.7.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph proportional relationships from a table, equation or a written description.                                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The standard is taught.   |
| MA.7.AR.4.4 | Given any representation of a proportional relationship, translate the representation to a written description, table or equation.                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | It seems this standard is not taught explicitly but in a blended way.   |

| MA.7.AR.4.5  | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught with a high level of rigor   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.DP.1.4  | Use proportional reasoning to construct, display and interpret data in circle graphs.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very nice treatment of this standard   |
| MA.7.DP.1.5  | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This text teaches this standard fairly well. I wish there were more examples and nonexamples.    |
| MA.7.GR.1.3  | Explore the proportional relationship between circumferences and diameters of circles. Apply a formula for the circumference of a circle to solve mathematical and real-world problems. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I enjoyed the<br>methods used in this<br>chapter. The standard<br>was taught with high<br>rigor. |
| MA.7.GR.1.4  | Explore and apply a formula to find the area of a circle to solve mathematical and realworld problems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Taught this standard well.   |
| MA.7.GR.1.5  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving dimensions and areas of geometric figures, including scale drawings and scale factors.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Taught at a high level of rigor.   |
| MA.7.GR.2.1  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of a right circular cylinder using the figure's net.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Taught this standard well.   |
| MA.7.GR.2.2  | Solve real-world problems involving surface area of right circular cylinders.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very well done on the variety of real world situations.  |
| MA.7.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving volume of right circular cylinders.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great variety of examples.   |
| MA.7.NSO.1.1 | Know and apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered well.   |

|              | whole-number exponents and rational number bases.   |                               |  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.NSO.1.2 | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and realworld problems. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is done well                                   |
| MA.8.AR.1.1  | Apply the Laws of Exponents to generate equivalent algebraic expressions, limited to integer exponents and monomial bases.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered well                                |
| MA.8.AR.1.2  | Apply properties of operations to multiply two linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I see clear evidence of this standard                        |
| MA.8.AR.1.3  | Rewrite the sum of two algebraic expressions having a common monomial factor as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two algebraic expressions.                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I see clear evidence of<br>this standard                     |
| MA.8.AR.2.1  | Solve multi-step linear equations in one variable, with rational number coefficients. Include equations with variables on both sides.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | So many ways to solve! Some I would never have thought to do |
| MA.8.AR.2.2  | Solve two-step linear inequalities in one variable and represent solutions algebraically and graphically.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered well.                               |
| MA.8.AR.2.3  | Given an equation in the form of $x^2$ =p and $x^3$ =q, where p is a whole number and q is an integer, determine the real solutions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered well                                |
| MA.8.AR.3.1  | Determine if a linear relationship is also a proportional relationship.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught at a high level of rigor             |
| MA.8.AR.3.2  | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, determine the slope.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well                                 |

| MA.8.AR.3.3 | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, write an equation in slope-intercept form.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered very well  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.AR.3.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table or an equation in slope-intercept form.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Yes, I have seen this standard in the text  |
| MA.8.AR.3.5 | Given a real-world context, determine and interpret the slope and y-intercept of a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table, a graph or an equation in slope-intercept form. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I see evidence of this standard.  |
| MA.8.AR.4.1 | Given a system of two linear equations and a specified set of possible solutions, determine which ordered pairs satisfy the system of linear equations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught in this text  |
| MA.8.AR.4.2 | Given a system of two linear equations represented graphically on the same coordinate plane, determine whether there is one solution, no solution or infinitely many solutions.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught in this text  |
| MA.8.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve systems of two linear equations by graphing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught in the text   |
| MA.8.DP.1.1 | Given a set of real-world bivariate numerical data, construct a scatter plot or a line graph as appropriate for the context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | I find plenty of examples of creating a scatter plot and a line of fit. I don't see when one is more appropriate as stated in the standard. |
| MA.8.DP.1.2 | Given a scatter plot within a real-world context, describe patterns of association.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is evident in the text.   |
| MA.8.DP.1.3 | Given a scatter plot with a linear association, informally fit a straight line.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I see this standard<br>taught well  |

| MA.8.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a repeated experiment.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught                           |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.DP.2.2 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a repeated experiment.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught in the text               |
| MA.8.DP.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving probabilities related to single or repeated experiments, including making predictions based on theoretical probability.                                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well                      |
| MA.8.F.1.1  | Given a set of ordered pairs, a table, a graph or mapping diagram, determine whether the relationship is a function. Identify the domain and range of the relation.                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Yes, this standard is taught with all variations  |
| MA.8.F.1.2  | Given a function defined by a graph or an equation, determine whether the function is a linear function. Given an input-output table, determine whether it could represent a linear function.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Yes, this standard is taught well                 |
| MA.8.F.1.3  | Analyze a real-world written description or graphical representation of a functional relationship between two quantities and identify where the function is increasing, decreasing or constant. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well                      |
| MA.8.GR.1.1 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving unknown side lengths in right triangles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well                      |
| MA.8.GR.1.2 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the distance between two points in a coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught in a fun and engaging way |
| MA.8.GR.1.3 | Use the Triangle Inequality Theorem to determine if a triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. Use the converse of the Pythagorean Theorem to determine if a right                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught very well                 |

|              | triangle can be formed from a given set of sides.  |                               |   |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.GR.1.4  | Solve mathematical problems involving the relationships between supplementary, complementary, vertical or adjacent angles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught at a high level of rigor        |
| MA.8.GR.1.5  | Solve problems involving the relationships of interior and exterior angles of a triangle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught very well                       |
| MA.8.GR.1.6  | Develop and use formulas for the sums of the interior angles of regular polygons by decomposing them into triangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is done well                              |
| MA.8.GR.2.1  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single transformation, identify the transformation that describes the relationship.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Excellent job with this standard                        |
| MA.8.GR.2.2  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single dilation, identify the scale factor that describes the relationship.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I have seen evidence<br>of this standard in the<br>text |
| MA.8.GR.2.3  | Describe and apply the effect of a single transformation on two-dimensional figures using coordinates and the coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is evident in the text                    |
| MA.8.GR.2.4  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving proportional relationships between similar triangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text teaches this standard well                     |
| MA.8.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of rational numbers to define irrational numbers within the real number system. Locate an approximate value of a numerical expression involving irrational numbers on a number line. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The text teachers this standard                         |
| MA.8.NSO.1.2 | Plot, order and compare rational and irrational numbers, represented in various forms.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is taught well                            |

| MA.8.NSO.1.3   | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include integer exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to integer exponents and rational number bases, with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I have seen evidence<br>of this standard in the<br>text                                  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.8.NSO.1.4   | Express numbers in scientific notation to represent and approximate very large or very small quantities. Determine how many times larger or smaller one number is compared to a second number.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.5   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide numbers expressed in scientific notation with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.6   | Solve real-world problems involving operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught with high level of rigor   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.7   | Solve multi-step mathematical and real-<br>world problems involving the order of<br>operations with rational numbers including<br>exponents and radicals.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well   |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the teacher guidance to facilitate perseverance, , collaboration, and discussion. |

| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I have noticed plenty<br>of evidence of solving<br>multiple ways               |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | There is plenty of practice that helps with fluency                            |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | A lot of recommendations for discussions and defending student decision making |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:</li> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>                               |                       |  |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | I saw evidence of patterns being used to help understnad |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | This standard was woven throughout the book              |

|                | Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  • Estimate to discover possible solutions.  • Use benchmark quantities to   |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
|                | <ul> <li>determine if a solution makes sense.</li> <li>Check calculations when solving problems.</li> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul>  |                               |  |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard was evident throughout the text                  |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | I suppose the justifications could be considered text citation |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | It is complex text but grade appropriate                       |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I saw evidence of students making                              |

|                  |  |                               | conjecture and then proving it.   |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The text often asks students to collaborate, teachers must facilitate this process  |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This is evident in the text but teacher must use it.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the examples of other students and their explanations, it can support students using proper academic language in the classroom |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | There is a google translate feature, glossary, and plenty of explanations of vocabulary   |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text covers the curriculum well   |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is written to the level of an advanced 7th grade student           |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text is very user friendly and definitely can be adapted to the classroom |

| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I found sufficient details for the students to understand the importance of the topics                                  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text seems to be at a high level of rigor throughout   |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The higher level of text complexity and difficulty fits with the fact that this text is meant for advanced students     |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There is a lot of content to be covered but these are advanced students that can move more quickly through the material |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It seems that the cited sources reflect expert information  |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The cited sources add to the quality of the materials   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | I saw a few errors throughout the text  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no evidence of bias   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Students were taught or reminded of theories and mathematicians   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is factual   |

| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This content is up to date   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is presented well and properly   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is presented appropriately to an advanced learner  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Plenty of real world connections   |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | I suppose there were<br>connections to science, I don't<br>recall any other<br>interdisciplinary connections                 |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no unfair or biased portrayals. I didn't see a lot of people, mostly names and pictures representing the task at hand. |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Not a lot of pictures of people or animals, those I saw depicted them properly   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text covers the content well  |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                              |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There is a consumable textbook and online support |

| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All supporting activities are aligned with the curriculum                      |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Excellent materials to support learning  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Plenty of graphs, visual representations, and explanations                     |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Pacing is appropriate to an advanced class                                     |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are a number of tools available for students who need assistive supports |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text has good presentation including all supporting content               |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | I feel the teacher would be the true motivator, not the text but there are occasional mentions of perseverance |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text is broken into modules and then further separated into lessons which make sense                      |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.                        | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Objectives are notated, good hooks, and ultimately learning outcomes   |

|  |                            | This heads are sides  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This book provides opportunities for collaboration, and then independent work and comparison      |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are assistive supports available  |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This book is highly engaging and rigorous   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I love the activities that then spark understanding and curiosity in the students                 |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes, there are partnering opportunities and individual  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Effective teaching strategies abound  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I found these materials to be quite comprehensive and learning outcomes should be easily achieved |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Effective assessments are apparent  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All learners are incorporated in this text  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate application of BEST and ELA and MTRs  |

| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.) | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text is highly rigorous and supports learning this content |
|---|----------------------------|---|
|---|----------------------------|---|

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                                   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no evidence of CRT                               |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no evidence of Culturally<br>Responsive Teaching |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no evidence of social justice in the text        |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no evidence of SEL being taught                  |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Evette Idehen

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 7 Accelerated Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** 1205050 - M/J Grade 7 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 358

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

? Fonts: Carnegie Learning provides all lessons in both Google Slides and PPT formats for presentation purposes. Google Slides and PPTs have a font size setting that the user can manipulate. Chrome browser (and others) can also manipulate font size. o Type and size. YES o Colors and background colors can be adjusted. YES ? Background: High contrast color settings are available. All Carnegie Learning print and digital materials have been reviewed at the time of creation by color contrast compliance design tools. CL does not use extraneous imagery or colors that is not required. ? Text-to-speech tools. MATHia platform includes an embedded text-to-speech tool that is programmed to read mathematics accurately. Content can be provided in live text to work with various screen readers. ? All images have alt tags. YES ? All videos are captioned. YES ? Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review  | Rating                | Comments  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Modifications can be used when working on the downloadable formats.   |
| Background: High contrast color settings are available.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | You would only highlight by selecting the annotation button, but the box was around the words, it was difficult to select one word at a time  |
| Text-to-speech tools.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Text to speech tools are embedded in certain sections, but not all modules and math computations. However, text to speech options can be used when working on the downloadable formats. |

| All images have alt tags.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | All images do not have atl tagseven in the source page section   |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| All videos are captioned.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Not all videos have the option of text to speech. For example the overview video made in Vimeo did not give me the option to add captions. |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Only applicable when using IOS or Windows features, however, it is not embedded in the site  |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. YES ? All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts. YES ? All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Only applicable when using IOS or Windows features, however, it is not embedded in the site |

## 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue). YES ? Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document. YES ? Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. YES

| Review | Rating | Comments |
|--------|--------|----------|
|--------|--------|----------|

| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Note taking icon and tools are provided during the modules  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Note taking icon and tools are provided during the modules  |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Note taking icon and tools are provided, but I was unable to take notes without being kicked into another page. I'm not sure if it was because I wasn't a "student" in the class that prevented me from gaining access. |

4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

1. Magnification YES 2. Text-to-speech YES 3. Text-to-American Sign Language Our content works with all assistive technologies. 4. On-screen keyboards YES - MATHia 5. Switch scanning controls YES 6. Speech-to-text Our content works with all assistive technologies.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | With the downloadable versions, all resources will work with the appropriate AT tools |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

#### **Bid Response**

All MATHbook Instructional Materials are available in print. Students who cannot access MATHia can access our Skills

Practice print worksheets.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many of the features are provided, but I would suggest better integration with Text to speech features, particularly when working with math |

**Reviewer's Name:** Catherine White

**Title:** Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 7 Accelerated Mathematics

**Publisher:** Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

**Author:** Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 7 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 358

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | No  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 3 - Fair Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Based on my evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, I have reservations about recommending this instructional material for adoption. It is possible that the resources are aligned to the standards/benchmarks; however, it was extremely challenging to locate the benchmarks within the student or teacher texts. The benchmarks |  |  |

are not listed in the student consumable, and there is no table of contents with page numbers. It was necessary for the reviewer to go to the front of the book, locate the standard, locate the module, and then locate the page number. The publisher notes provided within the rubric were often not helpful, as many times they were misidentified or missing. It is possible that the text was updated after the rubric was created. The books are broken down into modules, topics, sessions, activities, and lessons which leads to more confusion because there are too many parts, there is no clear delineation between the parts, which then makes it difficult to navigate the resources. A module, topic, lesson, session, and activity number on every page would be beneficial for teacher ease of use. Teachers have to go back and forth between teacher and student documents, as well as multiple volumes of the teacher's edition to find the correct standard and lesson. An inexperienced teacher may have great difficulty trying to figure out the resources, which is a concern. The sequencing and progression of the standards do not always appear in a logical order, which may require teachers to skip forward and backward within the materials so that the content aligns. The student text includes many word problems and story lines, which are not conducive to ELL students or struggling readers. There is a Spanish resource available, but the text relies on Google Translate for any other language. There were limited visuals and scaffolds within the student text. Students reading significantly below grade level are asked to consider Carnegie Learning's Fast ForWord program, which appears to be a supplemental program. There is an over-reliance on the Mathia online component of this instructional material, and the teachers edition recommends that teachers will spend 40% of their instructional time "monitoring students as they work individually." Additionally, the teacher's edition states "Over the course of a year, you will spend approximately 60% of your instructional time teaching whole-class activities." Would like to see research or reasoning that supports student learning in this manner at the middle school level. It was also noted that students could continue clicking within the software and

would then be provided with the correct answer. This could lead to inaccurate "just in time" supports being provided to students, and potentially cause them to be working in below-grade-level standards.

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating    | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.7.AR.2.2 | Write and solve two-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context, where all terms are rational numbers.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The student text has students moving from a double number line into evaluating the work of other students. However, I do not see explicit instructions for teachers or students to balance the equation before students are asked to evaluate examples. |
| MA.7.AR.3.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Module 2 Topic 2 Lesson 1 Activity 3 begins to get into 7.AR.3.3. Activities 1 and 2 do not involve the conversion of units.  |
| MA.7.AR.4.1 | Determine whether two quantities have a proportional relationship by examining a table, graph or written description.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction focuses on the connection to ratios and on the constant of proportionality  |
| MA.7.AR.4.2 | Determine the constant of proportionality within a mathematical or real-world context given a table, graph or written description of a proportional relationship. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Includes practice with tables, graphs or written descriptions of a proportional relationship  |
| MA.7.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph proportional relationships  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Lack of explicit practice/instruction/visuals in student text that  |

|             | from a table, equation or a written description.  |                               | includes equations of proportional relationships in the form of y=px, where p is the constant of proportionality.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.4.4 | Given any representation of a proportional relationship, translate the representation to a written description, table or equation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | More practice in the mathia software than in the student edition   |
| MA.7.AR.4.5 | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Same lessons that are identified above.  |
| MA.7.DP.1.4 | Use proportional reasoning to construct, display and interpret data in circle graphs.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Lesson 4 does Use proportional reasoning to construct, display and interpret data in circle graphs.  |
| MA.7.DP.1.5 | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Did not see examples of box plots or stem and leaf plots in student edition  |
| MA.7.GR.1.3 | Explore the proportional relationship between circumferences and diameters of circles. Apply a formula for the circumference of a circle to solve mathematical and real-world problems. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | May go beyond the standard with the parts of the circle  |
| MA.7.GR.1.4 | Explore and apply a formula to find the area of a circle to solve mathematical and real-world problems.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Includes fractional parts of a circle as well as real world examples   |
| MA.7.GR.1.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving dimensions and areas of geometric figures, including scale drawings and scale factors.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Difficulty finding instruction that includes the understanding that if the scaling factor is k, then the constant of proportionality between corresponding areas is k <sup>2</sup> . |
| MA.7.GR.2.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of a right circular cylinder using the figure's net.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Use of nets and visual examples  |

| MA.7.GR.2.2  | Solve real-world problems involving surface area of right circular cylinders.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Limited real-<br>world/relevant examples.<br>One example uses rebar in<br>the text. Would be good to<br>have a picture for students<br>to understand what the<br>problem is referring to. |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving volume of right circular cylinders.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Many examples using canned food. Lack of realworld application problems for students.   |
| MA.7.NSO.1.1 | Know and apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to whole-number exponents and rational number bases. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Includes laws of exponents table and student practice   |
| MA.7.NSO.1.2 | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and real-world problems.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Topic 1 Lesson 2 is aligned to the standard, but a lack of visual examples for students to develop understanding.   |
| MA.8.AR.1.1  | Apply the Laws of Exponents to generate equivalent algebraic expressions, limited to integer exponents and monomial bases.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Limited student practice generating equivalent algebraic expressions with monomial bases  |
| MA.8.AR.1.2  | Apply properties of operations to multiply two linear expressions with rational coefficients.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Student text provides limited examples.   |
| MA.8.AR.1.3  | Rewrite the sum of two algebraic expressions having a common monomial factor as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two algebraic expressions.                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | There are student cut outs, but it is unclear from the teacher text how this is to be used.   |
| MA.8.AR.2.1  | Solve multi-step linear equations in one variable, with rational number coefficients. Include equations with variables on both sides.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Additional practice in online component. Practice is limited in the student text.   |

| MA.8.AR.2.2 | Solve two-step linear inequalities in one variable and represent solutions algebraically and graphically.                            | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only found one example of two-step inequalities in the student or teacher text. Practice was placed in the online software.   |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.8.AR.2.3 | Given an equation in the form of $x^2$ =p and $x^3$ =q, where p is a whole number and q is an integer, determine the real solutions. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Goes beyond the benchmark. Within this benchmark, the expectation is to calculate square roots of perfect squares up to 225 and cube roots of perfect cubes from -125 to 125.   |
| MA.8.AR.3.1 | Determine if a linear relationship is also a proportional relationship.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The publisher refers to Module 2 Topic 3 Lesson 1, but that is a lesson on Pinch Zoom Geometry, not post-secondary proportions. However, Topic 4 Lesson 1 is on Proportions The example is the ratios of males to females at a university.  |
| MA.8.AR.3.2 | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, determine the slope.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction includes making connections of slope to the constant of proportionality and to similar triangles represented on the coordinate plane  |
| MA.8.AR.3.3 | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, write an equation in slope-intercept form.                     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Could not locate in TE or SE explicit instruction regarding slope intercept form. The benchmark states "Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, write an equation in slope-intercept form." Although there is practice with tables, graphs, proportional, and |

|             |  |                       | linear relationships in the book, but there is some practice in the online software.   |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.8.AR.3.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table or an equation in slope-intercept form.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Module 2, Topic 2, Lesson 3 is not about proportions and linear relationships as the publisher stated in the notes. It is about dilations and symmetry. In Module 3, I did find examples of slope and linear relationships, with a mention of slope intercept form in Topic 2 Lessons 4 and 5. |
| MA.8.AR.3.5 | Given a real-world context, determine and interpret the slope and y-intercept of a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table, a graph or an equation in slope-intercept form. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | I was able to find evidence that matched the benchmark of "determine and interpret the slope and y-intercept of a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table, a graph or an equation in slope-intercept form"  |
| MA.8.AR.4.1 | Given a system of two linear equations and a specified set of possible solutions, determine which ordered pairs satisfy the system of linear equations.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Limited amount of student practice in the student edition.   |
| MA.8.AR.4.2 | Given a system of two linear equations represented graphically on the same coordinate plane, determine whether there is one solution, no solution or infinitely many solutions.                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Limited amount of student practice in the student edition.   |
| MA.8.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve systems of two linear equations by graphing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Limited amount of student practice in the student edition.   |

| MA.8.DP.1.1 | Given a set of real-world bivariate numerical data, construct a scatter plot or a line graph as appropriate for the context.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Module 4, Topic 1, Lesson 3. Limited amount of student practice in the student edition.  |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.8.DP.1.2 | Given a scatter plot within a real-world context, describe patterns of association.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The resources provide some practice on association.  |
| MA.8.DP.1.3 | Given a scatter plot with a linear association, informally fit a straight line.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The resources provide some practice on association.  |
| MA.8.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a repeated experiment.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Difficult to find in the text -<br>no guidance provided.<br>Student examples in the<br>online software.  |
| MA.8.DP.2.2 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a repeated experiment.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Mathia software has additional practice  |
| MA.8.DP.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving probabilities related to single or repeated experiments, including making predictions based on theoretical probability.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Module 4 Activity 2:<br>students calculate the<br>theoretical probability that<br>the sum of two number<br>cubes is even or odd.   |
| MA.8.F.1.1  | Given a set of ordered pairs, a table, a graph or mapping diagram, determine whether the relationship is a function. Identify the domain and range of the relation.                           | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Module 3 Topic 4 Lesson 1, as identified by the publisher, does not align to 8.F.1.1. It is about sequences with numbers and geometric sequences. However, Module 3 Topic 4 Lesson 3 does address functions. |
| MA.8.F.1.2  | Given a function defined by a graph or an equation, determine whether the function is a linear function. Given an input-output table, determine whether it could represent a linear function. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Addresses graphs, input output tables, and mapping. The examples of functions as mappings from inputs to outputs could cause student confusion.  |

| MA.8.F.1.3  | Analyze a real-world written description or graphical representation of a functional relationship between two quantities and identify where the function is increasing, decreasing or constant.                               | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Limited practice and examples.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.GR.1.1 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving unknown side lengths in right triangles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Builds connections,<br>provides visuals and<br>practice   |
| MA.8.GR.1.2 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the distance between two points in a coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Instruction includes making connections between distance on the coordinate plane and right triangles. Does not require students to memorize the distance formula.                                   |
| MA.8.GR.1.3 | Use the Triangle Inequality Theorem to determine if a triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. Use the converse of the Pythagorean Theorem to determine if a right triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | A bit disconnected. Part of this standard appears in Module 1 and the other part appears in Module 5.   |
| MA.8.GR.1.4 | Solve mathematical problems involving the relationships between supplementary, complementary, vertical or adjacent angles.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Solve mathematical problems involving the relationships between supplementary, complementary, vertical or adjacent angles. Students have to draw their own angles. Would benefit from more visuals. |
| MA.8.GR.1.5 | Solve problems involving the relationships of interior and exterior angles of a triangle.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Problems include using the Triangle Sum Theorem and representing angle measures as algebraic expressions.   |

| MA.8.GR.1.6  | Develop and use formulas for the sums of the interior angles of regular polygons by decomposing them into triangles.            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Problems include representing angle measures as algebraic expressions. Students are expected to draw their own polygons and would benefit from more visual examples before decomposing shapes.   |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.8.GR.2.1  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single transformation, identify the transformation that describes the relationship.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Students would benefit from additional examples and proper math terminology as opposed to "slides, flips, and spins" For teachers without access to patty paper, this lesson could be difficult to implement.  |
| MA.8.GR.2.2  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single dilation, identify the scale factor that describes the relationship.           | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Module 1 Topic 2 Lesson 1 is "Special Delivery" on special angle relationships, not "pinch-zoom geometry" as indicated. I found the indicated lesson in Module 2 Topic 3 Lesson 1. Students are given images without graphis. This could be confusing to students as they explain how the image changed. |
| MA.8.GR.2.3  | Describe and apply the effect of a single transformation on two-dimensional figures using coordinates and the coordinate plane. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Mathia software provides additional practice   |
| MA.8.GR.2.4  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving proportional relationships between similar triangles.                      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Not Module 1 Topic 2<br>Lesson 3. Is in Module 2<br>Topic 3 Lesson 3. Limited<br>real world examples.  |
| MA.8.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of rational numbers to define irrational numbers  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Venn diagram on real numbers. Limited practice   |

|              | within the real number system. Locate an approximate value of a numerical expression involving irrational numbers on a number line.  |                       | with use of number line and rational number approximations, and recognizing pi as an irrational number.  |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.8.NSO.1.2 | Plot, order and compare rational and irrational numbers, represented in various forms.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Venn diagram on real numbers. Limited practice with use of number line and rational number approximations, and recognizing pi as an irrational number. |
| MA.8.NSO.1.3 | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include integer exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to integer exponents and rational number bases, with procedural fluency. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Module 5: Relating Numbers and Powers Topic 3: Exponents and Scientific Notation Lesson 1: The Power of Generational Change, Laws of Exponents         |
| MA.8.NSO.1.4 | Express numbers in scientific notation to represent and approximate very large or very small quantities. Determine how many times larger or smaller one number is compared to a second number.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Express numbers in scientific notation to represent and approximate very large or very small quantities.   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.5 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide numbers expressed in scientific notation with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Provides practice with Add, subtract, multiply and divide numbers expressed in scientific notation with procedural fluency.                            |
| MA.8.NSO.1.6 | Solve real-world problems involving operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Provides limited practice solving real-world problems  |
| MA.8.NSO.1.7 | Solve multi-step mathematical and real-<br>world problems involving the order of<br>operations with rational numbers<br>including exponents and radicals.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Provides limited practice solving real-world problems  |

| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to work within the structures of the MTRs |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to work within the structures of the MTRs |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to work within the structures of the MTRs |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:</li> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>  |                               |  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.  • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.  • Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.  • Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.  • Justify results by explaining methods and processes.  • Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to work within the structures of the MTRs |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to work within the structures of the MTRs |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:</li> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to work within the structures of the MTRs |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to work within the structures of the MTRs |

|                | <ul> <li>Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.</li> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to students to work with ELA standards, but the standards were not clearly identified within the text. |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to students to work with ELA standards, but the standards were not clearly identified within the text. |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to students to work with ELA standards, but the standards were not clearly identified within the text. |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to students to work with ELA standards, but the standards were not clearly identified within the text. |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Did not see specific ELA structures referenced, but students do have the ability to demonstrate or create quality work.       |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides opportunities to students to work with ELA standards, but the  |

|                  |  |                       | standards were not clearly identified within the text.             |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Support for Spanish speakers, but not speakers of other languages. |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | It is possible that the resources are aligned to the standards/benchmarks; however, the reviewer found it difficult to locate the benchmarks within the student or teacher texts.   |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The content appears to go beyond or not meet the skill level of the benchmarks in a number of areas.  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | I could not find any editable resources. However, the Mathia online portion says that it is adaptive. One downside is that the TE states "Over the course of a year, you will spend approximately 60% of your instructional time teaching whole-class activities. Over the course of the year, you will spend approximately 40% of your instructional time monitoring students as they work individually." Pg FM-5. Does not appear to lend itself to teacher-led small groups or differentiated instruction. |

| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.                                     | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | There are a number of story lines throughout the student text without a lot of visuals. It makes the content confusing.   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The printed text do not appear to match the complexity of the standards, but the Mathia online software could.  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.                                | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The teacher would need to do a fair amount of prompting to get students to understand the lessons within the text. There are a lot of discussion questions embedded without a lot of skill practice.                    |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.                                 | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The teacher's edition provides time allotments. Most appear to take up to one 45-minute class period, but some may take longer. There are differentiation pieces in the TE, but the teacher has to search to find them. |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.                            | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Did not see citations, other than the Florida BEST standards.   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.                                    | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | There seems to be an over-<br>dependence on the Mathia<br>online software in this text.   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Did not come across any typographical or visual errors.   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Material appears to be free of bias and contradictions. One lesson focused on male vs. female college students, which may be inflammatory in today's society.   |

|  | 1                          | -   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The guiding principles found within the TE are representative of the discipline. The text would benefit from more visuals and models.   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The texts appear to be free of mistakes and inconsistencies.  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content appears to be up-<br>to-date  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Not all examples provided are representative of middle school student interests or knowledge. For example, universities might still be a foreign concept to students, as well as the relevance of measuring the volume of canned goods. |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The titles of the lesson appear to be representative of student nomenclature in today's world.  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Connections to animals, games, and racing, are some examples used.  |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Connections to STEM and language links embedded throughtou.   |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are no pictures of people throughout the texts. However, the names used appear to portray a variety of genders and ethnicities.   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Did not see evidence to the contrary for any of these items.  |

| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material? | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | In general, there is a fair alignment to the benchmarks and standards |
|---|-----------------------|---|
|---|-----------------------|---|

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |  |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | It appears that the teacher will need to find supplements to provide proper scaffolding to students.   |  |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The major tool does not appear to match the Mathia online software. They appear to be independent of one another with the online software being adaptive.  |  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The content does not appear in a consistent or logical organization. Module 1 is relating geometric objects, Module 2 is proportionality, Module 3 is algebraic reasoning, module 4 is statistics, and module 5 is the real number system, Pythagorean Theorem, exponents, and scientific notation. If taught in this order, students may struggle with building mathematical knowledge. |  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The instructional materials for both the teacher and student require a large amount of reading and writing, which may not be appropriate for student abilities. There are some visuals for students, but not to the extent that may be   |  |

|   |                       | necessary to build student understanding.   |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The TE provides median student completion time as well as workspace for teachers to jot their own pacing.   |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Difficult to locate resources that aid students with disabilities.  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Both the teacher and student editions are bulky soft-cover books. It is not easy to find related page numbers or standards. The online component was a PDF of the books, which also did not include a linked table of contents. The reviewer had to use the website's search feature to search for key words within the textbooks in order to find related standards. It required quite a bit of backand-forth between the TE and SE to figure out what the assignment was asking of students. The TE indicated that there was an online video component, but this was not provided consistently and the links did not always work. |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |  |
|--|-----------------------|---|--|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The student text did not include visuals to motivate students and the size of the |  |

|  |                       | textbook could be disheartening to students. The online Mathia software allowed students to click through until the software provided them with the correct answer.   |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Due to the number of Modules, Topics, Sessions, Lessons, the "Big Ideas" became lost and confusing. The pages do not indicate which module the teacher or students are in, and the standards are not incorporated throughout the text.  |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The TE includes connections to prior learning and connections to future learning. The Mathia online software does provide more visuals and ways to monitor student progress than the text.  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There is a heavy dependence on the online software in these resources. For students lacking devices or internet connectivity, they will not be provided with the same opportunities to become more independent learners and thinkers. Student examples in the printed text rely on wholegroup instruction from the teacher. |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The TE references the use of rulers, protractors, patty paper, etc. There are also online resources and a printed text.   |

| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The materials require students to participate in reading, writing, and discussion strategies.   |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The activities appear to be logical extensions of the content, goals, and objectives.   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Targeted instructional strategies are vague. For example, one differentiation strategies says "rather than having them cut out the figures, have students trace one or more of them onto patty paper." Pg. 12A. This is not a differentiated teaching strategy in terms of content, and dose not address how to work with different levels of students. |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Targeted instructional strategies are vague. There are supports for common misconceptions, but not specific teaching strategies on how to address the misconceptions.   |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The assessment strategies were not clearly identified within the printed materials but could be found online.   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The resources provided ample opportunity for student discussion, but are not necessarily scaffolded with specific student look-fors. For example, a student look-for in the TE states "Continually encourage students to appreciate different   |

|  |                            | perspecties and ideas, and use appropriate voice and tone as they work together during the year." Specific skills and terms are not identified for the teacher.  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.                      | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | It appears that school districts are encouraged to purchase an additional program to help students. For example, pg. FM-51 states "If you have students reading significantly below grade level, consider Carnegie Learning's Fast-Forword program." |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are ample opportunities to incorporate ELE expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards.  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Features of this program appear to have FAIR alignment to learning requirements.   |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification          |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of topic coverage |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of topic coverage |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of topic coverage |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of topic coverage |

**Reviewer's Name:** Thomas Womble

**Title:** Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 7 Accelerated Mathematics

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 7 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 358

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes   |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment   |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Lessons are put together with thought to the level of the learner and their anticipated abilities. The digital material is interactive and will keep the students engaged in the material. There will, most likely, need to be suggestions through pace charts or training that will allow the teacher to best use the digital content. |  |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.AR.2.2 | Write and solve two-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context, where all terms are rational numbers.                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The standard is covered well with excellent online resources. |
| MA.7.AR.3.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very good real world examples.                                |
| MA.7.AR.4.1 | Determine whether two quantities have a proportional relationship by examining a table, graph or written description.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | All three mediums are included with real world examples.      |
| MA.7.AR.4.2 | Determine the constant of proportionality within a mathematical or real-world context given a table, graph or written description of a proportional relationship. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Examples are given with real word scenarios.                  |
| MA.7.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph proportional relationships from a table, equation or a written description.                                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Examples are given with real word scenarios.                  |
| MA.7.AR.4.4 | Given any representation of a proportional relationship, translate the representation to a written description, table or equation.                                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good lesson. Great online resources.                          |
| MA.7.AR.4.5 | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world examples are topical.                              |
| MA.7.DP.1.4 | Use proportional reasoning to construct, display and interpret data in circle graphs.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well.  |
| MA.7.DP.1.5 | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered.  |

| MA.7.GR.1.3  | Explore the proportional relationship between circumferences and diameters of circles. Apply a formula for the circumference of a circle to solve mathematical and real-world problems. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Do not see applicable standard in material given.           |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.GR.1.4  | Explore and apply a formula to find the area of a circle to solve mathematical and realworld problems.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Area of a circle is applied in real world context.          |
| MA.7.GR.1.5  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving dimensions and areas of geometric figures, including scale drawings and scale factors.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson done well.<br>Good online content.                   |
| MA.7.GR.2.1  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of a right circular cylinder using the figure's net.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Surface area lesson is done well.                           |
| MA.7.GR.2.2  | Solve real-world problems involving surface area of right circular cylinders.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world scenarios included in the lesson.                |
| MA.7.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving volume of right circular cylinders.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world scenarios included in the lesson.                |
| MA.7.NSO.1.1 | Know and apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to whole-number exponents and rational number bases.      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard covered in material.                               |
| MA.7.NSO.1.2 | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and realworld problems.         | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.                                   |
| MA.8.AR.1.1  | Apply the Laws of Exponents to generate equivalent algebraic expressions, limited to integer exponents and monomial bases.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well and has excellent online material. |

| MA.8.AR.1.2 | Apply properties of operations to multiply two linear expressions with rational coefficients.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered well.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.AR.1.3 | Rewrite the sum of two algebraic expressions having a common monomial factor as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two algebraic expressions.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson covers the standard well.  |
| MA.8.AR.2.1 | Solve multi-step linear equations in one variable, with rational number coefficients. Include equations with variables on both sides.                        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good lesson and useful digital resources for this standard.               |
| MA.8.AR.2.2 | Solve two-step linear inequalities in one variable and represent solutions algebraically and graphically.  5 - Ver   |                               | Good lesson and excellent online resources.                               |
| MA.8.AR.2.3 | Given an equation in the form of $x^2$ =p and $x^3$ =q, where p is a whole number and q is an integer, determine the real solutions.                         |                               | Lesson is done very well.   |
| MA.8.AR.3.1 | Determine if a linear relationship is also a proportional relationship.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.AR.3.2 | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, determine the slope.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.AR.3.3 | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, write an equation in slope-intercept form.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.AR.3.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table or an equation in slope-intercept form. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |

| MA.8.AR.3.5 | Given a real-world context, determine and interpret the slope and y-intercept of a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table, a graph or an equation in slope-intercept form. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real word scenarios included in lesson.                                   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.AR.4.1 | Given a system of two linear equations and a specified set of possible solutions, determine which ordered pairs satisfy the system of linear equations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.AR.4.2 | Given a system of two linear equations represented graphically on the same coordinate plane, determine whether there is one solution, no solution or infinitely many solutions.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve systems of two linear equations by graphing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world scenarios are included in the lesson.                          |
| MA.8.DP.1.1 | Given a set of real-world bivariate numerical data, construct a scatter plot or a line graph as appropriate for the context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.DP.1.2 | Given a scatter plot within a real-world context, describe patterns of association.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world scenarios are included in the lesson.                          |
| MA.8.DP.1.3 | Given a scatter plot with a linear association, informally fit a straight line.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a repeated experiment.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Lesson covered well.  |
| MA.8.DP.2.2 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a repeated experiment.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |

| MA.8.DP.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving probabilities related to single or repeated experiments, including making predictions based on theoretical probability.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment  | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
|-------------|---|--|---|
| MA.8.F.1.1  | Given a set of ordered pairs, a table, a graph or mapping diagram, determine whether the relationship is a function. Identify the domain and range of the relation.   | r mapping diagram, determine whether the elationship is a function. Identify the |   |
| MA.8.F.1.2  | Given a function defined by a graph or an equation, determine whether the function is a linear function. Given an input-output table, determine whether it could represent a linear function.                                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment  | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.F.1.3  | Analyze a real-world written description or graphical representation of a functional relationship between two quantities and identify where the function is increasing, decreasing or constant.                               | 4 - Good<br>Alignment  | Lesson covers the standard well.  |
| MA.8.GR.1.1 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving unknown side lengths in right triangles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment  | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.GR.1.2 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the distance between two points in a coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment  | Lesson includes<br>topical real world<br>scenarios.                       |
| MA.8.GR.1.3 | Use the Triangle Inequality Theorem to determine if a triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. Use the converse of the Pythagorean Theorem to determine if a right triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment  | Lesson is done well.  |
| MA.8.GR.1.4 | Solve mathematical problems involving the relationships between supplementary, complementary, vertical or adjacent angles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment  | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |

|              |  | 1                                |   |
|--------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.GR.1.5  | Solve problems involving the relationships of interior and exterior angles of a triangle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.GR.1.6  | Develop and use formulas for the sums of the interior angles of regular polygons by decomposing them into triangles.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No resources given for standard.  |
| MA.8.GR.2.1  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single transformation, identify the transformation that describes the relationship.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.GR.2.2  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single dilation, identify the scale factor that describes the relationship.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.GR.2.3  | Describe and apply the effect of a single transformation on two-dimensional figures using coordinates and the coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.GR.2.4  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving proportional relationships between similar triangles.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Lesson for standard is not complete.                                      |
| MA.8.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of rational numbers to define irrational numbers within the real number system. Locate an approximate value of a numerical expression involving irrational numbers on a number line. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.NSO.1.2 | Plot, order and compare rational and irrational numbers, represented in various forms.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |
| MA.8.NSO.1.3 | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include integer exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources. |

|                | integer exponents and rational number bases, with procedural fluency.  |                               |  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.8.NSO.1.4   | Express numbers in scientific notation to represent and approximate very large or very small quantities. Determine how many times larger or smaller one number is compared to a second number.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well to cover the standard and has good digital resources.    |
| MA.8.NSO.1.5   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide numbers expressed in scientific notation with procedural fluency.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Lesson is done well. Would like to see an online resource for this material. |
| MA.8.NSO.1.6   | Solve real-world problems involving operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Lesson is done well. Would like to see an online resource for this material. |
| MA.8.NSO.1.7   | Solve multi-step mathematical and real-world problems involving the order of operations with rational numbers including exponents and radicals.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson is done well. Would like to see an online resource for this material. |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well said in<br>description and<br>observable in<br>curriculum.              |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard covered well.   |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:</li> <li>Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.</li> <li>Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.</li> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul> |                       |   |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | <ul> <li>Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.</li> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency: <ul> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul> </li></ul>          | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Could use more fluency exercises, but it is an easy supplement. |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Good alignment.   |

|                | <ul> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>   |                               |                                   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | lessons are structured very well. |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  • Estimate to discover possible solutions.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covered well.                     |

|                | <ul> <li>Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.</li> <li>Check calculations when solving problems.</li> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul>  |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Done well in standard.                                   |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Evidence cited   |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate for grade level.                             |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Done well in curriculum.                                 |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Techniques are used throughout to promote collaboration. |

| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Done well.             |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Done well.             |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covered in curriculum. |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.   |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Correct skill level.  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Easy adoption. May need training for how best to use the consumable with the digital content. |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.   |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.   |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.   |

| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Length of lessons seem to be of appropriate length, but there is not time built in for practice with the digital material. |  |
|---|----------------------------|--|--|
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias.   |  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No errors found in given resources.  |  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |

| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.           |  |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No unfair bias noticed. |  |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.           |  |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.           |  |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Teacher may be required to prepare fluency exercises, especially if use of the digital material is not available in their classroom. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Done well.   |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The pace is appropriate.   |

| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well. |
|---|----------------------------|---------------|
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well. |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                                   |  |
|--|----------------------------|--|--|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Aligned well.  |  |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Information is chunked appropriately.                  |  |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Clear learning goals are presented before each lesson. |  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Aligned well.  |  |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.  |  |

| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.                |
|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Assessments seem to be fair. |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Assessments seem to be fair. |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.                |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.                |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                 | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Aligned well.                |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Not in material.     |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Not in material.     |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Not in material.     |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Not in material.     |

Reviewer's Name: David Aldred

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 8 Mathematics: Pre-Algebra

**Publisher:** Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

**Author:** Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

Course: M/J Grade 8 Pre-Algebra

**Bid ID:** 359

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The application of math knowledge was for practical application to real-world problems. No evidence of prohibited material. |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Evette Idehen

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 8 Mathematics: Pre-Algebra

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

Course: 1205070 - Grade Eight Mathematics: Pre-Algebra

**Bid ID:** 359

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

? Fonts: Carnegie Learning provides all lessons in both Google Slides and PPT formats for presentation purposes. Google Slides and PPTs have a font size setting that the user can manipulate. Chrome browser (and others) can also manipulate font size. o Type and size. YES o Colors and background colors can be adjusted. YES ? Background: High contrast color settings are available. All Carnegie Learning print and digital materials have been reviewed at the time of creation by color contrast compliance design tools. CL does not use extraneous imagery or colors that is not required. ? Text-to-speech tools. MATHia platform includes an embedded text-to-speech tool that is programmed to read mathematics accurately. Content can be provided in live text to work with various screen readers. ? All images have alt tags. YES ? All videos are captioned. YES ? Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review  | Rating                | Comments  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Modifications can be used when working on the downloadable formats.   |
| Background: High contrast color settings are available.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | You would only highlight by selecting the annotation button, but the box was around the words, it was difficult to select one word at a time  |
| Text-to-speech tools.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Text to speech tools are embedded in certain sections, but not all modules and math computations. However, text to speech options can be used when working on the downloadable formats. |

| All images have alt tags.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | All images do not have atl tagseven in the source page section   |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| All videos are captioned.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Not all videos have the option of text to speech. For example the overview video made in Vimeo did not give me the option to add captions. |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | With the use of built in features in iOS and Windows, we could see<br>the potential for compatibility                                      |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

? Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. YES ? All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts. YES ? All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT  |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | With the use of built in features in iOS and Windows, we could see the potential for compatibility |

### 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

? Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue). YES ? Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document. YES ? Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. YES

| Review | Rating | Comments |
|--------|--------|----------|
|--------|--------|----------|

| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT          |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT          |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Note taking icon and tools are provided during the modules |

4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

1. Magnification YES 2. Text-to-speech YES 3. Text-to-American Sign Language Our content works with all assistive technologies. 4. On-screen keyboards YES - MATHia 5. Switch scanning controls YES 6. Speech-to-text Our content works with all assistive technologies.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | With the downloadable versions, all resources will work with the appropriate AT tools |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

### **Bid Response**

All MATHbook Instructional Materials are available in print. Students who cannot access MATHia can access our Skills

Practice print worksheets.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many of the features are provided, but I would suggest better integration with Text to speech features, particularly when working with math |

Reviewer's Name: Joanna Pitts

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 8 Mathematics: Pre-Algebra

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

**Author:** Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** Grade Eight Mathematics: Pre-Algebra

**Bid ID:** 359

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 3 - Fair Alignment   |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Strengths: Each lesson gives students an opportunity to reflect on their learning. This is a great tool to use for a quick assessment on which student may need extra practice or more challenging practice before continuing to the next lesson. All material is very easy to access through the teacher implementation guide. Every lesson is based on real world examples |  |  |

that require students expand their thinking and challenges them. The MATHia program is a great digital tool that can be used in numerous ways from homework practice, distance learning, extra classroom practice, etc. I love that in the scope and sequence, each topic is given at least 3 days for independent practice and review. This gives the teacher some flexibility in teaching the lessons just in case there needs to be some leveled practice or reteaching. Weaknesses: There doesn't seem to be an easy flow between lessons. There are review sections to build onto the skill, but there are not many instances where there is a clear connection for students to see between prior lessons. The MATHia program seems to have more clear and concise instruction than the actual textbook lessons. The lessons have a lot of reading involved, which can be overwhelming to students. There needs to be more direct practice of skills in the lessons.

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating    | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.8.AR.1.1 | Apply the Laws of Exponents to generate equivalent algebraic expressions, limited to integer exponents and monomial bases. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Examples and practice problems align to standard; benchmark example uses word "equivalent". More problems could be used in the lesson where students give "equivalent" expression or choose an equivalent expression. |
| MA.8.AR.1.2 | Apply properties of operations to multiply two linear expressions with rational coefficients.                              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Olnstruction and practice in Module 5 covers this standard, but it is very minimal.   |

| MA.8.AR.1.3 | Rewrite the sum of two algebraic expressions having a common monomial factor as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two algebraic expressions. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Topic is touched briefly in Lesson 2, Mathia activity gives students good review and practice of skill                                      |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.8.AR.2.1 | Solve multi-step linear equations in one variable, with rational number coefficients. Include equations with variables on both sides.               | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are plenty of examples and opportunities for guided practice in the lessons that match this standard                                  |
| MA.8.AR.2.2 | Solve two-step linear inequalities in one variable and represent solutions algebraically and graphically.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Inequalities and equations are taught in the same lesson; this helps to connect that the steps are similar to solving both                  |
| MA.8.AR.2.3 | Given an equation in the form of $x^2$ =p and $x^3$ =q, where p is a whole number and q is an integer, determine the real solutions.                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lesson reviews skill<br>before going more in<br>depth; mathia<br>practice involves<br>more complex<br>problems solving to<br>practice skill |
| MA.8.AR.3.1 | Determine if a linear relationship is also a proportional relationship.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Examples and lessons follow benchmark clarifications  |
| MA.8.AR.3.2 | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, determine the slope.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The lessons connect slope to unit rate; problems given are real world problems that students can relate to.                                 |
| MA.8.AR.3.3 | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, write an equation in slope-intercept form.                                    | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Lessons need more representations in various forms, most of the problems given to students use graphs                                       |

| MA.8.AR.3.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table or an equation in slope-intercept form.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Real world problems<br>are given; more<br>representations could<br>be used such as<br>written descriptions  |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.8.AR.3.5 | Given a real-world context, determine and interpret the slope and y-intercept of a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table, a graph or an equation in slope-intercept form. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lessons address the standard and follow the same type of question as given in the benchmark example as well as the benchmark clarification.   |
| MA.8.AR.4.1 | Given a system of two linear equations and a specified set of possible solutions, determine which ordered pairs satisfy the system of linear equations.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Focus of the lesson seems to more on using the graph; the benchmark clarification focuses on satisfying both equations.   |
| MA.8.AR.4.2 | Given a system of two linear equations represented graphically on the same coordinate plane, determine whether there is one solution, no solution or infinitely many solutions.                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lesson organizes information well for students to see the difference in the number of solutions   |
| MA.8.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve systems of two linear equations by graphing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students are expected to use prior knowledge of equations and solving systems of equations graphically to complete problems in this standard; the lessons give plenty of real world problems to achieve this. |
| MA.8.DP.1.1 | Given a set of real-world bivariate numerical data, construct a scatter plot or a line graph as appropriate for the context.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Lesson address interpreting scatter plots; there could be more practice with  |

|             |   |                       | comparing two<br>different graphs or<br>tables   |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.8.DP.1.2 | Given a scatter plot within a real-world context, describe patterns of association.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lesson address positive, negative, linear, nonlinear, strong, weak association as well as outliers   |
| MA.8.DP.1.3 | Given a scatter plot with a linear association, informally fit a straight line.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lesson has plenty of<br>real world examples<br>with graphs and<br>interpreting lines of<br>best fit  |
| MA.8.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a repeated experiment.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Mathia and textbook lesson aligns with standard and follows benchmark clarifications   |
| MA.8.DP.2.2 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a repeated experiment.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lessons align well with standard   |
| MA.8.DP.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving probabilities related to single or repeated experiments, including making predictions based on theoretical probability.         | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Problems given in lessons are real-world problems that students can relate to  |
| MA.8.F.1.1  | Given a set of ordered pairs, a table, a graph or mapping diagram, determine whether the relationship is a function. Identify the domain and range of the relation. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Information identifying functions seemed to be all over the place; I did not find where all information was organized in one lesson on identifying functions |
| MA.8.F.1.2  | Given a function defined by a graph or an equation, determine whether the function is a linear function. Given an input-output                                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lesson does focus on input and output and relates it to linear and nonlinear functions.  |

|             | table, determine whether it could represent a linear function.  |                               |   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.F.1.3  | Analyze a real-world written description or graphical representation of a functional relationship between two quantities and identify where the function is increasing, decreasing or constant.                               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson gives real world examples and has opportunities where students can explain graphs by using increasing, decreasing, constant as part of the vocabulary. |
| MA.8.GR.1.1 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving unknown side lengths in right triangles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Pythagorean Theorem problems are real world context   |
| MA.8.GR.1.2 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the distance between two points in a coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson addresses distance between two points on a grid using connections to Pythagorean Theorem   |
| MA.8.GR.1.3 | Use the Triangle Inequality Theorem to determine if a triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. Use the converse of the Pythagorean Theorem to determine if a right triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Lesson uses hands-on activity to explore standard   |
| MA.8.GR.1.4 | Solve mathematical problems involving the relationships between supplementary, complementary, vertical or adjacent angles.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Lesson matches<br>standard; I really like<br>the practice on the<br>MATHia program  |
| MA.8.GR.1.5 | Solve problems involving the relationships of interior and exterior angles of a triangle.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Lesson instruction<br>and practice<br>addresses standard<br>and benchmark<br>clarification  |
| MA.8.GR.1.6 | Develop and use formulas for the sums of the interior angles of regular polygons by decomposing them into triangles.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Lesson addresses<br>standard and uses   |

|              |  |                       | triangle sum theorem in the problems  |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.8.GR.2.1  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single transformation, identify the transformation that describes the relationship.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lessons address all types of transformations and require students to describe and use transformations to prove congruence or similarity.                        |
| MA.8.GR.2.2  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single dilation, identify the scale factor that describes the relationship.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students are given real world examples; are asked to dilate figures and calculate scales; lesson connects the dilations to proportions and indirect measurement |
| MA.8.GR.2.3  | Describe and apply the effect of a single transformation on two-dimensional figures using coordinates and the coordinate plane.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lessons follow<br>benchmark<br>clarifications   |
| MA.8.GR.2.4  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving proportional relationships between similar triangles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lessons aligns with standard  |
| MA.8.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of rational numbers to define irrational numbers within the real number system. Locate an approximate value of a numerical expression involving irrational numbers on a number line. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lesson and MATHia<br>lesson aligns with<br>standard and<br>benchmark<br>clarifications  |
| MA.8.NSO.1.2 | Plot, order and compare rational and irrational numbers, represented in various forms.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The lesson focuses more on square roots and cube roots than actually comparing rational and irrational numbers. The MATHia program has good instruction and     |

|                |  |                       | practice for this standard.  |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.8.NSO.1.3   | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include integer exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to integer exponents and rational number bases, with procedural fluency.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | No clear indication of integer exponents in the lesson   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.4   | Express numbers in scientific notation to represent and approximate very large or very small quantities. Determine how many times larger or smaller one number is compared to a second number.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Good introduction to scientific notation for students to become familiar before working further; real world type examples are given for practice |
| MA.8.NSO.1.5   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide numbers expressed in scientific notation with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lesson connects skill<br>to previously learned<br>skills from prior year   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.6   | Solve real-world problems involving operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | All word problems used are real-world and relatable and use scientific notation or ask students to write in scientific notation                  |
| MA.8.NSO.1.7   | Solve multi-step mathematical and real-<br>world problems involving the order of<br>operations with rational numbers including<br>exponents and radicals.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is addressed in Topic 1: Lesson 3, but is also dispersed among other lessons  |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> </ul> | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The lessons require students to analyze real world problems that cause them to ask questions and work through many challenges to solve them.     |

|                | <ul> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   |                       |  |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The textbook lessons don't have many multiple representations, but the MATHia program provides alternate ways to solve problems. |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  • Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  • Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  • Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  • Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lessons provides opportunities for students to reflect on their work.   |

|                | Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.  |                       |   |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. • Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. • Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. • Justify results by explaining methods and processes. • Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are multiple opportunities for students to engage in conversations and reflections in the lessons.              |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | MATHia provides opportunities for deeper thinking to connect patterns to what students are learning in the standards. |

|                | <ul> <li>Connect solutions of problems to<br/>more complicated large-scale<br/>situations.</li> </ul>   |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.                 | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Students are encouraged throughout lessons to check their answers.  |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Every lesson is presented in a real world context that causes students to relate math to things outside of the classroom, which allows them to understand the importance of what they are learning. |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are encouraged to explain their reasoning often.   |

| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lessons all seem to be on the appropriate grade level.  |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There could be more examples and guided practice requiring students to infer rules and patterns in the lesson before students are given independent practice. |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The lessons are set up in a way that teachers can easily encourage collaboration within groups.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The real world type of problems give students opportunities to create work in a format that helps them understand the skill.                                  |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are many short answer problems throughout the textbook that allow students to practice oral and written language.                                       |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Support texts are given for teacher and students.   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are many appropriate resources available to teachers  |

|  |  | to support ELL students. |
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| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Lessons match with standards, although some lessons could go a little more in depth or provide more practice of the standard |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Math content is on grade level   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lessons can easily be done independently or in groups  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has relatable and realistic topics that help students understand the importance of what they are learning.       |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson is complex enough to challenge students at an appropriate level.   |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The math content is on grade level.  |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is appropriate time given for each level as well as independent practice.  |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The extra resources provide aligned practice with the main textbook source.  |

| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The MATHia program contributes greatly to what students are learning in the textbook lessons.  |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | No noticeable errors were seen in the text or MATHia.  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | No bias or contradictions found.   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Some of the lesson connected prior knowledge to the goal of the main lesson.   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content is factual; no mistakes found.   |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | This seems to be true; lessons are activity based which is good way to teach most skills so that students connect what they are learning with realistic examples |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Examples are relevant to what is being taught.   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content given should be relevant and understood among intended age group.  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Some of the lessons give examples that should help students to understand why learning the content is important.   |

| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Not very many examples of this; there are some instances of connecting the lesson with science related topics |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | No unfair or biased instances found.  |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of this found.  |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | All benchmarks and standards seem to be covered completely.   |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The materials given along with digital programs seem to be enough to allow teachers to not search for extra materials.   |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | All teacher and student resources are aligned with one another.  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The materials are consistent; some organization is hard to follow.   |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Visuals seem engaging; my concern is that there is a lot of narrative and reading in the lessons which may cause an issue for students who are below level in reading. |

| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There seems to be a lot of content in one lesson which can be overwhelming, but the pacing given in the teacher resources allots for this amount of material. Most lessons are paced for around 2 days. |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are plenty of alternate forms of practice (digital and print) for students with special needs or accommodations.  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Although the lessons seem to be a lot of reading which concerns me for below level students, the lessons are presented well enough for students to be able to follow along easily.                      |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Lessons are complex enough to motivate students to persist in solving the problems.       |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Main topics are taught thoroughly.  |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Learning goals are stated for each topic and opportunities are given for self reflection. |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The lessons promote independent learning.   |

|  |                       | Various types of materials   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Various types of materials allow for differing learning styles; more leveled practice could be given                               |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are hands on activities that are given throughout lessons and complex problems for students to solve.                        |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The lessons extend learning and challenge students beyond what they have learned.  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The textbook aims to engage learners in math topics which helps them become successful students.                                   |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Hands on activities are effective in teaching, although more guided practice could assist students in practicing learning outcomes |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Lessons are more activity based and could have more assessment practice woven throughout the practice                              |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The MATHia program is more aligned with assessment practice than the textbook.   |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Strategies target all learners.  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students are expected to explain answers either orally or through writing.   |

| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.) | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students learning is clearly in mind with the given materials and practice; more assessment opportunities in the textbook would be beneficial. |
|---|-----------------------|--|
|---|-----------------------|--|

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification                  |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of CRT found in material. |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of this.                  |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of this.                  |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of this.                  |

**Reviewer's Name:** Rachel Schrimsher

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Middle School Math Solution, Grade 8 Mathematics: Pre-Algebra

**Publisher:** Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

**Author:** Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** Grade Eight Mathematics: Pre-Algebra

**Bid ID:** 359

| Final Recommendation   |                         |  |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes                     |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. |                         |  |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification                                  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.AR.1.1 | Apply the Laws of Exponents to generate equivalent algebraic expressions, limited to integer exponents and monomial bases.                          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with rigor and practice.    |
| MA.8.AR.1.2 | Apply properties of operations to multiply two linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with rigor and practice.    |
| MA.8.AR.1.3 | Rewrite the sum of two algebraic expressions having a common monomial factor as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two algebraic expressions. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with rigor and practice.    |
| MA.8.AR.2.1 | Solve multi-step linear equations in one variable, with rational number coefficients. Include equations with variables on both sides.               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with rigor and practice.    |
| MA.8.AR.2.2 | Solve two-step linear inequalities in one variable and represent solutions algebraically and graphically.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice.              |
| MA.8.AR.2.3 | Given an equation in the form of $x^2$ =p and $x^3$ =q, where p is a whole number and q is an integer, determine the real solutions.                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice.              |
| MA.8.AR.3.1 | Determine if a linear relationship is also a proportional relationship.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Excellent examples and practice aligned to standard.  |
| MA.8.AR.3.2 | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, determine the slope.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice and rigor.    |
| MA.8.AR.3.3 | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, write an equation in slope-intercept form.                                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice.              |
| MA.8.AR.3.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph a two-variable linear equation from a   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice and examples. |

|             | written description, a table or an equation in slope-intercept form.   |                               |   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.AR.3.5 | Given a real-world context, determine and interpret the slope and y-intercept of a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table, a graph or an equation in slope-intercept form. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice. Real world application embedded into the lessons.                                |
| MA.8.AR.4.1 | Given a system of two linear equations and a specified set of possible solutions, determine which ordered pairs satisfy the system of linear equations.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported with practice.  |
| MA.8.AR.4.2 | Given a system of two linear equations represented graphically on the same coordinate plane, determine whether there is one solution, no solution or infinitely many solutions.                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice. Side by side practice provides great reference for students with visual support. |
| MA.8.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve systems of two linear equations by graphing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice.  |
| MA.8.DP.1.1 | Given a set of real-world bivariate numerical data, construct a scatter plot or a line graph as appropriate for the context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice. and rigor.   |
| MA.8.DP.1.2 | Given a scatter plot within a real-world context, describe patterns of association.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice.  |
| MA.8.DP.1.3 | Given a scatter plot with a linear association, informally fit a straight line.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice. Real word examples are evident.  |
| MA.8.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a repeated experiment.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Good alignment and opportunities for practice.  |

| MA.8.DP.2.2 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a repeated experiment.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice.                              |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.DP.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving probabilities related to single or repeated experiments, including making predictions based on theoretical probability.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Good examples and opportunities for practice.                         |
| MA.8.F.1.1  | Given a set of ordered pairs, a table, a graph or mapping diagram, determine whether the relationship is a function. Identify the domain and range of the relation.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice.                              |
| MA.8.F.1.2  | Given a function defined by a graph or an equation, determine whether the function is a linear function. Given an input-output table, determine whether it could represent a linear function.                                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Love the animation platform. Standards supported fully with practice. |
| MA.8.F.1.3  | Analyze a real-world written description or graphical representation of a functional relationship between two quantities and identify where the function is increasing, decreasing or constant.                               | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice.                              |
| MA.8.GR.1.1 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving unknown side lengths in right triangles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Excellent practice and fully supporting standard.                     |
| MA.8.GR.1.2 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the distance between two points in a coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice.                              |
| MA.8.GR.1.3 | Use the Triangle Inequality Theorem to determine if a triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. Use the converse of the Pythagorean Theorem to determine if a right triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice.                              |

| MA.8.GR.1.4  | Solve mathematical problems involving the relationships between supplementary, complementary, vertical or adjacent angles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice.                              |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.GR.1.5  | Solve problems involving the relationships of interior and exterior angles of a triangle.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Practice and examples support standard. Mathia practice is excellent. |
| MA.8.GR.1.6  | Develop and use formulas for the sums of the interior angles of regular polygons by decomposing them into triangles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Example supports level of the standard.                               |
| MA.8.GR.2.1  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single transformation, identify the transformation that describes the relationship.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice.                              |
| MA.8.GR.2.2  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single dilation, identify the scale factor that describes the relationship.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MATHia practice fully support standard.                               |
| MA.8.GR.2.3  | Describe and apply the effect of a single transformation on two-dimensional figures using coordinates and the coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice.                              |
| MA.8.GR.2.4  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving proportional relationships between similar triangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Color coded practice and real world samples support standard.         |
| MA.8.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of rational numbers to define irrational numbers within the real number system. Locate an approximate value of a numerical expression involving irrational numbers on a number line. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice.                              |
| MA.8.NSO.1.2 | Plot, order and compare rational and irrational numbers, represented in various forms.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice.                              |
| MA.8.NSO.1.3 | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include integer exponents.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice.                              |

|                | Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to integer exponents and rational number bases, with procedural fluency.  |                               |  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.8.NSO.1.4   | Express numbers in scientific notation to represent and approximate very large or very small quantities. Determine how many times larger or smaller one number is compared to a second number.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice.   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.5   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide numbers expressed in scientific notation with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice.   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.6   | Solve real-world problems involving operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standards supported fully with practice.   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.7   | Solve multi-step mathematical and real-world problems involving the order of operations with rational numbers including exponents and radicals.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standards supported fully with practice. Excellent opportunities for conversation and extension of learning. |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | THe Mathbook supports the mathematics learning process.  |

| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives. Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations. Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations. Express connections between concepts and representations. Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Both platforms support this standard.                             |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Both platforms<br>support the<br>development of<br>fluency fully. |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Ample opportunities for discussion and reflection.                |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:</li> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>                          |                               |                                       |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts. • Look for similarities among problems. • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Both platforms support this standard. |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Both platforms support this standard. |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:</li> <li>Estimate to discover possible solutions.</li> <li>Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.</li> <li>Check calculations when solving problems.</li> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul> |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world<br>applications are<br>evident throughout.     |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Justification is supported and evident.                   |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Both platforms support standard.                          |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Both platforms provide support for readers at all levels. |

| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Collaboration is called for within the content.                   |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Structures for successful mathematical reasoning are present.     |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Both platforms support this standard.                             |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 domains of language are present and supported for ELL students. |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Student friendly text supports this standard.                     |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content aligns with standards and benchmarks.                  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is written for 8th grade students.                     |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Content is adaptable and easy to implement.                    |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Various platforms are present to aid in student understanding. |

| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of   | 4 - Good                   | DOK levels all present within                          |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| the treatment of content matches the standards.   | Alignment                  | content.   |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | DOK levels appropriate for grade level                 |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Time is given for teaching, reflecting and reteaching. |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Sources cited are expert.                              |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Sources are quality and supported.                     |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | No issues noted  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No issues noted.                                       |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No issues noted  |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No issues noted  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Best practices present.                                |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Presentation is appropriate.                           |

| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Students targeted for instruction are considered within content. |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Student friendly content and interactive.                        |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Student friendly content and interactive.                        |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | No issues noted  |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | No issues noted  |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The standards are supported.                                     |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                                 |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Outcomes targeted are fully supported.               |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All components complement each other.                |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Organization of content is good.                     |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is easy to follow and engaging for students. |

| understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   |                       |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Pacing is normal and expected for content.                   |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | ESE student needs are accounted for and options are present. |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Curriculum supports the presentation standard as requested.  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Student friendly content.                                   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Big ideas are present and highlighted.                      |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Clear expectations are evident.                             |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Scaffolding strategies are present.                         |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Opportunities for differentiation is evident.               |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                         | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Student friendly content that support the learning process. |

| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Activities support learning goals.            |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Best practices are noted.                     |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Best practices are noted.                     |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Assessments correlate to instruction.         |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Assessments correlate with analyzing mastery. |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | UDL differentiation is present.               |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | ELA standards are supported.                  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The learning requirement is met.              |

| Special Topics  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No issues noted      |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No issues noted      |

| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No issues noted  |
|--|----------------------------|------------------|
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No issues noted. |

Reviewer's Name: Sharon Brown

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Foundational Skills in Mathematics 6-8 Digital Student License

**Publisher:** Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

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Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Foundational Skills in Mathematics 6-8

**Bid ID:** 363

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Animations, graphics, step by step directions and use of glossary encourages student participation. Materials allow teachers to teach without searching for extra resources. Good real world examples. Grade level appropriate. Meets Florida Standards. |  |  |  |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification                                 |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world problems<br>are included in<br>examples   |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | a variety of strategies<br>are shown                 |
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | provides a glossary                                  |
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | include student<br>friendly graphics                 |
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false.                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | benchmark align to standards                         |
| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | examples connect to real world                       |
| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for language<br>development                   |
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | allows student to use<br>prior knowledge to<br>solve |
| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | student can use prior knowledge to solve             |

|             | two quantities using appropriate notation:<br>, a to b, or a:b where b ≠ 0.  |                               |  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units. Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | a variety of strategies<br>are shown in student<br>example |
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios.                         | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | example allows for reflection and group discussion         |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world examples<br>are included in<br>problems         |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students have the opportunity to use hands on tools        |
| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for group<br>discussion                             |
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a real-<br>world context, find and interpret mean,<br>median, mode and range.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students can identify<br>with real world<br>examples       |
| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | step by step examples<br>are given in student<br>edition   |
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-<br>world context, qualitatively describe and<br>interpret the spread and distribution of the   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | step by step examples<br>are given in student<br>edition   |

|             | data, including any symmetry, skewness, gaps, clusters, outliers and the range.   |                               |   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world examples<br>are included                       |
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allow students to use<br>and develop language<br>skills   |
| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allow for hands on activity and use of manipulatives      |
| MA.6.GR.1.2 | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students can use prior<br>knowledge to<br>complete        |
| MA.6.GR.1.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world examples<br>are included in<br>student edition |
| MA.6.GR.2.1 | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | a variety of examples<br>are shown in student<br>edition  |
| MA.6.GR.2.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for prior<br>knowledge to<br>complete              |
| MA.6.GR.2.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | graphic organizer can<br>be utilized                      |

| MA.6.GR.2.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | step by step example in student edition                                    |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | task allows student to<br>use a variety of<br>learning tools               |
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world connection  |
| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for use of manipulatives  |
| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students can identify<br>with real world<br>examples                       |
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | student edition<br>provide rules for<br>calculations                       |
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency.           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | student edition<br>provides a variety of<br>examples and steps to<br>solve |
| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | align to grade level<br>standards  |
| MA.6.NSO.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good real world<br>connection. Students<br>can identify                    |

| MA.6.NSO.3.2 | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students will be able<br>to use prior<br>knowledge         |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.3.3 | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good student<br>example                                    |
| MA.6.NSO.3.4 | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good student<br>example                                    |
| MA.6.NSO.3.5 | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | teacher resource is<br>helpful                             |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students will be able<br>to use prior<br>knowledge         |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for a variety of hands on materials                 |
| MA.7.AR.1.1  | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | gives opportunity to<br>use language and<br>writing skills |
| MA.7.AR.1.2  | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | teachers can use a variety of strategies to teach concept  |
| MA.7.AR.2.1  | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and represent solutions algebraically or graphically. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good step by step<br>student examples                      |
| MA.7.AR.2.2  | Write and solve two-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students can relate to<br>real world examples              |

|             | context, where all terms are rational numbers.  |                               |   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.AR.3.1 | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good real world<br>connection to task                               |
| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students can use a variety of strategies to solve problems          |
| MA.7.AR.3.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good glossary<br>example  |
| MA.7.AR.4.1 | Determine whether two quantities have a proportional relationship by examining a table, graph or written description.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for a variety of modeling                                    |
| MA.7.AR.4.2 | Determine the constant of proportionality within a mathematical or real-world context given a table, graph or written description of a proportional relationship.                               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students can make<br>real world<br>connection. Grade<br>appropriate |
| MA.7.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph proportional relationships from a table, equation or a written description.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world connection   |
| MA.7.AR.4.4 | Given any representation of a proportional relationship, translate the representation to a written description, table or equation.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | step by step example  |
| MA.7.AR.4.5 | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | align to state<br>standard  |
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for data collection and experimentation                      |
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good examples in student edition                                    |

|             | make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations.   |                               |  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | higher level thinking.<br>use of prior<br>knowledge          |
| MA.7.DP.1.4 | Use proportional reasoning to construct, display and interpret data in circle graphs.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | align to standards   |
| MA.7.DP.1.5 | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allow for group<br>activity                                  |
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allow for experimentation and exploration                    |
| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring. Compare the probabilities of chance events.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allow for hands on activities                                |
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allow for experimentation and group activities               |
| MA.7.DP.2.4 | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great student examples                                       |
| MA.7.GR.1.1 | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students can make<br>connections between<br>different shapes |
| MA.7.GR.1.2 | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals.                                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allow for hands on activities                                |
| MA.7.GR.1.3 | Explore the proportional relationship between circumferences and diameters of circles. Apply a formula for the circumference of a circle to solve mathematical and real-world problems. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allow for hands on activities and teacher modeling           |

| MA.7.GR.1.4  | Explore and apply a formula to find the area of a circle to solve mathematical and realworld problems.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students can relate to<br>real world examples<br>in the task  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.GR.1.5  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving dimensions and areas of geometric figures, including scale drawings and scale factors.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | students will need<br>prior knowledge to<br>solve             |
| MA.7.GR.2.1  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of a right circular cylinder using the figure's net.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | teacher can use a variety of strategies to align instruction  |
| MA.7.GR.2.2  | Solve real-world problems involving surface area of right circular cylinders.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world connection is evident in student edition           |
| MA.7.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving volume of right circular cylinders.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | key terms have useful<br>definitions and<br>examples          |
| MA.7.NSO.1.1 | Know and apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to whole-number exponents and rational number bases. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | use of prior<br>knowledge and<br>opportunities to<br>practice |
| MA.7.NSO.1.2 | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and realworld problems.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | student tasks align to standards                              |
| MA.7.NSO.2.1 | Solve mathematical problems using multi-<br>step order of operations with rational<br>numbers including grouping symbols, whole-<br>number exponents and absolute value.           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good unit overview in student edition                         |
| MA.7.NSO.2.2 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good task examples in student edition                         |

| MA.7.NSO.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | interactive examples                                 |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.8.AR.1.1  | Apply the Laws of Exponents to generate equivalent algebraic expressions, limited to integer exponents and monomial bases.                          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good standard<br>alignment and<br>student tasks      |
| MA.8.AR.1.2  | Apply properties of operations to multiply two linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | align to standards                                   |
| MA.8.AR.1.3  | Rewrite the sum of two algebraic expressions having a common monomial factor as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two algebraic expressions. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | use of prior<br>knowledge                            |
| MA.8.AR.2.1  | Solve multi-step linear equations in one variable, with rational number coefficients. Include equations with variables on both sides.               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good step by step<br>examples                        |
| MA.8.AR.2.2  | Solve two-step linear inequalities in one variable and represent solutions algebraically and graphically.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | translation of math<br>symbols in student<br>edition |
| MA.8.AR.2.3  | Given an equation in the form of $x^2$ =p and $x^3$ =q, where p is a whole number and q is an integer, determine the real solutions.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world examples included in task                 |
| MA.8.AR.3.1  | Determine if a linear relationship is also a proportional relationship.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | allows for higher order thinking                     |
| MA.8.AR.3.2  | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, determine the slope.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good student task.<br>Connected to real<br>world     |
| MA.8.AR.3.3  | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, write an equation in slope-intercept form.                                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | unit has good<br>definition of key<br>terms          |
| MA.8.AR.3.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph a two-variable linear equation from a   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | interactive activity in student edition              |

|             | written description, a table or an equation in slope-intercept form.   |                               |  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.8.AR.3.5 | Given a real-world context, determine and interpret the slope and y-intercept of a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table, a graph or an equation in slope-intercept form. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for teacher<br>modeling. Good<br>student task                     |
| MA.8.AR.4.1 | Given a system of two linear equations and a specified set of possible solutions, determine which ordered pairs satisfy the system of linear equations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | align to standards.<br>Good step by step<br>example                      |
| MA.8.AR.4.2 | Given a system of two linear equations represented graphically on the same coordinate plane, determine whether there is one solution, no solution or infinitely many solutions.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for hands on activities   |
| MA.8.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve systems of two linear equations by graphing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world example. Good step by step examples                           |
| MA.8.DP.1.1 | Given a set of real-world bivariate numerical data, construct a scatter plot or a line graph as appropriate for the context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | practice in interpreting data  |
| MA.8.DP.1.2 | Given a scatter plot within a real-world context, describe patterns of association.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for teacher<br>modeling and<br>students use of prior<br>knowledge |
| MA.8.DP.1.3 | Given a scatter plot with a linear association, informally fit a straight line.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world inclusion is<br>evident in student<br>task                    |
| MA.8.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a repeated experiment.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | animation activity<br>encourages<br>participation                        |
| MA.8.DP.2.2 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a repeated experiment.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for a variety of hands on activities                              |

| MA.8.DP.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving probabilities related to single or repeated experiments, including making predictions based on theoretical probability.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good step by step<br>examples             |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.F.1.1  | Given a set of ordered pairs, a table, a graph or mapping diagram, determine whether the relationship is a function. Identify the domain and range of the relation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good definition and examples in key terms |
| MA.8.F.1.2  | Given a function defined by a graph or an equation, determine whether the function is a linear function. Given an input-output table, determine whether it could represent a linear function.                                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | interactive examples<br>in student tasks  |
| MA.8.F.1.3  | Analyze a real-world written description or graphical representation of a functional relationship between two quantities and identify where the function is increasing, decreasing or constant.                               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | student tasks align<br>with standards     |
| MA.8.GR.1.1 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving unknown side lengths in right triangles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good key term<br>examples                 |
| MA.8.GR.1.2 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the distance between two points in a coordinate plane.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | has exploration tools                     |
| MA.8.GR.1.3 | Use the Triangle Inequality Theorem to determine if a triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. Use the converse of the Pythagorean Theorem to determine if a right triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | could include more<br>sample problems     |
| MA.8.GR.1.4 | Solve mathematical problems involving the relationships between supplementary, complementary, vertical or adjacent angles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | interactive student<br>tasks              |

| MA.8.GR.1.5  | Solve problems involving the relationships of interior and exterior angles of a triangle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good step by step examples. Interactive                         |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.GR.1.6  | Develop and use formulas for the sums of the interior angles of regular polygons by decomposing them into triangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | requires language use<br>and development and<br>prior knowledge |
| MA.8.GR.2.1  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single transformation, identify the transformation that describes the relationship.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great description of motion. Interactive                        |
| MA.8.GR.2.2  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single dilation, identify the scale factor that describes the relationship.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good step by step example. Interactive                          |
| MA.8.GR.2.3  | Describe and apply the effect of a single transformation on two-dimensional figures using coordinates and the coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for language<br>development and<br>writing               |
| MA.8.GR.2.4  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving proportional relationships between similar triangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | grade level<br>appropriate. good<br>real world examples         |
| MA.8.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of rational numbers to define irrational numbers within the real number system. Locate an approximate value of a numerical expression involving irrational numbers on a number line.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | examples could be<br>better                                     |
| MA.8.NSO.1.2 | Plot, order and compare rational and irrational numbers, represented in various forms.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | tasks and examples<br>are within the<br>benchmark               |
| MA.8.NSO.1.3 | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include integer exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to integer exponents and rational number bases, with procedural fluency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | tasks and examples<br>are within the<br>benchmark               |

| MA.8.NSO.1.4   | Express numbers in scientific notation to represent and approximate very large or very small quantities. Determine how many times larger or smaller one number is compared to a second number.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world example in student tasks                         |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.NSO.1.5   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide numbers expressed in scientific notation with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | student tasks are<br>within the benchmark                   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.6   | Solve real-world problems involving operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world examples are included                            |
| MA.8.NSO.1.7   | Solve multi-step mathematical and real-world problems involving the order of operations with rational numbers including exponents and radicals.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for a variety of teaching strategies                 |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | fosters student<br>engagement and<br>provide                |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | provide a myriad of opportunities for students to proactice |

|                | <ul> <li>Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.</li> <li>Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.</li> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul>          |                               |  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | allows for teacher<br>assessment and<br>provides<br>opportunities for<br>students to deepen<br>their understanding |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | gives opportunity to<br>use language and<br>writing skills   |

|                | <ul> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>  |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students are able to<br>make connections<br>with the tasks           |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | tasks provide step by<br>step examples to<br>deepen<br>understanding |

|                | <ul> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul>   |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | tasks allow for investigation and discussion              |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | task allows for group<br>activity and<br>discussion       |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students are engaged in interactive assignments           |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students can use a variety of tools to solve problems     |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | the tasks encourage<br>group activity and<br>discussion   |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | step by step examples<br>are clear and can be<br>followed |

| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students have the opportunity to read and develop language                    |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | examples allow<br>students to deepen<br>their understanding<br>of the problem |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | alignment is evident  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | students can make connections                                 |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials allow for diverse teaching strategies               |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | allows for real world connection                              |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | students can use prior knowledge to complete tasks            |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials include challenging questions                       |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | students can complete the task in a reasonable amount of time |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials are current   |

| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | a variety of sources were included                      |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | clear of error  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | material is objective                                   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials align with subject area                       |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | material is consistent                                  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | material is relevant to subject area                    |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials align with standards and benchmark            |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | grade level and age appropriate                         |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | includes real world examples                            |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | students can make connections to the tasks              |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | material and examples have the diverse learners in mind |

| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | units are appropriate                       |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | examples align with benchmark and standards |

| Presentation  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | evident in student task and<br>lessons                                      |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | benchmark aligns to standards   |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | directions are easy to follow<br>and glossary of key terms are<br>available |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | lessons are modified to meet the needs of all learners                      |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | good pacing   |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | several resources are available to assist in instruction                    |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great presentation in student edition. Allows for student engagement        |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | includes interactive lessons   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | evident in teaching resources  |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | directions and examples are clear                                      |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | includes step by step examples<br>to deepen students'<br>understanding |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | material meets the needs of the diverse learners in the classroom      |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | tasks allow for engagement and group activities                        |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | grade level objectives are met   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | allow teachers to use a variety of teaching strategies                 |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | teaching resources and suggestions are included                        |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | evident  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | evident  |

| assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  |                            |   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.                      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | students can make connections to tasks  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | allows for reading and writing  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | tasks are aligned to benchmark<br>and standards. and provide<br>opportunities for students to<br>engage in learning |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                    |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials align to rules                |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | no evidence of such teaching            |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | no evidence of social justice inclusion |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials are within state standards    |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Evette Idehen

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Foundational Skills in Mathematics 6-8 Digital Student License

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

Course: 1204000 - M/J Foundational Skills in Mathematics 6-8

**Bid ID:** 363

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### Bid Response

? Fonts: Carnegie Learning provides all lessons in both Google Slides and PPT formats for presentation purposes. Google Slides and PPTs have a font size setting that the user can manipulate. Chrome browser (and others) can also manipulate font size. o Type and size. YES o Colors and background colors can be adjusted. YES ? Background: High contrast color settings are available. All Carnegie Learning print and digital materials have been reviewed at the time of creation by color contrast compliance design tools. CL does not use extraneous imagery or colors that is not required. ? Text-to-speech tools. MATHia platform includes an embedded text-to-speech tool that is programmed to read mathematics accurately. Content can be provided in live text to work with various screen readers. ? All images have alt tags. YES ? All videos are captioned. YES ? Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review  | Rating                | Comments  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Modifications can be used when working on the downloadable formats.   |
| Background: High contrast color settings are available.             | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
| Text-to-speech tools.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Text to speech tools are embedded in certain sections, but not all modules and math computations. However, text to speech options can be used when working on the downloadable formats. |

| All images have alt tags.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | All images do not have atl tagseven in the source page section   |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| All videos are captioned.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Not all videos have the option of text to speech. For example the overview video made in Vimeo did not give me the option to add captions. |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Only applicable when using IOS or Windows features, however, it is not embedded in the site  |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

? Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. YES ? All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts. YES ? All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable<br>PDFs and PPT |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable<br>PDFs and PPT |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment |  |

### 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

? Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue). YES ? Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document. YES ? Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. YES

| Review | Rating | Comments |
|--------|--------|----------|
|--------|--------|----------|

| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT          |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT          |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Note taking icon and tools are provided during the modules |

4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

1. Magnification YES 2. Text-to-speech YES 3. Text-to-American Sign Language Our content works with all assistive technologies. 4. On-screen keyboards YES - MATHia 5. Switch scanning controls YES 6. Speech-to-text Our content works with all assistive technologies.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | With the downloadable versions, all resources will work with the appropriate AT tools |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

### **Bid Response**

All MATHbook Instructional Materials are available in print. Students who cannot access MATHia can access our Skills

Practice print worksheets.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many of the features are provided, but I would suggest better integration with Text to speech features, particularly when working with math |

Reviewer's Name: Cindy Marcelin

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Foundational Skills in Mathematics 6-8 Digital Student License

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

Course: M/J Intensive Mathematics (MC)

**Bid ID:** 363

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | no evidence of crt   |

**Reviewer's Name:** Mary Moss

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Foundational Skills in Mathematics 6-8 Digital Student License

**Publisher:** Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Foundational Skills in Mathematics 6-8

**Bid ID:** 363

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | No  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 3 - Fair Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | The material overall was hard to review as this was the foundational 6-8 course. Some of the units were not completed and it appeared that the material was incomplete. |  |  |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating    | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions.          | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction focused on skills to support benchmark.  |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.   |
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets support for benchmark.   |
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.   |
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false.                                  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction focused on skills to support benchmark.  |
| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers.    | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Only two of the notes listed are represented in the page where benchmarks indicated as addressed in depth. |
| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets support for benchmark.   |
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.                      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction supports the benchmark.  |

| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of two quantities using appropriate notation:  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction supports benchmark with more than one example. |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units. Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction supports benchmark.                            |
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios.                         | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction supports benchmark.                            |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction supports benchmark.                            |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.                               |
| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.                               |
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a real-<br>world context, find and interpret mean,<br>median, mode and range.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.                               |
| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.                               |
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-<br>world context, qualitatively describe and   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.                               |

|             | interpret the spread and distribution of the data, including any symmetry, skewness, gaps, clusters, outliers and the range.  |                       |  |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.             |
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Instruction does not meet the benchmark. |
| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Partially meets<br>benchmark.            |
| MA.6.GR.1.2 | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.             |
| MA.6.GR.1.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.             |
| MA.6.GR.2.1 | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.             |
| MA.6.GR.2.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.             |
| MA.6.GR.2.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark.   |

| MA.6.GR.2.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.                           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency.           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.6.NSO.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |

| MA.6.NSO.3.2 | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.3.3 | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.6.NSO.3.4 | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.6.NSO.3.5 | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.           | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.AR.1.1  | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.AR.1.2  | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.AR.2.1  | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and represent solutions algebraically or graphically. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.7.AR.2.2  | Write and solve two-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context, where all terms are rational numbers.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |

| MA.7.AR.3.1 | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.AR.3.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.AR.4.1 | Determine whether two quantities have a proportional relationship by examining a table, graph or written description.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.AR.4.2 | Determine the constant of proportionality within a mathematical or real-world context given a table, graph or written description of a proportional relationship.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph proportional relationships from a table, equation or a written description.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.7.AR.4.4 | Given any representation of a proportional relationship, translate the representation to a written description, table or equation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.AR.4.5 | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |

| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
|-------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.DP.1.4 | Use proportional reasoning to construct, display and interpret data in circle graphs.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | N/A                                    |
| MA.7.DP.1.5 | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | Instruction does not meet benchmark.   |
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring. Compare the probabilities of chance events.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No example given                       |
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.DP.2.4 | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.GR.1.1 | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.7.GR.1.2 | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals.                                     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.7.GR.1.3 | Explore the proportional relationship between circumferences and diameters of circles. Apply a formula for the circumference of a circle to solve mathematical and real-world problems. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | Instruction does not meet benchmark.   |
| MA.7.GR.1.4 | Explore and apply a formula to find the area of a circle to solve mathematical and realworld problems.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |

| MA.7.GR.1.5  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving dimensions and areas of geometric figures, including scale drawings and scale factors.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.GR.2.1  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of a right circular cylinder using the figure's net.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.GR.2.2  | Solve real-world problems involving surface area of right circular cylinders.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving volume of right circular cylinders.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.NSO.1.1 | Know and apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to whole-number exponents and rational number bases. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.NSO.1.2 | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and realworld problems.    | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.7.NSO.2.1 | Solve mathematical problems using multi-<br>step order of operations with rational<br>numbers including grouping symbols, whole-<br>number exponents and absolute value.           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.NSO.2.2 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.7.NSO.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.AR.1.1  | Apply the Laws of Exponents to generate equivalent algebraic expressions, limited to integer exponents and monomial bases.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark.           |

| MA.8.AR.1.2 | Apply properties of operations to multiply two linear expressions with rational coefficients.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Not able to view sample.     |
|-------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| MA.8.AR.1.3 | Rewrite the sum of two algebraic expressions having a common monomial factor as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two algebraic expressions.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Not able to view sample      |
| MA.8.AR.2.1 | Solve multi-step linear equations in one variable, with rational number coefficients. Include equations with variables on both sides.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.AR.2.2 | Solve two-step linear inequalities in one variable and represent solutions algebraically and graphically.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.AR.2.3 | Given an equation in the form of $x^2$ =p and $x^3$ =q, where p is a whole number and q is an integer, determine the real solutions.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.AR.3.1 | Determine if a linear relationship is also a proportional relationship.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.AR.3.2 | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, determine the slope.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.AR.3.3 | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, write an equation in slope-intercept form.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.AR.3.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table or an equation in slope-intercept form.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.AR.3.5 | Given a real-world context, determine and interpret the slope and y-intercept of a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table, a graph or an equation in slope-intercept form. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark. |

| MA.8.AR.4.1 | Given a system of two linear equations and a specified set of possible solutions, determine which ordered pairs satisfy the system of linear equations.                         | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Module not complete.                   |
|-------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.8.AR.4.2 | Given a system of two linear equations represented graphically on the same coordinate plane, determine whether there is one solution, no solution or infinitely many solutions. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Module not complete.                   |
| MA.8.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve systems of two linear equations by graphing.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Module not complete.                   |
| MA.8.DP.1.1 | Given a set of real-world bivariate numerical data, construct a scatter plot or a line graph as appropriate for the context.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Module not complete.                   |
| MA.8.DP.1.2 | Given a scatter plot within a real-world context, describe patterns of association.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | Module not complete                    |
| MA.8.DP.1.3 | Given a scatter plot with a linear association, informally fit a straight line.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a repeated experiment.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.8.DP.2.2 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a repeated experiment.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.8.DP.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving probabilities related to single or repeated experiments, including making predictions based on theoretical probability.                     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.F.1.1  | Given a set of ordered pairs, a table, a graph or mapping diagram, determine whether the relationship is a function. Identify the domain and range of the relation.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.F.1.2  | Given a function defined by a graph or an equation, determine whether the function is a linear function. Given an input-output  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |

|             | table, determine whether it could represent a linear function.  |                                  |  |
|-------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.8.F.1.3  | Analyze a real-world written description or graphical representation of a functional relationship between two quantities and identify where the function is increasing, decreasing or constant.                               | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No samples to view                     |
| MA.8.GR.1.1 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving unknown side lengths in right triangles.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.GR.1.2 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the distance between two points in a coordinate plane.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.GR.1.3 | Use the Triangle Inequality Theorem to determine if a triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. Use the converse of the Pythagorean Theorem to determine if a right triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.GR.1.4 | Solve mathematical problems involving the relationships between supplementary, complementary, vertical or adjacent angles.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.8.GR.1.5 | Solve problems involving the relationships of interior and exterior angles of a triangle.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.8.GR.1.6 | Develop and use formulas for the sums of the interior angles of regular polygons by decomposing them into triangles.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No samples to view                     |
| MA.8.GR.2.1 | Given a preimage and image generated by a single transformation, identify the transformation that describes the relationship.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |

| MA.8.GR.2.2  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single dilation, identify the scale factor that describes the relationship.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | Instruction poorly meets benchmark.    |
|--------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.8.GR.2.3  | Describe and apply the effect of a single transformation on two-dimensional figures using coordinates and the coordinate plane.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.8.GR.2.4  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving proportional relationships between similar triangles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.8.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of rational numbers to define irrational numbers within the real number system. Locate an approximate value of a numerical expression involving irrational numbers on a number line.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.8.NSO.1.2 | Plot, order and compare rational and irrational numbers, represented in various forms.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.8.NSO.1.3 | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include integer exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to integer exponents and rational number bases, with procedural fluency. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Instruction meets benchmark.           |
| MA.8.NSO.1.4 | Express numbers in scientific notation to represent and approximate very large or very small quantities. Determine how many times larger or smaller one number is compared to a second number.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| MA.8.NSO.1.5 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide numbers expressed in scientific notation with procedural fluency.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No samples to view                     |
| MA.8.NSO.1.6 | Solve real-world problems involving operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No samples to view                     |

| MA.8.NSO.1.7   | Solve multi-step mathematical and real-world problems involving the order of operations with rational numbers including exponents and radicals.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction meets benchmark. |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Not able to view alignment.  |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Not able to view alignment.  |

|                | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  • Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  • Maintain flexibility and accuracy  2 - Po   |                       | Not able to view            |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| WARIZ.WITK.S.I | <ul> <li>while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>  | Alignment             | alignment.                  |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Not able to view alignment. |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Not able to view alignment. |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:</li> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                       |                             |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Not able to view alignment. |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  • Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Not able to view alignment. |

|                  | <ul> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                       |  |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Instruction poorly meets benchmark.    |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Instruction poorly meets benchmark.    |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification                   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets benchmark. |

| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction partially meets skill level of benchmark.                               |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Online curriculum does not appear to be adaptable.                                  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Materials partially provide sufficient details for students to understand.          |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Level of complexity meets the standards.  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Complexity of content matches student abilities.                                    |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content matches the time allowed for teaching.                                      |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Primary and secondary sources are in good alignment.                                |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of content in the materials |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content is presented accurately.  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content appears to be free of bias.   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Material is representative of the discipline.                                       |

| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content appears to be free of mistakes and inconsistencies.  |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content is up-to-date.   |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content presented in an appropriate and relevant context.  |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content is present in an appropriate and relevant context for intended learners.                   |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Content includes a fair amount of connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students. |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Material includes connections that make the content more meaningful to students.                   |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There appears to be no unfair or biased portrayals.  |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Materials contain no inhumane treatment of animals and no hard-core pornography.                   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Not enough examples to make sure that alignment is completely covered.                             |

| Presentation | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|

| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Most learning outcomes are completed, however, there are still unfinished learning outcomes. |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Most of the components of the MATHia tool align with the curriculum.                         |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Materials are consistent and there is a logical organization of the content.                 |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Most of the visuals are appear to be engaging to students.                                   |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | No pacing presented as this is a foundational skills course.                                 |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Material contains assistive supports to aid students.  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Online support curriculum.   |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Online platform appears to be somewhat engaging to students.                    |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instructional materials are a support for students needing additional supports. |

| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Students work through the program based on their needs.   |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students should be able to become more independent learners using this curriculum.              |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Students would have to self-<br>advocate for support within<br>the course.                      |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Materials appear to engage students during the learning process.                                |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Students work on their own.   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There are learning targets for students in the beginning of the units.                          |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Online learning.  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | No assessment strategies noticed.   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | No assessment strategies noticed  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There are some supports for the needs of all students.  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | It was difficult to really review the ELA Expectations and the MTR's with the online resources. |

14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)

2 - Poor Alignment If the materials were fully completed, it would be easier to give this material a better review.

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Aligns to Rule 6A-1.094124,<br>F.A.C.,                                    |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Materials omit Culturally<br>Responsive Teaching as it<br>relates to CRT. |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instructional materials omit social justice as it relates to CRT.         |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Materials do not solicit SEL.   |

Reviewer's Name: Misty Wood

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Foundational Skills in Mathematics 6-8 Digital Student License

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

**Author:** Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Foundational Skills in Mathematics 6-8

**Bid ID:** 363

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | No  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 2 - Poor Alignment  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | It was impossible to review all aspects of this textbook because of the way the publisher set up the Mathia review site. I could only access the lessons that the publisher provided by each standard. I could not see the progression of lessons because each link only allowed me to open one lesson. Then, I could not preview the entire lesson |  |

| without answering every single question correctly.  |
|---|
| This limited my ability to see if a standard was    |
| covered to mastery. I also did not find any teacher |
| resources. I did not see any assessments or paper   |
| resources. I do NOT recommend this textbook. The    |
| site provides good practice but a teacher will NOT  |
| be able to use this curriculum to TEACH the course. |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating    | Rating Justification                                      |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions.       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES - The standard is covered.                            |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES - The standard is covered.                            |
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | NO - 2 - the skill level<br>doesn't match the<br>standard |
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES - The standard is covered.                            |
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false.                               | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | NO - inequalities are<br>missing                          |
| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES - The standard is covered.                            |

| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers.                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                         |
|-------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered.                   |
| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of two quantities using appropriate notation:  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered.                   |
| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units. Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                         |
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                         |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | YES - The standard is covered.                         |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                         |
| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | YES - 3 - this standard is a small part of this lesson |
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a real-<br>world context, find and interpret mean,<br>median, mode and range.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                         |

| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data.                          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | YES - The standard is covered.       |
|-------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-<br>world context, qualitatively describe and<br>interpret the spread and distribution of the<br>data, including any symmetry, skewness,<br>gaps, clusters, outliers and the range.                    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered. |
| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.6.GR.1.2 | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered. |
| MA.6.GR.1.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.6.GR.2.1 | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered. |
| MA.6.GR.2.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |

|              | composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.   |                                  |   |
|--------------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula.                              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                                  |
| MA.6.GR.2.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES _ The standard is covered.                                  |
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - some of the links are not correct                          |
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                                  |
| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.                           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                                  |
| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                                  |
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - missing<br>multiplying decimals                            |
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency.           | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | YES - 3 - the difficulty<br>level doesn't match<br>the standard |

| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
|--------------|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| MA.6.NSO.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.6.NSO.3.2 | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers.                        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.6.NSO.3.3 | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.6.NSO.3.4 | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.6.NSO.3.5 | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.                               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.                              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.                           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.7.AR.1.1  | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered. |
| MA.7.AR.1.2  | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered. |

| MA.7.AR.2.1 | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and represent solutions algebraically or graphically.                         | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | YES  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.2.2 | Write and solve two-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context, where all terms are rational numbers.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | YES - Most of these<br>lessons do not cover<br>the standard.   |
| MA.7.AR.3.1 | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |
| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | NO - lessons focus primarily on percents                       |
| MA.7.AR.3.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |
| MA.7.AR.4.1 | Determine whether two quantities have a proportional relationship by examining a table, graph or written description.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | NO - 2 - the standard is NOT the primary focus of the lessons  |
| MA.7.AR.4.2 | Determine the constant of proportionality within a mathematical or real-world context given a table, graph or written description of a proportional relationship. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | YES - 3 - the standard is NOT the primary focus of the lessons |
| MA.7.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph proportional relationships from a table, equation or a written description.                                     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | YES - the links are incorrect                                  |
| MA.7.AR.4.4 | Given any representation of a proportional relationship, translate the representation to a written description, table or equation.                                | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | NO   |
| MA.7.AR.4.5 | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |

|             | numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers.   |                                  |                                      |
|-------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.7.DP.1.4 | Use proportional reasoning to construct, display and interpret data in circle graphs.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO                                   |
| MA.7.DP.1.5 | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered. |
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered. |
| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring.  Compare the probabilities of chance events.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.7.DP.2.4 | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.7.GR.1.1 | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.7.GR.1.2 | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.       |

| MA.7.GR.1.3  | Explore the proportional relationship between circumferences and diameters of circles. Apply a formula for the circumference of a circle to solve mathematical and real-world problems. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment              | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |
|--------------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.GR.1.4  | Explore and apply a formula to find the area of a circle to solve mathematical and realworld problems.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment              | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |
| MA.7.GR.1.5  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving dimensions and areas of geometric figures, including scale drawings and scale factors.   | ns and areas of geometric 3 - Fair |  |
| MA.7.GR.2.1  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of a right circular cylinder using the figure's net.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment   | NO - requires<br>students to use the<br>formula                |
| MA.7.GR.2.2  | Solve real-world problems involving surface area of right circular cylinders.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment   | NO - requires<br>students to find the<br>surface area of cones |
| MA.7.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving volume of right circular cylinders.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment              | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |
| MA.7.NSO.1.1 | Know and apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to whole-number exponents and rational number bases.      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment              | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |
| MA.7.NSO.1.2 | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and realworld problems.         | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment              | NO - missing<br>converting fractions<br>to repeating decimals  |
| MA.7.NSO.2.1 | Solve mathematical problems using multi-<br>step order of operations with rational<br>numbers including grouping symbols, whole-<br>number exponents and absolute value.                | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment   | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered.                           |

| MA.7.NSO.2.2 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |
|--------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.NSO.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered.                           |
| MA.8.AR.1.1  | Apply the Laws of Exponents to generate equivalent algebraic expressions, limited to integer exponents and monomial bases.                          | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | NO - missing negative exponents                                |
| MA.8.AR.1.2  | Apply properties of operations to multiply two linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - the link does not<br>work                                 |
| MA.8.AR.1.3  | Rewrite the sum of two algebraic expressions having a common monomial factor as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two algebraic expressions. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |
| MA.8.AR.2.1  | Solve multi-step linear equations in one variable, with rational number coefficients. Include equations with variables on both sides.               | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |
| MA.8.AR.2.2  | Solve two-step linear inequalities in one variable and represent solutions algebraically and graphically.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - inequalities were not given                               |
| MA.8.AR.2.3  | Given an equation in the form of $x^2$ =p and $x^3$ =q, where p is a whole number and q is an integer, determine the real solutions.                | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered.                           |
| MA.8.AR.3.1  | Determine if a linear relationship is also a proportional relationship.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | YES - 3 - the standard is NOT the primary focus of the lessons |
| MA.8.AR.3.2  | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, determine the slope.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |
| MA.8.AR.3.3  | Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, write an equation in slope-intercept form.                                    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.                                 |

| MA.8.AR.3.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table or an equation in slope-intercept form.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment  | NO - the standard is<br>NOT the primary<br>focus of the lessons |
|-------------|--|--|---|
| MA.8.AR.3.5 | Given a real-world context, determine and interpret the slope and y-intercept of a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table, a graph or an equation in slope-intercept form. | nterpret the slope and y-intercept of a two-<br>ariable linear equation from a written<br>lescription, a table, a graph or an equation  3 - Fair Alignment |   |
| MA.8.AR.4.1 | Given a system of two linear equations and a specified set of possible solutions, determine which ordered pairs satisfy the system of linear equations.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment   | INCORRECT LINK  |
| MA.8.AR.4.2 | Given a system of two linear equations represented graphically on the same coordinate plane, determine whether there is one solution, no solution or infinitely many solutions.                      | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment   | INCORRECT LINK  |
| MA.8.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve systems of two linear equations by graphing.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment   | NO - equations are not in slope-intercept form                  |
| MA.8.DP.1.1 | Given a set of real-world bivariate numerical data, construct a scatter plot or a line graph as appropriate for the context.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment   | NO  |
| MA.8.DP.1.2 | Given a scatter plot within a real-world context, describe patterns of association.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment  | YES - the link is NOT correct                                   |
| MA.8.DP.1.3 | Given a scatter plot with a linear association, informally fit a straight line.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment  | YES - The standard is covered.                                  |
| MA.8.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a repeated experiment.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment  | YES - The standard is covered.                                  |
| MA.8.DP.2.2 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a repeated experiment.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment  | YES - 3 - the standard is NOT the primary focus of the lessons  |

| MA.8.DP.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving probabilities related to single or repeated experiments, including making predictions based on theoretical probability.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment                            | NO                                   |
|-------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| MA.8.F.1.1  | Given a set of ordered pairs, a table, a graph or mapping diagram, determine whether the relationship is a function. Identify the domain and range of the relation.   | rmine whether the dentify the 4 - Good Alignment |                                      |
| MA.8.F.1.2  | Given a function defined by a graph or an equation, determine whether the function is a linear function. Given an input-output table, determine whether it could represent a linear function.                                 | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment                 | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered. |
| MA.8.F.1.3  | Analyze a real-world written description or graphical representation of a functional relationship between two quantities and identify where the function is increasing, decreasing or constant.                               | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment                 | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered. |
| MA.8.GR.1.1 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving unknown side lengths in right triangles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment                    | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.8.GR.1.2 | Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the distance between two points in a coordinate plane.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment                            | YES - The standard is covered.       |
| MA.8.GR.1.3 | Use the Triangle Inequality Theorem to determine if a triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. Use the converse of the Pythagorean Theorem to determine if a right triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment                 | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered. |
| MA.8.GR.1.4 | Solve mathematical problems involving the relationships between supplementary, complementary, vertical or adjacent angles.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment                            | YES - The standard is covered.       |

| MA.8.GR.1.5  | Solve problems involving the relationships of interior and exterior angles of a triangle.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | YES - 3 - the standard is NOT the primary focus of the lessons           |
|--------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.8.GR.1.6  | Develop and use formulas for the sums of the interior angles of regular polygons by decomposing them into triangles.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO   |
| MA.8.GR.2.1  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single transformation, identify the transformation that describes the relationship.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - should not use<br>the coordinate plane                              |
| MA.8.GR.2.2  | Given a preimage and image generated by a single dilation, identify the scale factor that describes the relationship.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - should not use the coordinate plane                                 |
| MA.8.GR.2.3  | Describe and apply the effect of a single transformation on two-dimensional figures using coordinates and the coordinate plane.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.   |
| MA.8.GR.2.4  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving proportional relationships between similar triangles.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - should not<br>require students to<br>write similarity<br>statements |
| MA.8.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of rational numbers to define irrational numbers within the real number system. Locate an approximate value of a numerical expression involving irrational numbers on a number line.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.2 | Plot, order and compare rational and irrational numbers, represented in various forms.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | YES - The standard is covered.   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.3 | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include integer exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to integer exponents and rational number bases, with procedural fluency. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered.                                     |

| MA.8.NSO.1.4   | Express numbers in scientific notation to represent and approximate very large or very small quantities. Determine how many times larger or smaller one number is compared to a second number.  4 - Good Alignment   |  | YES - The standard is covered.       |
|----------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| MA.8.NSO.1.5   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide numbers expressed in scientific notation with procedural fluency.   | rpressed in scientific notation with Poor/No N |                                      |
| MA.8.NSO.1.6   | Solve real-world problems involving operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment               | NO                                   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.7   | Solve multi-step mathematical and real-<br>world problems involving the order of<br>operations with rational numbers including<br>exponents and radicals.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment               | NO - The standard is<br>NOT covered. |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 4 - Good<br>Alignment                          | YES                                  |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment                          | YES                                  |

|                | <ul> <li>Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.</li> <li>Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.</li> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul>          |                                  |   |
|----------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | MATHia requires students to go through all steps even if they know the answer to a problem. |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | MATHia is an individual program.  |

|                | <ul> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>  |                       |     |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|-----|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | YES |

|                  | <ul> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul>   |                       |                                  |
|------------------|---|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1   | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES                              |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | YES                              |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   |                       | YES                              |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | 2.EE.3.1 Make inferences to support comprehension.  |                       | YES                              |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  3 - Fair Alignment   |                       | MATHia is an individual program. |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES                              |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | MATHia is an individual program. |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | MATHia is an individual program. |

| for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. |  |  |
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| Content   | Reviewer Rating               | Rating Justification                  |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes.    | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | NO                                    |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | YES                                   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | NO - The materials are NOT adaptable. |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES                                   |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | YES                                   |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES                                   |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There is no recommended time period.  |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | YES                                   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | YES                                   |

| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES  |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | YES  |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The value of irrational numbers should be represented as an approximate value. |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES  |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES  |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES  |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES  |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES  |

| 1. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards or this course covered in the material?  Alignment |
|--|
|--|

| Presentation  | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification             |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | MATHia is a stand-alone program. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | MATHia is a stand-alone program. |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES                              |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES                              |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES                              |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES                              |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | MATHia is a stand-alone program. |

| Learning | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|----------|-----------------|----------------------|
|----------|-----------------|----------------------|

| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES   |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES   |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | YES   |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | MATHia is a stand-alone program.  |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | YES   |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | MATHia forces students to solve problems in a provided step-by-step approach. |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | There were not any assessments.   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | There were not any assessments.   |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | MATHia is a stand-alone program.  |

| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES |
|--|-----------------------|-----|
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | YES |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES                  |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES                  |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES                  |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | YES                  |

Reviewer's Name: Makeda Brome

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Foundational Skills in Mathematics 9-12 Digital Student License

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

**Author:** Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

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Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

**Course:** Foundational Skills in Mathematics 9-12

**Bid ID:** 364

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | No   |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 2 - Poor Alignment   |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | I would not recommend this electronic resource for adoption as a primary textbook source. While the modules "cover" each standard, the modules are short and do not increase fluency or give enough practice for students to become fluent. The modules are also wordy for a class that usually will be for students who historically struggle with mathematics. |  |

I think this resource would be a good supplemental resource that is addition to a primary text. It would help support learning but would not be the best resource for creating a learning environment.

| Standard     | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating               | Rating Justification   |
|--------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.NSO.2.1 | Recall multiplication facts with factors up to 12 and related division facts with automaticity.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | This is poorly aligned. While students create a mulitplication table, the module does not cover mathematical fluency from 0 to 12. It goes right into multiplying one digit by two digit and two digit by two digit. |
| MA.5.GR.1.1  | Classify triangles or quadrilaterals into different categories based on shared defining attributes. Explain why a triangle or quadrilateral would or would not belong to a category.                                 | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Students are able to classify quadrilateral and triangles but they do not have to provide an explanation   |
| MA.5.GR.1.2  | Identify and classify three-dimensional figures into categories based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to right pyramids, right prisms, right circular cylinders, right circular cones and spheres. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.5.GR.2.1  | Find the perimeter and area of a rectangle with fractional or decimal side lengths using visual models and formulas.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Students are able to calculate area and perimeter of rectangles.   |
| MA.6.AR.1.3  | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | While the standard is covered in the modules, the modules  |

|             |   |                       | are very basic. They do not allow for students to really process and address misconceptions. The step by step gives answers . It highlights the answers so at times the students can do the work by clicking rather than doing  |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | While the standard is covered in all listed modules, there is not a lot of critical thinking students have to do . The hints will eventually give them the answers after 3 tries. So students can get through it without actually doing the work. There is also a lot of reading for a classroom dealing with foundational skills |
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a realworld context, find and interpret mean, median, mode and range.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | While the standard is covered in all listed modules, there is not a lot of critical thinking students have to do . The hints will eventually give them the answers after 3 tries. So students can get through it without actually doing the work.   |

| MA.6.GR.1.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.            | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The module is poorly aligned. While students have to identify points on a polygon, at no point are they finding the perimeter or plotting the points on their own. Students are identifying points already given, but not drawing or plotting                    |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.6.GR.2.2  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | While the standard is covered the presentation is above the level for the class. Figures are given for figures but everything is presented in text. There is not a scaffolding of given lengths to find area of composite figures then moving into word problems |
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension.   |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.                         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |

| MA.6.NSO.4.2 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.3.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.7.AR.4.5  | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.7.DP.1.2  | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for                         |

|              |   |                       | students in this course  |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.DP.1.5  | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.7.DP.2.4  | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.7.NSO.1.2 | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and realworld problems. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.7.NSO.2.2 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above  |

|              |   |                       | level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.NSO.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.8.AR.1.2  | Apply properties of operations to multiply two linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.8.AR.1.3  | Rewrite the sum of two algebraic expressions having a common monomial factor as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two algebraic expressions.         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.8.DP.2.3  | Solve real-world problems involving probabilities related to single or repeated experiments, including making predictions based on theoretical probability. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and  |

|               |  |                       | comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|---------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.8.NSO.1.1  | Extend previous understanding of rational numbers to define irrational numbers within the real number system. Locate an approximate value of a numerical expression involving irrational numbers on a number line. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.8.NSO.1.2  | Plot, order and compare rational and irrational numbers, represented in various forms.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.8.NSO.1.7  | Solve multi-step mathematical and real-world problems involving the order of operations with rational numbers including exponents and radicals.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.1.1 | Identify and interpret parts of an equation or expression that represent a quantity in terms of a mathematical or real-world context,  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in  |

|               | including viewing one or more of its parts as a single entity.                             |                       | the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|---------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.1.2 | Rearrange equations or formulas to isolate a quantity of interest.                         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.1.3 | Add, subtract and multiply polynomial expressions with rational number coefficients.       | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.1.4 | Divide a polynomial expression by a monomial expression with rational number coefficients. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |

| MA.912.AR.1.5 | Divide polynomial expressions using long division, synthetic division or algebraic manipulation.                                 | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
|---------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.1.7 | Rewrite a polynomial expression as a product of polynomials over the real number system.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.1.9 | Apply previous understanding of rational number operations to add, subtract, multiply and divide rational algebraic expressions. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.2.1 | Given a real-world context, write and solve one-variable multi-step linear equations.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for                         |

|               |   |                       | students in this course  |
|---------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.2.2 | Write a linear two-variable equation to represent the relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.2.3 | Write a linear two-variable equation for a line that is parallel or perpendicular to a given line and goes through a given point.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.2.4 | Given a table, equation or written description of a linear function, graph that function, and determine and interpret its key features.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.2.5 | Solve and graph mathematical and realworld problems that are modeled with linear functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.                           | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above  |

|               |  |                       | level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|---------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.2.6 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable linear inequalities, including compound inequalities. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.2.7 | Write two-variable linear inequalities to represent relationships between quantities from a graph or a written description within a mathematical or real-world context.          | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.2.8 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph the solution set to a two-variable linear inequality.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic equations over the real number system.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and  |

|               |  |                       | comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|---------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.3.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic equations over the real and complex number systems.                 | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.3.5 | Given the x-intercepts and another point on the graph of a quadratic function, write the equation for the function.                                    | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.3.6 | Given an expression or equation representing a quadratic function, determine the vertex and zeros and interpret them in terms of a real-world context. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.3.7 | Given a table, equation or written description of a quadratic function, graph  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in  |

|                | that function, and determine and interpret its key features.   |                                  | the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|----------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.3.8  | Solve and graph mathematical and realworld problems that are modeled with quadratic functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.3.9  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write two-variable quadratic inequalities to represent relationships between quantities from a graph or a written description. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.AR.3.10 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph the solution set to a two-variable quadratic inequality.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.AR.4.1  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable absolute value equations.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.4.2  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable absolute value  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in  |

|               | inequalities. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically.   |                       | the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|---------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.4.3 | Given a table, equation or written description of an absolute value function, graph that function and determine its key features.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.4.4 | Solve and graph mathematical and realworld problems that are modeled with absolute value functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.5.1 | Solve one-variable exponential equations using the properties of exponents.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |

| MA.912.AR.5.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, classify an exponential function as representing growth or decay.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
|---------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.5.4 | Write an exponential function to represent a relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.5.6 | Given a table, equation or written description of an exponential function, graph that function and determine its key features.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.5.8 | Given a table, equation or written description of a logarithmic function, graph that function and determine its key features.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for                         |

|               |  |                       | students in this course  |
|---------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.6.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, when suitable factorization is possible, solve one-variable polynomial equations of degree 3 or higher over the real and complex number systems. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.6.5 | Sketch a rough graph of a polynomial function of degree 3 or higher using zeros, multiplicity and knowledge of end behavior.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.7.1 | Solve one-variable radical equations. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of context and identify any extraneous solutions.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.7.2 | Given a table, equation or written description of a square root or cube root function, graph that function and determine its key features.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above  |

|               |   |                       | level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|---------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.8.1 | Write and solve one-variable rational equations. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of the context and identify any extraneous solutions. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.8.2 | Given a table, equation or written description of a rational function, graph that function and determine its key features.                    | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.9.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve a system of two-variable linear equations algebraically or graphically.           | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.9.4 | Graph the solution set of a system of two-variable linear inequalities.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and  |

|                |  |                       | comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.9.6  | Given a real-world context, represent constraints as systems of linear equations or inequalities. Interpret solutions to problems as viable or non-viable options.       | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.9.10 | Solve and graph mathematical and realworld problems that are modeled with piecewise functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.10.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve problems involving arithmetic sequences.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.AR.10.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve problems involving geometric sequences.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in  |

|               |   |                                  | the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.DP.1.1 | Given a set of data, select an appropriate method to represent the data, depending on whether it is numerical or categorical data and on whether it is univariate or bivariate.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.DP.1.2 | Interpret data distributions represented in various ways. State whether the data is numerical or categorical, whether it is univariate or bivariate and interpret the different components and quantities in the display. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.DP.1.3 | Explain the difference between correlation and causation in the contexts of both numerical and categorical data.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.DP.1.4 | Estimate a population total, mean or percentage using data from a sample survey; develop a margin of error through the use of simulation.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |

| MA.912.DP.2.1 | For two or more sets of numerical univariate data, calculate and compare the appropriate measures of center and measures of variability, accounting for possible effects of outliers. Interpret any notable features of the shape of the data distribution. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
|---------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.DP.2.4 | Fit a linear function to bivariate numerical data that suggests a linear association and interpret the slope and y-intercept of the model. Use the model to solve real-world problems in terms of the context of the data.                                  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.DP.2.5 | Given a scatter plot that represents bivariate numerical data, assess the fit of a given linear function by plotting and analyzing residuals.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.DP.2.6 | Given a scatter plot with a line of fit and residuals, determine the strength and direction of the correlation. Interpret strength and direction within a real-world context.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for                         |

|               |  |                       | students in this course  |
|---------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.DP.3.1 | Construct a two-way frequency table summarizing bivariate categorical data. Interpret joint and marginal frequencies and determine possible associations in terms of a real-world context.               | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.DP.3.2 | Given marginal and conditional relative frequencies, construct a two-way relative frequency table summarizing categorical bivariate data.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.DP.3.3 | Given a two-way relative frequency table or segmented bar graph summarizing categorical bivariate data, interpret joint, marginal and conditional relative frequencies in terms of a real-world context. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.F.1.1  | Given an equation or graph that defines a function, determine the function type. Given an input-output table, determine a function type that could represent it.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above  |

|              |  |                       | level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.F.1.2 | Given a function represented in function notation, evaluate the function for an input in its domain. For a real-world context, interpret the output.         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.F.1.3 | Calculate and interpret the average rate of change of a real-world situation represented graphically, algebraically or in a table over a specified interval. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.F.1.5 | Compare key features of linear functions each represented algebraically, graphically, in tables or written descriptions.                                     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.F.1.6 | Compare key features of linear and nonlinear functions each represented algebraically, graphically, in tables or written descriptions.                       | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and  |

|              |  |                       | comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.F.1.8 | Determine whether a linear, quadratic or exponential function best models a given real-world situation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.F.2.1 | Identify the effect on the graph or table of a given function after replacing $f(x)$ by $f(x)+k,kf(x)$ , $f(kx)$ and $f(x+k)$ for specific values of $k$ .           | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.F.2.3 | Given the graph or table of f(x) and the graph or table of f(x)+k,kf(x), f(kx) and f(x+k), state the type of transformation and find the value of the real number k. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.F.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, combine two functions, limited to linear and quadratic, using arithmetic operations.                                     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in  |

|               | When appropriate, include domain restrictions for the new function.   |                                  | the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.F.3.6  | Determine whether an inverse function exists by analyzing tables, graphs and equations.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.FL.1.1 | Extend previous knowledge of operations of fractions, percentages and decimals to solve real-world problems involving money and business. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.FL.1.2 | Extend previous knowledge of ratios and proportional relationships to solve realworld problems involving money and business.              | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.FL.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving weighted averages using spreadsheets and other technology.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.FL.3.2 | Solve real-world problems involving simple, compound and continuously compounded interest.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for                         |

|               |   |                                  | students in this course  |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.FL.3.4 | Explain the relationship between simple interest and linear growth. Explain the relationship between compound interest and exponential growth and the relationship between continuously compounded interest and exponential growth. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.GR.1.1 | Prove relationships and theorems about lines and angles. Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of lines and angles.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.1.2 | Prove triangle congruence or similarity using Side-Side-Side, Side-Angle-Side, Angle-Side-Angle, Angle-Angle-Angle-Angle and Hypotenuse-Leg.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.1.3 | Prove relationships and theorems about triangles. Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of triangles.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |

| MA.912.GR.1.4 | Prove relationships and theorems about parallelograms. Solve mathematical and realworld problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of parallelograms. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
|---------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.GR.1.5 | Prove relationships and theorems about trapezoids. Solve mathematical and realworld problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of trapezoids.         | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.GR.1.6 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving congruence or similarity in two-dimensional figures.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.2.1 | Given a preimage and image, describe the transformation and represent the transformation algebraically using coordinates.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.2.2 | Identify transformations that do or do not preserve distance.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and  |

|               |  |                       | comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|---------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.912.GR.2.3 | Identify a sequence of transformations that will map a given figure onto itself or onto another congruent or similar figure. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.2.5 | Given a geometric figure and a sequence of transformations, draw the transformed figure on a coordinate plane.               | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.2.6 | Apply rigid transformations to map one figure onto another to justify that the two figures are congruent.                    | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.2.8 | Apply an appropriate transformation to map one figure onto another to justify that the two figures are similar.              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in  |

|               |   |                                  | the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.GR.3.1 | Determine the weighted average of two or more points on a line.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.GR.3.2 | Given a mathematical context, use coordinate geometry to classify or justify definitions, properties and theorems involving circles, triangles or quadrilaterals. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.3.3 | Use coordinate geometry to solve mathematical and real-world geometric problems involving lines, circles, triangles and quadrilaterals.                           | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.3.4 | Use coordinate geometry to solve mathematical and real-world problems on the coordinate plane involving perimeter or area of polygons.                            | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for                         |

|               |  |                                  | students in this course  |
|---------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.GR.4.1 | Identify the shapes of two-dimensional cross-sections of three-dimensional figures.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.4.2 | Identify three-dimensional objects generated by rotations of two-dimensional figures.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.4.3 | Extend previous understanding of scale drawings and scale factors to determine how dilations affect the area of two-dimensional figures and the surface area or volume of three-dimensional figures. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.GR.4.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of two-dimensional figures.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.GR.4.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of three-dimensional figures limited to cylinders, pyramids, prisms, cones and spheres.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of   |

|               |   |                                  | appropriateness for students in this course  |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.GR.4.6 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the surface area of three-dimensional figures limited to cylinders, pyramids, prisms, cones and spheres. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.5.1 | Construct a copy of a segment or an angle.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.GR.5.2 | Construct the bisector of a segment or an angle, including the perpendicular bisector of a line segment.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.GR.5.3 | Construct the inscribed and circumscribed circles of a triangle.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | vCarnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia  |
| MA.912.GR.5.4 | Construct a regular polygon inscribed in a circle. Regular polygons are limited to triangles, quadrilaterals and hexagons.                                    | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.5.5 | Given a point outside a circle, construct a line tangent to the circle that passes through the given point.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and  |

|               |   |                                  | comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.GR.6.1 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the length of a secant, tangent, segment or chord in a given circle. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Not covered in the modules   |
| MA.912.GR.6.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the measures of arcs and related angles.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.6.3 | Solve mathematical problems involving triangles and quadrilaterals inscribed in a circle.                                 | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.GR.6.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the arc length and area of a sector in a given circle.               | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |

| MA.912.GR.7.2  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, derive and create the equation of a circle using key features.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.GR.7.3  | Graph and solve mathematical and real-<br>world problems that are modeled with an<br>equation of a circle. Determine and interpret<br>key features in terms of the context.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include rational exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions involving rational exponents. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.NSO.1.2 | Generate equivalent algebraic expressions using the properties of exponents.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.NSO.1.4 | Apply previous understanding of operations with rational numbers to add, subtract, multiply and divide numerical radicals.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and  |

|                |   |                                  | comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course   |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.NSO.1.6 | Given a numerical logarithmic expression, evaluate and generate equivalent numerical expressions using the properties of logarithms or exponents. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.NSO.2.2 | Represent addition, subtraction, multiplication and conjugation of complex numbers geometrically on the complex plane.                            | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Carnegie does not<br>have this standard in<br>MATHia   |
| MA.912.T.1.1   | Define trigonometric ratios for acute angles in right triangles.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for students in this course |
| MA.912.T.1.2   | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving right triangles using trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean Theorem.                      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Standard is covered but there are not enough questions in the module to produce fluency and comprehension. Reading levels above level of appropriateness for                         |

|                |  |                                  | students in this course  |
|----------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | I did not see this evidenced in modules. I purposefully answered questions incorrectly and software did not adapt to mistakes or allow mistakes to be made |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Modules did a great job of not repeating the same type of problem. Problems were show in various ways  |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | There are opportunities for students to engage in  |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:</li> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>   |                       | different strategies. Modules were short so there were no more than 4 questions being practiced. I                        |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | I did not see<br>consistent evidence in<br>modules in which<br>students learned<br>through discussion or<br>short answers |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | patterns are used<br>where necessary for<br>the content   |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:</li> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                       |   |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students have questions that assess the reasonableness of answers |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  • Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Real world problems<br>are appropriately<br>used in modules       |

|                | <ul> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                                  |  |
|----------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | This was not evidenced in modules  |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | I did not see tools in<br>the student modules<br>to support reading<br>comprehension   |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | I did not see tools in<br>the student modules<br>to support<br>comprehension   |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Collaborative techniques are not evident in the modules. Any collaboration would have to happen outside of the materials.                  |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | modules do follow<br>the rules and<br>structures for solving<br>various problems   |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | Did not see evidence of this in the modules. Vocab is already defined for students and does not require students to build their vocabulary |

| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | I did not see any modules where this statement is consistent throughout modules. Students are not consistently provided opportunities to read, write, and listen. The modules do a lot of work for the students and students do not have to show t hey know the academic vocabulary |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
|------------------|--|-----------------------|---|

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | materials are missing standards for BEST Standards  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | materials are missing standards for BEST Standards  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Materials are adaptable and useful as a extra resource for classroom insruction                           |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Materials provide modules with surface level content  |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Material matches the bare minimum of each standards, did not see potential extensions beyond the standard |

| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | while content presented is acceptable, the  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Pacing of content is good   |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | did not see evidence of secondary sources cited in the materials                        |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | did not see evidence of secondary sources cited in the materials                        |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials are avoid of errors   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials are presented objectively   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Materials representative of discipline  |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material presented are factual and accurate   |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Content is up to date   |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | content presented in an appropriate and relevant context                                |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | There is a lot of text in modules that may not be appropriate for the intended learner, |

|  |                       | content is not given in appropriate chunks                                  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | There was a not a consistent theme of connections to real life              |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | There was not a consistent connection to interdisciplinary materials        |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There was a fair amount of representation                                   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Humanity and compassion shown when necessrary                               |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | majority of the standards are covered but significant standards are missing |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Teacher would need to go to outside resources to find missing pieces or resources that make students more independent learners and critical thinkers as there is over scaffolding in modules |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | most but not all components of<br>the major tool match the best<br>standards   |

| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | materials are consistent and organized  |
|---|-------------------------------|---|
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | this course is usually used a remediation for students, the amount of text in modules are not necessarily appropriate as a lot of students in this course tend to struggle in reading |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | many times, modules have a lot of content for the example questions, it is not presented in digestible bites  |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | there were very few tools in<br>the demo module that showed<br>accessibility  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | the digital platform is basic and does not present material in a way that is accessible for students and at appropriate reading levels  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification                                   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Motivation not there for learner                       |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Few big ideas are taught, it is not too much content   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.                        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | materials contain simple clear statements and outcomes |

| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | overscaffolding present in all modules, students are not able to become independent learners and thinkers, while the students may not depend on the teacher for help, the module has a high chance of students becoming dependent on it for answers |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | platform is not adaptable for<br>differences in learning, even a<br>simple as text to speech  |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | while the text is digital, it is not engaging to keep students focused. There is a lot of text and alot of ways for students to get answers without understanding content   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | materials are organized with goals and objectives and flow in a good manner   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | there is a lot of overscaffolding<br>and help provided for students<br>that takes away from them as<br>independent learners   |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | hints are given, but platform<br>does not allow for true learning<br>to happen. After 3 hints<br>answers are given  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | all of the modules do not reach<br>the full intent of the standard,<br>so the assessments do not<br>reach the full intent of the<br>standards   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | all of the modules do not reach<br>the full intent of the standard,<br>so the assessments do not  |

|  |                               | reach the full intent of the standards   |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.                      | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Online platform, but no reader is accessible for students that may need module read to them  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable? | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | students do not have to do a<br>lot of thinking or reasoning,<br>again students can use hint<br>option and get through the full<br>modules |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)              | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | while students are doing work in the module, there is not a lot of learning occurring because of overscaffolding of supports               |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                          |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | material aligns to rule, does not have CRT    |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials omit culturally responsive teaching |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | material omits social justice                 |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | material does not solicit SEL                 |

Reviewer's Name: Elisa Greco

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Foundational Skills in Mathematics 9-12 Digital Student License

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

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Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

**Course:** Foundational Skills in Mathematics 9-12

**Bid ID:** 364

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | No   |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 2 - Poor Alignment   |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | This course is unique that it is used as a level 1 elective for three math classes: Algebra 1, 2 and Geometry. Since Mathia is a national program, it was not created to align with the new Florida standards. There are the following missing standards: Algebra 1 is missing 40 %, Geometry is missing 45 % and Algebra 2 is missing 30 %. This is |  |

too many benchmarks that are lacking instruction for this program to be used as the main curriculum for the Foundational Skills class. The program does have new technology to engage students such as graphing tools, drag and drop and videos to help understand topics. However, there are many standards that are not addressed and many that are not supported to the depth of the standard. These are crucial elements if this course is to be used as the primary curriculum to help build the foundations and support the Florida Algebra 1,2 and Geometry classes. I do reccommend this software could be used as a supplement to these classes to help build some depth for SOME standards and engage students in newer methods to make RW connections. But it is not a complete package that could be used to be the main curriculum. It cannot support all the new Florida standards and help students build depth on the entirety of the new Algebra 1,2 and Geometry courses.

| Standard     | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating               | Rating Justification  |
|--------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.NSO.2.1 | Recall multiplication facts with factors up to 12 and related division facts with automaticity.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Shows multiplication chart, not discuss division with chart |
| MA.5.GR.1.1  | Classify triangles or quadrilaterals into different categories based on shared defining attributes. Explain why a triangle or quadrilateral would or would not belong to a category.                                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Sorting both triangles and quads                            |
| MA.5.GR.1.2  | Identify and classify three-dimensional figures into categories based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to right pyramids, right prisms, right circular cylinders, right circular cones and spheres. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Fraction operations are missing                             |

| MA.5.GR.2.1  | Find the perimeter and area of a rectangle with fractional or decimal side lengths using visual models and formulas.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Perimeter and area of rectangles with fractions are missing                       |
|--------------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.1.3  | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Examples for multi-<br>steps and RW<br>examples                                   |
| MA.6.AR.3.5  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Many sections on rates and ratios   |
| MA.6.DP.1.2  | Given a numerical data set within a real-<br>world context, find and interpret mean,<br>median, mode and range.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Measures are covered  |
| MA.6.GR.1.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Focus on drawing on the plane, not finding perimeter or area                      |
| MA.6.GR.2.2  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Focus composite figures   |
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | good comparision<br>with integers, need to<br>see for decimal or<br>percents      |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | add and subtract<br>using virtual tools<br>(Numberl lines) and<br>opposites       |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | Only examples are converting to decimal, but standard focus on integers not shown |

| MA.7.AR.3.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | ratios between<br>systems  |
|--------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.4.5  | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Solve math and RW basic ratios   |
| MA.7.DP.1.2  | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Interpretation of measures   |
| MA.7.DP.1.5  | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | Population shown but no graphical representations                        |
| MA.7.DP.2.4  | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | both probabilities<br>shown  |
| MA.7.NSO.1.2 | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and realworld problems.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Converting to decimal only, no examples of mixed or percents             |
| MA.7.NSO.2.2 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no operations with fractions   |
| MA.7.NSO.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no operations with fractions   |
| MA.8.AR.1.2  | Apply properties of operations to multiply two linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | This standard requires one monomial in the multiplying not two binomials |
| MA.8.AR.1.3  | Rewrite the sum of two algebraic expressions having a common monomial factor as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two algebraic expressions.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | It only factors with tiles, does not show any other methods              |

| MA.8.DP.2.3   | Solve real-world problems involving probabilities related to single or repeated experiments, including making predictions based on theoretical probability.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | This shoud be AR.1.3 not DP.1.3, even that correct one is just taking square roots, not solving a square or cube equation |
|---------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.8.NSO.1.1  | Extend previous understanding of rational numbers to define irrational numbers within the real number system. Locate an approximate value of a numerical expression involving irrational numbers on a number line. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Rational and irrational on number lines   |
| MA.8.NSO.1.2  | Plot, order and compare rational and irrational numbers, represented in various forms.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Compares rational and irrational, not as square or cube root  |
| MA.8.NSO.1.7  | Solve multi-step mathematical and real-<br>world problems involving the order of<br>operations with rational numbers including<br>exponents and radicals.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No order of operations with rationals and irrationals   |
| MA.912.AR.1.1 | Identify and interpret parts of an equation or expression that represent a quantity in terms of a mathematical or real-world context, including viewing one or more of its parts as a single entity.               | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Parts not included are factors and variables  |
| MA.912.AR.1.2 | Rearrange equations or formulas to isolate a quantity of interest.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Many examples of literals   |
| MA.912.AR.1.3 | Add, subtract and multiply polynomial expressions with rational number coefficients.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | All operations, except multiplication onlly by table  |
| MA.912.AR.1.4 | Divide a polynomial expression by a monomial expression with rational number coefficients.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No examples of division by monomial   |
| MA.912.AR.1.5 | Divide polynomial expressions using long division, synthetic division or algebraic manipulation.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Fill in steps of synthetic  |

| MA.912.AR.1.7 | Rewrite a polynomial expression as a product of polynomials over the real number system.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Factoring is shown only with factor table, no other method        |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.1.9 | Apply previous understanding of rational number operations to add, subtract, multiply and divide rational algebraic expressions.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | With monomial denominator, mut/div shown as complex fraction only |
| MA.912.AR.2.1 | Given a real-world context, write and solve one-variable multi-step linear equations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | solve with integers,<br>fraction and decimals                     |
| MA.912.AR.2.2 | Write a linear two-variable equation to represent the relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Between forms ok  |
| MA.912.AR.2.3 | Write a linear two-variable equation for a line that is parallel or perpendicular to a given line and goes through a given point.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | many examples   |
| MA.912.AR.2.4 | Given a table, equation or written description of a linear function, graph that function, and determine and interpret its key features.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Key features are covered  |
| MA.912.AR.2.5 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with linear functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.                          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Modeling examples good  |
| MA.912.AR.2.6 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable linear inequalities, including compound inequalities. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically.                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Some compound, and solving  |
| MA.912.AR.2.7 | Write two-variable linear inequalities to represent relationships between quantities from a graph or a written description within a mathematical or real-world context.                         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Writing two variables,<br>but missing RW<br>examples              |

| MA.912.AR.2.8  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph the solution set to a two-variable linear inequality.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Graphing examples are good                        |
|----------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.3.1  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic equations over the real number system.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | All methods are covered                           |
| MA.912.AR.3.2  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic equations over the real and complex number systems.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Quad Formula<br>covered with complex<br>solutions |
| MA.912.AR.3.5  | Given the x-intercepts and another point on the graph of a quadratic function, write the equation for the function.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Few examples given                                |
| MA.912.AR.3.6  | Given an expression or equation representing a quadratic function, determine the vertex and zeros and interpret them in terms of a real-world context.                                 | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Identify vertex form                              |
| MA.912.AR.3.7  | Given a table, equation or written description of a quadratic function, graph that function, and determine and interpret its key features.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | shows in three forms                              |
| MA.912.AR.3.8  | Solve and graph mathematical and real-<br>world problems that are modeled with<br>quadratic functions. Interpret key features<br>and determine constraints in terms of the<br>context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | shows RW projectile<br>motion features            |
| MA.912.AR.3.9  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write two-variable quadratic inequalities to represent relationships between quantities from a graph or a written description.             | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no quadratic<br>inequalities                      |
| MA.912.AR.3.10 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph the solution set to a two-variable quadratic inequality.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no quadratic<br>inequalities                      |

| MA.912.AR.4.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable absolute value equations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | solving equations          |
|---------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| MA.912.AR.4.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable absolute value inequalities. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically.                                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | solving inequalities       |
| MA.912.AR.4.3 | Given a table, equation or written description of an absolute value function, graph that function and determine its key features.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | transformations            |
| MA.912.AR.4.4 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with absolute value functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.         | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Missing RW examples        |
| MA.912.AR.5.1 | Solve one-variable exponential equations using the properties of exponents.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | basic equations shown      |
| MA.912.AR.5.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, classify an exponential function as representing growth or decay.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | recognize growth and decay |
| MA.912.AR.5.4 | Write an exponential function to represent a relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | From all forms             |
| MA.912.AR.5.6 | Given a table, equation or written description of an exponential function, graph that function and determine its key features.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Most features              |
| MA.912.AR.5.8 | Given a table, equation or written description of a logarithmic function, graph that function and determine its key features.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | Just basic logs of forms   |
| MA.912.AR.6.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, when suitable factorization is possible, solve one-variable polynomial equations of degree   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No solving of polynomials  |

|                | 3 or higher over the real and complex number systems.   |                                  |   |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.6.5  | Sketch a rough graph of a polynomial function of degree 3 or higher using zeros, multiplicity and knowledge of end behavior.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No sketching, no<br>multiplicity, end<br>behavior or zeros                    |
| MA.912.AR.7.1  | Solve one-variable radical equations. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of context and identify any extraneous solutions.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No solving radicals   |
| MA.912.AR.7.2  | Given a table, equation or written description of a square root or cube root function, graph that function and determine its key features.                                | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | basic info on square<br>root graph, no table<br>or equation or<br>description |
| MA.912.AR.8.1  | Write and solve one-variable rational equations. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of the context and identify any extraneous solutions.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Solve basic ratonal equations   |
| MA.912.AR.8.2  | Given a table, equation or written description of a rational function, graph that function and determine its key features.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No graphing of rationals  |
| MA.912.AR.9.1  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve a system of two-variable linear equations algebraically or graphically.                                       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | All methods of solving presented  |
| MA.912.AR.9.4  | Graph the solution set of a system of two-<br>variable linear inequalities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | graphing systems and solving covered  |
| MA.912.AR.9.6  | Given a real-world context, represent constraints as systems of linear equations or inequalities. Interpret solutions to problems as viable or non-viable options.        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | basic RW examples   |
| MA.912.AR.9.10 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with piecewise functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | unable to access any<br>links on piecewise                                    |

| MA.912.AR.10.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve problems involving arithmetic sequences.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | explicit or recursive                           |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.10.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve problems involving geometric sequences.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | explicit or recursive                           |
| MA.912.DP.1.1  | Given a set of data, select an appropriate method to represent the data, depending on whether it is numerical or categorical data and on whether it is univariate or bivariate.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | Only histogram,<br>missing all other<br>methods |
| MA.912.DP.1.2  | Interpret data distributions represented in various ways. State whether the data is numerical or categorical, whether it is univariate or bivariate and interpret the different components and quantities in the display.                                   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No interpret<br>distributions                   |
| MA.912.DP.1.3  | Explain the difference between correlation and causation in the contexts of both numerical and categorical data.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | difference defined with graph                   |
| MA.912.DP.1.4  | Estimate a population total, mean or percentage using data from a sample survey; develop a margin of error through the use of simulation.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no margin of error                              |
| MA.912.DP.2.1  | For two or more sets of numerical univariate data, calculate and compare the appropriate measures of center and measures of variability, accounting for possible effects of outliers. Interpret any notable features of the shape of the data distribution. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Most interpretation,<br>no skew                 |
| MA.912.DP.2.4  | Fit a linear function to bivariate numerical data that suggests a linear association and interpret the slope and y-intercept of the model. Use the model to solve real-world problems in terms of the context of the data.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Good tools for regression                       |
| MA.912.DP.2.5  | Given a scatter plot that represents bivariate numerical data, assess the fit of a given  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | info on residuals in video and vocab            |

|               | linear function by plotting and analyzing residuals.   |                       |   |
|---------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.912.DP.2.6 | Given a scatter plot with a line of fit and residuals, determine the strength and direction of the correlation. Interpret strength and direction within a real-world context.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | info on residuals in<br>video and vocab                   |
| MA.912.DP.3.1 | Construct a two-way frequency table summarizing bivariate categorical data. Interpret joint and marginal frequencies and determine possible associations in terms of a real-world context.               | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | no joint frequency or comparison                          |
| MA.912.DP.3.2 | Given marginal and conditional relative frequencies, construct a two-way relative frequency table summarizing categorical bivariate data.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | good table examples                                       |
| MA.912.DP.3.3 | Given a two-way relative frequency table or segmented bar graph summarizing categorical bivariate data, interpret joint, marginal and conditional relative frequencies in terms of a real-world context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | just missing joint frequency                              |
| MA.912.F.1.1  | Given an equation or graph that defines a function, determine the function type. Given an input-output table, determine a function type that could represent it.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Some determination in the linear, quad and exp comparison |
| MA.912.F.1.2  | Given a function represented in function notation, evaluate the function for an input in its domain. For a real-world context, interpret the output.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Plug into function in chart                               |
| MA.912.F.1.3  | Calculate and interpret the average rate of change of a real-world situation represented graphically, algebraically or in a table over a specified interval.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Find slope from formula or graph                          |
| MA.912.F.1.5  | Compare key features of linear functions each represented algebraically, graphically, in tables or written descriptions.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Compare slope and intercepts                              |

| MA.912.F.1.6  | Compare key features of linear and nonlinear functions each represented algebraically, graphically, in tables or written descriptions.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Compare linear,quad<br>or exp |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| MA.912.F.1.8  | Determine whether a linear, quadratic or exponential function best models a given real-world situation.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Comparison for some<br>RW     |
| MA.912.F.2.1  | Identify the effect on the graph or table of a given function after replacing $f(x)$ by $f(x)+k,kf(x)$ , $f(kx)$ and $f(x+k)$ for specific values of $k$ .  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Translations good             |
| MA.912.F.2.3  | Given the graph or table of f(x) and the graph or table of f(x)+k,kf(x), f(kx) and f(x+k), state the type of transformation and find the value of the real number k.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Translations good             |
| MA.912.F.3.1  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, combine two functions, limited to linear and quadratic, using arithmetic operations.  When appropriate, include domain restrictions for the new function. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No function operations        |
| MA.912.F.3.6  | Determine whether an inverse function exists by analyzing tables, graphs and equations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Inverses are introduced       |
| MA.912.FL.1.1 | Extend previous knowledge of operations of fractions, percentages and decimals to solve real-world problems involving money and business.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | only tax and discount         |
| MA.912.FL.1.2 | Extend previous knowledge of ratios and proportional relationships to solve realworld problems involving money and business.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No ratios                     |
| MA.912.FL.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving weighted averages using spreadsheets and other technology.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no weighted averages          |

| MA.912.FL.3.2 | Solve real-world problems involving simple, compound and continuously compounded interest.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No interest problems  |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.FL.3.4 | Explain the relationship between simple interest and linear growth. Explain the relationship between compound interest and exponential growth and the relationship between continuously compounded interest and exponential growth. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no interest problems  |
| MA.912.GR.1.1 | Prove relationships and theorems about lines and angles. Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of lines and angles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Many proofs of lines<br>and angles, only in<br>flowchart form |
| MA.912.GR.1.2 | Prove triangle congruence or similarity using Side-Side-Side, Side-Angle-Side, Angle-Side-Angle, Angle-Angle-Angle and Hypotenuse-Leg.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Both conguence or similarity                                  |
| MA.912.GR.1.3 | Prove relationships and theorems about triangles. Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of triangles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Several triangle proofs, only in flowchart form               |
| MA.912.GR.1.4 | Prove relationships and theorems about parallelograms. Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of parallelograms.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Several quad proofs,<br>only in flowchart form                |
| MA.912.GR.1.5 | Prove relationships and theorems about trapezoids. Solve mathematical and realworld problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of trapezoids.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no trapezoids   |
| MA.912.GR.1.6 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving congruence or similarity in two-dimensional figures.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | comparison on a few parts                                     |
| MA.912.GR.2.1 | Given a preimage and image, describe the transformation and represent the   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | good coordinate<br>transformations                            |

|               | transformation algebraically using coordinates.   |                                  |                                      |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| MA.912.GR.2.2 | Identify transformations that do or do not preserve distance.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | good coordinate<br>transformations   |
| MA.912.GR.2.3 | Identify a sequence of transformations that will map a given figure onto itself or onto another congruent or similar figure.                                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | One set of sequences                 |
| MA.912.GR.2.5 | Given a geometric figure and a sequence of transformations, draw the transformed figure on a coordinate plane.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Coordinate tools for transformations |
| MA.912.GR.2.6 | Apply rigid transformations to map one figure onto another to justify that the two figures are congruent.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | mapping, no<br>justifications        |
| MA.912.GR.2.8 | Apply an appropriate transformation to map one figure onto another to justify that the two figures are similar.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | mapping, no<br>justifications        |
| MA.912.GR.3.1 | Determine the weighted average of two or more points on a line.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no weighted average                  |
| MA.912.GR.3.2 | Given a mathematical context, use coordinate geometry to classify or justify definitions, properties and theorems involving circles, triangles or quadrilaterals. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | Use distance tof one property        |
| MA.912.GR.3.3 | Use coordinate geometry to solve mathematical and real-world geometric problems involving lines, circles, triangles and quadrilaterals.                           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Partitions                           |
| MA.912.GR.3.4 | Use coordinate geometry to solve mathematical and real-world problems on the coordinate plane involving perimeter or area of polygons.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | distance formula only                |
| MA.912.GR.4.1 | Identify the shapes of two-dimensional cross-sections of three-dimensional figures.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | visual cross sections shapes         |

| MA.912.GR.4.2 | Identify three-dimensional objects generated by rotations of two-dimensional figures.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | visual cross sections                   |
|---------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.GR.4.3 | Extend previous understanding of scale drawings and scale factors to determine how dilations affect the area of two-dimensional figures and the surface area or volume of three-dimensional figures. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no scale drawings                       |
| MA.912.GR.4.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of two-dimensional figures.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no area                                 |
| MA.912.GR.4.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of three-dimensional figures limited to cylinders, pyramids, prisms, cones and spheres.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Volume covered                          |
| MA.912.GR.4.6 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the surface area of three-dimensional figures limited to cylinders, pyramids, prisms, cones and spheres.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | SA covered                              |
| MA.912.GR.5.1 | Construct a copy of a segment or an angle.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no constructions                        |
| MA.912.GR.5.2 | Construct the bisector of a segment or an angle, including the perpendicular bisector of a line segment.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no constructions                        |
| MA.912.GR.5.3 | Construct the inscribed and circumscribed circles of a triangle.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no constructions                        |
| MA.912.GR.5.4 | Construct a regular polygon inscribed in a circle. Regular polygons are limited to triangles, quadrilaterals and hexagons.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | in interior angles in shapes            |
| MA.912.GR.5.5 | Given a point outside a circle, construct a line tangent to the circle that passes through the given point.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment            | line found in exterior angles questions |

| MA.912.GR.6.1  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the length of a secant, tangent, segment or chord in a given circle.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no secant or tangent<br>length            |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.GR.6.2  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the measures of arcs and related angles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | all arcs and angles<br>covered in circles |
| MA.912.GR.6.3  | Solve mathematical problems involving triangles and quadrilaterals inscribed in a circle.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | using draw tool                           |
| MA.912.GR.6.4  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the arc length and area of a sector in a given circle.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Area of sector                            |
| MA.912.GR.7.2  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, derive and create the equation of a circle using key features.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | equations of circle covered               |
| MA.912.GR.7.3  | Graph and solve mathematical and real-<br>world problems that are modeled with an<br>equation of a circle. Determine and interpret<br>key features in terms of the context.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no graphs of circle equations             |
| MA.912.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include rational exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions involving rational exponents. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | using properties                          |
| MA.912.NSO.1.2 | Generate equivalent algebraic expressions using the properties of exponents.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | No exponent expressions                   |
| MA.912.NSO.1.4 | Apply previous understanding of operations with rational numbers to add, subtract, multiply and divide numerical radicals.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | convert between forms                     |
| MA.912.NSO.1.6 | Given a numerical logarithmic expression, evaluate and generate equivalent numerical expressions using the properties of logarithms or exponents.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | basic logs properties                     |

| MA.912.NSO.2.2 | Represent addition, subtraction, multiplication and conjugation of complex numbers geometrically on the complex plane.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | no complex plane  |
|----------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.T.1.1   | Define trigonometric ratios for acute angles in right triangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | trig ratios covered   |
| MA.912.T.1.2   | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving right triangles using trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean Theorem.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | RW trig solving   |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Since online only,<br>students must make<br>sense of problems to<br>solve tasks |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Many concepts are presented in different methods, but not all methods are shown |

|                | <ul> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul>   |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.                                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Since it is online,<br>there are many<br>opportunities to<br>practice   |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The online workspaces allow for self-reflection, but since each student works at own pace, there is not any discussion or peer review |

|                | Construct possible arguments based on evidence.   |                       |   |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are several lessons that introduce concepts as patterns                                 |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Ater examples and problems are done, the software allows for checking work, really not before |

| MA.K12.MTR.7.1   | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many lessons involve<br>real world<br>connections                      |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | They can use examples for the practice problems                        |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The software is on grade level   |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Given opportunities<br>to draw conclusions<br>when solving             |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | The software is individual based                                       |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many virtual tools<br>help explore tables<br>and graphs                |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good focus on math vocab   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The intro sections do<br>help preview and<br>chunk for ELL<br>students |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Between 30 - 45 % of the<br>benckmarks are not found in<br>the curriculum                             |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Since not truly aligned to<br>Florida, many of the<br>benckmarks are not fully<br>covered             |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The material is good supplement for instruction, too many missing benchmarks to be entire instruction |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Some benchmarks are detailed while others are completely missing                                      |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Since not aligned to Florida,<br>many benchmarks complexity<br>are not aligned to the<br>standards    |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Some benchmarkd are aligned to grade level and several are not based on concept covered               |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | What is covered can be done in schoolyear, but too many benchmarks are missing                        |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Experts used, but need additional methods (for example, factoring)                                    |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Experts used, but need additional methods (for example, factoring)                                    |

| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Accuracy is good                                 |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Accuracy is good                                 |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | current theories, just does not show all methods |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | factual  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | current  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | relevant   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | relevant   |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Good RW connections                              |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Some connections with science                    |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | portrayal good                                   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | portrayal good                                   |

| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material? | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Since 30 - 45 % of benchmarks are not covered, |   |
|---|-----------------------|--|---|
|   |                       |  | ı |

| Presentation  | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The teacher will need to prepare a substanital amount of additional teaching material, since 30 -45 % of the standards are missing |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The components are aligned with the software, just too much msissing   |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The components are logical, but too much is missing  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | reading is good, visuals are good  |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The amount chunked is good   |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Presentation and navigation are ok, not set for SWD  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | SOftware is easy to read and has good navigation, but not for SWD  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating               | Rating Justification   |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Good exploration tools for some benchmarks   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The benchmarks shown teach as important ideas, but many are missing                |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | materials are clear  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Does allow feedback and support to solve problems, but many standards are missing  |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Software differentiates with setting a path, but still same work                   |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Good tools and examples to work through  |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | Since online only, not any extensions  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Strategies are good with newer features and hints, but still missing many concepts |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | strategies presented are good<br>for outcomes, would like to see<br>more methods   |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | assessments are aligned with software  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | yes, assessment supports targeted outcomes   |

| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.                      | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Not address hands-on learning or audio or SWD   |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable? | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Allows for independence but no collaboration  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The software does support learning the targeted outcomes however many standards are missing |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Follows poicy        |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Follows poicy        |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Follows poicy        |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Follows poicy        |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Evette Idehen

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Foundational Skills in Mathematics 9-12 Digital Student License

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

Grade Level: 9-12

Course: 1200400 - Foundational Skills in Mathematics 9-12

**Bid ID:** 364

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### Bid Response

? Fonts: Carnegie Learning provides all lessons in both Google Slides and PPT formats for presentation purposes. Google Slides and PPTs have a font size setting that the user can manipulate. Chrome browser (and others) can also manipulate font size. o Type and size. YES o Colors and background colors can be adjusted. YES ? Background: High contrast color settings are available. All Carnegie Learning print and digital materials have been reviewed at the time of creation by color contrast compliance design tools. CL does not use extraneous imagery or colors that is not required. ? Text-to-speech tools. MATHia platform includes an embedded text-to-speech tool that is programmed to read mathematics accurately. Content can be provided in live text to work with various screen readers. ? All images have alt tags. YES ? All videos are captioned. YES ? Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review  | Rating                | Comments  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Modifications can be used when working on the downloadable formats.   |
| Background: High contrast color settings are available.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
| Text-to-speech tools.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Text to speech tools are embedded in certain sections, but not all modules and math computations. However, text to speech options can be used when working on the downloadable formats. |

| All images have alt tags.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | All images do not have atl tagseven in the source page section   |  |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| All videos are captioned.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Not all videos have the option of text to speech. For example the overview video made in Vimeo did not give me the option to add captions. |  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | With the use of built in features in iOS and Windows, we could see<br>the potential for compatibility                                      |  |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. YES ? All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts. YES ? All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT  |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | With the use of built in features in iOS and Windows, we could see the potential for compatibility |

## 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue). YES ? Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document. YES ? Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. YES

| Review | Rating | Comments |
|--------|--------|----------|
|--------|--------|----------|

| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT          |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT          |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Note taking icon and tools are provided during the modules |

4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

1. Magnification YES 2. Text-to-speech YES 3. Text-to-American Sign Language Our content works with all assistive technologies. 4. On-screen keyboards YES - MATHia 5. Switch scanning controls YES 6. Speech-to-text Our content works with all assistive technologies.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | With the downloadable versions, all resources will work with the appropriate AT tools |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

## **Bid Response**

All MATHbook Instructional Materials are available in print. Students who cannot access MATHia can access our Skills

Practice print worksheets.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many of the features are provided, but I would suggest better integration with Text to speech features, particularly when working with math |

Reviewer's Name: Cindy Marcelin

Title: Carnegie Learning FL Foundational Skills in Mathematics 9-12 Digital Student License

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

**Course:** <u>Intensive Mathematics</u>

**Bid ID:** 364

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | no evidence          |

**Reviewer's Name:** Richardo Delfosse

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Algebra 1 with Honors

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

Course: Algebra 1

**Bid ID:** 367

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | no evidence of CRT   |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Evette Idehen

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Algebra 1 with Honors

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

Grade Level: 9-12

Course: <u>1200310 - Algebra 1</u>

**Bid ID: 367** 

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

? Fonts: Carnegie Learning provides all lessons in both Google Slides and PPT formats for presentation purposes. Google Slides and PPTs have a font size setting that the user can manipulate. Chrome browser (and others) can also manipulate font size. o Type and size. YES o Colors and background colors can be adjusted. YES ? Background: High contrast color settings are available. All Carnegie Learning print and digital materials have been reviewed at the time of creation by color contrast compliance design tools. CL does not use extraneous imagery or colors that is not required. ? Text-to-speech tools. MATHia platform includes an embedded text-to-speech tool that is programmed to read mathematics accurately. Content can be provided in live text to work with various screen readers. ? All images have alt tags. YES ? All videos are captioned. YES ? Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review  | Rating                | Comments  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Modifications can be used when working on the downloadable formats.   |
| Background: High contrast color settings are available.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
| Text-to-speech tools.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Text to speech tools are embedded in certain sections, but not all modules and math computations. However, text to speech options can be used when working on the downloadable formats. |

| All images have alt tags.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | All images do not have atl tagseven in the source page section   |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| All videos are captioned.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Not all videos have the option of text to speech. For example the overview video made in Vimeo did not give me the option to add captions. |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | With the use of built in features in iOS and Windows, we could see<br>the potential for compatibility                                      |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

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| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT  |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | With the use of built in features in iOS and Windows, we could see the potential for compatibility |

## 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue). YES ? Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document. YES ? Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. YES

| Review | Rating | Comments |
|--------|--------|----------|
|--------|--------|----------|

| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT          |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT          |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Note taking icon and tools are provided during the modules |

4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

1. Magnification YES 2. Text-to-speech YES 3. Text-to-American Sign Language Our content works with all assistive technologies. 4. On-screen keyboards YES - MATHia 5. Switch scanning controls YES 6. Speech-to-text Our content works with all assistive technologies.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | With the downloadable versions, all resources will work with the appropriate AT tools |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

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All MATHbook Instructional Materials are available in print. Students who cannot access MATHia can access our Skills

Practice print worksheets.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many of the features are provided, but I would suggest better integration with Text to speech features, particularly when working with math |

Reviewer's Name: jean sterner

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Algebra 1 with Honors

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

Course: Algebra 1

**Bid ID:** 367

| Final Recommendation   |                         |  |  |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes                     |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. |                         |  |  |

| Standard      | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification                       |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.1.1 | Identify and interpret parts of an equation or expression that represent a quantity in terms of a mathematical or real-world context, including viewing one or more of its parts as a single entity. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple sections align to this standard   |
| MA.912.AR.1.2 | Rearrange equations or formulas to isolate a quantity of interest.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Section aligns to this standard            |
| MA.912.AR.1.3 | Add, subtract and multiply polynomial expressions with rational number coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Chapter aligns to this section             |
| MA.912.AR.1.4 | Divide a polynomial expression by a monomial expression with rational number coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Section aligns to this standard            |
| MA.912.AR.1.7 | Rewrite a polynomial expression as a product of polynomials over the real number system.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple sections aligns to this standard  |
| MA.912.AR.2.1 | Given a real-world context, write and solve one-variable multi-step linear equations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple sections aligns to this standard  |
| MA.912.AR.2.2 | Write a linear two-variable equation to represent the relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context.      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple lessons align<br>to this standard |
| MA.912.AR.2.3 | Write a linear two-variable equation for a line that is parallel or perpendicular to a given line and goes through a given point.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Two lessons align to this standard         |
| MA.912.AR.2.4 | Given a table, equation or written description of a linear function, graph that function, and determine and interpret its key features.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple sections align to this standard   |

| MA.912.AR.2.5 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with linear functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Module aligns to this standard            |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.2.6 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable linear inequalities, including compound inequalities. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically.      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple sections aligns to this standard |
| MA.912.AR.2.7 | Write two-variable linear inequalities to represent relationships between quantities from a graph or a written description within a mathematical or real-world context.               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Section aligns to this standard           |
| MA.912.AR.2.8 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph the solution set to a two-variable linear inequality.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Section aligns to this standard           |
| MA.912.AR.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic equations over the real number system.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Module aligns to this standard            |
| MA.912.AR.3.4 | Write a quadratic function to represent the relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple lessons align to this standard   |
| MA.912.AR.3.5 | Given the x-intercepts and another point on the graph of a quadratic function, write the equation for the function.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Lesson aligns to this standard            |
| MA.912.AR.3.6 | Given an expression or equation representing a quadratic function, determine the vertex and zeros and interpret them in terms of a real-world context.                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Section aligns to this standard           |
| MA.912.AR.3.7 | Given a table, equation or written description of a quadratic function, graph that function, and determine and interpret its key features.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Section aligns to this standard           |

| MA.912.AR.3.8 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with quadratic functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Multiple lessons align to this standard    |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.4.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable absolute value equations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Lesson aligns to this standard             |
| MA.912.AR.4.3 | Given a table, equation or written description of an absolute value function, graph that function and determine its key features.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson aligns to this standard             |
| MA.912.AR.5.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, classify an exponential function as representing growth or decay.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Section aligns to this standard            |
| MA.912.AR.5.4 | Write an exponential function to represent a relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple sections aligns to this standard  |
| MA.912.AR.5.6 | Given a table, equation or written description of an exponential function, graph that function and determine its key features.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Lesson aligns to this standard             |
| MA.912.AR.9.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve a system of two-variable linear equations algebraically or graphically.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple lessons align to this standard    |
| MA.912.AR.9.4 | Graph the solution set of a system of two-<br>variable linear inequalities.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple sections aligns to this standard  |
| MA.912.AR.9.6 | Given a real-world context, represent constraints as systems of linear equations or inequalities. Interpret solutions to problems as viable or non-viable options.                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple lessons align<br>to this standard |

| MA.912.DP.1.1 | Given a set of data, select an appropriate method to represent the data, depending on whether it is numerical or categorical data and on whether it is univariate or bivariate.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple lessons align to this standard |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.DP.1.2 | Interpret data distributions represented in various ways. State whether the data is numerical or categorical, whether it is univariate or bivariate and interpret the different components and quantities in the display.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Small section aligns to this standard   |
| MA.912.DP.1.3 | Explain the difference between correlation and causation in the contexts of both numerical and categorical data.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Small section aligns to this standrd    |
| MA.912.DP.1.4 | Estimate a population total, mean or percentage using data from a sample survey; develop a margin of error through the use of simulation.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson aligns to this standard          |
| MA.912.DP.2.4 | Fit a linear function to bivariate numerical data that suggests a linear association and interpret the slope and y-intercept of the model. Use the model to solve real-world problems in terms of the context of the data. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple lessons align to this standard |
| MA.912.DP.2.6 | Given a scatter plot with a line of fit and residuals, determine the strength and direction of the correlation. Interpret strength and direction within a real-world context.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson aligns to this standard          |
| MA.912.DP.3.1 | Construct a two-way frequency table summarizing bivariate categorical data. Interpret joint and marginal frequencies and determine possible associations in terms of a real-world context.                                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple lessons align to this standard |
| MA.912.F.1.1  | Given an equation or graph that defines a function, determine the function type. Given an input-output table, determine a function type that could represent it.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Sections align to this standard         |

| MA.912.F.1.2   | Given a function represented in function notation, evaluate the function for an input in its domain. For a real-world context, interpret the output.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Small sections align to this standard   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.F.1.3   | Calculate and interpret the average rate of change of a real-world situation represented graphically, algebraically or in a table over a specified interval.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Small sections align to this standard   |
| MA.912.F.1.5   | Compare key features of linear functions each represented algebraically, graphically, in tables or written descriptions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple lessons align to this standard |
| MA.912.F.1.6   | Compare key features of linear and nonlinear functions each represented algebraically, graphically, in tables or written descriptions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple modules align to this standard |
| MA.912.F.1.8   | Determine whether a linear, quadratic or exponential function best models a given real-world situation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple lesson align to this standard  |
| MA.912.F.2.1   | Identify the effect on the graph or table of a given function after replacing $f(x)$ by $f(x)+k,kf(x), f(kx)$ and $f(x+k)$ for specific values of $k$ .   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple modules align to this standard |
| MA.912.FL.3.2  | Solve real-world problems involving simple, compound and continuously compounded interest.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Small section aligns to this standard   |
| MA.912.FL.3.4  | Explain the relationship between simple interest and linear growth. Explain the relationship between compound interest and exponential growth and the relationship between continuously compounded interest and exponential growth. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Small section aligns to this standard   |
| MA.912.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include rational exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions involving rational exponents.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson aligns to this standard          |

| MA.912.NSO.1.2 | Generate equivalent algebraic expressions using the properties of exponents.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Small section aligns to this standard                    |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.NSO.1.4 | Apply previous understanding of operations with rational numbers to add, subtract, multiply and divide numerical radicals.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson aligns to this standard                           |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are activities to explore, develop and demonstrate |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple strategies<br>are used to solve<br>problems     |

| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple tasks with each lesson                  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | <ul> <li>Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.</li> <li>Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others: <ul> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Questions teachers<br>can ask for<br>discussions |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons set up in a<br>logical order             |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:</li> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                               |                                   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons allow for interpretations |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  • Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lots of real world examples       |

|                  | <ul> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                               |  |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Tasks asks students to explain their reasoning |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Text is on grade level                         |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons build on prior knowledge               |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Tasks allow for collaborative activities       |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Talk the talk activities                       |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Tasks allow for students to justify            |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Spanish glossary                               |

| Content | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|---------|-----------------|----------------------|
|         |                 |                      |

| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material aligns to state standards                 |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material aligns to skill level of students         |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material and be adapted in the classroom           |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.                                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is very detailed                          |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Complexity of the material aligns to the standards |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material aligns to student abilities               |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.                                 | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is evenly paced                           |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is expertly written                       |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.                                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The quality of the material is accurate            |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is present accurately                     |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias written in the material                    |

| 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material incorporate standards and strategies aligned to subject area   |
|----------------------------|---|
| 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are no mistakes   |
| 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material is relevant  |
| 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is relevant   |
| 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Real world examples relates to learners   |
| 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is relatable to students   |
| 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Material is connected to other subjects   |
| 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multicultural representation is unbiased  |
| 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There is humanity and compassion  |
| 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content aligns to benchmarks and standards  |
|                            | Alignment  5 - Very Good Alignment  4 - Good Alignment  5 - Very Good Alignment |

| Presentation | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|

| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material addresses the learning outcomes   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material aligns to the curriculum  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is logically organized  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Material is on reading grade level   |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is evenly paced   |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material and study tool is easily accesible  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material is organized, aligns to the standards, and easily accessible for all students |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Engage lessons to motivate learners |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is chunked by Big<br>Ideas |

| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Activities states learning standards                              |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The develop and demonstrate activities build independent learners |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Various learning strategies in each lesson                        |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Material engage in mental activity                                |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Lessons allow for active participation                            |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Lessons use relevant teaching strategies                          |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Instructional strategies align to learning outcomes               |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials align to the assessments                                |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Assessment strategies align to assessments                        |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material and assessments meets the needs of all students          |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Material aligns to BEST standards                                 |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification          |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No CRT mentioned              |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material omits CRT            |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material omits social justice |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material does not solicit SEL |

**Reviewer's Name:** Thomas Womble

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Algebra 1 with Honors

**Publisher:** Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

Course: Algebra 1

**Bid ID:** 367

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes   |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 4 - Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | The curriculum is aligned with most standards. Lacks material in exponential module. Lacks real-world examples of one variable equations. Do not like where the statistics module is in the curriculum. |  |  |

| Standard      | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.1.1 | Identify and interpret parts of an equation or expression that represent a quantity in terms of a mathematical or real-world context, including viewing one or more of its parts as a single entity. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | The links to the lessons given do not show application to real world context or understanding beyond separating between a term, a coefficient, a base, and an exponent. But there is no place, in the lessons given, that relates this to real life applications. |
| MA.912.AR.1.2 | Rearrange equations or formulas to isolate a quantity of interest.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Course does a good job exploring linear equations and equations with multiple variables.  |
| MA.912.AR.1.3 | Add, subtract and multiply polynomial expressions with rational number coefficients.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are given multiple ways to complete these problems. This will help the course reach multiple levels of understanding and ways of learning.   |
| MA.912.AR.1.4 | Divide a polynomial expression by a monomial expression with rational number coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This new standard is covered to satisfaction.   |
| MA.912.AR.1.7 | Rewrite a polynomial expression as a product of polynomials over the real number system.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered well.  |
| MA.912.AR.2.1 | Given a real-world context, write and solve one-variable multi-step linear equations.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Curriculum lacks real-<br>word examples of one<br>variable equations.   |

| MA.912.AR.2.2 | Write a linear two-variable equation to represent the relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The topic is covered well, but there is minimal use of realworld examples.  |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.2.3 | Write a linear two-variable equation for a line that is parallel or perpendicular to a given line and goes through a given point.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered well.  |
| MA.912.AR.2.4 | Given a table, equation or written description of a linear function, graph that function, and determine and interpret its key features.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered well in the curriculum.  |
| MA.912.AR.2.5 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-<br>world problems that are modeled with linear<br>functions. Interpret key features and<br>determine constraints in terms of the<br>context.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is covered well and there are real-world examples to help with understanding.   |
| MA.912.AR.2.6 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable linear inequalities, including compound inequalities. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Inequalities in one variable are covered well in this curriculum.   |
| MA.912.AR.2.7 | Write two-variable linear inequalities to represent relationships between quantities from a graph or a written description within a mathematical or real-world context.                         | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Not the best instruction for graphing linear inequalities and the online material is not presented well. Some of the material attached to this standard addresses inequalities, but not the standard. |
| MA.912.AR.2.8 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph the solution set to a two-variable linear inequality.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Curriculum does not cover graphing two-variable inequalities very well.   |

| MA.912.AR.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic equations over the real number system.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is covered very well.   |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.3.4 | Write a quadratic function to represent the relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Quadratics are covered very well in this curriculum.  |
| MA.912.AR.3.5 | Given the x-intercepts and another point on the graph of a quadratic function, write the equation for the function.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is covered fairly well be the curriculum.   |
| MA.912.AR.3.6 | Given an expression or equation representing a quadratic function, determine the vertex and zeros and interpret them in terms of a real-world context.                                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Quadratics and their interpretations of parts is covered very well through analyzing problems in projectile motion, area, and translations. |
| MA.912.AR.3.7 | Given a table, equation or written description of a quadratic function, graph that function, and determine and interpret its key features.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Quadratics are covered very well in this curriculum.  |
| MA.912.AR.3.8 | Solve and graph mathematical and realworld problems that are modeled with quadratic functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.              | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Quadratics and their interpretations of parts is covered very well through analyzing problems in projectile motion, area, and translations. |
| MA.912.AR.4.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable absolute value equations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Absolute values are covered well and include real-world scenarios.  |
| MA.912.AR.4.3 | Given a table, equation or written description of an absolute value function,   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Absolute values are covered well and  |

|               | graph that function and determine its key features.  |                               | include real-world scenarios.   |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.5.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, classify an exponential function as representing growth or decay.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Exponential functions are covered well in the curriculum and included real-world scenarios. |
| MA.912.AR.5.4 | Write an exponential function to represent a relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Exponential functions are covered well in the curriculum and included real-world scenarios. |
| MA.912.AR.5.6 | Given a table, equation or written description of an exponential function, graph that function and determine its key features.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Exponential functions are covered well in the curriculum and included real-world scenarios. |
| MA.912.AR.9.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve a system of two-variable linear equations algebraically or graphically.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students will be able to solve system of equations and will be given real-world scenarios.  |
| MA.912.AR.9.4 | Graph the solution set of a system of two-<br>variable linear inequalities.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Solving system of linear inequalities is covered well with these resources.                 |
| MA.912.AR.9.6 | Given a real-world context, represent constraints as systems of linear equations or inequalities. Interpret solutions to problems as viable or non-viable options.                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This information is presented very well. Especially in the online content.                  |
| MA.912.DP.1.1 | Given a set of data, select an appropriate method to represent the data, depending on whether it is numerical or categorical data and on whether it is univariate or bivariate.        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This is covered well in the material.   |
| MA.912.DP.1.2 | Interpret data distributions represented in various ways. State whether the data is numerical or categorical, whether it is  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This is covered well in the material.   |

|               | univariate or bivariate and interpret the different components and quantities in the display.  |                               |   |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.DP.1.3 | Explain the difference between correlation and causation in the contexts of both numerical and categorical data.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This is covered well in the material.   |
| MA.912.DP.1.4 | Estimate a population total, mean or percentage using data from a sample survey; develop a margin of error through the use of simulation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This is covered well in the material.   |
| MA.912.DP.2.4 | Fit a linear function to bivariate numerical data that suggests a linear association and interpret the slope and y-intercept of the model. Use the model to solve real-world problems in terms of the context of the data. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This is covered well in the material.   |
| MA.912.DP.2.6 | Given a scatter plot with a line of fit and residuals, determine the strength and direction of the correlation. Interpret strength and direction within a real-world context.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There is no online material for this unit and the students are not instructed to use technology to find residual plots. |
| MA.912.DP.3.1 | Construct a two-way frequency table summarizing bivariate categorical data. Interpret joint and marginal frequencies and determine possible associations in terms of a real-world context.                                 | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This is covered well in the material.   |
| MA.912.F.1.1  | Given an equation or graph that defines a function, determine the function type. Given an input-output table, determine a function type that could represent it.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The given resources align very well with this standard.   |
| MA.912.F.1.2  | Given a function represented in function notation, evaluate the function for an input in its domain. For a real-world context, interpret the output.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The resources given address this standard very well.  |
| MA.912.F.1.3  | Calculate and interpret the average rate of change of a real-world situation represented   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | I do not see this addressed in the given standards.   |

|                | graphically, algebraically or in a table over a specified interval.   |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.F.1.5   | Compare key features of linear functions each represented algebraically, graphically, in tables or written descriptions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This is addressed very well.                                |
| MA.912.F.1.6   | Compare key features of linear and nonlinear functions each represented algebraically, graphically, in tables or written descriptions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This is addressed very well in the given standards.         |
| MA.912.F.1.8   | Determine whether a linear, quadratic or exponential function best models a given real-world situation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This topic is addressed well through multiple modules.      |
| MA.912.F.2.1   | Identify the effect on the graph or table of a given function after replacing $f(x)$ by $f(x)+k,kf(x), f(kx)$ and $f(x+k)$ for specific values of $k$ .   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Transformations are covered very well in the curriculum.    |
| MA.912.FL.3.2  | Solve real-world problems involving simple, compound and continuously compounded interest.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Exponential modules is covered very well in the curriculum. |
| MA.912.FL.3.4  | Explain the relationship between simple interest and linear growth. Explain the relationship between compound interest and exponential growth and the relationship between continuously compounded interest and exponential growth. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Properties of exponents included in online material only.   |
| MA.912.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include rational exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions involving rational exponents.     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Properties of exponents included in online material only.   |
| MA.912.NSO.1.2 | Generate equivalent algebraic expressions using the properties of exponents.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Properties of exponents included in online material only.   |

| MA.912.NSO.1.4 | Apply previous understanding of operations with rational numbers to add, subtract, multiply and divide numerical radicals.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Properties of exponents included in online material only.      |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students are learning through analyzing parts of the problems. |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students are given a fair amount of ways to solve problems.    |

|                | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.   |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
|                | Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  |                               |  |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | <ul> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul> | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Students are given some fluency exercises.   |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. • Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Curriculum supports the sharing of works and communicating understanding of standards. |
|                | <ul> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>  |                               |  |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This is done very well in this curriculum.   |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:</li> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                       |  |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students are tasked with understanding if a solution makes sense in the given context. |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  • Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are a fair amount of real-world scenarios for most modules.                      |

|                  | <ul> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate.</li> <li>Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                               |   |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This is explained.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Content is grade level appropriate  |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students will develop learning through reasoning and developing their knowledge through instructional strategies. |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Numerous places for collaboration.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Specific steps used for algebra.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This is addressed by the curriculum.  |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Extra resources are available to be in compliance with FAPE.  |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Alignment with most standards. Lacks material in exponential module. Lacks real-world examples of one variable equations. Do not like where the statistics module is in the curriculum. |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Content for the correct skill level.  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material will make a seamless transition to the classroom.  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is aligned.  |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is grade appropriate.   |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is grade appropriate.   |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Areas of curriculum could go over a standard class time.  |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is alligned.   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.         | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is aligned.  |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).               | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | No errors found.  |

| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias found.  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All content uses up to date pedagogy.   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is aligned.  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All content uses up to date pedagogy.   |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Alignment with most standards. Lacks material in exponential module. Lacks real-world examples of one variable equations. Do not like where the statistics module is in the curriculum. |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is grade appropriate.   |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The content includes real-life scenarios.   |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There are some interdisciplinary connections.   |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No unfair or biased portrayals were noticed.  |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is aligned.  |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The teacher and student resource is excellent and includes online content.  |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Alignment with most standards. Lacks material in exponential module. Lacks real-world examples of one variable equations. Do not like where the statistics module is in the curriculum. |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Alignment with most standards. Lacks material in exponential module. Lacks real-world examples of one variable equations. Do not like where the statistics module is in the curriculum. |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Online and print resources will engage students   |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Content appears to be fairly well chunked.  |

| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Material has user friendly navigation.  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Alignment with most standards. Lacks material in exponential module. Lacks real-world examples of one variable equations. Do not like where the statistics module is in the curriculum. |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There are imbedded strategies that will motivate students to complete tasks. |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Ideas are presented as big ideas and are complemented with small concepts.   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Clear standards and learning goals.  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Curriculum reinforces student to complete tasks as free thinkers.            |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Curriculum is designed to be self paced.                                     |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                         | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Curriculum is designed to have students engaged in the learning process.     |

| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Activities are organized as logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Learning styles are aligned with current pedagogy.  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Educational strategies are aligned with current pedagogy.   |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Curriculum will have the affect are students achieving the desired outcomes.  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Assessments will be a good gage of a students understanding of the material.  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is aligned.  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is aligned.  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Alignment with most standards. Lacks material in exponential module. Lacks real-world examples of one variable equations. Do not like where the statistics module is in the curriculum. |

| Special Topics | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
|                |                 | 8                    |

| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It is aligned. |
|--|----------------------------|----------------|
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It is aligned. |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It is aligned. |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It is aligned. |

**Reviewer's Name:** Richardo Delfosse

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Geometry with Honors

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

Course: Geometry

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All content is aligned to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C, which prohibits CRT in instructional material. |

Reviewer's Name: Ana Gonzalez

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Geometry with Honors

**Publisher:** Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

**Course:** <u>Geometry</u>

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | For a geometry HONORS class, the material is challenging and engaging. Students have plenty of opportunities to explore the content in this course and to extend their understanding. Multiple opportunities for discussion and reflections. Overall, an instructional material I'd be happy to recommend for the BEST standards and their MTRs. |  |

| Standard      | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| MA.912.GR.1.1 | Prove relationships and theorems about lines and angles. Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of lines and angles. | thematical and 5 - Very Good  |                      |
| MA.912.GR.1.2 | Prove triangle congruence or similarity using Side-Side-Side, Side-Angle-Side, Angle-Side-Angle, Angle-Angle-Angle-Side, Angle-Angle and Hypotenuse-Leg.                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done            |
| MA.912.GR.1.3 | Prove relationships and theorems about triangles. Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of triangles.               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done            |
| MA.912.GR.1.4 | Prove relationships and theorems about parallelograms. Solve mathematical and realworld problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of parallelograms.      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Well done            |
| MA.912.GR.1.5 | Prove relationships and theorems about trapezoids. Solve mathematical and realworld problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of trapezoids.              | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done            |
| MA.912.GR.1.6 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving congruence or similarity in two-dimensional figures.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done            |
| MA.912.GR.2.1 | Given a preimage and image, describe the transformation and represent the transformation algebraically using coordinates.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done            |
| MA.912.GR.2.2 | Identify transformations that do or do not preserve distance.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done            |

| MA.912.GR.2.3 | Identify a sequence of transformations that will map a given figure onto itself or onto another congruent or similar figure.                                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------|
| MA.912.GR.2.5 | Given a geometric figure and a sequence of transformations, draw the transformed figure on a coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.2.6 | Apply rigid transformations to map one figure onto another to justify that the two figures are congruent.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.2.8 | Apply an appropriate transformation to map one figure onto another to justify that the two figures are similar.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.3.1 | Determine the weighted average of two or more points on a line.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.3.2 | Given a mathematical context, use coordinate geometry to classify or justify definitions, properties and theorems involving circles, triangles or quadrilaterals. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.3.3 | Use coordinate geometry to solve mathematical and real-world geometric problems involving lines, circles, triangles and quadrilaterals.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.3.4 | Use coordinate geometry to solve mathematical and real-world problems on the coordinate plane involving perimeter or area of polygons.                            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.4.1 | Identify the shapes of two-dimensional cross-sections of three-dimensional figures.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.4.2 | Identify three-dimensional objects generated by rotations of two-dimensional figures.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |

| MA.912.GR.4.3 | Extend previous understanding of scale drawings and scale factors to determine how dilations affect the area of two-dimensional figures and the surface area or volume of three-dimensional figures. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------|
| MA.912.GR.4.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of two-dimensional figures.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.4.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of three-dimensional figures limited to cylinders, pyramids, prisms, cones and spheres.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.4.6 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the surface area of three-dimensional figures limited to cylinders, pyramids, prisms, cones and spheres.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.5.1 | Construct a copy of a segment or an angle.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.5.2 | Construct the bisector of a segment or an angle, including the perpendicular bisector of a line segment.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.5.3 | Construct the inscribed and circumscribed circles of a triangle.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.6.1 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the length of a secant, tangent, segment or chord in a given circle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.6.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the measures of arcs and related angles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.6.3 | Solve mathematical problems involving triangles and quadrilaterals inscribed in a circle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |

| MA.912.GR.6.4  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the arc length and area of a sector in a given circle.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------|
| MA.912.GR.7.2  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, derive and create the equation of a circle using key features.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.GR.7.3  | Graph and solve mathematical and real-<br>world problems that are modeled with an<br>equation of a circle. Determine and interpret<br>key features in terms of the context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.LT.4.3  | Identify and accurately interpret "ifthen," "if and only if," "all" and "not" statements. Find the converse, inverse and contrapositive of a statement.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.LT.4.10 | Judge the validity of arguments and give counterexamples to disprove statements.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.T.1.1   | Define trigonometric ratios for acute angles in right triangles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.912.T.1.2   | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving right triangles using trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean Theorem.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very good |

|                | Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.  |                               |           |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very good |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | <ul> <li>Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.</li> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:</li> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>                               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very good |

| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very good |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------|
|                | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  |                               |           |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | <ul> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul>   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very good |

| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very good |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very good |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Ok        |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Ok        |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Ok        |

| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Ok |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|----|
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Ok |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Ok |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Ok |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done            |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well done            |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well done            |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well done            |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done            |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done            |

| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
|---|----------------------------|-----------|
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well done |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well done |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well done |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done |

| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well done |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well done |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well done |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well done |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good            |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good            |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good            |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good            |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good            |

| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Ok        |
|---|----------------------------|-----------|
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Ok                   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good            |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Very good            |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good            |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Ok                   |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Ok                   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good            |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good            |

| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good |
|---|----------------------------|-----------|
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                 | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Very good |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | ОК                   |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Ok                   |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Ok                   |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Ok                   |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Evette Idehen

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Geometry with Honors

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

Course: <u>1206310 - Geometry</u>

**Bid ID: 368** 

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

? Fonts: Carnegie Learning provides all lessons in both Google Slides and PPT formats for presentation purposes. Google Slides and PPTs have a font size setting that the user can manipulate. Chrome browser (and others) can also manipulate font size. o Type and size. YES o Colors and background colors can be adjusted. YES ? Background: High contrast color settings are available. All Carnegie Learning print and digital materials have been reviewed at the time of creation by color contrast compliance design tools. CL does not use extraneous imagery or colors that is not required. ? Text-to-speech tools. MATHia platform includes an embedded text-to-speech tool that is programmed to read mathematics accurately. Content can be provided in live text to work with various screen readers. ? All images have alt tags. YES ? All videos are captioned. YES ? Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review  | Rating                | Comments  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Modifications can be used when working on the downloadable formats.   |
| Background: High contrast color settings are available.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
| Text-to-speech tools.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Text to speech tools are embedded in certain sections, but not all modules and math computations. However, text to speech options can be used when working on the downloadable formats. |

|    | All images have alt tags.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | All images do not have atl tagseven in the source page section   |
|----|---|----------------------------------|--|
|    | All videos are captioned.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Not all videos have the option of captioning. For example the overview video made in Vimeo did not give me the option to add captions. |
| re | Text, image tags, and captioning sent to efreshable Braille displays. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | With the use of built in features in iOS and Windows, we could see the potential for compatibility                                     |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. YES ? All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts. YES ? All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments   |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 3 - Fair Alignment            | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 3 - Fair Alignment            | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT  |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | With the use of built in features in iOS and Windows, we could see the potential for compatibility |

## 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue). YES ? Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document. YES ? Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. YES

| Review Rating Comments |
|------------------------|
|------------------------|

| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable<br>PDFs and PPT       |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable<br>PDFs and PPT       |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Note taking icon and tools are provided during the modules |

4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

1. Magnification YES 2. Text-to-speech YES 3. Text-to-American Sign Language Our content works with all assistive technologies. 4. On-screen keyboards YES - MATHia 5. Switch scanning controls YES 6. Speech-to-text Our content works with all assistive technologies.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | With the downloadable versions, all resources will work with the appropriate AT tools |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

## **Bid Response**

All MATHbook Instructional Materials are available in print. Students who cannot access MATHia can access our Skills

Practice print worksheets.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|--|
|        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many of the features are provided, but I would suggest better integration with Text to speech features, particularly when working with math |  |

**Reviewer's Name:** Rachel Schrimsher

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Geometry with Honors

**Publisher:** Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

**Course:** <u>Geometry</u>

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes   |  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 4 - Good Alignment  |  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | I felt while aligned and presented in a student friendly manner, many extra items that may be unnecessary for teachers. |  |  |  |

| Standard      | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.GR.1.1 | Prove relationships and theorems about lines and angles. Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of lines and angles. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligns real world situations to standard using a variety of questioning strategies. |
| MA.912.GR.1.2 | Prove triangle congruence or similarity using Side-Side-Side, Side-Angle-Side, Angle-Side-Angle, Angle-Angle-Angle-Side, Angle-Angle and Hypotenuse-Leg.                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Supports alignment of the standard through guided instruction of the theorems.      |
| MA.912.GR.1.3 | Prove relationships and theorems about triangles. Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of triangles.               | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Great examples of student work.   |
| MA.912.GR.1.4 | Prove relationships and theorems about parallelograms. Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of parallelograms.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Student friendly, appropriate rigor for standard.                                   |
| MA.912.GR.1.5 | Prove relationships and theorems about trapezoids. Solve mathematical and realworld problems involving postulates, relationships and theorems of trapezoids.              | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Student friendly, appropriate rigor for standard.                                   |
| MA.912.GR.1.6 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving congruence or similarity in two-dimensional figures.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Student friendly, appropriate rigor for standard.                                   |
| MA.912.GR.2.1 | Given a preimage and image, describe the transformation and represent the transformation algebraically using coordinates.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Hands on application on the program is excellent with guided help as needed.        |
| MA.912.GR.2.2 | Identify transformations that do or do not preserve distance.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Hands on application on the program is excellent with guided help as needed.        |

| MA.912.GR.2.3 | Identify a sequence of transformations that will map a given figure onto itself or onto another congruent or similar figure.                                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Hands on application on the program is excellent with guided help as needed.                                   |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.GR.2.5 | Given a geometric figure and a sequence of transformations, draw the transformed figure on a coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.   |
| MA.912.GR.2.6 | Apply rigid transformations to map one figure onto another to justify that the two figures are congruent.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.   |
| MA.912.GR.2.8 | Apply an appropriate transformation to map one figure onto another to justify that the two figures are similar.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Hands on application on the program is excellent with guided help as needed.                                   |
| MA.912.GR.3.1 | Determine the weighted average of two or more points on a line.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.   |
| MA.912.GR.3.2 | Given a mathematical context, use coordinate geometry to classify or justify definitions, properties and theorems involving circles, triangles or quadrilaterals. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Clever module titles grasp student attention. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.                       |
| MA.912.GR.3.3 | Use coordinate geometry to solve mathematical and real-world geometric problems involving lines, circles, triangles and quadrilaterals.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world application is evident. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.                                  |
| MA.912.GR.3.4 | Use coordinate geometry to solve mathematical and real-world problems on the coordinate plane involving perimeter or area of polygons.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Real world application is evident. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.                                  |
| MA.912.GR.4.1 | Identify the shapes of two-dimensional cross-sections of three-dimensional figures.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clever module names continue and Real world application is evident. rigorous practice aligned to the standard. |

| MA.912.GR.4.2 | Identify three-dimensional objects generated by rotations of two-dimensional figures.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.                                       |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.GR.4.3 | Extend previous understanding of scale drawings and scale factors to determine how dilations affect the area of two-dimensional figures and the surface area or volume of three-dimensional figures. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good contections to prior content and rigorous practice aligned to the standard. |
| MA.912.GR.4.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of two-dimensional figures.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Real world application is evident. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.    |
| MA.912.GR.4.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of three-dimensional figures limited to cylinders, pyramids, prisms, cones and spheres.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world application is evident. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.    |
| MA.912.GR.4.6 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the surface area of three-dimensional figures limited to cylinders, pyramids, prisms, cones and spheres.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world application is evident. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.    |
| MA.912.GR.5.1 | Construct a copy of a segment or an angle.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Clear steps for constructions.   |
| MA.912.GR.5.2 | Construct the bisector of a segment or an angle, including the perpendicular bisector of a line segment.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Clear steps and practice considered for constructions.                           |
| MA.912.GR.5.3 | Construct the inscribed and circumscribed circles of a triangle.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Clear steps for constructions.   |
| MA.912.GR.6.1 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the length of a secant, tangent, segment or chord in a given circle.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Real world application is evident. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.    |
| MA.912.GR.6.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the measures of arcs and related angles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world application is evident. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.    |

| MA.912.GR.6.3  | Solve mathematical problems involving triangles and quadrilaterals inscribed in a circle.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.GR.6.4  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the arc length and area of a sector in a given circle.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world application is evident. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.                                      |
| MA.912.GR.7.2  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, derive and create the equation of a circle using key features.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Real world application is evident. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.                                      |
| MA.912.GR.7.3  | Graph and solve mathematical and real-<br>world problems that are modeled with an<br>equation of a circle. Determine and interpret<br>key features in terms of the context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Real world application is evident. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.                                      |
| MA.912.LT.4.3  | Identify and accurately interpret "ifthen," "if and only if," "all" and "not" statements. Find the converse, inverse and contrapositive of a statement.                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Real world application is used, examples that students can connect with Rigorous practice aligned to the standard. |
| MA.912.LT.4.10 | Judge the validity of arguments and give counterexamples to disprove statements.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.   |
| MA.912.T.1.1   | Define trigonometric ratios for acute angles in right triangles.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Rigorous practice<br>aligned to the<br>standard  |
| MA.912.T.1.2   | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving right triangles using trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean Theorem.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world application is evident. Rigorous practice aligned to the standard.                                      |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:  • Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly.                                |

|                | <ul> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  • Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  • Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |

|                | <ul> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>   |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | <ul> <li>Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.</li> <li>Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others: <ul> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |

|                | <ul> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul>  |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |

| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice is Real rigorous and aligned to the standard. It is also student friendly. |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Rigorous instruction and practice aligned to the standards. |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Rigorous instruction and practice aligned to the standards. |

| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Adaptable, yes, but a lot of extra information and reflectiveness. Appropriate for team meetings. |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Rigorous instruction and practice aligned to the standards.                                       |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Rigorous instruction and practice aligned to the standards.                                       |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Rigorous instruction and practice aligned to the standards.                                       |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Time is taken into account for planning and reflecting.   |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Experts are cited   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Experts cited are appropriate for the curriculum.   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Visually attractive and student friendly.   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias noted.  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias noted.  |

| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | None noted  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Real world applications are of current content and applicable situations.                                 |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Real world applications are of current content and applicable situations.                                 |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Real world applications are of current content and applicable situations.                                 |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Real world applications are of current content and applicable situations.                                 |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Real world applications are of current content and applicable situations.                                 |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias noted   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No concerns noted.  |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Rigorous instruction and practice embedded in real world situations aligned to the standards are present. |

| Presentation | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|

| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Ample teacher resources noted.                                 |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Tools align to the standard                                    |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Consistent alignment.  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Applications are of current content and applicable situations. |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Standards are scaffolded and spiral instruction is noted.      |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Ample teacher resources noted with UDL considered.             |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Presentations are student friendly and teacher supportive      |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                           |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Reflective processes are noted.                |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The big ideas are highlighted and clear.       |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.                        | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Instruction is clear with anticipated results. |

| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Slow release is apparent.  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Support noted  |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Supportive of real world concerns for students without SEL inititives. |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Practice aligned and organized   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Research based activities are present                                  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Effective practices are present  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Clear expectations   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Assessment materials are reflective of practice                        |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | UDL is considered  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Cross curricular opportunities are presented.                          |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Yes, the content supports learning                                     |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | None noted                          |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | None noted                          |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | None Noted                          |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Reflective processes but not<br>SEL |

**Reviewer's Name:** Richardo Delfosse

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Algebra 2 with Honors

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

Course: Algebra 2

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This book is aligned to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., and does not contain any materials related CRT. |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Evette Idehen

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Algebra 2 with Honors

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

Grade Level: 9-12

Course: <u>1200330 - Algebra 2</u>

**Bid ID:** 369

## 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

? Fonts: Carnegie Learning provides all lessons in both Google Slides and PPT formats for presentation purposes. Google Slides and PPTs have a font size setting that the user can manipulate. Chrome browser (and others) can also manipulate font size. o Type and size. YES o Colors and background colors can be adjusted. YES ? Background: High contrast color settings are available. All Carnegie Learning print and digital materials have been reviewed at the time of creation by color contrast compliance design tools. CL does not use extraneous imagery or colors that is not required. ? Text-to-speech tools. MATHia platform includes an embedded text-to-speech tool that is programmed to read mathematics accurately. Content can be provided in live text to work with various screen readers. ? All images have alt tags. YES ? All videos are captioned. YES ? Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review  | Rating                | Comments  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Modifications can be used when working on the downloadable formats.   |
| Background: High contrast color settings are available.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
| Text-to-speech tools.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Text to speech tools are embedded in certain sections, but not all modules and math computations. However, text to speech options can be used when working on the downloadable formats. |

| All images have alt tags.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment     | All images do not have atl tagseven in the source page section   |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| All videos are captioned   | 1 - Very<br>. Poor/No<br>Alignment   | Not all videos have the option of captioning. For example the overview video made in Vimeo did not give me the option to add captions. |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille display | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>rs. Alignment | With the use of built in features in iOS and Windows, we could see<br>the potential for compatibility                                  |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. YES? All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts. YES? All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays. YES

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments  |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 3 - Fair Alignment            | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 3 - Fair Alignment            | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 1 - Very Poor/No<br>Alignment | Only applicable when using IOS or Windows features, however, it is not embedded in the site |

## 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

? Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue). YES ? Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document. YES ? Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. YES

| Review Rating Comments |
|------------------------|
|------------------------|

| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Only available with the downloadable PDFs and PPT   |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Only applicable when using IOS or Windows features, however, it is not embedded in the site |

4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

1. Magnification YES 2. Text-to-speech YES 3. Text-to-American Sign Language Our content works with all assistive technologies. 4. On-screen keyboards YES - MATHia 5. Switch scanning controls YES 6. Speech-to-text Our content works with all assistive technologies.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | With the downloadable versions, all resources will work with the appropriate AT tools |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

## **Bid Response**

All MATHbook Instructional Materials are available in print. Students who cannot access MATHia can access our Skills

Practice print worksheets.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many of the features are provided, but I would suggest better integration with Text to speech features, particularly when working with math |

Reviewer's Name: William Igar

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Algebra 2 with Honors

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Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

Course: Algebra 2

**Bid ID:** 369

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | This is best text I have ever seen. I don't say that lightly. This truly shows the beautiful world of math and all the connections. I think a lot about math and it would take a lot of thinking on my part to create this text. It is amazing. I love all the follow up questions so students really think about what is going on. I love how they combine different parts to |  |  |

make the new concept like combining linear factors to make quadratics or cubic functions. I have never thought to show that... My only criticism though is something out of your control. I don't know if students are ready for this. A lot of students don't really like math, so they don't work hard at it, so they aren't good at it, so they don't like it, and the cycle continues. I have students that come to alg 2 and have trouble with fractions and all kinds of stuff. This text kind of starts off from them having a decent bit of prior knowledge which a lot of them don't usually have. Like I said, I don't know what the solution to this is. But I could see that being a problem. I could see all the thinking being so much. Students are not used to thinking about math so much. It would take a shift in what they've been doing. But maybe these kinds of texts are needed from earlier on to promote more thinking in the classroom. I don't mean to get philosophical. But I truly love this text and how it get students thinking about what is going on.

| Standard      | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.1.1 | Identify and interpret parts of an equation or expression that represent a quantity in terms of a mathematical or real-world context, including viewing one or more of its parts as a single entity. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great concepts and how to<br>think of the math - great way of<br>looking at it in different ways   |
| MA.912.AR.1.3 | Add, subtract and multiply polynomial expressions with rational number coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This has an excellent way of showing this concept and diving deeper into why it is. I am truly impressed. But I would like to see more practice problems in the textbook |
| MA.912.AR.1.5 | Divide polynomial expressions using long division, synthetic division or algebraic manipulation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | amazing conceptual understanding and explanation.  |

|               |   |                               | But not enough practice problems.   |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.1.6 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division of polynomials.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | very higher order thinking - very good applications and explanations.   |
| MA.912.AR.1.8 | Rewrite a polynomial expression as a product of polynomials over the real or complex number system.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great spiral review and seeing concepts in different manners to make deep connections. but not enough practice in textbook                        |
| MA.912.AR.1.9 | Apply previous understanding of rational number operations to add, subtract, multiply and divide rational algebraic expressions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | standard covered very well -<br>great detail - great thoughts<br>about concepts and<br>connections.   |
| MA.912.AR.3.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic equations over the real and complex number systems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This is amazing material and concepts and ways of teaching the material in unique ways. But there is not enough practice problems in the textbook |
| MA.912.AR.3.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic inequalities over the real number system. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically.        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | nice applications and graphs to show in a different light.  |
| MA.912.AR.3.4 | Write a quadratic function to represent the relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love this lesson starting with graphing lines through points.   |
| MA.912.AR.3.8 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with quadratic functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love the drain problem - how<br>there are a lot of questions to<br>think about it along the way   |
| MA.912.AR.3.9 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write two-variable quadratic inequalities to represent relationships  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | So many great graphs and follow up questions - amazing text   |

|                | between quantities from a graph or a written description.   |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.3.10 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph the solution set to a two-variable quadratic inequality.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | awesome problems, ways of looking at the situation  |
| MA.912.AR.4.2  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable absolute value inequalities. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great problem with the ball and looking at the intervals. awesome way to go through the problem one step at a time. |
| MA.912.AR.4.4  | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with absolute value functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love the body temp problem<br>and all the number lines to<br>illustrate absolute value.                           |
| MA.912.AR.5.2  | Solve one-variable equations involving logarithms or exponential expressions. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of the context and identify any extraneous solutions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love arranging the numbers to create a log equation.  |
| MA.912.AR.5.4  | Write an exponential function to represent a relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good applications of interest   |
| MA.912.AR.5.5  | Given an expression or equation representing an exponential function, reveal the constant percent rate of change per unit interval using the properties of exponents. Interpret the constant percent rate of change in terms of a real-world context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great half-life example   |
| MA.912.AR.5.7  | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with exponential functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | excellent examples and student questions to get them to understand what is going on.                                |

| MA.912.AR.5.8 | Given a table, equation or written description of a logarithmic function, graph that function and determine its key features.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great real world examples of decibels. great flow for the students                                  |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.5.9 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with logarithmic functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great job on this one as well. I<br>love how students need to do a<br>lot of writing in this class. |
| MA.912.AR.6.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, when suitable factorization is possible, solve one-variable polynomial equations of degree 3 or higher over the real and complex number systems. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Nice profit model and having students factor in different ways.                                     |
| MA.912.AR.6.5 | Sketch a rough graph of a polynomial function of degree 3 or higher using zeros, multiplicity and knowledge of end behavior.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great material. I especially liked comparing polynomials.   |
| MA.912.AR.7.1 | Solve one-variable radical equations. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of context and identify any extraneous solutions.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | covered well. lots of practice<br>and looking at the situation in<br>multiple ways                  |
| MA.912.AR.7.2 | Given a table, equation or written description of a square root or cube root function, graph that function and determine its key features.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the sideways parabola to show the inverse  |
| MA.912.AR.7.3 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with square root or cube root functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love the pendulum example<br>and Beaufort Scale.  |
| MA.912.AR.8.1 | Write and solve one-variable rational equations. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of the context and identify any extraneous solutions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love the golden ratio example   |

| MA.912.AR.8.2 | Given a table, equation or written description of a rational function, graph that function and determine its key features.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love how a lot of these are about students investigating.   |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.8.3 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with rational functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great real world problems and investigations for students   |
| MA.912.AR.9.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve a system consisting of a two-variable linear equation and a non-linear equation algebraically or graphically.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love the graph and the different possibilities that are layed out.  |
| MA.912.AR.9.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve a system consisting of two-variable linear or non-linear equations algebraically or graphically.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great examples and a great way<br>for students to relate to the<br>material - a lot of graphs and<br>representing the info in<br>different ways |
| MA.912.AR.9.5 | Graph the solution set of a system of two-variable inequalities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great real world examples and<br>follow up questions to make<br>sure students understand what<br>is going on                                    |
| MA.912.AR.9.7 | Given a real-world context, represent constraints as systems of linear and non-linear equations or inequalities. Interpret solutions to problems as viable or non-viable options.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | awesome examples and writing questions for students to understand what is really going on   |
| MA.912.DP.2.8 | Fit a quadratic function to bivariate numerical data that suggests a quadratic association and interpret any intercepts or the vertex of the model. Use the model to solve realworld problems in terms of the context of the data. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Nice soda can example - I love<br>all the follow up questions<br>about x-int, y-int, vertex, etc  |
| MA.912.DP.2.9 | Fit an exponential function to bivariate numerical data that suggests an exponential association. Use the  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | only 1 example on this topic.   |

|              | model to solve real-world problems in terms of the context of the data.  |                               |  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.F.1.1 | Given an equation or graph that defines a function, determine the function type. Given an input-output table, determine a function type that could represent it.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great examples with all kinds of ways to analyze patterns  |
| MA.912.F.1.7 | Compare key features of two functions each represented algebraically, graphically, in tables or written descriptions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great comparison of different functions  |
| MA.912.F.1.9 | Determine whether a function is even, odd or neither when represented algebraically, graphically or in a table.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | They have a lot about polynomial functions. But what about comparing polynomial functions to absolute value functions maybe? |
| MA.912.F.2.2 | Identify the effect on the graph of a given function of two or more transformations defined by adding a real number to the x- or y- values or multiplying the x- or y- values by a real number.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love that they ponder whether functions stay even or odd   |
| MA.912.F.2.3 | Given the graph or table of f(x) and the graph or table of f(x)+k,kf(x), f(kx) and f(x+k), state the type of transformation and find the value of the real number k.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | They work through these scenarios and have the students think about so much  |
| MA.912.F.2.5 | Given a table, equation or graph that represents a function, create a corresponding table, equation or graph of the transformed function defined by adding a real number to the x- or y-values or multiplying the x- or y-values by a real number. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like how they work this<br>concept into a lot of different<br>types of functions   |
| MA.912.F.3.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, combine two or more functions, limited to linear, quadratic, exponential and polynomial, using   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love how they show the original lines and then show multiplying the factors. I never would think to do that. The box       |

|                | arithmetic operations. When appropriate, include domain restrictions for the new function.  |                               | problem is great too. And the building a cubic function is amazing - showing all those different possibilities  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.F.3.4   | Represent the composition of two functions algebraically or in a table.  Determine the domain and range of the composite function.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love the bacteria example and showing it as a discount applying two different ways. Also, I love the 2x on the inside of the composite function.          |
| MA.912.F.3.6   | Determine whether an inverse function exists by analyzing tables, graphs and equations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This is amazing. I love a message that is decoded. Also, showing what happens on the graph when you switch x and y. will truly promote deeper understanding |
| MA.912.F.3.7   | Represent the inverse of a function algebraically, graphically or in a table. Use composition of functions to verify that one function is the inverse of the other.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great real world examples and ideas.  |
| MA.912.FL.3.1  | Compare simple, compound and continuously compounded interest over time.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love how you have a table showing different times it is compounded - down to every second even.   |
| MA.912.FL.3.2  | Solve real-world problems involving simple, compound and continuously compounded interest.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great examples and problems   |
| MA.912.FL.3.4  | Explain the relationship between simple interest and linear growth. Explain the relationship between compound interest and exponential growth and the relationship between continuously compounded interest and exponential growth. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great job of comparing them side by side with table, graph, and then equation.  |
| MA.912.NSO.1.3 | Generate equivalent algebraic expressions involving radicals or rational exponents using the properties of exponents.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great work. I never would have thought to compare the cube root of x cubed with the square root of x squared. just wow                                      |

| MA.912.NSO.1.5 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide algebraic expressions involving radicals.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great student error analysis as well.   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.NSO.1.6 | Given a numerical logarithmic expression, evaluate and generate equivalent numerical expressions using the properties of logarithms or exponents.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love the number line with all<br>the logs on it. And I love stating<br>the rule in words.   |
| MA.912.NSO.1.7 | Given an algebraic logarithmic expression, generate an equivalent algebraic expression using the properties of logarithms or exponents.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great example problems and showing properties of logs.  |
| MA.912.NSO.2.1 | Extend previous understanding of the real number system to include the complex number system. Add, subtract, multiply and divide complex numbers.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | I love how they show the different operations on the complex plane. But I would like to see more practice problems with dividing complex numbers - maybe the operations of complex numbers should be it's own section |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text does an excellent job of having students think about the problem. There are so many little follow up questions so they can keep working on the big problem  |

| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text does an excellent job of showing graphs/tables/equations/stories to represent functions   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  • Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  • Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  • Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  • Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This book has a lot of parts where they have to look at other students' work. This helps build the fluency of what is allowed, what is not allowed. |

|                | Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.  |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. • Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. • Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. • Justify results by explaining methods and processes. • Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are a lot of good ways to encourage discourse mentioned in this text. a lot student error analysis. A lot of follow up questions. All these encourage that deeper understanding |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text does an awesome job of showing patterns problem solving   |

|                | <ul> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated largescale situations.</li> </ul>  |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text has a graph for most word problems, which helps people really see if their answer makes sense. |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | a lot of great real world and relevant problems  |

|                  | Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.   |                               |  |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are a lot of rules in math and this text does a great job of showing why different rules apply in different situations.          |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The text is definitely not complicated. A lot of the text has questions and activities - so students don't get lost in a lot of words. |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This book does a great job of pondering if this happens, then what does that mean.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are a lot of parts here to encourage discourse   |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Each section is broken down into a lot of questions for the student - so they can work through the material                            |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text definitely encourages an inquisitive tone which is great for any subject   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are a lot of graphs and tables which helps with this a lot.  |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating    | Rating Justification |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 33.113.11 | Trefferrer manning |                      |

| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very well - each standard is<br>very well addressed   |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | This is probably my one criticism. The stuff in this text is hard. It has a lot of concepts broken down. But a lot of students in my alg 2 class would not be ready for this text. That is not really the publisher's fault though. |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | These materials are the best I have ever seen. So many ways to contemplate math - it is awesome.  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text has so many great details and different ways to think about things and put things together - like the log number line or cube root of x cubed vs square root of x squared - I have never seen anything like that before   |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The complexity matches the standards - but it kind of expects students to come in with more than I think the students usually have  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | This text would be challenging for the average student entering alg 2   |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Things are taught very progressively. I love all the follow up questions in each section.   |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very good info in this text   |

| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | best content I have ever seen - like building the cubic function from linear factors. I always just started with the cubic function there. |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very accurate - no errors or anything.   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very accurate, very objective  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very true and shows math in a great way  |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very accurate  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | all correct here   |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very appropriate, very relevant  |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | great context, but may be a little beyond the students   |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very good connections - like sales, designing logos, etc   |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Great connections to science but not any connections to history, art, English.   |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Great representation of different names from different cultures. But not much showing of different social                                  |

|  |                            | groups or different religions -<br>not sure exactly how to do that<br>though       |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | every word problem is pretty<br>much about helping people in<br>one way or another |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very well - great coverage   |

| Presentation  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                         |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great resources and great online platform    |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great alignment                              |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great organization                           |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | not too many paragraphs - a lot of questions |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | might be a little fast for students          |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great accessibility                          |

| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great presentation |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------|
|---|----------------------------|--------------------|

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great questions along the way<br>to break down big over-arching<br>problems |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great themes about understanding math                                       |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great small pieces of the whole picture                                     |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | a lot of small questions so it is<br>harder to get de-railed                |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great guidance throughout   |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | not many text paragraphs - a<br>lot of interactions with<br>students        |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very good active participation  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great strategies  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great job on reaching the outcomes  |

| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | very good stuff - I thought<br>there could be a few more<br>practice problems in the text                          |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | I like all the small questions<br>along the way. But there could<br>be a few more practice<br>problems in the text |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great strategies, materials, activities  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | excellent application of the B.E.S.T. standards  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                 | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | does a great job to address<br>learning  |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | no CRT               |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | no CRT               |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | no CRT               |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | no SEL               |

Reviewer's Name: Virginia Snyder

Title: Carnegie Learning FL High School Math Solution, Algebra 2 with Honors

Publisher: Carnegie Learning, Inc. dba EMC Publishing & Mondo Ed

Author: Sandy Bartle Finocchi and Amy Jones Lewis

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1st

**Grade Level:** 9-12

Course: Algebra 2

**Bid ID:** 369

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 4 - Good Alignment   |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | The benchmarks and standards is covered in the content of the material. However, it should be noted that some of the material goes beyond what is expected in the Regular course as this is written to be able to be utilized in the Honors classroom as well. The content is written to cover the BEST standards. However, the content is also written to |  |

be used with Algebra 2 Honors, so teachers need to be made aware of the extra content included that is not required of the regular Algebra 2 course. The complexity of content does meet the standards of the course. However there are some topics and skills that are included for students above what is expected of the Algebra 2 Honors course that if used in the regular course may confuse some students without proper guidance from teachers if included in instruction (eg. matrices, decomposition of functions) The teacher edition of the text goes above and beyond expectations. In every lesson, teachers are provided with a breakdown of expectations, MTR strategies, differentiation for students based on activity performance, ELL tips, activity chunking suggestions, assignment recommendations, and space for teacher reflection on the effectiveness of the lesson However, it must also be noted that the student edition of the text is a student consumable. It is intended for students to write in. If used as intended by the publisher, new copies would need to be purchased each year for the new group of students, or materials would need to be printed (at the teacher's or school's expense) to be able to provide these materials for students. It is not something that is feasible for every district or individual school.

| Standard      | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.1.1 | Identify and interpret parts of an equation or expression that represent a quantity in terms of a mathematical or real-world context, including viewing one or more of its parts as a single entity. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Examples and practice in the Student Guided Notes as well as online extension |
| MA.912.AR.1.3 | Add, subtract and multiply polynomial expressions with rational number coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met alongside AR.1.1  |

| MA.912.AR.1.5 | Divide polynomial expressions using long division, synthetic division or algebraic manipulation.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Guided practice and exercises in Student booklet as well as online extension                          |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.1.6 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division of polynomials.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met alongside AR.1.1  |
| MA.912.AR.1.8 | Rewrite a polynomial expression as a product of polynomials over the real or complex number system.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met in Topic 1 Lesson   |
| MA.912.AR.1.9 | Apply previous understanding of rational number operations to add, subtract, multiply and divide rational algebraic expressions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met  |
| MA.912.AR.3.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic equations over the real and complex number systems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met with multiple<br>real-world examples<br>both in the guided<br>student book and<br>online practice |
| MA.912.AR.3.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable quadratic inequalities over the real number system. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically.        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met with multiple real-world examples both in the guided student book and online practice             |
| MA.912.AR.3.4 | Write a quadratic function to represent the relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met in<br>Topic 2 Lesson 1 with<br>multiple real-world<br>examples and<br>practices    |
| MA.912.AR.3.8 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with quadratic functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met in<br>Topic 2 Lesson 1 with<br>multiple real-world<br>examples and<br>practices    |
| MA.912.AR.3.9 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write two-variable quadratic inequalities to represent relationships between quantities from a graph or a written description.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met<br>with multiple real-<br>world examples and<br>practices                          |

| MA.912.AR.3.10 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph the solution set to a two-variable quadratic inequality.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met in<br>Topic 2 Lesson 4 with<br>multiple real-world<br>examples and<br>practices   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.4.2  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve one-variable absolute value inequalities. Represent solutions algebraically or graphically.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met in Topic 1 Lesson<br>1; multiple examples<br>and practice<br>problems  |
| MA.912.AR.4.4  | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with absolute value functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Clarifications not discussed in detail; may be necessary for teachers to ensure key features are discussed   |
| MA.912.AR.5.2  | Solve one-variable equations involving logarithms or exponential expressions. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of the context and identify any extraneous solutions.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Extraneous solutions are not discussed with regards to exponential and logarithmic equations; there are examples in the glossary with a logarithm, but it does not seem that this is covered in the student text |
| MA.912.AR.5.4  | Write an exponential function to represent a relationship between two quantities from a graph, a written description or a table of values within a mathematical or real-world context.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met with multiple examples and exercises for practice and application  |
| MA.912.AR.5.5  | Given an expression or equation representing an exponential function, reveal the constant percent rate of change per unit interval using the properties of exponents. Interpret the constant percent rate of change in terms of a real-world context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met with multiple examples and exercises for practice and application  |

| MA.912.AR.5.7 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with exponential functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met with examples<br>and practices for<br>students (chart on<br>page 755)   |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.5.8 | Given a table, equation or written description of a logarithmic function, graph that function and determine its key features.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met with examples<br>and practices for<br>students (chart on<br>page 782)   |
| MA.912.AR.5.9 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-<br>world problems that are modeled with<br>logarithmic functions. Interpret key features<br>and determine constraints in terms of the<br>context.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met with examples<br>and practices for<br>students (chart on<br>page 782)   |
| MA.912.AR.6.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, when suitable factorization is possible, solve one-variable polynomial equations of degree 3 or higher over the real and complex number systems. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple examples and applications  |
| MA.912.AR.6.5 | Sketch a rough graph of a polynomial function of degree 3 or higher using zeros, multiplicity and knowledge of end behavior.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple examples<br>and exercises; Charts<br>beginning page 408  |
| MA.912.AR.7.1 | Solve one-variable radical equations. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of context and identify any extraneous solutions.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple examples<br>and practices;<br>extraneous solutions<br>defined pg 726   |
| MA.912.AR.7.2 | Given a table, equation or written description of a square root or cube root function, graph that function and determine its key features.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met<br>through chart page<br>681 for key features<br>of parent functions;<br>multiple examples<br>and practice<br>problems |
| MA.912.AR.7.3 | Solve and graph mathematical and real-world problems that are modeled with square root or cube root functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple real-world examples and practice problems; clarifications met  |

| MA.912.AR.8.1 | Write and solve one-variable rational equations. Interpret solutions as viable in terms of the context and identify any extraneous solutions.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met;<br>multiple examples<br>and practice<br>problems for students<br>with real-world<br>applications  |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.AR.8.2 | Given a table, equation or written description of a rational function, graph that function and determine its key features.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Clarifications mostly met; Multiple examples and practice problems for students with realworld applications - charts on page 556 and 573. Does not explicitly talk about end behavior |
| MA.912.AR.8.3 | Solve and graph mathematical and realworld problems that are modeled with rational functions. Interpret key features and determine constraints in terms of the context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Clarifications mostly met; Multiple examples and practice problems for students with realworld applications - charts on page 556 and 573. Does not explicitly talk about end behavior |
| MA.912.AR.9.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve a system consisting of a two-variable linear equation and a non-linear equation algebraically or graphically.         | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met on page 52;<br>solving graphically<br>and algebraically<br>before allowing<br>students to choose<br>which method they<br>are more comfortable<br>with                             |
| MA.912.AR.9.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve a system consisting of two-variable linear or non-linear equations algebraically or graphically.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met on page 52; solving graphically and algebraically before allowing students to choose which method they are more comfortable with. Multiple real-                                  |

|               |   |                               | world examples and applications  |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.AR.9.5 | Graph the solution set of a system of two-variable inequalities.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met on page 64; solving graphically using real-world examples and applications |
| MA.912.AR.9.7 | Given a real-world context, represent constraints as systems of linear and non-linear equations or inequalities. Interpret solutions to problems as viable or non-viable options.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met on page 64; solving graphically using real-world examples and applications |
| MA.912.DP.2.8 | Fit a quadratic function to bivariate numerical data that suggests a quadratic association and interpret any intercepts or the vertex of the model. Use the model to solve real-world problems in terms of the context of the data. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Regression equation found using technology; multiple real-world applications   |
| MA.912.DP.2.9 | Fit an exponential function to bivariate numerical data that suggests an exponential association. Use the model to solve realworld problems in terms of the context of the data.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Regression equation found using technology; multiple real-world applications   |
| MA.912.F.1.1  | Given an equation or graph that defines a function, determine the function type. Given an input-output table, determine a function type that could represent it.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Comparison exercises beginning page 206  |
| MA.912.F.1.7  | Compare key features of two functions each represented algebraically, graphically, in tables or written descriptions.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met alongside F.1.1;<br>Comparison exercises<br>beginning page 206             |
| MA.912.F.1.9  | Determine whether a function is even, odd or neither when represented algebraically, graphically or in a table.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple examples<br>and application<br>questions (page 374)                   |
| MA.912.F.2.2  | Identify the effect on the graph of a given function of two or more transformations defined by adding a real number to the x- or  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met with multiple<br>examples and<br>exercises; page 789                       |

|               | y- values or multiplying the x- or y- values by a real number.   |                               |   |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.912.F.2.3  | Given the graph or table of $f(x)$ and the graph or table of $f(x)+k$ , $k$ , $f(kx)$ and $f(x+k)$ , state the type of transformation and find the value of the real number $k$ .  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met with multiple<br>examples and<br>exercises; page 793            |
| MA.912.F.2.5  | Given a table, equation or graph that represents a function, create a corresponding table, equation or graph of the transformed function defined by adding a real number to the x- or y-values or multiplying the x- or y-values by a real number. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Met with F.2.3 -<br>multiple examples<br>and exercises; page<br>789 |
| MA.912.F.3.2  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, combine two or more functions, limited to linear, quadratic, exponential and polynomial, using arithmetic operations.  When appropriate, include domain restrictions for the new function.             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple examples and exercises throughout the text                 |
| MA.912.F.3.4  | Represent the composition of two functions algebraically or in a table. Determine the domain and range of the composite function.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real-world<br>applications included<br>(page 357)                   |
| MA.912.F.3.6  | Determine whether an inverse function exists by analyzing tables, graphs and equations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple examples and applications (eg. page 659)                   |
| MA.912.F.3.7  | Represent the inverse of a function algebraically, graphically or in a table. Use composition of functions to verify that one function is the inverse of the other.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarification met;<br>inverse by<br>composition page 682            |
| MA.912.FL.3.1 | Compare simple, compound and continuously compounded interest over time.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple real-world applications; page 742                          |
| MA.912.FL.3.2 | Solve real-world problems involving simple, compound and continuously compounded interest.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple real-world applications; page 742                          |

| MA.912.FL.3.4  | Explain the relationship between simple interest and linear growth. Explain the relationship between compound interest and exponential growth and the relationship between continuously compounded interest and exponential growth.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple real-world applications; page 742   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.912.NSO.1.3 | Generate equivalent algebraic expressions involving radicals or rational exponents using the properties of exponents.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met;<br>multiple examples<br>and exercises (page<br>703)  |
| MA.912.NSO.1.5 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide algebraic expressions involving radicals.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met;<br>multiple examples<br>and exercises (page<br>717)  |
| MA.912.NSO.1.6 | Given a numerical logarithmic expression, evaluate and generate equivalent numerical expressions using the properties of logarithms or exponents.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met;<br>multiple examples<br>and exercises (page<br>775)  |
| MA.912.NSO.1.7 | Given an algebraic logarithmic expression, generate an equivalent algebraic expression using the properties of logarithms or exponents.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met;<br>multiple examples<br>and exercises (page<br>775)  |
| MA.912.NSO.2.1 | Extend previous understanding of the real number system to include the complex number system. Add, subtract, multiply and divide complex numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Clarifications met;<br>multiple examples<br>and exercises (page<br>267)  |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The student edition of the text is designed as a consumable for students to write in on a daily basis. Throughout the text, students are guided to problem solve individually as well as collectively. |

|                | Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.  |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to represent problems in multiple ways; students are encouraged to graph, draw pictures, or create other representations of situations |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | <ul> <li>Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.</li> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:</li> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>                               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to assess the accuracy of their solutions and to think about previous experiences to help solve new concepts or skills                 |

| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. • Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. • Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to engage in discussions with their peers and explain their thinking and reasoning to others, comparing and contrasting their solutions and methods         |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
|                | <ul> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul> Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concents.   |                               |  |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | <ul> <li>concepts.</li> <li>Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:</li> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to make connections to prior knowledge and use patterns and characteristics of other functions to help them problem solve when encountering new experiences |

| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to assess the reasonableness of their solutions by walking students through problem solving steps and encouraging students to check their work in context of each situation |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to apply the concepts and skills they are learning to real-world applications. All concepts in the student edition are connected to real-world applications                 |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to communicate their thinking and create mathematical arguments by explaining and justifying conclusions.   |

| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to read and understand situations, examples, or what a question is asking.   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to analyze information and put pieces together to make conjectures or draw conclusions   |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to collaborate with peers in order to hear different perspectives, analyze strategies, and demonstrate their own understanding or skills.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to use organizers, diagrams, and empty space provided in the student edition to create quality work, meeting the expectations of each task |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, students are prompted to communicate using academic language,  |

|                  |  |                       | math vocabulary and complete sentences.   |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | A Spanish glossary is available for students online. According to the publisher questionnaire and video, the student edition is also available to purchase in Spanish |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The content is written to cover the BEST standards. However, the content is also written to be used with Algebra 2 Honors, so teachers need to be made aware of the extra content included that is not required of the regular Algebra 2 course. |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The content is written to cover the BEST standards. However, the content is also written to be used with Algebra 2 Honors, so teachers need to be made aware of the extra content included that is not required of the regular Algebra 2 course. |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The content is written to cover the BEST standards. However, the content is also written to be used with Algebra 2 Honors, so teachers need to be made aware of the extra content included that is not required of the regular Algebra 2 course. |

| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text is written to be used as an interactive student edition for students to use as guided notes and practice. Throughout the text, students are guided through the steps of each concept and skill to discover multiple methods of problem solving  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                         | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The complexity of content does meet the standards of the course. However there are some topics and skills that are included for students above what is expected of the Algebra 2 Honors course that if used in the regular course may confuse some students without proper guidance from teachers if included in instruction (eg. matrices, decomposition of functions) |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The complexity of content does meet the standards of the course. However there are some topics and skills that are included for students above what is expected of the Algebra 2 Honors course that if used in the regular course may confuse some students without proper guidance from teachers if included in instruction (eg. matrices, decomposition of functions) |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Within the teacher edition of<br>the text, timelines and pacing<br>guides are included complete<br>with time for reviewing and<br>assessing student knowledge   |

| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is presented with expert information and application of the subject matter and content.   |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Sources contribute to the quality of the content, complete with real-world information to help students make connections to realistic applications of the mathematics they are learning |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material appears devoid of typographical or visual errors   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material appears free of bias and contradictions; it is noninflammatory in nature   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material included is representative of the disciple; relevant information is included allowing students to make real-world connections  |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials appears free of mistakes and inconsistancies  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is up-to-date   |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multiple real-world applications are included allowing students to make connections between mathematics and the world around them   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material contains real-world applications allowing students to draw connections between   |

|  |                            | concepts and relevant, realistic applications  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material contains real-world applications allowing students to draw connections between concepts and relevant, realistic applications  |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material contains real-world applications allowing students to draw connections between concepts and relevant, realistic applications  |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Portrayals of different groups is fair and unbiased  |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials portray individuals with compassion and considerations for their needs and values  |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The benchmarks and standards is covered in the content of the material. However, it should be noted that some of the material goes beyond what is expected in the Regular course as this is written to be able to be utilized in the Honors classroom as well. |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The teacher edition of the text goes above and beyond expectations. In every lesson, teachers are provided with a |

|   |                            | breakdown of expectations, MTR strategies, differentiation for students based on activity performance, ELL tips, activity chunking suggestions, assignment recommendations, and space for teacher reflection on the effectiveness of the lesson  |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text and online materials are written to be used in a 60/40 approach. According to the text, 60% of instructional time is used in whole-class activities through the MATHbook (student consumable), with the other 40% of instructional time spent monitoring students as the work individually in MATHia software. Pacing is included for the 60/40 approach as well as MATHbook only approach. The online materials, if used in conjunction with the student consumable, would be beneficial to student learning |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is organized into digestible bites for student mastery, as well as built in differentiation through student text activities and automatic online differentiation.   |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Narration and visuals contribute to the engagement of students, helping them make real-world connections and meeting each student at their ability level   |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material is organized into digestible bites for student mastery, as well as built in   |

|   |                            | differentiation through student text activities and automatic online differentiation. Pacing recommendations sum to approximately 150 instructional sessions, at 45 minutes each. The sequence is recommended for a school year with room for approximately 20 sessions for assessments |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Online material is adjustable for students with additional needs; if utilizing MATHia components, students would need access to a device with internet access   |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material exceeds expectations with planning resources for teachers.   |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, there are hints and guided imbedded to encourage students to continue to problem solve through new concepts and skills |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials thoroughly teach "big ideas," grouping material into 5 modules, and topics and lesson with them.                                  |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.                        | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | In the student and teacher edition, learning outcomes and MTR "look for" are clearly stated to encourage student and teacher success        |

| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Students are provided with guided examples, and gradual release to improve their problem solving skills   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, teachers are provided with differentiation strategies based on how students are performing on every activity. The online component (MATHia) provides individualized, differentiated support immediately for students |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Students are provided with guided examples, and gradual release to improve their problem solving skills   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | In the student and teacher edition, learning outcomes and MTR "look for" are clearly stated to encourage student and teacher success  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, teachers are provided with differentiation strategies based on how students are performing on every activity. The online component (MATHia) provides individualized, differentiated support immediately for students |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, teachers are provided with differentiation strategies based on how students are performing on every activity. The online component (MATHia) provides   |

|   |                            | individualized, differentiated support immediately for students   |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, teachers are provided with differentiation strategies based on how students are performing on every activity. The online component (MATHia) provides individualized, differentiated support immediately for students |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text, teachers are provided with differentiation strategies based on how students are performing on every activity. The online component (MATHia) provides individualized, differentiated support immediately for students |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Online material is adjustable for students with additional needs; if utilizing MATHia components, students would need access to a device with internet access   |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | In the student and teacher edition, learning outcomes and MTR "look for" are clearly stated to encourage student and teacher success  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                 | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | In the student and teacher edition, learning outcomes and MTR "look for" are clearly stated to encourage student and teacher success  |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                                     |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of CRT was found upon reviewing the material |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of CRT was found upon reviewing the material |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of CRT was found upon reviewing the material |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of SEL was found upon reviewing the material |

Reviewer's Name: Kari Johnson

**Title:** enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade K

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** <u>Grade Kindergarten Mathematics</u>

**Bid ID:** 380

| Final Recommendation   |                         |  |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes                     |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. |                         |  |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K.AR.1.1 | For any number from 1 to 9, find the number that makes 10 when added to the given number.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This benchmark is well thought out and explicit. Students are given a variety of choice in their learning to be succesful. |
| MA.K.AR.1.2 | Given a number from 0 to 10, find the different ways it can be represented as the sum of two numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | a great combination of drawings, expressions and fluency are embedded within.  |
| MA.K.AR.1.3 | Solve addition and subtraction real-world problems using objects, drawings or equations to represent the problem.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | opportunities for students to analyze student work adds to the level of understanding and explaining student thinking      |
| MA.K.AR.2.1 | Explain why addition or subtraction equations are true using objects or drawings.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great real world problem application   |
| MA.K.DP.1.1 | Collect and sort objects into categories and compare the categories by counting the objects in each category. Report the results verbally, with a written numeral or with drawings.       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | not as many hands on<br>related activities that<br>support this<br>benchmark   |
| MA.K.GR.1.1 | Identify two- and three-dimensional figures regardless of their size or orientation. Figures are limited to circles, triangles, rectangles, squares, spheres, cubes, cones and cylinders. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | the lesson overview provides great clarifiation and connection to other benchmarks.  |
| MA.K.GR.1.2 | Compare two-dimensional figures based on their similarities, differences and positions.  Sort two-dimensional figures based on their similarities and differences. Figures are            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great connection with<br>ordinal numbers and<br>usage of academic<br>vocabulary  |

|              | limited to circles, triangles, rectangles and squares.  |                               |   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K.GR.1.3  | Compare three-dimensional figures based on their similarities, differences and positions. Sort three-dimensional figures based on their similarities and differences. Figures are limited to spheres, cubes, cones and cylinders. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love how there is connection to the community in analyzing the varioius shpaes that make up buildings. Shape size and orientation is truly the focus. |
| MA.K.GR.1.4  | Find real-world objects that can be modeled by a given two- or three-dimensional figure. Figures are limited to circles, triangles, rectangles, squares, spheres, cubes, cones and cylinders.                                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | more use of real world objects could be incorporated into each lesson focusing on this benchmark.   |
| MA.K.GR.1.5  | Combine two-dimensional figures to form a given composite figure. Figures used to form a composite shape are limited to triangles, rectangles and squares.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | combination of productive struggle, hands one, problem solving (3 ACT math) and visuals to support the vocabualry associated with this benchmark.       |
| MA.K.M.1.1   | Identify the attributes of a single object that can be measured such as length, volume or weight.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | the lessons have a<br>strong connection to<br>students prior<br>knowledge   |
| MA.K.M.1.2   | Directly compare two objects that have an attribute which can be measured in common. Express the comparison using language to describe the difference.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Let's investigate<br>strongly aligns with<br>this benchmark   |
| MA.K.M.1.3   | Express the length of an object, up to 20 units long, as a whole number of lengths by laying non-standard objects end to end with no gaps or overlaps.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great hands on<br>oppotunities to apply<br>what is being<br>instructed  |
| MA.K.NSO.1.1 | Given a group of up to 20 objects, count the number of objects in that group and represent the number of objects with a   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | so many oppotunities<br>to favor various<br>learning styles   |

|              | written numeral. State the number of objects in a rearrangement of that group without recounting.                                    |                               | including acting out, drawing pictureshowever, some of the projects tasks don't have a strong of a connection to the benchmarks.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K.NSO.1.2 | Given a number from 0 to 20, count out that many objects.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | various reprsentaiton of numbers (comparing numbers, building numbers, representing numbers in differente ways)   |
| MA.K.NSO.1.3 | Identify positions of objects within a sequence using the words "first," "second," "third," "fourth" or "fifth."                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | benchmark is conncted to shapes as well but not a ton of oppotunity for students as this benchmark only appears on a couple of pages, however, this standard doesn't seem as complex. |
| MA.K.NSO.1.4 | Compare the number of objects from 0 to 20 in two groups using the terms less than, equal to or greater than.                        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | strong content<br>complexity  |
| MA.K.NSO.2.1 | Recite the number names to 100 by ones and by tens. Starting at a given number, count forward within 100 and backward within 20.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | showing numbers in various ways that do not always start with one allows for deeper understanding. 100's chart, ten frames, number lines are used to support students learning        |
| MA.K.NSO.2.2 | Represent whole numbers from 10 to 20, using a unit of ten and a group of ones, with objects, drawings and expressions or equations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | student practice<br>pages are visually<br>easy to understand<br>with color coding   |

|                |  |                               | system for tens and ones. Students are provided with multipile opportunities to demonstarte learning in various ways.  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K.NSO.2.3   | Locate, order and compare numbers from 0 to 20 using the number line and terms less than, equal to or greater than.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | counting forward and backwards on the number line fully supports this standard.  |
| MA.K.NSO.3.1   | Explore addition of two whole numbers from 0 to 10, and related subtraction facts.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great scaffolding for both the students and the teachers. Srong connection to previously taught benchmarks. The real world problems are diverse and meaningful. Higher level questions are provided for teachers to prompt and push students. Multiple strategies are demonstrated for students. |
| MA.K.NSO.3.2   | Add two one-digit whole numbers with sums from 0 to 10 and subtract using related facts with procedural reliability. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | prodivutive struggle to demonstrate realted number sentences is meaningful. Number bonds and related number sentences will really support the connection for students.   |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:                              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | It is hard to rate this<br>benchmark through a<br>curriculum. Most of<br>this benchmark rely's   |

|                | <ul> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>  |                               | on the teacher buidling postivie, strong, problem solving math teachers. This curriculumd does provide opportunity for students to analyze student work to see variosu strategies. It has productive struggle with each benchmark, specific student choice projects. However, it is up to the teacher to build the perserverance, the positive mindset and provide engaging learning tasks. Possibly connecting to growth mindset texts would be useful for teachers to include in their lessons. |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The student edition has fantastic visuals that are developmentally appropraite for Kindergarten age students. Conceptual understanding is highly evident as students are provided with choice and are able to analyze peer work as well. It is easy to make connections with prior benchmarks with pracitce of various strategies and meaningful  |

|                | Choose a representation based on<br>the given context or purpose.  |                               | discussions that<br>enable students to<br>hear specific and<br>explicit feedback.   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  • Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  • Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  • Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  • Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  • Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | daily sovle and share<br>provide  |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | <ul> <li>Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.</li> <li>Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:</li> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is strongly evident in various lessons. Students are provided time to analyze student work to reflect on their thinking and listens to others. The teachers manual provides higher level questions to start productive conversations. |

| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts. • Look for similarities among problems. • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The solve and share problems provide real world application and a meaningful and productive struggle. The vocabulary associated with these problems are academically appropriate and relevant. |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Each problem poses opportunities for students to solve with various representations (counters, numerals, pictures, equations)  |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Great real world<br>application. Pick a<br>project provides<br>investigations,<br>however, I feel that   |

|                | <ul> <li>Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.</li> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                               | the projects would be hard to incorporate in a Kindergarten classroom. I think there could be more hands on (manipulatives) center oppprtunities.   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I really like the convince me section. This strongly supports this benchmark.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | students pages and visually easy to understand and developmentally apporpriate.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | great connecting reading benchmarks with math concepts.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | so many opportunities for students to engage in meaningful and productive conversations.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | It really comes down to the teachers to implement this benchmark. There are good opportunities within, however, a curriculum alone cannot ensure that a student in creating quality work. That comes from the |

|                  |  |                               | teacher. The pick a project really could be scaffolded more for Kindergarten age students. Too many choice and not enough time to fully model and explain what success looks like is a barrier I forsee.                   |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | this truly depends on<br>how the teacher<br>implements this<br>standard so it is hard<br>to give a justification   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | the teachers manual have great scaffolding and reteaching opportunities to support the learning needs of ELL students. The lessons walk you through a startegic manner to support these students dependant on their level. |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | the benchmark is supported through visuals, specific question prompts and are provided with language stems to support them in communicating their academic knowledge.  |

| Content Reviewer Rating Rating Justification |
|--|
|--|

| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | benchmarks are very clearly connected  |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | visually age appropraite and skill level is developmentally approparite  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Do manipulatives come with thsi curriculum?  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | skills are scaffolding and repeated so students have multiple opportunities for practice                       |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | many opportunities for productive struggle!  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The productive struggle is grade level appropriate through collaboaritve conversations and performance tasks.  |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I like the sequence and flow of<br>the topics. It is well scaffoleded<br>and clearly builds upon each<br>other |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I strongly agree   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.         | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I strongly agree   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).               | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content was very organized and has a nice flow to each lesson.   |

| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is very goal oriented.   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | If teachers follow the way this material is presented, students will be crtiical math thinkers!  |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I did not see any errors or mistakes while reviewing this curriculum.  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is definetly reserach based and supports the current benchmarks that have been recently adopted. Teachers will be familair with the new focus on fluency and will learn a lot about becoming strong math teachers. |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I strongly agree   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is presented appropriatly for Kindergarten learners. The student workbook is colorful, visually appropriate and follows directly from the content the teacher presents in each lesson.                             |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | real world problem application   |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I strongly agree that this is supported. Learners have multiple opportunities to build strengths in various ways.  |

| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | shows diversity within the picture of the student workbook   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The pictures are very diverse and represent a wide range of people and animals in a age appropriate and positive manner. |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes!   |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | I noticed that there wasn't many center opportunities for students that are applicable in the clasroom. The projects are wonderful, however, teachers may find that challenging to incorporate without other teacher/volunteer/adults support. Teachers will have to supplement to create their own indepdent student 'centers' |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I strongly agree. Each lesson provideas an overview, a learning bridge and a productive struggle with hands on tasks and meaningful conversations.  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very user friendly  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very age appropriate yet still holds students to high expectations and challenges students appropriately.   |

| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | 3-act math and investigation opportunities are built into the unit      |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | many modifciations can be made to suppot the various needs of students. |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All materials were easy to use, well organized and visually appealing   |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | I think maintaining the learners motiation comes more from the teacher than it does a curriculum.         |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson is very thorough in building a strong understanding of new concepts.                          |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The questions that are provided within each lesson for the teachers are higher level and age appropriate. |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | great scaffolding   |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | many learning modalities are visible.   |

| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | many hands on opportunities   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | some of the activities seem more challenging for teachers to implement into the clasroom. The centers could be more extensive and more independent focused.     |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Various strategies are implemented and very specific  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I strongly agree  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | visually organized for students   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The assessment and the performance task will give teachers the ability to know their students strengths and weaknesses within each benchmark.                   |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | consider the needs of all students with regards to race and learning styles   |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | strongly supports ELA.K12.EE.4.1: Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I strongly agree that this submission ndoes satify learning requirements. It is very clear which benchmarks   |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | yes  |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | very focused on assessments data and providing best practice for teachers. |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | yes  |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | yes  |

Reviewer's Name: Govinda Poor

**Title:** enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade K

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** <u>Grade Kindergarten Mathematics</u>

**Bid ID:** 380

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 4 - Good Alignment   |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Savvas Math is aligned to the upcoming B.E.S.T. Standards that will be adopted in the 2022-2023 school year. MTR's are integrated throughout. The main weakness is the need for students to have more manipulatives in their hands and doing authentic tasks rather than paper pencil tasks. |  |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating    | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K.AR.1.1 | For any number from 1 to 9, find the number that makes 10 when added to the given number.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction includes creating a ten using manipulatives(blocks), number lines, finger/hand models and drawings.  |
| MA.K.AR.1.2 | Given a number from 0 to 10, find the different ways it can be represented as the sum of two numbers.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Students can use drawing depictions to illustrate the sum of two numbers. Students have multiple opportunities for practice but may need more instruction.                 |
| MA.K.AR.1.3 | Solve addition and subtraction real-world problems using objects, drawings or equations to represent the problem.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students model with two color counters, number lines, and real life examples of when addition and subtraction would need to be used.                                       |
| MA.K.AR.2.1 | Explain why addition or subtraction equations are true using objects or drawings.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Blocks, two color<br>counters, drawings.<br>Needs more instruction<br>on meaning of "true"<br>or "false"   |
| MA.K.DP.1.1 | Collect and sort objects into categories and compare the categories by counting the objects in each category. Report the results verbally, with a written numeral or with drawings. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students collecting, sorting, and counting real world objects. Intervention authentic tasks for students to partake in. Instruction includes geometric figures that can be |

|             |  |                       | categorized using their defining attributes.  |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K.GR.1.1 | Identify two- and three-dimensional figures regardless of their size or orientation. Figures are limited to circles, triangles, rectangles, squares, spheres, cubes, cones and cylinders.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Students need more opportunities to explore shapes in their hands.  |
| MA.K.GR.1.2 | Compare two-dimensional figures based on their similarities, differences and positions. Sort two-dimensional figures based on their similarities and differences. Figures are limited to circles, triangles, rectangles and squares. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Has classroom examples of students finding shapes, but not making the connection to similarities and differences.                       |
| MA.K.GR.1.3 | Compare three-dimensional figures based on their similarities, differences and positions. Sort three-dimensional figures based on their similarities and differences. Figures are limited to spheres, cubes, cones and cylinders.    | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Sort and share of real world objects,   |
| MA.K.GR.1.4 | Find real-world objects that can be modeled by a given two- or three-dimensional figure. Figures are limited to circles, triangles, rectangles, squares, spheres, cubes, cones and cylinders.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Select a project- shapes<br>in the kitchen, on a<br>quilt, with puppets   |
| MA.K.GR.1.5 | Combine two-dimensional figures to form a given composite figure. Figures used to form a composite shape are limited to triangles, rectangles and squares.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | At Kindergarten age/ability students are not able to draw two identical shapes  |
| MA.K.M.1.1  | Identify the attributes of a single object that can be measured such as length, volume or weight.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | To directly compare length, objects are placed next to each other with one end of each object lined up to determine which one is longer |
| MA.K.M.1.2  | Directly compare two objects that have an attribute which can be measured in   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Objects endpoints are alligned when measuring   |

|              | common. Express the comparison using language to describe the difference.   |                       |   |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K.M.1.3   | Express the length of an object, up to 20 units long, as a whole number of lengths by laying non-standard objects end to end with no gaps or overlaps.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Shows non-examples with paperclips(nonstandard unit of measuremnent) Needs more examples of what is new to the standard (objects up to 20, prevously only up to 10) |
| MA.K.NSO.1.1 | Given a group of up to 20 objects, count the number of objects in that group and represent the number of objects with a written numeral. State the number of objects in a rearrangement of that group without recounting. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Embedded throughout<br>Savvas Curriculum  |
| MA.K.NSO.1.2 | Given a number from 0 to 20, count out that many objects.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Embedded throughout<br>Savvas Curriculum  |
| MA.K.NSO.1.3 | Identify positions of objects within a sequence using the words "first," "second," "third," "fourth" or "fifth."  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Visual learning bridge lesson. Also shows cars in different directions while modeling 1st, 2nd, 3rd   |
| MA.K.NSO.1.4 | Compare the number of objects from 0 to 20 in two groups using the terms less than, equal to or greater than.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Multiple representations, Instruction focuses on matching, counting and the connection to addition and subtraction  |
| MA.K.NSO.2.1 | Recite the number names to 100 by ones and by tens. Starting at a given number, count forward within 100 and backward within 20.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Embedded throughout<br>Savvas Curriculum  |
| MA.K.NSO.2.2 | Represent whole numbers from 10 to 20, using a unit of ten and a group of ones, with  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Use of two color counters in 10 frames.   |

|                | objects, drawings and expressions or equations.  |                       | Multiple representations  |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K.NSO.2.3   | Locate, order and compare numbers from 0 to 20 using the number line and terms less than, equal to or greater than.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Plotting numbers on a number line. filling in missing numbers.: When locating numbers on the number line, the expectation includes filling in a missing number by counting from left to right on the number line. |
| MA.K.NSO.3.1   | Explore addition of two whole numbers from 0 to 10, and related subtraction facts.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction includes objects, fingers, drawings, number lines and equations.  |
| MA.K.NSO.3.2   | Add two one-digit whole numbers with sums from 0 to 10 and subtract using related facts with procedural reliability.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students are taught multiple methods to choose from to solve addition and subtraction problems  |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | "Share and Solve"<br>opportunity  |

| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students are exposed to multiple strategies with integrated manipulatives (2 color counters, blocks, bears)  |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students are able to select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context. |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students discuss solutions with one another.   |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:</li> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining</li> </ul>  |                       |   |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
|                | <ul> <li>methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>  |                       |   |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts. • Look for similarities among problems. • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Embedded share and solve opportunities throughout lessons     |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Students assess<br>reasonableness of<br>sorted shapes, groups |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:</li> <li>Estimate to discover possible solutions.</li> <li>Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.</li> <li>Check calculations when solving problems.</li> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul> |                               | with the same amount, and within measurement   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Embedded throughout<br>Savvas Curriclum  |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Lesson 1-3 "Ask students to explain their drawing using the sentence stem " I drew bevause " |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Example in lesson 2-5 in Visual learning bridge. Learning not released to students           |

| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Topic 9- 3 act math with students infering about vegetables from the market |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Many collaborative opportunities for students                               |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | User friendly formatting  |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.                    |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | ELL strategies<br>embedded throughout                                       |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | ELL strategies<br>embedded throughout                                       |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification                |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | All Math B.E.S.T. standards covered |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | All Math B.E.S.T. standards covered |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | All Math B.E.S.T. standards covered |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Lessons build upon eachother        |

| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | DOK Levels are appropriate   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | DOK Levels are appropriate   |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Time allotment for each part o<br>the lesson matches the<br>complexity of the task |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The visual learning bridge reflected information in the lessons                    |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Online additions   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | No "stand out" errors  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Savvas is free of bias   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is alligned to standards   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Materials are free of mistakes and inconsistencies                                 |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All topics are up to date with upcoming B.E.S.T. standards                         |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | All topics are up to date with upcoming B.E.S.T. standards                         |

| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Content is logically introduced and builds/stacks.  |  |
|--|----------------------------|---|--|
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Examples" bookshelves, recycling, food at the market, use of fingers, many connections to student life.                                   |  |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Example: topic 8 centers include activities for music, writing, science, math, ELA, and dramatic play                                     |  |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. |  |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | None observed   |  |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Content is alligned to standards  |  |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Standards are taught fully with integration of MTR's, intervention, assessment, and topic centers. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Standards are taught fully with integration of MTR's, intervention, assessment, and topic centers. |

| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content is logically introduced and builds/stacks.   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening. Many photographs embedded throughout  |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content is presented in digestable lessons   |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Type and size, Colors and background colors can be adjusted, Background: High contrast color settings are available, Text-to-speech tools, All images have alt tags, All videos are captioned, Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Clear presentation in primary and ancillary materials  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Examples include interactive math stories, center activites, videos, and engaging lessons.         |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Standards are taught fully with integration of MTR's, intervention, assessment, and topic centers. |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.                        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Topic and lesson introductions include learning targets  |

| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Students released for productive struggle  |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Pick a project activities, intervention activities, technology center, and enrichment in every topic |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Solve and share to connect prior knowledge to new ideas  |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Logically organized  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | MTR and ETP's throughout each lesson   |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | MTR and ETP's throughout each lesson   |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Assessments based on learning outcomes of each lesson  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Assessments based on learning outcomes of each lesson  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Needs met  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | MTR and ETP's throughout each lesson   |

14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)

4 - Good Alignment B.E.S.T Standards are embedded throughout Savvas Curriculum

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Material focuses on content not CRT                                    |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials omit Culturally<br>Responsive Teaching                       |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Instructional materials omit<br>Social Justice                         |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | instructional materials do NOT<br>solicit Social Emotional<br>Learning |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Jason Rhodes

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade K

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

**Author:** R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition: 1** 

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** 5012020 - Grade Kindergarten Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 380

## 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

## Bid Response

Savvas Response Savvas digital products meet Web Content Accessibility Guidelines/508 Standards. enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics ©2023 on SavvasRealize.com provides flexibility and options with presentation features for students using the instructional materials. - Fonts: -- eText layouts and page features allow students to easily adjust font size for optimal viewing. Text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200%. -- Colors and background colors can be adjusted via device manufacturers' built-in settings or built-in browser settings (i.e., brightness of tablets, dimming of screens, color of fonts and backgrounds, etc - Background: High color contrast settings are available in Realize Reader. - Text-to-speech tools are supported using assistive technology that follows standards. Please see our response to Question 4 below for specific solutions and tools. - Images - Navigation elements and content images have alternative descriptions. - Video Closed Captioning – All student-facing videos have either text on screen or closed captioning. - Refreshable Braille Displays - The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format.

| Review  | Rating                | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains simple tools to change font and font size. The menu also includes an option to change the size of icons on the site. There is no option to change font color on the site, the publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |

| Background: High contrast color settings are available.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains options for changing the contrast of the site. They offer 3 options (Black on White, White on Black, and Yellow on Black) on the site.                            |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Text-to-speech tools.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There seems to be no built in option on the site for Text to Speech. The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |
| All images have alt tags.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Alt text does not appear when the mouse is hovered over an image.  Descriptive alt text is present when using screen reading software.  |
| All videos are captioned.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states videos have text on screen or closed captions available. I did not see a video in the sample site to confirm.  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states "The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format." I do not have the software to confirm.          |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Non-text navigation elements such as buttons, icons, and arrows can be adjusted in size using screen magnification software or built-in device and browser options. The keyboard can be used to navigate the site and menu items, and navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students.  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Keyboard shortcuts are available and work. A list of commands is found in the settings menu, as is the option to turn shortcuts on/off.  There is no option to change or customize the shortcuts. |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Publisher states that navigational information can be sent to a refreshable braille device. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

## 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Within the Interactive Student Edition, users can highlight using yellow, rose, blue, and green. Once a section of text is highlighted, users are able to copy and paste it into another document or interface. This process can be repeated with additional sections of text. Additionally, students can add annotations to highlighted text as well as use the notebook feature to take notes.

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments   |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighters are available in all four colors, and the option to highlight pops up automatically when text is highlighted with the mouse. This menu also includes options to circle or underline the text – and these are available in the four colors as well.        |
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text and annotations are automatically copied and gathered in their own menu page. Here, the text can be searched and sorted. There is also an option to export all the highlighted texts to an RTF file that can be saved and moved.                      |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text can be annotated, and an icon indicates where on the page annotations are. There is also a Notebook option that allows students to take notes on a page without the highlighted text. Both of these options are searchable and fairly easy to access. |

# 4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response Savvas digital products are tested across many assistive technology software solutions: - Magnification -- ZoomText Magnification/Reader - Text-to-Speech -- NonVisual Desktop Access (NVDA) (Windows/Firefox/Chrome) -- JAWS Screen Reader (Windows/Firefox) -- VoiceOver (iOS/Safari browser) -- VoiceOver (OS/Safari browser) - Text-to-American Sign Language -- We have explored options for a Text-to-American Sign Language software but do not have a solution for our platform at this time. - On-screen Keyboards -- Supports on-screen keyboards via commonly used tablets and other touch enabled devices - Switch Scanning Controls -- Standard switch scanning control software can be used with SavvasRealize instructional content. - Speech-to-Text -- Dragon Naturally Speaking speech recognition software

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments  |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Publisher listed several AT softwares that are compatible with their site. I also tested the onscreen keyboard and speech to text tool built into Mac computers as well as Read and Write. All of |
| Speech-to-text.  |                               | these functioned with the site.   |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response We offer a print student edition textbook, which matches the content we provide in our digital platform, Savvas Realize. Assessments and worksheets found in Savvas digital products can be printed out for students and are also found in corresponding print ancillary materials. Additionally Savvas supports and complies with the Individuals with Disabilities Act of 2004 and the terms of the National Instructional Materials Access Center, NIMAC. Savvas routinely uploads most eligible materials to the NIMAC at the time of the first classroom-ready printing to support instructional materials available in Braille, large print, audio, and other specialized formats.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher offers paper based books that match the online workbooks, and they state they have other accessible versions available. |

**Reviewer's Name:** Kristen Knotts

**Title:** enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 1

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade One Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 381

| Final Recommendation   |                         |  |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes                     |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. |                         |  |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.1.AR.1.1 | Apply properties of addition to find a sum of three or more whole numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Includes equivalent number sentences and strategies to make a ten when three addends are present to find the sum. Allows students to demonstrate mastery at multiple levels. Extends beyond standard to adding four addends.  |
| MA.1.AR.1.2 | Solve addition and subtraction real-world problems using objects, drawings or equations to represent the problem.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Includes an abundant amount of opportunities for students to draw addition and subtraction problems presented in a variety of ways.   |
| MA.1.AR.2.1 | Restate a subtraction problem as a missing addend problem using the relationship between addition and subtraction. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Ample opportunities for students to relate addition and subtraction. However, not a lot of restating a subtraction problem as an addition sentence with a missing addend. When students are able to demonstrate this standard, it is embedded within other lessons and only a few opportunities are provided. |
| MA.1.AR.2.2 | Determine and explain if equations involving addition or subtraction are true or false.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are given the opportunity to determine if number   |

|             |  |                               | sentences are true or false. Opportunities for students for students to demonstrate explanation of understanding.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.1.AR.2.3 | Determine the unknown whole number in an addition or subtraction equation, relating three whole numbers, with the unknown in any position.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Provides extensive opportunities for students to determine the whole number throughout the curriculum in both additional and subtraction.  |
| MA.1.DP.1.1 | Collect data into categories and represent the results using tally marks or pictographs.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Entire topic dedicated to tally and pictographs.   |
| MA.1.DP.1.2 | Interpret data represented with tally marks or pictographs by calculating the total number of data points and comparing the totals of different categories.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Allows ample opportunity for students to demonstrate comparing totals.   |
| MA.1.FR.1.1 | Partition circles and rectangles into two and four equal-sized parts. Name the parts of the whole using appropriate language including halves or fourths.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Topic 14 is dedicated to partitioning shapes into halves and fourths. Students use appropriate language as halves and fourths.   |
| MA.1.GR.1.1 | Identify, compare and sort two- and three-dimensional figures based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to circles, semi-circles, triangles, rectangles, squares, trapezoids, hexagons, spheres, cubes, rectangular prisms, cones and cylinders. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Provides no opportunities for students to self identify two and three dimensional shapes by naming. Provides limited exposure to names of three-dimensional shapes. There is ample opportunities |

|             |  |                       | for students to<br>determine if a shape<br>is two dimensional or<br>three dimensional. |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.1.GR.1.2 | Sketch two-dimensional figures when given defining attributes. Figures are limited to triangles, rectangles, squares and hexagons.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Provides limited opportunities for students to sketch two dimensional shapes.          |
| MA.1.GR.1.3 | Compose and decompose two- and three-<br>dimensional figures. Figures are limited to<br>semi-circles, triangles, rectangles, squares,<br>trapezoids, hexagons, cubes, rectangular<br>prisms, cones and cylinders.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Several opportunities provided.  |
| MA.1.GR.1.4 | Given a real-world object, identify parts that are modeled by two- and three-dimensional figures. Figures are limited to semi-circles, triangles, rectangles, squares and hexagons, spheres, cubes, rectangular prisms, cones and cylinders. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.  |
| MA.1.M.1.1  | Estimate the length of an object to the nearest inch. Measure the length of an object to the nearest inch or centimeter.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.  |
| MA.1.M.1.2  | Compare and order the length of up to three objects using direct and indirect comparison.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Well aligned.  |
| MA.1.M.2.1  | Using analog and digital clocks, tell and write time in hours and half-hours.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | SE pgs. 521-522 Does<br>not align to this<br>standard.                                 |
| MA.1.M.2.2  | Identify pennies, nickels, dimes and quarters, and express their values using the ¢ symbol. State how many of each coin equal a dollar.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only a few opportunities for students to demonstrate this standard.                    |
| MA.1.M.2.3  | Find the value of combinations of pennies, nickels and dimes up to one dollar, and the value of combinations of one, five and ten  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.  |

|              | dollar bills up to \$100. Use the ¢ and \$ symbols appropriately.   |                               |   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.1.NSO.1.1 | Starting at a given number, count forward and backwards within 120 by ones. Skip count by 2s to 20 and by 5s to 100.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.                                   |
| MA.1.NSO.1.2 | Read numbers from 0 to 100 written in standard form, expanded form and word form. Write numbers from 0 to 100 using standard form and expanded form.                              | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.                                   |
| MA.1.NSO.1.3 | Compose and decompose two-digit numbers in multiple ways using tens and ones.  Demonstrate each composition or decomposition with objects, drawings and expressions or equations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.                                   |
| MA.1.NSO.1.4 | Plot, order and compare whole numbers up to 100.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.                                   |
| MA.1.NSO.2.1 | Recall addition facts with sums to 10 and related subtraction facts with automaticity.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.                                   |
| MA.1.NSO.2.2 | Add two whole numbers with sums from 0 to 20, and subtract using related facts with procedural reliability.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.                                   |
| MA.1.NSO.2.3 | Identify the number that is one more, one less, ten more and ten less than a given two-digit number.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Minimal opportunities for students to practice. |
| MA.1.NSO.2.4 | Explore the addition of a two-digit number and a one-digit number with sums to 100.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.                                   |
| MA.1.NSO.2.5 | Explore subtraction of a one-digit number from a two-digit number.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.                                   |

| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |

|                | <ul> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>   |                               |               |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |

|                | <ul> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                               |               |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and                                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |

|                  | methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.   |                               |               |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|---------------|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Well aligned. |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Well aligned. |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Well aligned. |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Well aligned. |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.        |

| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
|---|----------------------------|---------------|
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well aligned. |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well aligned. |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |

| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
|--|----------------------------|---------------|
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.        |

| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
|---|----------------------------|---------------|
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.        |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.        |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.        |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.        |

| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
|--|----------------------------|---------------|
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Well aligned. |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned. |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.        |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.        |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.        |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Well aligned.        |

Reviewer's Name: Kaley Metzler

**Title:** enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 1

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade One Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 381

| Final Recommendation   |                         |  |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes                     |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. |                         |  |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.1.AR.1.1 | Apply properties of addition to find a sum of three or more whole numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Topic 5 includes 2 lessons  |
| MA.1.AR.1.2 | Solve addition and subtraction real-world problems using objects, drawings or equations to represent the problem.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many areas include solving real world problems throughout the curriculum  |
| MA.1.AR.2.1 | Restate a subtraction problem as a missing addend problem using the relationship between addition and subtraction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The first topic has students creating different types of equations. Some of the equations involve a missing addend. |
| MA.1.AR.2.2 | Determine and explain if equations involving addition or subtraction are true or false.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | There are true and false problems, but not enough areas for the students to explain why in their own way.           |
| MA.1.AR.2.3 | Determine the unknown whole number in an addition or subtraction equation, relating three whole numbers, with the unknown in any position.                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students need to find the unknown in any position in this topic.  |
| MA.1.DP.1.1 | Collect data into categories and represent the results using tally marks or pictographs.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are collecting data to display using tally marks or pictographs.   |
| MA.1.DP.1.2 | Interpret data represented with tally marks or pictographs by calculating the total number of data points and comparing the totals of different categories. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | They interpret the data they created from the tally marks or pictograph.  |
| MA.1.FR.1.1 | Partition circles and rectangles into two and four equal-sized parts. Name the parts of the whole using appropriate language including halves or fourths.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | They start with understanding equal and nonequal parts. Then, they use the  |

|             |  |                               | terms: halves and fourths.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.1.GR.1.1 | Identify, compare and sort two- and three-dimensional figures based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to circles, semi-circles, triangles, rectangles, squares, trapezoids, hexagons, spheres, cubes, rectangular prisms, cones and cylinders. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The topic includes the correct shapes for this benchmark.   |
| MA.1.GR.1.2 | Sketch two-dimensional figures when given defining attributes. Figures are limited to triangles, rectangles, squares and hexagons.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | They sketch the shapes based on the correct attributes.   |
| MA.1.GR.1.3 | Compose and decompose two- and three-dimensional figures. Figures are limited to semi-circles, triangles, rectangles, squares, trapezoids, hexagons, cubes, rectangular prisms, cones and cylinders.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | 13-9 has students creating rectangular prisms with small cubes. It is not creating all the specified 3-D objects. |
| MA.1.GR.1.4 | Given a real-world object, identify parts that are modeled by two- and three-dimensional figures. Figures are limited to semi-circles, triangles, rectangles, squares and hexagons, spheres, cubes, rectangular prisms, cones and cylinders.                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The explore portion of the lesson allows for students to find real-world objects.                                 |
| MA.1.M.1.1  | Estimate the length of an object to the nearest inch. Measure the length of an object to the nearest inch or centimeter.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The topic has students using the given ruler on the page to measure to the nearest inch.                          |
| MA.1.M.1.2  | Compare and order the length of up to three objects using direct and indirect comparison.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | There is only a few activities for indirect and direct measuring.   |
| MA.1.M.2.1  | Using analog and digital clocks, tell and write time in hours and half-hours.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The lessons show students both of the clocks and teach them how to read each clock.                               |

| MA.1.M.2.2   | Identify pennies, nickels, dimes and quarters, and express their values using the ¢ symbol. State how many of each coin equal a dollar.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The lessons involve the cents symbol when teaching the value of coins.  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.1.M.2.3   | Find the value of combinations of pennies, nickels and dimes up to one dollar, and the value of combinations of one, five and ten dollar bills up to \$100. Use the ¢ and \$ symbols appropriately. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum has activities for students to count the value of the combination of coins and the combination of bills. |
| MA.1.NSO.1.1 | Starting at a given number, count forward and backwards within 120 by ones. Skip count by 2s to 20 and by 5s to 100.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many areas allow for students to practice this benchmark.   |
| MA.1.NSO.1.2 | Read numbers from 0 to 100 written in standard form, expanded form and word form. Write numbers from 0 to 100 using standard form and expanded form.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are taught to read numbers in all of these forms.  |
| MA.1.NSO.1.3 | Compose and decompose two-digit numbers in multiple ways using tens and ones.  Demonstrate each composition or decomposition with objects, drawings and expressions or equations.                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students represent the number in multiple ways throughout many lessons.   |
| MA.1.NSO.1.4 | Plot, order and compare whole numbers up to 100.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students plot, order and compare numbers on a number line and by using a hundreds chart.                                |
| MA.1.NSO.2.1 | Recall addition facts with sums to 10 and related subtraction facts with automaticity.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students relate addition facts with subtraction facts. Student have lots of practice solving these facts.               |
| MA.1.NSO.2.2 | Add two whole numbers with sums from 0 to 20, and subtract using related facts with procedural reliability.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students have lots of practice solving up to a sum between 0 and 20.  |

| MA.1.NSO.2.3   | Identify the number that is one more, one less, ten more and ten less than a given two-digit number.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students use a number line to find one more, one less, 10 more and 10 less.             |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.1.NSO.2.4   | Explore the addition of a two-digit number and a one-digit number with sums to 100.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The lesson explores this concept.   |
| MA.1.NSO.2.5   | Explore subtraction of a one-digit number from a two-digit number.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The lesson explores this concept.   |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | There is not enough areas where students modify methods to solve a challenging problem. |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The students are taught multiple ways to solve the problems throughout the curriculum.  |

|                | <ul> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul>   |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Some of the independent practice and assessments allow for students to choose their method. |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | <ul> <li>Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.</li> <li>Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:</li> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are many areas during a lesson for students to engage in discussions.                 |

|                | Construct possible arguments based on evidence.  |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts. • Look for similarities among problems. • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Patterns are taught using manipulatives, charts, and through discussions. |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | There is not enough opportunities for students to discover solutions.     |

|  | T   |                               |   |
|--|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1   | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | They involve this in "pick a project", word problems, STEM projects and "act math".             |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   |                               | The assessments/practice problems do not have students explain or justify their reasoning.      |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students need to comprehend the word problems to solve them correctly.                          |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 Make inferences to support comprehension. |   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students need to make inferences during the real-world connections and word problems.           |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students need to use active listening skills throughout the lessons to understand the concepts. |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Pick a Project has a rubric for students to follow.   |

| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Through the discussion questions, students practice this benchmark.            |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students can draw their understanding.   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The students communicate their thinking and reasoning with peers and teachers. |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It mostly aligns to the standards. See above.   |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The curriculum does not have enough challenging tasks.  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials are adaptable for all classrooms.   |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The I can statements and real-world connections help students understand the significance of topics and events. |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The difficulty and complexity is not rigorous enough for our standards.   |

| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The difficulty and complexity is not rigorous enough for our standards. |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The difficulty and complexity is not rigorous enough for our standards. |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials reflect expert information.                               |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The sources connect to the quality and organization of the curriculum.  |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There were no visual errors.  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was no bias or contradictions.                                    |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The concepts are aligned to the grade level.                            |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There were no mistakes or inaccurate information.                       |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is up to date with our new benchmarks.                      |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is relevant for students.                                   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The "Pick a Project" and STEM activities are relevant to students.      |

| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are many real world connections for students. (Pick a Project, STEM activities, let's investigate, etc.) |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is meaningful to students by having them make a real-world connection in each lesson.              |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are no areas that had unfair or biased portrayals.   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All of the material portrays people and animals in the correct way.  |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes, the content and benchmarks are covered in this curriculum.  |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Teachers only need to find intervention activities for students working below grade level. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All material aligns with each other.   |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum follows 5E model.   |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The real-world connections engage students.  |

| understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   |                            |  |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The pacing and time is reasonable for teachers and students.   |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There is not enough intervention resources for students who need extra support or below grade level instruction. |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The presentation was meaningful and gave all the correct information.  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The projects are motivating for students.   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The ideas and concepts are important to learn for students.                                     |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are clear outcomes.   |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | The material and techniques is given to students. There is not enough "exploration" activities. |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The activities are adaptable.   |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                         | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | The main teaching portion (explain) is not engaging for students.                               |

| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The material is very organized.  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There needs to be more discussions and exploration areas for students.   |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The material aligns to the targeted outcomes.  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The assessments align to the topic taught.   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The assessments need areas where students explain their thinking and reasoning.                                      |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The instruction provides strategies to help all learners.  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The materials provide appropriate application of the new benchmarks. Most of the MTRs are aligned with the material. |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It satisfies the learning requirements.  |

| Special Topics  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It aligns to the rule.                                       |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes, the instructional materials omit this type of teaching. |

| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The instruction omits Social Justice. |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It provides good strategies for SEL.  |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Jason Rhodes

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 1

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

**Author:** R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** 5012030 - Grade One Mathematics

**Bid ID: 381** 

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### Bid Response

Savvas Response Savvas digital products meet Web Content Accessibility Guidelines/508 Standards. enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics ©2023 on SavvasRealize.com provides flexibility and options with presentation features for students using the instructional materials. - Fonts: -- eText layouts and page features allow students to easily adjust font size for optimal viewing. Text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200%. -- Colors and background colors can be adjusted via device manufacturers' built-in settings or built-in browser settings (i.e., brightness of tablets, dimming of screens, color of fonts and backgrounds, etc - Background: High color contrast settings are available in Realize Reader. - Text-to-speech tools are supported using assistive technology that follows standards. Please see our response to Question 4 below for specific solutions and tools. - Images - Navigation elements and content images have alternative descriptions. - Video Closed Captioning — All student-facing videos have either text on screen or closed captioning. - Refreshable Braille Displays - The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format.

| Review  | Rating                | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains simple tools to change font and font size. The menu also includes an option to change the size of icons on the site. There is no option to change font color on the site, the publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |

| Background: High contrast color settings are available.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains options for changing the contrast of the site. They offer 3 options (Black on White, White on Black, and Yellow on Black) on the site.                            |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Text-to-speech tools.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There seems to be no built in option on the site for Text to Speech. The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |
| All images have alt tags.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Alt text does not appear when the mouse is hovered over an image.  Descriptive alt text is present when using screen reading software.  |
| All videos are captioned.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states videos have text on screen or closed captions available. I did not see a video in the sample site to confirm.  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states "The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format." I do not have the software to confirm.          |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Non-text navigation elements such as buttons, icons, and arrows can be adjusted in size using screen magnification software or built-in device and browser options. The keyboard can be used to navigate the site and menu items, and navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students.  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Keyboard shortcuts are available and work. A list of commands is found in the settings menu, as is the option to turn shortcuts on/off.  There is no option to change or customize the shortcuts. |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Publisher states that navigational information can be sent to a refreshable braille device. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

## 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Within the Interactive Student Edition, users can highlight using yellow, rose, blue, and green. Once a section of text is highlighted, users are able to copy and paste it into another document or interface. This process can be repeated with additional sections of text. Additionally, students can add annotations to highlighted text as well as use the notebook feature to take notes.

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments   |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighters are available in all four colors, and the option to highlight pops up automatically when text is highlighted with the mouse. This menu also includes options to circle or underline the text – and these are available in the four colors as well.        |
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text and annotations are automatically copied and gathered in their own menu page. Here, the text can be searched and sorted. There is also an option to export all the highlighted texts to an RTF file that can be saved and moved.                      |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text can be annotated, and an icon indicates where on the page annotations are. There is also a Notebook option that allows students to take notes on a page without the highlighted text. Both of these options are searchable and fairly easy to access. |

# 4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response Savvas digital products are tested across many assistive technology software solutions: - Magnification -- ZoomText Magnification/Reader - Text-to-Speech -- NonVisual Desktop Access (NVDA) (Windows/Firefox/Chrome) -- JAWS Screen Reader (Windows/Firefox) -- VoiceOver (iOS/Safari browser) -- VoiceOver (OS/Safari browser) - Text-to-American Sign Language -- We have explored options for a Text-to-American Sign Language software but do not have a solution for our platform at this time. - On-screen Keyboards -- Supports on-screen keyboards via commonly used tablets and other touch enabled devices - Switch Scanning Controls -- Standard switch scanning control software can be used with SavvasRealize instructional content. - Speech-to-Text -- Dragon Naturally Speaking speech recognition software

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments  |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Publisher listed several AT softwares that are compatible with their site. I also tested the onscreen keyboard and speech to text tool built into Mac computers as well as Read and Write. All of |
| Speech-to-text.  |                               | these functioned with the site.   |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response We offer a print student edition textbook, which matches the content we provide in our digital platform, Savvas Realize. Assessments and worksheets found in Savvas digital products can be printed out for students and are also found in corresponding print ancillary materials. Additionally Savvas supports and complies with the Individuals with Disabilities Act of 2004 and the terms of the National Instructional Materials Access Center, NIMAC. Savvas routinely uploads most eligible materials to the NIMAC at the time of the first classroom-ready printing to support instructional materials available in Braille, large print, audio, and other specialized formats.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher offers paper based books that match the online workbooks, and they state they have other accessible versions available. |

**Reviewer's Name:** Doreen Alvarez

**Title:** enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 2

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade Two Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 382

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | No  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 4 - Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | The student edition is colorful and engaging. Hands-<br>on work is encouraged throughout. However the<br>entire program feels like it was made for Common<br>Core with some edits to try to meet the BEST<br>standards. |  |  |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.2.AR.1.1 | Solve one- and two-step addition and subtraction real-world problems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | numerous opportunities for students to solve one- and two-step addition and subtraction real- world problems throughout the text.                       |
| MA.2.AR.2.1 | Determine and explain whether equations involving addition and subtraction are true or false.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Meets the standard, but with insufficient practice.   |
| MA.2.AR.2.2 | Determine the unknown whole number in an addition or subtraction equation, relating three or four whole numbers, with the unknown in any position.                       | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Meets the standard,<br>but with insufficient<br>practice.   |
| MA.2.AR.3.1 | Represent an even number using two equal groups or two equal addends. Represent an odd number using two equal groups with one left over or two equal addends plus 1.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Instruction focuses on<br>the connection of<br>recognizing even and<br>odd numbers using<br>skip counting, arrays<br>and patterns in the<br>ones place. |
| MA.2.AR.3.2 | Use repeated addition to find the total number of objects in a collection of equal groups. Represent the total number of objects using rectangular arrays and equations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Instruction includes making a connection between arrays and repeated addition, which builds a foundation for multiplication.                            |
| MA.2.DP.1.1 | Collect, categorize and represent data using tally marks, tables, pictographs or bar graphs. Use appropriate titles, labels and units.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Scales are appropriate, graphs use both orientations, ample practice  |
| MA.2.DP.1.2 | Interpret data represented with tally marks, tables, pictographs or bar graphs including solving addition and subtraction problems.                                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Meets standards with clarifications, good progression from interpreting to  |

|             |  |                       | problem solving from graphs.  |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.2.FR.1.1 | Partition circles and rectangles into two, three or four equal-sized parts. Name the parts using appropriate language, and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds or four fourths. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Meets standard with sufficient practice   |
| MA.2.FR.1.2 | Partition rectangles into two, three or four equal-sized parts in two different ways showing that equal-sized parts of the same whole may have different shapes.                           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Contains examples and non-examples  |
| MA.2.GR.1.1 | Identify and draw two-dimensional figures based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to triangles, rectangles, squares, pentagons, hexagons and octagons.                     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Needs more exposure and practice with vocabulary  |
| MA.2.GR.1.2 | Categorize two-dimensional figures based on<br>the number and length of sides, number of<br>vertices, whether they are closed or not and<br>whether the edges are curved or straight.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Needs more exposure and practice with vocabulary  |
| MA.2.GR.1.3 | Identify line(s) of symmetry for a two-<br>dimensional figure.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Taught in isolation, could refer back to fractions and halves.  |
| MA.2.GR.2.1 | Explore perimeter as an attribute of a figure by placing unit segments along the boundary without gaps or overlaps. Find perimeters of rectangles by counting unit segments.               | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Emphasizes<br>conceptual<br>understanding and<br>uses real world<br>objects   |
| MA.2.GR.2.2 | Find the perimeter of a polygon with whole-<br>number side lengths. Polygons are limited to<br>triangles, rectangles, squares and pentagons.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only mentions, "You can add the sides in any order." Needs more examples of commutative and associative properties of addition. |
| MA.2.M.1.1  | Estimate and measure the length of an object to the nearest inch, foot, yard,  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Meets clarifications 2<br>& 3: 2- Instruction<br>focuses on   |

|            | centimeter or meter by selecting and using an appropriate tool.  |                               | recognizing that when an object is measured in two different units, fewer of the larger units are required. When comparing measurements of the same object in different units, measurement conversions are not expected. 3-When estimating the size of an object, a comparison with an object of known size can be used., but only shows 1 ruler used as a number line for clarification 1-Instruction includes seeing rulers and tape measures as number lines. |
|------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.2.M.1.2 | Measure the lengths of two objects using the same unit and determine the difference between their measurements.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Only 3 questions addressed this standard.  |
| MA.2.M.1.3 | Solve one- and two-step real-world measurement problems involving addition and subtraction of lengths given in the same units.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Ample practice of real word one and two step problems.   |
| MA.2.M.2.1 | Using analog and digital clocks, tell and write time to the nearest five minutes using a.m. and p.m. appropriately. Express portions of an hour using the fractional terms half an hour, half past, quarter of an hour, quarter after and quarter til. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Lacks sufficient use of number lines and partitioning of circles.  |
| MA.2.M.2.2 | Solve one- and two-step addition and subtraction real-world problems involving either dollar bills within \$100 or coins within 100¢ using \$ and ¢ symbols appropriately.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Question 9 on p. 380 is confusing. It needs to say one nickel MORE, not one nickel. Sufficient practice  |

|              |  |                               | which meets the standard.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.2.NSO.1.1 | Read and write numbers from 0 to 1,000 using standard form, expanded form and word form.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | SE uses one example and guided practice on p. 446 and goes right to independent practice for decomposing numbers. More instruction is needed.  |
| MA.2.NSO.1.2 | Compose and decompose three-digit numbers in multiple ways using hundreds, tens and ones. Demonstrate each composition or decomposition with objects, drawings and expressions or equations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Ample practice. Sequencing is good.  |
| MA.2.NSO.1.3 | Plot, order and compare whole numbers up to 1,000.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Ample practice. Sequencing is good.  |
| MA.2.NSO.1.4 | Round whole numbers from 0 to 100 to the nearest 10.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Rounding is taught apart from place value as estimation in word problems, which is good. However, it's never looked at again when students are plotting, comparing and ordering. Thus they are not making a connection between the concepts. |
| MA.2.NSO.2.1 | Recall addition facts with sums to 20 and related subtraction facts with automaticity.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Instruction is not in isolation with other benchmarks.   |
| MA.2.NSO.2.2 | Identify the number that is ten more, ten less, one hundred more and one hundred less than a given three-digit number.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Teaches the concept and revisits it with money farther on, but some of the lessons cited are a stretch to  |

|                |  |                               | meet the standard. Specifically Topic 10 lessons 7 & 9 barely touch the standard.  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.2.NSO.2.3   | Add two whole numbers with sums up to 100 with procedural reliability. Subtract a whole number from a whole number, each no larger than 100, with procedural reliability.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Ample practice, multiple methods taught allowing students to choose the one they can use reliably.   |
| MA.2.NSO.2.4   | Explore the addition of two whole numbers with sums up to 1,000. Explore the subtraction of a whole number from a whole number, each no larger than 1,000.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Uses number lines,<br>and place value<br>blocks.   |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The text encourages students to analyze a problem. Occasionally it adds a character with a growth mindset character. Students who struggle with reading will not be inspired to read the comments. |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  • Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The text uses several strategies, but during independent practice it focuses solely on one method at a time.   |

|                | <ul> <li>Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.</li> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul>   |                       |   |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Struggling students need more practice to develop their ability to do mental math.  |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. • Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Most of the discussion is in the margins of the TE. On one student page a character reminds students to disagree respectfully, but students need to be taught how to do this. |

|                | <ul> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>   |                               |  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts. • Look for similarities among problems. • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Used throughout.   |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Only used when teaching estimation. Text rarely asks students to check work with an inverse operation. |

|                | Evaluate results based on the given context.  |                       |   |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Text does well with, "Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences. Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems" However, it does not do well with, "Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency." |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Ample practice across text for students to explain and justify.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Text is readable for on grade level students, with the exception of names.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Some word problems include inference by nature of the wording. Student will need to infer which operation to perform. No other correlation exists.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Previous comments address this.   |

| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Students are rarely asked to explain their thinking in writing. Most of the opportunities to do this are in extra projects that many teachers will not have time to use. |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many lessons contain a speaking element in the TE. Voice in writing is not used.   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | TE contains information for teachers for ELL students.   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | TE contains information for teachers for ELL students.   |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Overall some things were very good, but there were too many points with a fair or less than fair alignment. |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Skill was well aligned, but there were some sections with insufficient practice.                            |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many of the components are extraneous like the projects, which will most likely never be used.              |

| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Multiple strategies are presented.   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Most meet the complexity of the standards.   |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Most meet student predicted abilities based upon the standards.                                |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Time periods will vary based upon student levels and mastery.                                  |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Meets expectations   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Meets expectations   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | I spotted one question with a subject verb agreement issue. Overall accuracy is not a concern. |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | No bias noted.   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Meets expectations   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | No errors noted  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Meets standards which are research based.  |

| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Appropriate and relevant.  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Appropriate for second graders.  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Problems attempt to be relevant to students interests.   |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | There is an occasional real world question that relates to science, and a STEM label is placed on it. It is less than authentic. |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Ethnic names are difficult for students to read and pronounce.   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Nothing inappropriate.   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Covered, but not with the depth needed in some areas where only one example is given before independent practice.                |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The TE includes snips of pages per lesson for reteaching, enrichment, mathematical literacy and extra practice. It is unknown if these will automatically come with the program. Often times these |

|   |                       | come as extra or black-line masters that need to be copied.   |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Aligns with components.   |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Many of the standards jump around. Rounding is not taught with place value, but with word problems much earlier in the text. Teacher may have to teach much of the curriculum out of order. |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Appears to be engaging.   |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Some lessons may need to be retaught. One day per concept can be insufficient for struggling learners.  |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Student pages appear to give sufficient room for calculating or filling in blanks.  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Meets expectations.   |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Materials are colorful. There are a variety of characters that students maybe able to associate with. |

| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Bid ideas are related to standards, but scope and sequence are off.   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | TE includes examples and possible non-examples of student work.   |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | Each lesson has one example, and often has one group practice problem. Then students are expected to be able to work independently.                                     |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The TE contains guidance and support.   |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Manipulatives are encouraged throughout.  |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Some lessons have a "Pick a Project" which relates to a/some standards. Not every student is capable of doing these projects, and they may only be used for enrichment. |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Includes hands-on and other strategies such as number lines.  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Many lessons meet the<br>Benchmark clarifications, but<br>not all.  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Assessments are correlated.   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Assessments incorporate strategies.   |

| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | UDL strategies are used throughout.  |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable? | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The individual components have a range, and overall this seems to be fair. |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Many parts are lacking for an overall Good Alignment rating.               |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | While being culturally sensitive with names and illustrations, CRT is not taught.    |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | CRT is not taught  |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | CRT is not taught  |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment      | Some lessons include growth mindset concepts, which are a component of SEL learning. |

Reviewer's Name: Alison Brannack

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 2

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade Two Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 382

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | enVision Florida is BEST and grade level appropriate. The program addresses varying levels of learners as well as varying abilities and learning modalities. The program provides accessible materials, as well as content based problem solving lens. There are strategies and tools embedded to grow |  |  |

| mathematical thinking and reasoning, and a growth |
|---|
| mindset.  |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.2.AR.1.1 | Solve one- and two-step addition and subtraction real-world problems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Problems throughout program include real world scenarios.                                     |
| MA.2.AR.2.1 | Determine and explain whether equations involving addition and subtraction are true or false.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | True or false equation analysis included  |
| MA.2.AR.2.2 | Determine the unknown whole number in an addition or subtraction equation, relating three or four whole numbers, with the unknown in any position.                       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple<br>opportunities to<br>identify an unknown<br>whole number                           |
| MA.2.AR.3.1 | Represent an even number using two equal groups or two equal addends. Represent an odd number using two equal groups with one left over or two equal addends plus 1.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Varied ways to represent even and odd numbers   |
| MA.2.AR.3.2 | Use repeated addition to find the total number of objects in a collection of equal groups. Represent the total number of objects using rectangular arrays and equations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Repeated addition using arrays & equations provided in multiple lessons                       |
| MA.2.DP.1.1 | Collect, categorize and represent data using tally marks, tables, pictographs or bar graphs. Use appropriate titles, labels and units.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many opportunities for students to organize data using tallies, bar graphs, pictographs, etc. |

| MA.2.DP.1.2 | Interpret data represented with tally marks, tables, pictographs or bar graphs including solving addition and subtraction problems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Varied charts, graphs<br>& tables for students<br>to interpret data &<br>solve problems with        |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.2.FR.1.1 | Partition circles and rectangles into two, three or four equal-sized parts. Name the parts using appropriate language, and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds or four fourths. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple opportunities to partition shapes & academic vocabulary included to name partitioned parts |
| MA.2.FR.1.2 | Partition rectangles into two, three or four equal-sized parts in two different ways showing that equal-sized parts of the same whole may have different shapes.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple opportunities to partition shapes & to see new shapes created by partitioning              |
| MA.2.GR.1.1 | Identify and draw two-dimensional figures based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to triangles, rectangles, squares, pentagons, hexagons and octagons.                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate focus on specified shapes to be drawn & identified                                      |
| MA.2.GR.1.2 | Categorize two-dimensional figures based on<br>the number and length of sides, number of<br>vertices, whether they are closed or not and<br>whether the edges are curved or straight.      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple opportunities to categorize shapes based on specified attributes                           |
| MA.2.GR.1.3 | Identify line(s) of symmetry for a two-<br>dimensional figure.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Lines of symmetry covered   |
| MA.2.GR.2.1 | Explore perimeter as an attribute of a figure by placing unit segments along the boundary without gaps or overlaps. Find perimeters of rectangles by counting unit segments.               | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Opportunity to explore perimeter  |
| MA.2.GR.2.2 | Find the perimeter of a polygon with whole-<br>number side lengths. Polygons are limited to<br>triangles, rectangles, squares and pentagons.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple opportunities to find the perimeter of polygons  |

| MA.2.M.1.1   | Estimate and measure the length of an object to the nearest inch, foot, yard, centimeter or meter by selecting and using an appropriate tool.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many opportunities to estimate & measure lengths                                     |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.2.M.1.2   | Measure the lengths of two objects using the same unit and determine the difference between their measurements.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Multiple opportunities to measure & compare lengths                                  |
| MA.2.M.1.3   | Solve one- and two-step real-world measurement problems involving addition and subtraction of lengths given in the same units.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Opportunities provided to solve problems with same unit lengths                      |
| MA.2.M.2.1   | Using analog and digital clocks, tell and write time to the nearest five minutes using a.m. and p.m. appropriately. Express portions of an hour using the fractional terms half an hour, half past, quarter of an hour, quarter after and quarter til. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple opportunities to read and write time & utilize expressions of time          |
| MA.2.M.2.2   | Solve one- and two-step addition and subtraction real-world problems involving either dollar bills within \$100 or coins within 100¢ using \$ and ¢ symbols appropriately.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many opportunities<br>to engage with<br>problems involving<br>dollar bills and coins |
| MA.2.NSO.1.1 | Read and write numbers from 0 to 1,000 using standard form, expanded form and word form.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many opportunities<br>to read & write<br>numbers in varying<br>forms                 |
| MA.2.NSO.1.2 | Compose and decompose three-digit numbers in multiple ways using hundreds, tens and ones. Demonstrate each composition or decomposition with objects, drawings and expressions or equations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many varied opportunities to compose and decompose numbers included                  |
| MA.2.NSO.1.3 | Plot, order and compare whole numbers up to 1,000.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate opportunities to plot, compare & order numbers included                  |
| MA.2.NSO.1.4 | Round whole numbers from 0 to 100 to the nearest 10.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Rounding numbers embedded in lessons   |

| MA.2.NSO.2.1   | Recall addition facts with sums to 20 and related subtraction facts with automaticity.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Recall automaticity<br>embedded across a<br>multitude of lessons   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.2.NSO.2.2   | Identify the number that is ten more, ten less, one hundred more and one hundred less than a given three-digit number.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Appropriate amount of opportunities to identify numbers more or less than a given number   |
| MA.2.NSO.2.3   | Add two whole numbers with sums up to 100 with procedural reliability. Subtract a whole number from a whole number, each no larger than 100, with procedural reliability.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multitude of opportunities to add/subtract whole numbers reliably with procedures explicitly taught  |
| MA.2.NSO.2.4   | Explore the addition of two whole numbers with sums up to 1,000. Explore the subtraction of a whole number from a whole number, each no larger than 1,000.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Addition & subtraction of larger whole numbers lessons included in the program   |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | many supports embedded (I Can statements, 3 act tasks, discourse structures, etc) in program focused on analyzing, questioning, persevering, & collaboration |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many opportunities to represent understanding in varying ways  |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:</li> <li>Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.</li> <li>Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.</li> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul> |                               | including manipulatives, drawings, charts/graphs, etc.   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  • Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  • Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  • Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  • Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  • Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Program allows for flexibility & adapting to solve tasks fluently                                    |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Solve & share, higher order thinking, etc are embedded to support mathematical discourse & reasoning |

|                | <ul> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>   |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Structures embedded in program to support scaffolding learning (solve & share, visual learning bridge, performance tasks, independent practice, etc. |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  • Estimate to discover possible solutions.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Thinking & reasoning habits, Convince Me problems, etc included to provide supports for assessing solutions  |

|                | <ul> <li>Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.</li> <li>Check calculations when solving problems.</li> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul>  |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real world contexts<br>embedded<br>throughout lessons  |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Explanations encouraged in each lesson, the Look Back section of lessons and in the Solve & Share tasks. |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Word problems, Higher Order Thinking tasks, provide opportunities for reading grade level texts          |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple sections of each lessons allow for inferencing  |

| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many opportunities for collaboration and mathematical discourse embedded across lessons,                           |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Tone is set by program for quality work; rubrics and possible answers provided for teachers for grading/reflection |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Student voice & tone established through tasks & projects  |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | ELL supports embedded in every lesson & scaffolding strategies provided for teachers to utilize                    |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | ELL supports embedded in every lesson & scaffolding strategies provided for teachers to utilize                    |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Grade level appropriate, standards & learning outcomes aligned                                    |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate skill level embedded within curriculum; differentiation strategies embedded as needed |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | differentiation strategies embedded as needed;  |

|   |                            | adaptable lessons & tasks included   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multiple modes of scaffolding provided   |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Varying difficulty levels embedded through materials; differentiated materials included        |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Ability level & grade level are appropriately considered throughout the curriculum             |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate pacing of material as well as adaptability opportunities for pacing of instruction |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Expert information noted   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Quality contribution noted   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No errors noted  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias noted  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate and relevant topics/materials  |

|  | 1                          |   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No inconsistencies noted  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Relevant and current content  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate & relevant content/materials                                  |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate materials for varying learning styles & ability levels        |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Meaningful connections can be made in every lesson                        |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Interdisciplinary connections to reading, writing, STEM, etc are embedded |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias noted   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No inhumanity noted   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is covered appropriately and deeply in the program                |

| Presentation | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|

| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multitude of materials provided to address learning outcomes                            |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Components aligned  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Logical organization & consistency noted  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Visuals & content engaging for all learners; scaffolding strategies embedded throughout |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Pacing is appropriate & can be adapted as needed  |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials are accessible to all learners  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Accessible, adaptable, & content is appropriately presented for grade level learning    |
|   |                            |   |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                                  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Growth mindset prompts/statements embedded in lessons |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Lessons focus on big ideas & connect with each other  |

| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Clear information & outcomes embedded in explicit instruction   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Visual bridge tools, supports embedded in lessons to support independence   |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Varying levels supported with tools in each lesson - teacher materials have differentiated strategies & materials available |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Engagement strategies embedded in each lesson   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Logical extensions provided for each lesson based on varying levels of learners   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Instructional strategies align with targeted learning outcomes  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Effective teaching strategies embedded throughout program   |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Varied assessment strategies appropriate for learning outcomes embedded   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Varied assessment strategies appropriate for learning outcomes embedded   |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | UDL strategies noted  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | EE & MTR standards addressed appropriately  |

| Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?  |                            |   |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.) | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Learning requirements are satisfied with this program |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No CRT noted  |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No CRT noted  |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No CRT/Social Justice noted   |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | SEL embedded is appropriate for mathematical mindsets, no CRT noted |

Reviewer's Name: Brooke Erdman

**Title:** enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 2

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade Two Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 382

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | The SAVVAS enVision Florida materials were very well thought out and did an excellent job at aligning the curriculum to the Florida BEST Standards. The curriculum goes beyond just a student textbook and includes a lot of additional resources for teachers to help scaffold student learning. It is a great learning tool that outlines the learning targets clearly for |  |  |

teachers. The tools and resources available to view are easy to navigate, and the TE outlines other materials that teachers can use for intervention and enrichment. There are a couple of areas that may have been a little bit challenging for second graders (see my justification comments), but it did not affect the overall correlation to the Florida BEST Standards. Overall, I would recommend these materials to be adopted for state use.

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.2.AR.1.1 | Solve one- and two-step addition and subtraction real-world problems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are a variety of one and two step addition and subtraction problems throughout the instructional materials. They are easy for students to relate to.                     |
| MA.2.AR.2.1 | Determine and explain whether equations involving addition and subtraction are true or false.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The alignment to the standard is very good. There are a variety of equations, as well as a focus on the understanding of the equal sign. It followed benchmark clarifications. |
| MA.2.AR.2.2 | Determine the unknown whole number in an addition or subtraction equation, relating three or four whole numbers, with the unknown in any position.                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | In example problems,<br>the unknown number<br>was located in<br>multiple positions.  |
| MA.2.AR.3.1 | Represent an even number using two equal groups or two equal addends. Represent an odd number using two equal groups with one left over or two equal addends plus 1. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Excellent representation of even and odd with the linking cubes  |

|             |  |                               | making equal (even)<br>groups or even<br>groups plus one<br>(odd).   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.2.AR.3.2 | Use repeated addition to find the total number of objects in a collection of equal groups. Represent the total number of objects using rectangular arrays and equations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great use of arrays<br>and repeated addition<br>within problems.   |
| MA.2.DP.1.1 | Collect, categorize and represent data using tally marks, tables, pictographs or bar graphs. Use appropriate titles, labels and units.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There is good use of charts, tables, graphs, etc. However, I would combining tallies, money, graphs, etc in Lesson 9-5 is very confusing for second graders. I understand focusing on MA.K12.MTR.5.1. in order to connect mathematical concepts, but in today's digital world, physical money/coins is challenging for students to relate to. Relating coins to tally marks in order to make patterns just does not make sense, especially in relation to this standard. |
| MA.2.DP.1.2 | Interpret data represented with tally marks, tables, pictographs or bar graphs including solving addition and subtraction problems.                                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lots of good practice for interpreting data. There are sections that ask for solutions to addition and subtraction problems based on the data in the charts, graphs, etc.  |

| MA.2.FR.1.1 | Partition circles and rectangles into two, three or four equal-sized parts. Name the parts using appropriate language, and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds or four fourths. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Uses appropriate language and allows for practice with halves, thirds, and fourths.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.2.FR.1.2 | Partition rectangles into two, three or four equal-sized parts in two different ways showing that equal-sized parts of the same whole may have different shapes.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Solve and Share and<br>Visual Learning Bridge<br>offer excellent<br>practice with this.  |
| MA.2.GR.1.1 | Identify and draw two-dimensional figures based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to triangles, rectangles, squares, pentagons, hexagons and octagons.                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covered the required shapes and their attributes.  |
| MA.2.GR.1.2 | Categorize two-dimensional figures based on<br>the number and length of sides, number of<br>vertices, whether they are closed or not and<br>whether the edges are curved or straight.      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Visual Learning Bridge<br>did a great job<br>explaining this.  |
| MA.2.GR.1.3 | Identify line(s) of symmetry for a two-<br>dimensional figure.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Includes appropriate practice for symmetry.  |
| MA.2.GR.2.1 | Explore perimeter as an attribute of a figure by placing unit segments along the boundary without gaps or overlaps. Find perimeters of rectangles by counting unit segments.               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Followed clarifications on real world application-would recommend more real world objects in the independent practice section. |
| MA.2.GR.2.2 | Find the perimeter of a polygon with whole-<br>number side lengths. Polygons are limited to<br>triangles, rectangles, squares and pentagons.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Includes appropriate practice for perimeter using whole lengths.   |
| MA.2.M.1.1  | Estimate and measure the length of an object to the nearest inch, foot, yard, centimeter or meter by selecting and using an appropriate tool.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great alignment- included components covering the clarifications of this standard (ruler as number line, estimating            |

|            |  |                               | measurements, comparing, etc).   |
|------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.2.M.1.2 | Measure the lengths of two objects using the same unit and determine the difference between their measurements.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Includes practice for measurement and finding the differences.   |
| MA.2.M.1.3 | Solve one- and two-step real-world measurement problems involving addition and subtraction of lengths given in the same units.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple points of practice for measurement using one and two step problems.   |
| MA.2.M.2.1 | Using analog and digital clocks, tell and write time to the nearest five minutes using a.m. and p.m. appropriately. Express portions of an hour using the fractional terms half an hour, half past, quarter of an hour, quarter after and quarter til. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Utilized both a number line and partitioning of circles as described in the clarifications.  |
| MA.2.M.2.2 | Solve one- and two-step addition and subtraction real-world problems involving either dollar bills within \$100 or coins within 100¢ using \$ and ¢ symbols appropriately.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | While this does align, I would recommend not doing as many problems with the half dollar. Again, relevance with our students. They are more likely to interact with other coins or digital currency in their everyday lives. Adding in the half dollar to so many problems is confusing. Also consider removing questions pertaining to coins from other countries, as this is irrelevant to the standard. |

| MA.2.NSO.1.1 | Read and write numbers from 0 to 1,000 using standard form, expanded form and word form.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Follows guidelines and includes practice for numbers 0-1000.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.2.NSO.1.2 | Compose and decompose three-digit numbers in multiple ways using hundreds, tens and ones. Demonstrate each composition or decomposition with objects, drawings and expressions or equations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple ways for students to practice number decomposition.  |
| MA.2.NSO.1.3 | Plot, order and compare whole numbers up to 1,000.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Offered good practice for plotting and using the expressions , and =.   |
| MA.2.NSO.1.4 | Round whole numbers from 0 to 100 to the nearest 10.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate resources provided for rounding numbers.  |
| MA.2.NSO.2.1 | Recall addition facts with sums to 20 and related subtraction facts with automaticity.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good practice, especially using related facts to add. For example, using the doubles plus one strategy in order to help create more automaticity. |
| MA.2.NSO.2.2 | Identify the number that is ten more, ten less, one hundred more and one hundred less than a given three-digit number.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good practice for ten more, ten less.   |
| MA.2.NSO.2.3 | Add two whole numbers with sums up to 100 with procedural reliability. Subtract a whole number from a whole number, each no larger than 100, with procedural reliability.                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Includes a lot of opportunities to practice procedural reliability throughout the materials.  |
| MA.2.NSO.2.4 | Explore the addition of two whole numbers with sums up to 1,000. Explore the subtraction of a whole number from a whole number, each no larger than 1,000.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Has multiple means of practice for adding and subtracting two whole numbers to 1000.  |

| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The TE does a great job of diving deep into questions to ask students that help them analyze the problem/problem solving process.                     |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many opportunities throughout the series to use manipulatives and visual representations (i.e. number lines, drawings, base ten blocks, models, etc). |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Practice available for a variety of problem solving methods. Also resources available (as stated in the TE) for fluency practice.                     |

|                | <ul> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>   |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. • Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. • Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. • Justify results by explaining methods and processes. • Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | In the TE there are lots of suggestions for classroom conversation. Also, the Convince Me topics can also be utilized for this MTR if students are sharing with their peers and utilize different problem solving methods. |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There is a lot of practice that involves numerical patterns and representation of patterns (i.e. number lines, repeated addition).   |

|                | <ul> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Solve and Share and Visual Learning Bridge are just two of many components that allow for students to explain the reasonableness of their solution. |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and                                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Many math problems related to real world concepts to support student understanding and application.   |

|                | methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.  |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are lots of opportunities to share thinking and provide justification of your answer. This can be done with some of the real world type/ story problem type problems included in the series.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Some of the words and vocabulary are a little more advanced in the examples provided by the publisher. There are some that second grade students would be able to read and respond to independently, while others (especially like the one on SE p.10), where students would need the text read aloud to them at that point in the year. |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students infer based on the word problems and must comprehend what they are reading to solve.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | SAVVAS provides a lot of opportunity for student discussion  |

|                  |  |                               | within their Solve and Shares.                                     |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This is incorporated throughout the text.                          |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students will do this when explaining problem solving strategies.  |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | ELL support is listed in the TE.                                   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Language Support Handbook is provided to assist with ELL learning. |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | SAVVAS aligns very well with<br>the BEST standards and shows<br>in the TE which benchmarks<br>are being covered under which<br>topic.                               |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes, there is a lot of rigor throughout.  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | SAVVAS offers a variety of tools and resources throughout their curriculum to support student learning. There are consumable and virtual options readily available. |

| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There is a lot of opportunity to practice, and the TE outlines additional materials as well.  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Complexity of content matches the standards.  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Most of the materials are of appropriate rigor. There are some items as mentioned in previous justifications that are a bit more complex for students that what is appropriate for 2nd grade. |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes, there is more practice for complex tasks, and less material for less challenging topics.   |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes, the cited sources reflected expert information.  |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are a lot of opportunities for classroom discussion, as well as plenty of independent practice for students.  |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No errors were noted during this review.  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias noted.  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content was focused on math throughout.   |

| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No mistakes noted.   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It was good to see practice with addition and subtraction using base ten models instead of the traditional algorithm |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content was appropriate to second graders, and the teacher resources were appropriate for second grade teachers. |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content was appropriate for second graders.  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Many of the world problem topics were that of which students could relate to.  |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good relationship to communication standards.  |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No unfair bias noted.  |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Nothing inappropriate was noted within the materials provided.   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks were covered in the material.   |

| Presentation | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|

| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The TE was incredibly thorough and will be very useful to all teacheres.   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All components aligned.  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials were logically organized in a way that made sense.   |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | As stated in previous justifications, there are some word problems and charts (specifically the tally charts with the coins) that are a bit more difficult for second graders to grasp. Everything else was engaging and seemed age appropriate. |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum seemed paced out at an appropriate rate.  |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials offered multiple tools for students and teachers to interact with.   |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | It was very easy to navigate and find the materials to review.   |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Many components including the 3 Act Math and Solve and Shares provided motivating material for students. |

| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content was very thorough.   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The TE did an excellent job of doing this in depth.  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was a lot of opportunity for teachers to use this material with the students, in smaller groups, independent practice, etc.    |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The TE listed intervention options, higher order thinking questions, etc.  |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials were engaging in their look as well as the content.  |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There way many items within the materials that allowed for engaging student practice (i.e. digital resources, STEM activities, etc). |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Objectives, essential understandings, benchmarks, standards, etc are all listed.   |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The strategies incorporated were effective in teaching the various topics.   |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials all appeared to correlate with their targeted outcomes.  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There were many questions that allowed for student practice towards assessment, and helped set students up for success with testing. |

| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.                      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This curriculum considered all student needs and allowed for a lot of scaffolding (as presented throughout the TE).  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The application was very appropriate.  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | These materials satisfy learning requirements. There are a variety of materials available to reach students on, below, or above grade level. There are clear examples and guidance in the TE, and the student practice aligns with the BEST standards. |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No CRT noted.                       |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials omitted CRT.              |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Social Justice topics were omitted. |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No SEL topics were covered.         |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Jason Rhodes

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 2

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

**Author:** R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** 5012040 - Grade Two Mathematics

**Bid ID: 382** 

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response Savvas digital products meet Web Content Accessibility Guidelines/508 Standards. enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics ©2023 on SavvasRealize.com provides flexibility and options with presentation features for students using the instructional materials. - Fonts: -- eText layouts and page features allow students to easily adjust font size for optimal viewing. Text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200%. -- Colors and background colors can be adjusted via device manufacturers' built-in settings or built-in browser settings (i.e., brightness of tablets, dimming of screens, color of fonts and backgrounds, etc - Background: High color contrast settings are available in Realize Reader. - Text-to-speech tools are supported using assistive technology that follows standards. Please see our response to Question 4 below for specific solutions and tools. - Images - Navigation elements and content images have alternative descriptions. - Video Closed Captioning — All student-facing videos have either text on screen or closed captioning. - Refreshable Braille Displays - The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format.

| Review  | Rating                | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains simple tools to change font and font size. The menu also includes an option to change the size of icons on the site. There is no option to change font color on the site, the publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |

| Background: High contrast color settings are available.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains options for changing the contrast of the site. They offer 3 options (Black on White, White on Black, and Yellow on Black) on the site.                            |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Text-to-speech tools.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There seems to be no built in option on the site for Text to Speech. The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |
| All images have alt tags.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Alt text does not appear when the mouse is hovered over an image.  Descriptive alt text is present when using screen reading software.  |
| All videos are captioned.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states videos have text on screen or closed captions available. I did not see a video in the sample site to confirm.  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states "The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format." I do not have the software to confirm.          |

### 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Non-text navigation elements such as buttons, icons, and arrows can be adjusted in size using screen magnification software or built-in device and browser options. The keyboard can be used to navigate the site and menu items, and navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students.  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Keyboard shortcuts are available and work. A list of commands is found in the settings menu, as is the option to turn shortcuts on/off.  There is no option to change or customize the shortcuts. |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Publisher states that navigational information can be sent to a refreshable braille device. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

### 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Within the Interactive Student Edition, users can highlight using yellow, rose, blue, and green. Once a section of text is highlighted, users are able to copy and paste it into another document or interface. This process can be repeated with additional sections of text. Additionally, students can add annotations to highlighted text as well as use the notebook feature to take notes.

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments   |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighters are available in all four colors, and the option to highlight pops up automatically when text is highlighted with the mouse. This menu also includes options to circle or underline the text – and these are available in the four colors as well.        |
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text and annotations are automatically copied and gathered in their own menu page. Here, the text can be searched and sorted. There is also an option to export all the highlighted texts to an RTF file that can be saved and moved.                      |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text can be annotated, and an icon indicates where on the page annotations are. There is also a Notebook option that allows students to take notes on a page without the highlighted text. Both of these options are searchable and fairly easy to access. |

## 4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response Savvas digital products are tested across many assistive technology software solutions: - Magnification -- ZoomText Magnification/Reader - Text-to-Speech -- NonVisual Desktop Access (NVDA) (Windows/Firefox/Chrome) -- JAWS Screen Reader (Windows/Firefox) -- VoiceOver (iOS/Safari browser) -- VoiceOver (OS/Safari browser) - Text-to-American Sign Language -- We have explored options for a Text-to-American Sign Language software but do not have a solution for our platform at this time. - On-screen Keyboards -- Supports on-screen keyboards via commonly used tablets and other touch enabled devices - Switch Scanning Controls -- Standard switch scanning control software can be used with SavvasRealize instructional content. - Speech-to-Text -- Dragon Naturally Speaking speech recognition software

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments  |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Publisher listed several AT softwares that are compatible with their site. I also tested the onscreen keyboard and speech to text tool built into Mac computers as well as Read and Write. All of |
| Speech-to-text.  |                               | these functioned with the site.   |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response We offer a print student edition textbook, which matches the content we provide in our digital platform, Savvas Realize. Assessments and worksheets found in Savvas digital products can be printed out for students and are also found in corresponding print ancillary materials. Additionally Savvas supports and complies with the Individuals with Disabilities Act of 2004 and the terms of the National Instructional Materials Access Center, NIMAC. Savvas routinely uploads most eligible materials to the NIMAC at the time of the first classroom-ready printing to support instructional materials available in Braille, large print, audio, and other specialized formats.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher offers paper based books that match the online workbooks, and they state they have other accessible versions available. |

Reviewer's Name: Kim Baggs

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 3

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade Three Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 383

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | The materials are consistently set up for streamlined procedures. There are ample opportunities for students to problem solve, use metacognitive strategies, work independently, with small groups and in a whole group setting. The TE guide has ample resources for both a new and seasoned teacher to aid in better instruction for the |  |  |

mathematical topic. The inclusion of videos for teachers, students and parents will enable a cohesive thinking about the teaching and learning of mathematics. Problem based learning and enrichment moves application into a higher order of thinking for students who are ready and thus promotes continuous learning and not just a "I'm done!" mentality. The projects, Visual Learning Bridge, Analyze Student Work, Topic Openers, 3 ACT Math, Classroom discussion of strategies and key ideas and Let's Investigate capture the fun and struggle of learning in a way that will change the way students think about math for the better. I feel these strengthen the effectiveness of the program. Incorporating the Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning within the lessons strengthen the program as well. The aforementioned are reasons I feel this program would be effective as a teaching/learning tool for not only teachers and students but also parents (with the inclusion of the QR code for use at home).

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.AR.1.1 | Apply the distributive property to multiply a one-digit number and two-digit number. Apply properties of multiplication to find a product of one-digit whole numbers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covers standard and spirals back around  |
| MA.3.AR.1.2 | Solve one- and two-step real-world problems involving any of four operations with whole numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covers standard,<br>spirals and connects<br>with other standards   |
| MA.3.AR.2.1 | Restate a division problem as a missing factor problem using the relationship between multiplication and division.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Standard is introduced and stacked with other standards. However, there is no symbolic representation of the missing factor using any symbol or letter |

|             |  |                               | in the introductory lesson.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.AR.2.2 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving multiplication or division is true or false.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students have multiple opportunities to determine if equations are true or false                       |
| MA.3.AR.2.3 | Determine the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division equation, relating three whole numbers, with the unknown in any position.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Unknowns are represented with letters/symbols and are represented on both sides of the equations       |
| MA.3.AR.3.1 | Determine and explain whether a whole number from 1 to 1,000 is even or odd.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Pages 143-144 don't match up   |
| MA.3.AR.3.2 | Determine whether a whole number from 1 to 144 is a multiple of a given one-digit number.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Encourages skip counting to determine if factor is a multiple and only briefly mentions using division |
| MA.3.AR.3.3 | Identify, create and extend numerical patterns.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | SE Pages 51-52 are project pages, minimal use of division which is part of the benchmark clarification |
| MA.3.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical and categorical data with whole-number values using tables, scaled pictographs, scaled bar graphs or line plots. Use appropriate titles, labels and units. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | SE Pages 555-556 are project pages and the actual instruction begins on 557-560 which isn't listed.    |
| MA.3.DP.1.2 | Interpret data with whole-number values represented with tables, scaled pictographs, circle graphs, scaled bar graphs or line plots by solving one- and two-step problems.                 | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Again, pages appear<br>to be slightly off at<br>the beginning of<br>lesson 12                          |

| MA.3.FR.1.1 | Represent and interpret unit fractions in the form 1/n as the quantity formed by one part when a whole is partitioned into n equal parts.                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Pages 455-456 are project pages. Uses visual models according to the benchmark clarifications   |
|-------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.3.FR.1.2 | Represent and interpret fractions, including fractions greater than one, in the form of as the result of adding the unit $\frac{1}{n}$ to itself $m$ times.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Pages 455-456 are project pages.  |
| MA.3.FR.1.3 | Read and write fractions, including fractions greater than one, using standard form, numeral-word form and word form.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Connects standard with previous standard  |
| MA.3.FR.2.1 | Plot, order and compare fractional numbers with the same numerator or the same denominator.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Pages 455-456 are project pages. Students plot and order fractions using a number line  |
| MA.3.FR.2.2 | Identify equivalent fractions and explain why they are equivalent.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Consistent use of fraction bars to represent equivalent fractions. Benchmark clarification specifically states students are not generating equivalent fractions only comparing the. |
| MA.3.GR.1.1 | Describe and draw points, lines, line segments, rays, intersecting lines, perpendicular lines and parallel lines. Identify these in two-dimensional figures. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Pages 183-186 do not<br>correlate with GR.1.1,<br>It is linked to MTRs<br>and AR.1.2, NSO.2.4.<br>Pages 203-206 are<br>aligned with GR.1.1  |
| MA.3.GR.1.2 | Identify and draw quadrilaterals based on their defining attributes. Quadrilaterals  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Drawing representations are reasonably accurate.  |

|             | include parallelograms, rhombi, rectangles, squares and trapezoids.  |                               | Clarifications call for<br>the quadrilaterals to<br>be filled, outlined or<br>both when<br>identifying. They were<br>only outlined. |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.3.GR.1.3 | Draw line(s) of symmetry in a two-<br>dimensional figure and identify line-<br>symmetric two-dimensional figures.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Follows benchmark clarifications completely   |
| MA.3.GR.2.1 | Explore area as an attribute of a two-dimensional figure by covering the figure with unit squares without gaps or overlaps. Find areas of rectangles by counting unit squares. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Follows Benchmark clarifications  |
| MA.3.GR.2.2 | Find the area of a rectangle with whole-<br>number side lengths using a visual model<br>and a multiplication formula.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Page 201 is a project page.Follows benchmark clarifications   |
| MA.3.GR.2.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the perimeter and area of rectangles with whole-number side lengths using a visual model and a formula.                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmark<br>clarifications met   |
| MA.3.GR.2.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the perimeter and area of composite figures composed of non-overlapping rectangles with whole-number side lengths.        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covers standard and benchmark clarifications  |
| MA.3.M.1.1  | Select and use appropriate tools to measure the length of an object, the volume of liquid within a beaker and temperature.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covers standard and benchmark clarifications  |
| MA.3.M.1.2  | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with whole-number lengths, masses, weights, temperatures or liquid volumes.                                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmark<br>clarifications met   |
| MA.3.M.2.1  | Using analog and digital clocks tell and write time to the nearest minute using a.m. and p.m. appropriately.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Ample opportunity for practice. Follows   |

|              |   |                               | benchmark<br>clarifications  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.M.2.2   | Solve one- and two-step real-world problems involving elapsed time.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmark<br>clarifications met  |
| MA.3.NSO.1.1 | Read and write numbers from 0 to 10,000 using standard form, expanded form and word form.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covers standard and example use  |
| MA.3.NSO.1.2 | Compose and decompose four-digit numbers in multiple ways using thousands, hundreds, tens and ones. Demonstrate each composition or decomposition using objects, drawings and expressions or equations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Standard is covered and example given  |
| MA.3.NSO.1.3 | Plot, order and compare whole numbers up to 10,000.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Number lines are only scaled by 1,000s. Benchmark clarification states 50s, 100s, or 1,000s. |
| MA.3.NSO.1.4 | Round whole numbers from 0 to 1,000 to the nearest 10 or 100.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covers standard and example given  |
| MA.3.NSO.2.1 | Add and subtract multi-digit whole numbers including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covers standard  |
| MA.3.NSO.2.2 | Explore multiplication of two whole numbers with products from 0 to 144, and related division facts.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covers standard and benchmark clarifications   |
| MA.3.NSO.2.3 | Multiply a one-digit whole number by a multiple of 10, up to 90, or a multiple of 100, up to 900, with procedural reliability.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Covers standard and meets benchmark clarifications   |
| MA.3.NSO.2.4 | Multiply two whole numbers from 0 to 12 and divide using related facts with procedural reliability.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Needs more<br>opportunity for<br>method reliability  |

| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> </ul>   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple<br>opportunities for<br>effortful learning                    |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
|                | <ul> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   |                               |  |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple<br>opportunities to<br>represent problems in<br>multiple ways |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple<br>opportunities to<br>practice and build<br>fluency          |

|                | <ul> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>   |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are opportunities to convince, solve and share mathematical thinking                  |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are similarities among problems, students create plans and decompose complex problems |

|                | <ul> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students assess reasonableness of solution but would benefit with more estimation of possible solutions and/or situations where the student is required to make sense of the solution. |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and                              | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Most of the topics include real-world problem solving  |

|                | methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.  |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students justify in each lesson   |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Text appears to have grade level appropriate vocabulary   |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are asked what they notice, how solutions are alike, and can use project based learning to connect real world scenarios to current math standard |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students work independently as well as collaboratively. They have opportunities within the lesson to solve and share out                                  |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are following daily procedures or lesson format. This format is consistent for each lesson.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students<br>communicate and<br>justify how they got<br>their answer   |

| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Visual learning is infused throughout the lessons through the use of a Visual Learning Bridge and there are entering, emerging and developing suggestions for teachers in the TE. A language Support Handbook is provided |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Accomplished through cultural responsiveness, classroom discussions, the Visual Learning Bridge and entering, emerging and developing stages suggestions for teachers. A Language Support handbook is provided.           |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Benchmark clarifications have been included                                    |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Meets the level of the standard and benchmark clarifications                   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are a variety of ways to use the materials. Paper pencil, videos, online |

| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This is rated very good due to<br>the added video content<br>available for parents or<br>reteaching through the use of<br>the QR code |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Covers what is included within benchmark clarifications   |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Visuals are grade/age appropriate as well as word problems.   |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The scope is within 140 days of school  |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Use of Dept. of Education<br>NCTM and Global Learning<br>Consortium to name a few   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Dept. of Education, NCTM and<br>Global Learning Consortium to<br>name a few   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There are a few misaligned pages  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Various cultures are represented throughout the student book. There are also cultural connections that can be made.                   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Follows standard verbiage and benchmark clarification   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There are a few pages out of alignment that I mentioned above.  |

| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Up-to-date graphics and online learning components   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Appears orderly and purposefully laid out  |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are items available to extend learning for students  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Uses real-world examples and visuals   |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Students are given opportunities to check for reasonableness, justify, and problem solve prior to solving classic algorithms |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multiple representations   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Examples are being a good citizen and conscious consumer   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Both standards and benchmark clarifications have been addressed.   |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are ample resources as well as additional information within the teachers edition and online. |

| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Other than a few pages that were misaligned, all other resources appeared aligned.   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Layout consists of Topic Planner, Topic Math Background section, MTR Standards/EPT, Differentiated Instruction section, Mathematical Literacy section, Topic Opener section, 3-Act, Lesson Overview, English Language Learner Support Section, Engage and Explore section, Visual Learning Bridge Classroom Conversation Section, and a Guided and Independent Practice Session. |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Students in visuals are relatable, the pages are organized for and visually appealing, and most sections have enough room to write.  |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Content appears in good alignment as evidenced by the Alignment page provided by Envision  |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Magnification, text-to-speech, videos, visual aids, text to American Sign Language, provided in other languages (Spanish), voice recognition   |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Teacher Edition has a wealth of resources at the fingertips of the teacher. The layout of the student edition is relatable and visually appealing. There are a variety of assistive supports, navigation, and at a good pace.  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Visuals, Classroom conversations, topic openers, incorporates the MTRs, Let's investigate for activating prior and emerging understanding, essential question, extensions, relevant topics, questioning, language support, suggestion of manipulatives, technology connections and projects all provide motivation for students.   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Each Standard and Benchmark are part of a repeated lesson structure that lends itself to thoroughly teaching them. Teachers are given Look Backs, Look Aheads, Connecting Benchmarks, Prevent Misconceptions section, math background section, building mathematical literacy section, differentiating for each topic, and an investigate section for problem based learning to elicit productive struggle   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.                        | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The TE is set up to give teachers the information needed for explicit instruction no matter what year or level of teaching the teacher is at. There are even professional development videos on the topic. It is basically step by step with lesson resources included. There is an introduction and solve and share problem before the lesson for whole group, observe student work during the lesson for small groups, and a discussion of solution strategies and key |

|  |                            | ideas after the lesson for whole group. There is both guided and individual practice and a quick check for understanding.  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The majority of the work of the lesson is placed on students and set up for students to have productive struggle. There are ample opportunities for classroom discussions for small groups, whole group and individuals.   |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Effective teaching practices are embedded throughout, the teacher is given ideas for helping students with misconceptions, there are visual learning techniques, reteaching, buddy practice, quick checks, intervention program, games, there is also a element of student choice. |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are ideas for activity centers, projects, problem solving, extensions to the lesson, and multimedia parts of the lesson  |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | See above justification  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Problem based learning, procedural reliability review, vocabulary, review, reteaching, building background, connecting topics, essential questions, project based learning, Investigation, both individual and small group work  |

| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | See above justification   |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The teacher has multiple opportunities to use formative assessments throughout the lesson. There are error interventions, reteaching and quick checks prior to lesson assessment. Students have the opportunity to practice prior to summative assessment as well.  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | See above justification.  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Addressed - visual, SEL, ELL, culturally responsive learning, language support, intervention  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The students using the mathematical thinking and reasoning standards throughout the lessons. Language support is also embedded within the lessons.  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                 | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The submission includes culturally responsive learning, differentiated instruction, an analyze student work section for teachers, analyze and persevere exercises for students, check for reasonableness exercises, communicate and justify exercises, building mathematical fluency strategies, activity centers, problem based learning activities, math thinking and reasoning animations, problem |

| guic<br>grou<br>high<br>digi | ving leveled reading mat, ded/small up/independent practice, her order thinking exercises, ital resources, and choose cient methods exercises. |
|------------------------------|--|

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                          |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials are focused on math instruction     |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | see above justification                       |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | see above justification                       |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Suggestions are provided for a growth mindset |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Jason Rhodes

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 3

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

**Author:** R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** 5012050 - Grade Three Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 383

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### Bid Response

Savvas Response Savvas digital products meet Web Content Accessibility Guidelines/508 Standards. enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics ©2023 on SavvasRealize.com provides flexibility and options with presentation features for students using the instructional materials. - Fonts: -- eText layouts and page features allow students to easily adjust font size for optimal viewing. Text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200%. -- Colors and background colors can be adjusted via device manufacturers' built-in settings or built-in browser settings (i.e., brightness of tablets, dimming of screens, color of fonts and backgrounds, etc - Background: High color contrast settings are available in Realize Reader. - Text-to-speech tools are supported using assistive technology that follows standards. Please see our response to Question 4 below for specific solutions and tools. - Images - Navigation elements and content images have alternative descriptions. - Video Closed Captioning – All student-facing videos have either text on screen or closed captioning. - Refreshable Braille Displays - The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format.

| Review  | Rating                | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains simple tools to change font and font size. The menu also includes an option to change the size of icons on the site. There is no option to change font color on the site, the publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |

| Background: High contrast color settings are available.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains options for changing the contrast of the site. They offer 3 options (Black on White, White on Black, and Yellow on Black) on the site.                            |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Text-to-speech tools.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There seems to be no built in option on the site for Text to Speech. The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |
| All images have alt tags.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Alt text does not appear when the mouse is hovered over an image.  Descriptive alt text is present when using screen reading software.  |
| All videos are captioned.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states videos have text on screen or closed captions available. I did not see a video in the sample site to confirm.  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states that the Student Editions will work with refreshable Braille displays. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

### 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Non-text navigation elements such as buttons, icons, and arrows can be adjusted in size using screen magnification software or built-in device and browser options. The keyboard can be used to navigate the site and menu items, and navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students.  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Keyboard shortcuts are available and work. A list of commands is found in the settings menu, as is the option to turn shortcuts on/off.  There is no option to change or customize the shortcuts. |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Publisher states that navigational information can be sent to a refreshable braille device. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

### 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Within the Interactive Student Edition, users can highlight using yellow, rose, blue, and green. Once a section of text is highlighted, users are able to copy and paste it into another document or interface. This process can be repeated with additional sections of text. Additionally, students can add annotations to highlighted text as well as use the notebook feature to take notes.

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments   |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighters are available in all four colors, and the option to highlight pops up automatically when text is highlighted with the mouse. This menu also includes options to circle or underline the text – and these are available in the four colors as well.        |
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text and annotations are automatically copied and gathered in their own menu page. Here, the text can be searched and sorted. There is also an option to export all the highlighted texts to an RTF file that can be saved and moved.                      |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text can be annotated, and an icon indicates where on the page annotations are. There is also a Notebook option that allows students to take notes on a page without the highlighted text. Both of these options are searchable and fairly easy to access. |

## 4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response Savvas digital products are tested across many assistive technology software solutions: - Magnification -- ZoomText Magnification/Reader - Text-to-Speech -- NonVisual Desktop Access (NVDA) (Windows/Firefox/Chrome) -- JAWS Screen Reader (Windows/Firefox) -- VoiceOver (iOS/Safari browser) -- VoiceOver (OS/Safari browser) - Text-to-American Sign Language -- We have explored options for a Text-to-American Sign Language software but do not have a solution for our platform at this time. - On-screen Keyboards -- Supports on-screen keyboards via commonly used tablets and other touch enabled devices - Switch Scanning Controls -- Standard switch scanning control software can be used with SavvasRealize instructional content. - Speech-to-Text -- Dragon Naturally Speaking speech recognition software

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher listed several AT softwares that are compatible with their site. They do not have text-to-ASL options. I also tested the on-screen keyboard and speech to text tool built into Mac computers as well as Read and Write. All of these functioned with the site. |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response We offer a print student edition textbook, which matches the content we provide in our digital platform, Savvas Realize. Assessments and worksheets found in Savvas digital products can be printed out for students and are also found in corresponding print ancillary materials. Additionally Savvas supports and complies with the Individuals with Disabilities Act of 2004 and the terms of the National Instructional Materials Access Center, NIMAC. Savvas routinely uploads most eligible materials to the NIMAC at the time of the first classroom-ready printing to support instructional materials available in Braille, large print, audio, and other specialized formats.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher offers paper based books that match the online workbooks, and they state they have other accessible versions available. |

**Reviewer's Name:** Anita Warensford

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 3

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade Three Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 383

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes   |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 4 - Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Overall I found this curriculum to mostly cover the standards. The pictorial representations are helpful. The sequence of instruction will be beneficial for students in their learning. This program is very explicit in its instruction. Some of the picture pop ups offer answers to questions the students should be generating responses with themselves which |  |  |

takes away from their thinking. More cooperative learning and interactive learning structures would help achieve the MTRs and deepen the students thinking. Students need more opportunities to analyze problems from their peers and justify their work. Questions in the practice problems and assessments are not always as rigorous as in the BIG M.

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.AR.1.1 | Apply the distributive property to multiply a one-digit number and two-digit number. Apply properties of multiplication to find a product of one-digit whole numbers. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | pg 91-94 There is a good introduction and practice for distributive property. Within the additional pages provided there are many other problems that provide practice of multiplication and other properties.   |
| MA.3.AR.1.2 | Solve one- and two-step real-world problems involving any of four operations with whole numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are many real-world problems given to provide an abundance of opportunities that within these pages will lead to the mastery of this benchmark. There are one and two-step real-world problems that involve a variety of the four operations within whole numbers. |

| MA.3.AR.2.1 | Restate a division problem as a missing factor problem using the relationship between multiplication and division.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is very well covered by building fact families to relate division and multiplication equations. There is practice with solving division problems represented as an unknown factor in a multiplication problems as students progress through the curriculum |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.AR.2.2 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving multiplication or division is true or false.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The problems support the purposes of understanding the meaning of the equal sign and have students justify by explaining the equivalence of expressions.   |
| MA.3.AR.2.3 | Determine the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division equation, relating three whole numbers, with the unknown in any position. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Problems use letters and very little symbols to represent the unknown. Problems are include the unknown on either side of the equal sign and are limited to factors within 12.   |
| MA.3.AR.3.1 | Determine and explain whether a whole number from 1 to 1,000 is even or odd.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The problems support the purpose being to relate odd and even numbers to factors and multiples. There is limited practice with larger numbers up to 1,000.   |

| MA.3.AR.3.2 | Determine whether a whole number from 1 to 144 is a multiple of a given one-digit number.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Within the Problem Solving Section there are opportunities for work in (Adaptation) are provided.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.AR.3.3 | Identify, create and extend numerical patterns.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | There are occasional uses of ordinal numbers and opportunities to create their own numerical pattern. There are multiple opportunities for students to identify and extend patterns.   |
| MA.3.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical and categorical data with whole-number values using tables, scaled pictographs, scaled bar graphs or line plots. Use appropriate titles, labels and units. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students will have an abundance of practice. All benchmark clarifications were covered and instructional strategies were provided based on the BIG M.  |
| MA.3.DP.1.2 | Interpret data with whole-number values represented with tables, scaled pictographs, circle graphs, scaled bar graphs or line plots by solving one- and two-step problems.                 | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Teachers will need to pull from the enrichment snack time activity in order to compare two data sets other than frequency table to bar graph. Students will be asked to compare two data sets in a question in the assessment and it is contained in the topic performance task. |
| MA.3.FR.1.1 | Represent and interpret unit fractions in the form 1/n as the quantity formed by one part  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There is an abundance of practice  |

|             | when a whole is partitioned into n equal parts.  |                               | of practice that cover this benchmark fully.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.3.FR.1.2 | Represent and interpret fractions, including fractions greater than one, in the form of as the result of adding the unit $\frac{1}{n}$ to itself $m$ times.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The lessons cover the concept of adding unit fractions to itself.   |
| MA.3.FR.1.3 | Read and write fractions, including fractions greater than one, using standard form, numeral-word form and word form.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This benchmark is adequately covered.   |
| MA.3.FR.2.1 | Plot, order and compare fractional numbers with the same numerator or the same denominator.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The problems within these lessons have students plot, order, and compare fractional numbers adequately with the same denominator. However it doesn't have students order fractions with the same numerator. There are parts where they do compare them using visual models. |
| MA.3.FR.2.2 | Identify equivalent fractions and explain why they are equivalent.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This benchmark is fully covered and there are many opportunities for studentrs to use manipulatives, drawings, and number lines.  |
| MA.3.GR.1.1 | Describe and draw points, lines, line segments, rays, intersecting lines, perpendicular lines and parallel lines. Identify these in two-dimensional figures. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | These pages do not cover this benchmark, however pages 200-207 do.  |

| MA.3.GR.1.2 | Identify and draw quadrilaterals based on their defining attributes. Quadrilaterals include parallelograms, rhombi, rectangles, squares and trapezoids.                        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | These lesson provide enough practice identifying and drawing quadrilaterals based on their defining attributes. Examples include a variety of quadrilaterals and a variety of non-examples that lack one or more defining attributes. |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.3.GR.1.3 | Draw line(s) of symmetry in a two-dimensional figure and identify linesymmetric two-dimensional figures.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are multiple opportunities for students to draw lines of symmetry. All benchmark clarifications are covered within these lessons. It is more suggested that students fold paper along a line of symmetry.                       |
| MA.3.GR.2.1 | Explore area as an attribute of a two-dimensional figure by covering the figure with unit squares without gaps or overlaps. Find areas of rectangles by counting unit squares. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students explore area of a unit figure by covering the figure with unit squares. Students have multiple problems to practice finidng area of rectangles by counting unit squares.   |
| MA.3.GR.2.2 | Find the area of a rectangle with whole-<br>number side lengths using a visual model<br>and a multiplication formula.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Activities have students discover the multiplication formula based on the patterns observed. There is adequate practice using a visual model and solving using the formula.   |

| MA.3.GR.2.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the perimeter and area of rectangles with whole-number side lengths using a visual model and a formula.            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The real-world problems involve perimeter and area of rectanges using visual model and the formulas,  |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.3.GR.2.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the perimeter and area of composite figures composed of non-overlapping rectangles with whole-number side lengths. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Pg 202-202C gives a good real-world problem that addresses both benchmark clarifications for the concept of perimeter.  |
| MA.3.M.1.1  | Select and use appropriate tools to measure the length of an object, the volume of liquid within a beaker and temperature.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Most of this benchmark is covered. It lacks in covering measuring length to the nearest centimeter. According to the purpose and instructional strategy section of the Big M the purpose is for students to choose appropriate tools to measure. There was little hands-on activities that allow students to choose tools and to measure appropriately. |
| MA.3.M.1.2  | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with whole-number lengths, masses, weights, temperatures or liquid volumes.                              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The problems within the lesson, reviews, and differentiation work pages cover the benchmark clarifications.   |
| MA.3.M.2.1  | Using analog and digital clocks tell and write time to the nearest minute using a.m. and p.m. appropriately.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | There are occasional opportunities to apply knowledge and solve problems. It addresses the  |

|              |   |                               | benchmark, but the amount of practice to master telling time to the nearest minute is not sufficient. It doesn't address am and pm on these pages.  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.3.M.2.2   | Solve one- and two-step real-world problems involving elapsed time.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | There is adequate practice for students to solve one and two step real-world problems involving elapsed time.   |
| MA.3.NSO.1.1 | Read and write numbers from 0 to 10,000 using standard form, expanded form and word form.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Instruction and practice given is adequate to mastering this benchmark. Students are given opportunities to practice problems that require them to explain their thinking.  |
| MA.3.NSO.1.2 | Compose and decompose four-digit numbers in multiple ways using thousands, hundreds, tens and ones. Demonstrate each composition or decomposition using objects, drawings and expressions or equations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given many opportunities to identify ways numbers can be written. The instructional material has students utilizing objects (base-ten blocks), drawings, and expressions and equations. Students are given many problems to identifying a variety of ways to decompose the numbers according to place value. |

| MA.3.NSO.1.3 | Plot, order and compare whole numbers up to 10,000.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Activities are within the benchmark clarifications.   |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.3.NSO.1.4 | Round whole numbers from 0 to 1,000 to the nearest 10 or 100.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction doesn't include any place value representations other than horizontal number lines. Place value charts, base ten blocks, and vertical number lines are not used.                                  |
| MA.3.NSO.2.1 | Add and subtract multi-digit whole numbers including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Adequate instruction and practice is given for students to add and subtract multidigit numbers with procedural fluency. Using a standard algorithm for both addition and subtraction is within these lessons. |
| MA.3.NSO.2.2 | Explore multiplication of two whole numbers with products from 0 to 144, and related division facts.                           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction includes all benchmark clarifications. Adequate practice is given.  |
| MA.3.NSO.2.3 | Multiply a one-digit whole number by a multiple of 10, up to 90, or a multiple of 100, up to 900, with procedural reliability. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Adequate practice is given. Within lessons some instruction is geared to place value reasoning.   |
| MA.3.NSO.2.4 | Multiply two whole numbers from 0 to 12 and divide using related facts with procedural reliability.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction given to help students choose a method than can reliably use for multiplying and using division related facts.  |

|                | Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:  • Analyze the problem in a way that   |                       |   |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is an attempt to cultivate growth mindset. There is student choice in which tasks help to develop the students ability to solve problems.   |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction helps to make connections between concepts and representations. Opportunities for tudents to use manipulatives when investigating are not frequent enough. Guidance from concrete to pictorial to abstract representations is attempted. Students will need more instruction to be able to explain how various representations can have different purposes and be useful in different situations. |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | All benchmark<br>clarifications are<br>covered. Teachers<br>may need to provide   |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:</li> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>   |                       | more opportunities for students to reflection on the method they used and determine if a more efficient method could have been used throughout lessons. |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Students will need more opportunities to analyze the mathematical thinking of their peers.  |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students are provided with opportunities to create plans, procedures, and solve problems. They are encouraged to recognize patters to                   |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:</li> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                       | help them understand mathematical concepts.  |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students are given adequate opportunities to assess the reasonableness of their solutions. |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  • Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction provides opportunities for students to perform real-world investigations.      |

|                  | <ul> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate.</li> <li>Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                               |  |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Students are given some opportunities to justify their thinking.                               |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are given opportunities to read and comprehend grade-level appropriate complex tasks. |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are given opportunities to inference.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | There are some opportunities for students to use collaborative techniques.                     |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This curriculum is explicit on what format to use to create quality work.                      |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | There are some opportunities for students to speak and write.                                  |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There are ample opportunities for English Language Learners to                                 |

|                  |  |                       | communicate information to be successful.   |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are more opportunities for learners to communicate for instructional than social. |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Most of my ratings in the BEST Standards were from the good alignment.  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The content written was appropriate for the grade level and benchmarks.   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Most of the materials are adaptable and useful. More hands-on activities, guidance on discovery, and discussions that led students to justify their reasoning more in depth would be helpful. |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Students will be able to understand the significance of the topics.   |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The level of complexity in the student practice problems were usually under that of the examples in the Big M.  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Overall the level was appropriate. Teachers will need to provide deeper   |

|   |                            | questioning techniques to take students to the next level.          |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Teachers will be able to get through the content in a class period. |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The expertise for content reflects expert information.              |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The expertise was quality.  |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There were no errors found.   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was no bias found.  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content was accurate.   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials were free of mistakes from what I saw.                    |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | This content was up-to-date with strategies.                        |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Mostly the content is presented to be relevant to the benchmarks.   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is appropriate for this grade level.                    |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There are adequate real-world meaningful connections made.          |

| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | It does adequately include interdisciplinary connections.      |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | I didn't find any unfair or<br>biased portrayals.              |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The materials were humane and compassionate.                   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Overall I mostly found this content to be aligned and covered. |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Teachers will need to provide some additional teaching materials. They will also need to provide some interactive learning structures that supports the MTRs more frequently throughout the lessons. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | I found it to be aligned.  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | It was organized and consistent.   |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Visuals will be engaging.  |

| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The pace was appropriate.          |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The material is accessible.        |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Overall I found it to be adequate. |

T

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Some of the real-world activities were engaging. Also the visuals are also motivating for the learners. Students need to discuss with each other more and have more hands-on activities. Providing more learning structures would be helpful. |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Instructional materials adequately the important ideas.   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Explicit instruction is evident.  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Providing more learning structures and manipulative activities to discover would help students be more successful in this.  |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There is adequate guidance and support given to support differences in learning styles.   |

| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | There is very little physical engaging activity to support the learning process.   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There are some activities that encourage active participation of students. When they are available they are logical extensions of the content. |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The strategies included in the curriculum are strategies known to be successful.   |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The instructional strategies ae effective.   |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The assessments correlate to the materials.  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The assessment strategies are effective.   |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum considers the needs of all students.  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | It is mostly applicable.   |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Not all responses were good or very good.  |

| Special Topics | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|

| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the evaluation process I didn't find anything against it. |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | yes  |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | yes  |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | It doesn't solicit SEL.  |

Reviewer's Name: Marie Cimirro

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 4

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade Four Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 384

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes   |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 4 - Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | EnVision Florida B.E.S.T materials provided scaffolded support to reach the depth of the new standards/benchmarks. The content allows for many opportunities for students to show mastery and it builds in the Mathematical Reasoning standards throughout each unit of study. The curriculum comes in a write in consumable text as well as an |  |  |

online digital component. Both materials foster and support student mastery. Hands on learning through STEM projects, explorations, problem based and visual learning is exhibited across the book. Procedural fluency and automaticity is scaffolded in each lesson and many examples/strategies are provided. The online component as well as the text meet the needs of all learners by providing, text to speech, videos and the ability to highlight and annotate the text. SavvasRealize.com is an online learning management system which allows for the teacher to track student data, differentiate and provides additional practice with automatic feedback and scores. EnVision Florida provides family resources to support at home learning and a Practice Buddy to allow for more ways to gain mastery. Some of the questioning lacked rigor but the project based learning and STEM activities made up for that. The book is presented in a way to benefit all learners and keep them engaged. Only a few units lacked explicit instructional strategies and limited guided practice questions. The resources and learning materials provided help meet the needs of all learners and subgroups in a unbiased way. Overall, the material meets the learning objectives, presents content in a variety of ways, embeds all fluency and mathematical reasoning standards to promote student mastery. The curriculum is in depth and will benefit the teachers with all the materials in one place and access to a variety of materials to support student learning without needing to go elsewhere. The units are well thought out and have appropriate pacing to allow flexibility in the pacing calendars. As a result and all things considered EnVision Florida B.E.S.T will meet the needs of all learners in a rigorous manner.

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating    | Rating Justification                     |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.4.AR.1.1 | Solve real-world problems involving multiplication and division of whole numbers | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Multiple<br>opportunities for<br>mastery |

|             | including problems in which remainders must be interpreted within the context.   |                               |  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.AR.1.2 | Solve real-world problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions with like denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one.                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Multiple<br>opportunities for<br>mastery   |
| MA.4.AR.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving multiplication of a fraction by a whole number or a whole number by a fraction.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple<br>opportunities for<br>mastery and student<br>led explorations                     |
| MA.4.AR.2.1 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving any of the four operations with whole numbers is true or false.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Multiple opportunities for practice but not a lot of strategies given to solve               |
| MA.4.AR.2.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write an equation involving multiplication or division to determine the unknown whole number with the unknown in any position. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Multiple opportunities for practice but not a lot of strategies given to solve               |
| MA.4.AR.3.1 | Determine factor pairs for a whole number from 0 to 144. Determine whether a whole number from 0 to 144 is prime, composite or neither.                                    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Vast opportunities for practice including visuals models, word problems, projects and charts |
| MA.4.AR.3.2 | Generate, describe and extend a numerical pattern that follows a given rule.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Vast opportunities for practice including visuals models, word problems, projects and charts |
| MA.4.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical data, including fractional values, using tables, stem-and-leaf plots or line plots.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Vast opportunities for practice including visuals models, word problems, projects and charts |

| MA.4.DP.1.2 | Determine the mode, median or range to interpret numerical data including fractional values, represented with tables, stem-and-leaf plots or line plots.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Vast opportunities for practice including visuals models, word problems, projects and charts. A lot of opportunities to show mastery with hands on project options |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.DP.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving numerical data.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Data is provided and students can organize and solve problems using stem leaf plots, line plots and charts.  |
| MA.4.FR.1.1 | Model and express a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with the denominator 10 as an equivalent fraction with the denominator 100.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 3 act tasks, explorations, problem solving investigations are all provided in this lesson to show understanding and develop mastery                                |
| MA.4.FR.1.2 | Use decimal notation to represent fractions with denominators of 10 or 100, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, and use fractional notation with denominators of 10 or 100 to represent decimals. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 3 act tasks, explorations, problem solving investigations are all provided in this lesson to show understanding and develop mastery                                |
| MA.4.FR.1.3 | Identify and generate equivalent fractions, including fractions greater than one.  Describe how the numerator and denominator are affected when the equivalent fraction is created.                                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | STEM project, visual models, number lines, bar models used to provide students with strategies to gain mastery   |
| MA.4.FR.1.4 | Plot, order and compare fractions, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with different numerators and different denominators.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | STEM project, visual models, number lines, bar models used to provide students with strategies to gain mastery   |

| MA.4.FR.2.1 | Decompose a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in multiple ways. Demonstrate each decomposition with objects, drawings and equations. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The lesson is short, opportunities to practice but not a lot of strategies given  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.FR.2.2 | Add and subtract fractions with like denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with procedural reliability.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | STEM project, visual models, number lines, bar models used to provide students with strategies to gain mastery                |
| MA.4.FR.2.3 | Explore the addition of a fraction with denominator of 10 to a fraction with denominator of 100 using equivalent fractions.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Multiple ways to show equivalent fractions, models, connection to money,  |
| MA.4.FR.2.4 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication to explore the multiplication of a fraction by a whole number or a whole number by a fraction.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Projects and explorations are provided in this lesson along with real world examples to deepen understanding and show mastery |
| MA.4.GR.1.1 | Informally explore angles as an attribute of two-dimensional figures. Identify and classify angles as acute, right, obtuse, straight or reflex.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Projects, real world examples and multiple strategies and opportunities to practice are given                                 |
| MA.4.GR.1.2 | Estimate angle measures. Using a protractor, measure angles in whole-number degrees and draw angles of specified measure in whole-number degrees. Demonstrate that angle measure is additive.                          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Projects, real world examples and multiple strategies and opportunities to practice are given                                 |
| MA.4.GR.1.3 | Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving unknown whole-number angle measures. Write an equation to represent the unknown.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Projects, real world examples and multiple strategies and opportunities to practice are given                                 |

|             |   |                               | along with hands on explorations   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.GR.2.1 | Solve perimeter and area mathematical and real-world problems, including problems with unknown sides, for rectangles with whole-number side lengths.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Real world examples<br>and higher order<br>thinking questions are<br>provided for practice   |
| MA.4.GR.2.2 | Solve problems involving rectangles with the same perimeter and different areas or with the same area and different perimeters.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Real world examples<br>and higher order<br>thinking questions are<br>provided for practice   |
| MA.4.M.1.1  | Select and use appropriate tools to measure attributes of objects.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | STEM projects, writing activities and real life examples are provided so students can make connections and deepen understanding  |
| MA.4.M.1.2  | Convert within a single system of measurement using the units: yards, feet, inches; kilometers, meters, centimeters, millimeters; pounds, ounces; kilograms, grams; gallons, quarts, pints, cups; liter, milliliter; and hours, minutes, seconds. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | STEM projects, writing activities and real life examples are provided so students can make connections and deepen understanding. A variety of strategies and higher order thinking questions are given |
| MA.4.M.2.1  | Solve two-step real-world problems involving distances and intervals of time using any combination of the four operations.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | STEM projects, writing activities and real life examples are provided so students can make connections and deepen understanding. A variety of strategies and higher order thinking questions are given |

| MA.4.M.2.2   | Solve one- and two-step addition and subtraction real-world problems involving money using decimal notation.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Multiple methods are given for students to demonstrate mastery  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.NSO.1.1 | Express how the value of a digit in a multidigit whole number changes if the digit moves one place to the left or right. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Investigation is provided to show students hands on ways to interact with place value more examples might be needed in order to prove student mastery |
| MA.4.NSO.1.2 | Read and write multi-digit whole numbers from 0 to 1,000,000 using standard form, expanded form and word form.           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Projects, hands on explorations and using place value charts are all given to students to develop understanding                                       |
| MA.4.NSO.1.3 | Plot, order and compare multi-digit whole numbers up to 1,000,000.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Multiple methods are given for students to demonstrate mastery  |
| MA.4.NSO.1.4 | Round whole numbers from 0 to 10,000 to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are provided strategies to help estimate and round numbers appropriately using place value   |
| MA.4.NSO.1.5 | Plot, order and compare decimals up to the hundredths.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Higher order assessment questions are provided so students can demonstrate understanding  |
| MA.4.NSO.2.1 | Recall multiplication facts with factors up to 12 and related division facts with automaticity.                          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple strategies are provided to teach factors of multiplication and division  |

| MA.4.NSO.2.2 | Multiply two whole numbers, up to three digits by up to two digits, with procedural reliability.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Investigations, problem solving, hands on explorations all teach reasonableness and estimation while teaching the process of multiplication  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.NSO.2.3 | Multiply two whole numbers, each up to two digits, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Strategies are given to teach the standard algorithm and area models are given as well to support understanding.   |
| MA.4.NSO.2.4 | Divide a whole number up to four digits by a one-digit whole number with procedural reliability. Represent remainders as fractional parts of the divisor. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students have 3 project options to develop a deeper understanding of the concept, skills in mental math are shown and explained and explorations are provided to build mathematical thinking and reasoning |
| MA.4.NSO.2.5 | Explore the multiplication and division of multi-digit whole numbers using estimation, rounding and place value.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple strategies are given and students have a lot of questions to practice including using charts, line plots and word problems  |
| MA.4.NSO.2.6 | Identify the number that is one-tenth more, one-tenth less, one-hundredth more and one-hundredth less than a given number.                                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The use of models, 3 act tasks, investigations provide for multiple ways to show mastery and for students to solve word problems   |

| MA.4.NSO.2.7   | Explore the addition and subtraction of multi-digit numbers with decimals to the hundredths.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The use of models, 3 act tasks, investigations provide for multiple ways to show mastery  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple opportunities to demonstrate understanding through STEM projects, the online platform, videos, performance tasks and hands on learning materials, work with partners to share student thinking, performance tasks and 3 act tasks are provided to meet the needs of all learners |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Throughout the curriculum multiple mathematical strategies are used to help students process new information and solve problems   |

| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple opportunities to demonstrate understanding through STEM projects, the online platform, videos, performance tasks and hands on learning materials. |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | when performing calculations.  Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:   Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.  Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.  Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.  Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.  Justify results by explaining methods and processes.  Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple opportunities to demonstrate understanding through STEM projects, the online platform, videos, performance tasks and hands on learning materials. |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple opportunities to demonstrate understanding through STEM projects, the online  |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:</li> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                               | platform, videos, performance tasks and hands on learning materials.        |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Multiple<br>opportunities to<br>demonstrate<br>understanding                |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  • Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 3 act tasks and projects to promote comprehension and mathematical thinking |

|                | <ul> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                               |  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 3 act tasks and projects to promote comprehension and mathematical thinking  |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 3 act tasks and projects to promote comprehension and mathematical thinking  |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Performance tasks<br>and multiple word<br>problems are found<br>throughout the<br>curriculum and stem<br>resources for<br>engagement |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very engaging student exploration opportunities and performance tasks  |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple modalities are available to meet student needs, teachers can organize student work products through the online platform     |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Multiple ways to show mastery  |

| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | All resources are available in spanish |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | All resources are available in spanish |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Majority of the lessons were very aligned to the state standards and benchmarks                                    |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Majority of the lessons were very aligned to the state standards and benchmarks                                    |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multiple opportunities for students to demonstrate mastery and provides hands on materials to engage in the skills |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes, there are many examples and areas to practice the skills  |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Through the STEAM projects and performance tasks provides more rigorous content                                    |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Yes items matched the 4th grade standards and content limits   |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The lessons are long and detailed to give students plenty of time to master the skill                              |

| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The online components provide another resource on the subject  |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The online components provide another resource on the subject  |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No errors were noticed   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No errors were noticed   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Models and examples provided were accurate for the content   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No mistakes were noted   |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very up to date and incorporates technology and effective teaching strategies to gain mastery  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Presentation was very clear, relevant and explicit   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Visually appropriate and relevant to learners  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | STEM projects, explorations and performance tasks provide opportunities for students to make connections to what they are learning and learn the content through the method that works best for them |

| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | STEM projects, explorations and performance tasks provide opportunities for students to make connections to what they are learning and learn the content through the method that works best for them |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Nothing unfair or biased, things were presented to represent all social groups   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very appropriate   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials very well aligned  |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |  |
|--|----------------------------|--|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Plenty of practice in the lessons                                  |  |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | All components align   |  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson is setup in similar ways and is consistent and logical |  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The lessons/visuals and explorations are engaging to the age group |  |

| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The lessons are broken down and build upon each other to support student understanding   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The student online tools provides multiple ways for students with disabilities to navigate and interact with the material and can be presented in the manner that works best for the learner.  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The submission exceeds the presentation requirements, the online student learning tool allows for engaging presentations, text to speech, highlighting and note-taking abilities within the software. The textbook allows for multiple opportunities to practice and includes no errors along with incorporating images to reach all demographics. |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Providing multiple opportunities for students to interact with the material will help keep motivation because the learner can express their learning in many ways. |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Materials teach the important ideas and concepts   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.                        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Some pages lack explicit instruction   |

| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Lacks guided support questions   |  |
|--|----------------------------|--|--|
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Lacks guided support questions   |  |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Methods are presented for hands on learning  |  |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Methods are presented for hands on learning, explorations, performance tasks and STEM extensions to build on the content and make real world connections |  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Multiple teaching and instructional strategies are used in each lesson with examples to build conceptual understanding                                   |  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Multiple teaching and instructional strategies are used in each lesson with examples to build conceptual understanding                                   |  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Multiple teaching and instructional strategies are used in each lesson with examples to build conceptual understanding                                   |  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The unit assessments provide methods for students to reach the targeted outcomes.  |  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The submission allows for all students needs to be met with their online portal and features   |  |

|  |                            | like text to speech, highlighting and annotating throughout the lessons  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The mathematical thinking and reasoning standards are embedded throughout the units of study   |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The submission allows learners to build conceptual understanding and times to process the information through writing. The online portal and text meet the needs of all learners. Some units are more explicit than others and the guided questions often lack rigor to build on knowledge |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                                 |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No implementations of CRT                            |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No implementations of CRT                            |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No solicitation or implementations of Social Justice |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No solicitation                                      |

Reviewer's Name: Amanda Mallia

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 4

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade Four Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 384

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 4 - Good Alignment   |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | With the move in mathematical instruction, I think this product has room for growth. The mathematical practices lend more to student exploration and hands-on learning that were not explicitly referenced in this textbook. Also, the instruction is built in a way that would meet the needs of students if they were all at the same level of |  |

understanding. I think there is room to grow in the differenced approach this textbook lays out. I recommend this publication for adoption but do not think it would give the richest opportunity to our students as the BEST standards describe.

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification                             |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.AR.1.1 | Solve real-world problems involving multiplication and division of whole numbers including problems in which remainders must be interpreted within the context.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the multiplication and division units |
| MA.4.AR.1.2 | Solve real-world problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions with like denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one.                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Found in lessons and performance tasks           |
| MA.4.AR.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving multiplication of a fraction by a whole number or a whole number by a fraction.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5  |
| MA.4.AR.2.1 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving any of the four operations with whole numbers is true or false.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | p 265 had the best<br>alignment                  |
| MA.4.AR.2.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write an equation involving multiplication or division to determine the unknown whole number with the unknown in any position. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4  |
| MA.4.AR.3.1 | Determine factor pairs for a whole number from 0 to 144. Determine whether a whole number from 0 to 144 is prime, composite or neither.                                    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4  |
| MA.4.AR.3.2 | Generate, describe and extend a numerical pattern that follows a given rule.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4  |

| MA.4.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical data, including fractional values, using tables, stem-and-leaf plots or line plots.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5                            |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| MA.4.DP.1.2 | Determine the mode, median or range to interpret numerical data including fractional values, represented with tables, stem-and-leaf plots or line plots.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5                            |
| MA.4.DP.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving numerical data.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5                            |
| MA.4.FR.1.1 | Model and express a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with the denominator 10 as an equivalent fraction with the denominator 100.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligned to BIG-M<br>examples |
| MA.4.FR.1.2 | Use decimal notation to represent fractions with denominators of 10 or 100, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, and use fractional notation with denominators of 10 or 100 to represent decimals.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5                            |
| MA.4.FR.1.3 | Identify and generate equivalent fractions, including fractions greater than one.  Describe how the numerator and denominator are affected when the equivalent fraction is created.                                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5                            |
| MA.4.FR.1.4 | Plot, order and compare fractions, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with different numerators and different denominators.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5                            |
| MA.4.FR.2.1 | Decompose a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in multiple ways. Demonstrate each decomposition with objects, drawings and equations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5                            |

| MA.4.FR.2.2 | Add and subtract fractions with like denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with procedural reliability.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.FR.2.3 | Explore the addition of a fraction with denominator of 10 to a fraction with denominator of 100 using equivalent fractions.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5   |
| MA.4.FR.2.4 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication to explore the multiplication of a fraction by a whole number or a whole number by a fraction.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | The benchmark speaks to the connection to the commutative property but Lesson 10-1 use Associative Property. I did not see commutative property of multiplication |
| MA.4.GR.1.1 | Informally explore angles as an attribute of two-dimensional figures. Identify and classify angles as acute, right, obtuse, straight or reflex.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Unit 13   |
| MA.4.GR.1.2 | Estimate angle measures. Using a protractor, measure angles in whole-number degrees and draw angles of specified measure in whole-number degrees. Demonstrate that angle measure is additive. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | reflex angles is not<br>throughout. I do not<br>see where the use of<br>pattern blocks is<br>addressed in the<br>benchmark  |
| MA.4.GR.1.3 | Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving unknown whole-number angle measures. Write an equation to represent the unknown.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4   |
| MA.4.GR.2.1 | Solve perimeter and area mathematical and real-world problems, including problems with unknown sides, for rectangles with whole-number side lengths.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4   |

| MA.4.GR.2.2  | Solve problems involving rectangles with the same perimeter and different areas or with the same area and different perimeters.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.M.1.1   | Select and use appropriate tools to measure attributes of objects.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |
| MA.4.M.1.2   | Convert within a single system of measurement using the units: yards, feet, inches; kilometers, meters, centimeters, millimeters; pounds, ounces; kilograms, grams; gallons, quarts, pints, cups; liter, milliliter; and hours, minutes, seconds. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5 |
| MA.4.M.2.1   | Solve two-step real-world problems involving distances and intervals of time using any combination of the four operations.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |
| MA.4.M.2.2   | Solve one- and two-step addition and subtraction real-world problems involving money using decimal notation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |
| MA.4.NSO.1.1 | Express how the value of a digit in a multi-<br>digit whole number changes if the digit<br>moves one place to the left or right.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5 |
| MA.4.NSO.1.2 | Read and write multi-digit whole numbers from 0 to 1,000,000 using standard form, expanded form and word form.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5 |
| MA.4.NSO.1.3 | Plot, order and compare multi-digit whole numbers up to 1,000,000.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |
| MA.4.NSO.1.4 | Round whole numbers from 0 to 10,000 to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5 |
| MA.4.NSO.1.5 | Plot, order and compare decimals up to the hundredths.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5 |
| MA.4.NSO.2.1 | Recall multiplication facts with factors up to 12 and related division facts with automaticity.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5 |

| MA.4.NSO.2.2   | Multiply two whole numbers, up to three digits by up to two digits, with procedural reliability.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.NSO.2.3   | Multiply two whole numbers, each up to two digits, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Lacks students ability for a student to select a standard algorithm. Questions speak to an already assigned standard algorithm. |
| MA.4.NSO.2.4   | Divide a whole number up to four digits by a one-digit whole number with procedural reliability. Represent remainders as fractional parts of the divisor.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Lacks students ability for a student to select a standard algorithm. Questions speak to an already assigned standard algorithm. |
| MA.4.NSO.2.5   | Explore the multiplication and division of multi-digit whole numbers using estimation, rounding and place value.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4   |
| MA.4.NSO.2.6   | Identify the number that is one-tenth more, one-tenth less, one-hundredth more and one-hundredth less than a given number.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4   |
| MA.4.NSO.2.7   | Explore the addition and subtraction of multi-digit numbers with decimals to the hundredths.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4   |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> </ul> | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4   |

|                | <ul> <li>Help and support each other when<br/>attempting a new method or<br/>approach.</li> </ul>  |                       |   |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | 3 |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | 3 |

|                | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas,   |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | <ul> <li>vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5 |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts. • Look for similarities among problems. • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |

| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.                 | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5 |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |

| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | 4 |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5 |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 5 |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | surface deep application on some of the benchmarks   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4  |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | surface deep application on some of the benchmarks. Particular fractions and multiplication/division |

| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4   |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | 3   |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Has the student completing activities with an assigned standard algorithm instead of allowing the students to choose freely                                   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4   |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Missing differentiated aspects on the lessons to meet the needs of all learns. This textbook is the typical "cookiecutter" approach to mathematic instruction |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4   |

|  | I                          | I   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | missing differentiated instruction pieces to meet the needs of all learners |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | 4   |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | 4   |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | 4   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | 5   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | 3.5 rating if that was an option  |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | 4                    |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | 4                    |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | 5                    |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | 4                    |

| understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   |                       |   |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4 |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4 |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4 |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | 4   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | benchmark mostly in isolation. Supporting benchmark and the combination of benchmarks are not as prevalent. |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | 5   |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | 4   |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | 3   |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                         | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | 4   |

| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4 |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4 |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | 3 |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4 |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4 |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | 3 |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | 3 |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | 4 |

| Special Topics  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | 5                    |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training? | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | 3                    |

| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | 4 |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | 5 |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Jason Rhodes

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 4

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

**Author:** R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition: 1** 

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** 5012060 - Grade Four Mathematics

**Bid ID: 384** 

1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

### Bid Response

Savvas Response Savvas digital products meet Web Content Accessibility Guidelines/508 Standards. enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics ©2023 on SavvasRealize.com provides flexibility and options with presentation features for students using the instructional materials. - Fonts: -- eText layouts and page features allow students to easily adjust font size for optimal viewing. Text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200%. -- Colors and background colors can be adjusted via device manufacturers' built-in settings or built-in browser settings (i.e., brightness of tablets, dimming of screens, color of fonts and backgrounds, etc - Background: High color contrast settings are available in Realize Reader. - Text-to-speech tools are supported using assistive technology that follows standards. Please see our response to Question 4 below for specific solutions and tools. - Images - Navigation elements and content images have alternative descriptions. - Video Closed Captioning — All student-facing videos have either text on screen or closed captioning. - Refreshable Braille Displays - The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format.

| Review  | Rating                | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains simple tools to change font and font size. The menu also includes an option to change the size of icons on the site. There is no option to change font color on the site, the publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |

| Background: High contrast color settings are available.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains options for changing the contrast of the site. They offer 3 options (Black on White, White on Black, and Yellow on Black) on the site.                            |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Text-to-speech tools.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There seems to be no built in option on the site for Text to Speech. The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |
| All images have alt tags.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Alt text does not appear when the mouse is hovered over an image.  Descriptive alt text is present when using screen reading software.  |
| All videos are captioned.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states videos have text on screen or closed captions available. I did not see a video in the sample site to confirm.  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states that the Student Editions will work with refreshable Braille displays. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Non-text navigation elements such as buttons, icons, and arrows can be adjusted in size using screen magnification software or built-in device and browser options. The keyboard can be used to navigate the site and menu items, and navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students.  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Keyboard shortcuts are available and work. A list of commands is found in the settings menu, as is the option to turn shortcuts on/off.  There is no option to change or customize the shortcuts. |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Publisher states that navigational information can be sent to a refreshable braille device. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

## 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Within the Interactive Student Edition, users can highlight using yellow, rose, blue, and green. Once a section of text is highlighted, users are able to copy and paste it into another document or interface. This process can be repeated with additional sections of text. Additionally, students can add annotations to highlighted text as well as use the notebook feature to take notes.

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments   |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighters are available in all four colors, and the option to highlight pops up automatically when text is highlighted with the mouse. This menu also includes options to circle or underline the text – and these are available in the four colors as well.        |
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text and annotations are automatically copied and gathered in their own menu page. Here, the text can be searched and sorted. There is also an option to export all the highlighted texts to an RTF file that can be saved and moved.                      |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text can be annotated, and an icon indicates where on the page annotations are. There is also a Notebook option that allows students to take notes on a page without the highlighted text. Both of these options are searchable and fairly easy to access. |

# 4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response Savvas digital products are tested across many assistive technology software solutions: - Magnification -- ZoomText Magnification/Reader - Text-to-Speech -- NonVisual Desktop Access (NVDA) (Windows/Firefox/Chrome) -- JAWS Screen Reader (Windows/Firefox) -- VoiceOver (iOS/Safari browser) -- VoiceOver (OS/Safari browser) - Text-to-American Sign Language -- We have explored options for a Text-to-American Sign Language software but do not have a solution for our platform at this time. - On-screen Keyboards -- Supports on-screen keyboards via commonly used tablets and other touch enabled devices - Switch Scanning Controls -- Standard switch scanning control software can be used with SavvasRealize instructional content. - Speech-to-Text -- Dragon Naturally Speaking speech recognition software

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher listed several AT softwares that are compatible with their site. They do not have text-to-ASL options. I also tested the on-screen keyboard and speech to text tool built into Mac computers as well as Read and Write. All of these functioned with the site. |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response We offer a print student edition textbook, which matches the content we provide in our digital platform, Savvas Realize. Assessments and worksheets found in Savvas digital products can be printed out for students and are also found in corresponding print ancillary materials. Additionally Savvas supports and complies with the Individuals with Disabilities Act of 2004 and the terms of the National Instructional Materials Access Center, NIMAC. Savvas routinely uploads most eligible materials to the NIMAC at the time of the first classroom-ready printing to support instructional materials available in Braille, large print, audio, and other specialized formats.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher offers paper based books that match the online workbooks, and they state they have other accessible versions available. |

Reviewer's Name: Gillian Rhoden

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 5

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade Five Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 385

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes   |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment   |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | the envision materials are easy to read and navigate. They are both student and teacher friendly. The books are sectioned well according to the BEST standards and they are paced appropriately to be adopted into the classroom setting. The teacher manual presents many resources that can be used for the many diverse learners in class. There are |  |  |

practice assessments, challenge questions. and ELL/RTI tiered support. I like the inclusion of a math vocabulary assessment as well as the assessment style questions. The project-based learning activities are great for student engagement and motivation. Lesson videos and family support videos are also a great inclusion to the material presented. The Savvas digital portal is colorful, engaging, and easy to navigate.

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.AR.1.1 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any combination of the four operations with whole numbers, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted within the context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Higher order thinking questions and STEM related scenarios  |
| MA.5.AR.1.2 | Solve real-world problems involving the addition, subtraction or multiplication of fractions, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1.                                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Represent and connect questions allow for deeper understanding  |
| MA.5.AR.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving division of a unit fraction by a whole number and a whole number by a unit fraction.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Project based learning can be utilized for content understanding  |
| MA.5.AR.2.1 | Translate written real-world and mathematical descriptions into numerical expressions and numerical expressions into written mathematical descriptions.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Visual learning bridge helps students to monitor and organize their work.   |
| MA.5.AR.2.2 | Evaluate multi-step numerical expressions using order of operations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Visual learning bridge<br>helps students to<br>monitor and organize<br>their work, especially<br>for order of<br>operations |

| MA.5.AR.2.3 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving any of the four operations is true or false.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Relate question<br>scenarios to everyday<br>occurrences. Love the<br>use of the pan<br>balance on page 609<br>to represent balanced<br>equations |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.5.AR.2.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write an equation involving any of the four operations to determine the unknown whole number with the unknown in any position. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Present as equations to build algebraic knowledge. Justification of answers on page 122 allows students to explain their thought process         |
| MA.5.AR.3.1 | Given a numerical pattern, identify and write a rule that can describe the pattern as an expression.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Preview video and questions activate prior knowledge. Great illustrations. Visualizations of 3-D objects   |
| MA.5.AR.3.2 | Given a rule for a numerical pattern, use a two-column table to record the inputs and outputs.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Vocabulary exposure and equation practice  |
| MA.5.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical data, including fractional and decimal values, using tables, line graphs or line plots.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Pick a project practice. Graphic organization practice   |
| MA.5.DP.1.2 | Interpret numerical data, with whole-<br>number values, represented with tables or<br>line plots by determining the mean, mode,<br>median or range.                        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Vocabulary exposure. Apply measurements to real world scenarios  |
| MA.5.FR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world problem, represent the division of two whole numbers as a fraction.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Relating fractions to<br>real world<br>application; higher<br>order thinking<br>questions help to<br>solve word problems                         |

| MA.5.FR.2.1 | Add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, with procedural reliability.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The Lets Investigate question is great for small group support   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.5.FR.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication to multiply a fraction by a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, with procedural reliability.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Photo enlargement scenario is great for class discussions  |
| MA.5.FR.2.3 | When multiplying a given number by a fraction less than 1 or a fraction greater than 1, predict and explain the relative size of the product to the given number without calculating.                                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | lots of independent<br>practice. Drawing<br>space on pg. 424<br>allows for artistic<br>students to shine |
| MA.5.FR.2.4 | Extend previous understanding of division to explore the division of a unit fraction by a whole number and a whole number by a unit fraction.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Project based learning<br>and Lets Investigate<br>pages are great for<br>differentiation                 |
| MA.5.GR.1.1 | Classify triangles or quadrilaterals into different categories based on shared defining attributes. Explain why a triangle or quadrilateral would or would not belong to a category.                                       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great exposure to vocabulary words in context with visuals   |
| MA.5.GR.1.2 | Identify and classify three-dimensional figures into categories based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to right pyramids, right prisms, right circular cylinders, right circular cones and spheres.       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great exposure to vocabulary words in context with visuals   |
| MA.5.GR.2.1 | Find the perimeter and area of a rectangle with fractional or decimal side lengths using visual models and formulas.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Gridded visuals of fractional parts are good   |
| MA.5.GR.3.1 | Explore volume as an attribute of three-<br>dimensional figures by packing them with<br>unit cubes without gaps. Find the volume of<br>a right rectangular prism with whole-number<br>side lengths by counting unit cubes. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lots of practice<br>questions. Visual<br>learning bridge is a<br>good step by step<br>guide              |

| MA.5.GR.3.2  | Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths using a visual model and a formula.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment   | Would like to see<br>more practice with<br>formulas  |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| MA.5.GR.3.3  | Solve real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms, including problems with an unknown edge length, with whole-number edge lengths using a visual model or a formula. Write an equation with a variable for the unknown to represent the problem. | rectangular prisms, including n unknown edge length, ber edge lengths using a formula. Write an equation 4 - Good Alignment |  |
| MA.5.GR.4.1  | Identify the origin and axes in the coordinate system. Plot and label ordered pairs in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | Connection to patterns and graphic organization.   |
| MA.5.GR.4.2  | Represent mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane and interpret coordinate values of points in the context of the situation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment   | more real-world<br>based questions<br>needed   |
| MA.5.M.1.1   | Solve multi-step real-world problems that involve converting measurement units to equivalent measurements within a single system of measurement.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment   | Sufficient conversion practice. Good visuals, students should pair these lessons with a conversion sheet with all conversions listed |
| MA.5.M.2.1   | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving money using decimal notation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment   | related to finances. Students need to learn decimal notation with a place value chart and then practice without                      |
| MA.5.NSO.1.1 | Express how the value of a digit in a multi-<br>digit number with decimals to the<br>thousandths changes if the digit moves one<br>or more places to the left or right.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | Place value visuals are accurate and encouraging   |
| MA.5.NSO.1.2 | Read and write multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths using standard form, word form and expanded form.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment   | Connect whole number place value   |

|              |  |                               | to place value of decimals  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.NSO.1.3 | Compose and decompose multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths in multiple ways using the values of the digits in each place. Demonstrate the compositions or decompositions using objects, drawings and expressions or equations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | sufficient practice of rewriting numbers based on place value. Visual chart on pg. 20 number 10 is a great way to help students organize the PV positions |
| MA.5.NSO.1.4 | Plot, order and compare multi-digit numbers with decimals up to the thousandths.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | sufficient practice<br>questions. Great use<br>of vocab exposure<br>(ascending and<br>descending)   |
| MA.5.NSO.1.5 | Round multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths to the nearest hundredth, tenth or whole number.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | visual learning bridge is great for step by step organization   |
| MA.5.NSO.2.1 | Multiply multi-digit whole numbers including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | sufficient practice<br>questions;<br>assessment practice<br>questions are<br>presented well   |
| MA.5.NSO.2.2 | Divide multi-digit whole numbers, up to five digits by two digits, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency. Represent remainders as fractions.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | sufficient amount of practice questions   |
| MA.5.NSO.2.3 | Add and subtract multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | place value practice<br>with decimal add and<br>subtract  |
| MA.5.NSO.2.4 | Explore the multiplication and division of multi-digit numbers with decimals to the hundredths using estimation, rounding and place value.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Lots of practice<br>questions! envision<br>STEM exposure  |

| MA.5.NSO.2.5   | Multiply and divide a multi-digit number with decimals to the tenths by one-tenth and one-hundredth with procedural reliability.   |                               | place value<br>procedural practice   |  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | multiple presentation<br>of questions allows<br>for deeper<br>understanding            |  |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great alignment with modeling and drawing connections with tables, charts, and visuals |  |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Use of justification questions and Look  |  |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:</li> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>   |                               | back questions to activate prior knowledge. Allows for multiple methods to be utilized   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Solve and share questions allow for classroom discussions and partner math   |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | visual learning bridge<br>model allows for the<br>decomposition of<br>questions into<br>chunkable sized parts.<br>Students can stay<br>organized |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:</li> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                       |  |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Look back question<br>allows students to use<br>multiple methods to<br>solve and check<br>problems. Great use<br>of problem solving<br>and multiple methods<br>technique |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  • Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | investigative nature<br>of math. aligned well<br>to represent data and<br>method<br>determination  |

|                | <ul> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Justify, clarify, and look back problems relate to citing evidence and explaining math thoughts           |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | presentation of world<br>problems that aren't<br>overwhelming or<br>extremely complex                     |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | inferencing through<br>real world problems<br>with multiple<br>strategies. Picking a<br>method that works |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lets investigate problems are great for classroom discussions, open dialogue, and partner math            |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Allow students to practice math rules during independent math   |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Convince me problems allow students to justify understanding while  |

|                  |  |                               | practicing writing conventions   |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | A-Z glossary present. Spanish versions of print and online version. language support presented and tiered  |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Solve and share problems allow students to interact with each other. peer assistance necessary for ELL student vocabulary and communication building |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | content is well aligned. Benchmark scopes and clarifications are presented within the teacher addition |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Word problems are easy to read through   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | great presentation of content. Adaptable to the classroom environment                                  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | good presentation of STEM connections and higher order thinking problems.                              |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | complexity matches content   |

| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | grade level abilities and expectations are present  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | lessons and units are chunked accordingly and do not overwhelm the teacher. great pace of content |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | project based real world<br>scenarios are accurate and<br>reflect good source of<br>information   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | project based real world<br>scenarios are accurate and<br>reflect good source of<br>information   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | no errors   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | content is free of bias   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | yes, material is representative of 5th grade standards  |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | no errors   |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | content is up to date and reflective of current times.  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | relevant context and engaging for students. Visuals are colorful and meaningful                   |

| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | relevant context and engaging for students. Visuals are colorful and meaningful   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | content is up to date and reflective of current times.  |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | good connections between<br>STEM and real-world scenarios.<br>Useful for deeper<br>understanding and connection<br>to content across multiple<br>subjects |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | names and places are<br>appropriate and reflect<br>multicultural integration  |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | material presented is well portrayed  |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | benchmark and standards are well covered in the material presented.   |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                                     |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All material is presented to the teach for immediate use |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | all material align to BEST<br>benchmark and scopes       |

| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Logical organization of books. Chunked appropriately and show connections between big ideas |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | easy to navigate. visuals are engaging and contribute to the content                        |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | content is paced accordingly and creates an appropriate flow                                |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | online portal, and student accounts are easy to access                                      |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Presentation of material is highly likeable   |

T

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | questions are presented in multiple ways to increase motivation of students   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | multiple benchmarks are<br>grouped together to build<br>fluency across lessons  |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | i can statements are presented on every lesson  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | lessons are scaffolded. teacher models the first few problems, students discuss together, and independent practice is |

|  |                            | presented to the end of the lesson  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | printed book, Spanish versions,<br>and digital components are<br>included. There are reteach<br>and enrich practice, as well as<br>fluency builders |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | students are able to discuss math thoughts with peers. Project based learning is presented throughout the book                                      |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | project based learning for each subgroup  |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | multiple strategies use to deeper understanding. Student choice in strategy utilization   |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | multiple presentations of strategies. Student choice and teacher flexibility  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials correlate to unit assessments and state assessments   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | assessments align to the benchmark alignments   |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | various resources and activities  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Discuss/ reasoning/ clarifying questions are incorporated in the lessons  |

| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.) | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials support learning,<br>diverse thinking and reasoning |
|---|----------------------------|---|
|---|----------------------------|---|

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification                       |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | aligned well. no discrepancies             |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | yes CRT is omitted                         |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | no presentation of social justice          |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | no presentation on social emotional topics |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Jason Rhodes

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 5

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

**Author:** R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition: 1** 

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** 5012070 - Grade Five Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 385

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

### Bid Response

Savvas Response Savvas digital products meet Web Content Accessibility Guidelines/508 Standards. enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics ©2023 on SavvasRealize.com provides flexibility and options with presentation features for students using the instructional materials. - Fonts: -- eText layouts and page features allow students to easily adjust font size for optimal viewing. Text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200%. -- Colors and background colors can be adjusted via device manufacturers' built-in settings or built-in browser settings (i.e., brightness of tablets, dimming of screens, color of fonts and backgrounds, etc - Background: High color contrast settings are available in Realize Reader. - Text-to-speech tools are supported using assistive technology that follows standards. Please see our response to Question 4 below for specific solutions and tools. - Images - Navigation elements and content images have alternative descriptions. - Video Closed Captioning – All student-facing videos have either text on screen or closed captioning. - Refreshable Braille Displays - The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format.

| Review  | Rating                | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains simple tools to change font and font size. The menu also includes an option to change the size of icons on the site. There is no option to change font color on the site, the publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |

| Background: High contrast color settings are available.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains options for changing the contrast of the site. They offer 3 options (Black on White, White on Black, and Yellow on Black) on the site.                            |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Text-to-speech tools.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There seems to be no built in option on the site for Text to Speech. The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |
| All images have alt tags.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Alt text does not appear when the mouse is hovered over an image.  Descriptive alt text is present when using screen reading software.  |
| All videos are captioned.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states videos have text on screen or closed captions available. I did not see a video in the sample site to confirm.  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states that the Student Editions will work with refreshable Braille displays. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Non-text navigation elements such as buttons, icons, and arrows can be adjusted in size using screen magnification software or built-in device and browser options. The keyboard can be used to navigate the site and menu items, and navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students.  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Keyboard shortcuts are available and work. A list of commands is found in the settings menu, as is the option to turn shortcuts on/off.  There is no option to change or customize the shortcuts. |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Publisher states that navigational information can be sent to a refreshable braille device. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

## 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Within the Interactive Student Edition, users can highlight using yellow, rose, blue, and green. Once a section of text is highlighted, users are able to copy and paste it into another document or interface. This process can be repeated with additional sections of text. Additionally, students can add annotations to highlighted text as well as use the notebook feature to take notes.

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments   |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighters are available in all four colors, and the option to highlight pops up automatically when text is highlighted with the mouse. This menu also includes options to circle or underline the text – and these are available in the four colors as well.        |
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text and annotations are automatically copied and gathered in their own menu page. Here, the text can be searched and sorted. There is also an option to export all the highlighted texts to an RTF file that can be saved and moved.                      |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text can be annotated, and an icon indicates where on the page annotations are. There is also a Notebook option that allows students to take notes on a page without the highlighted text. Both of these options are searchable and fairly easy to access. |

# 4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response Savvas digital products are tested across many assistive technology software solutions: - Magnification -- ZoomText Magnification/Reader - Text-to-Speech -- NonVisual Desktop Access (NVDA) (Windows/Firefox/Chrome) -- JAWS Screen Reader (Windows/Firefox) -- VoiceOver (iOS/Safari browser) -- VoiceOver (OS/Safari browser) - Text-to-American Sign Language -- We have explored options for a Text-to-American Sign Language software but do not have a solution for our platform at this time. - On-screen Keyboards -- Supports on-screen keyboards via commonly used tablets and other touch enabled devices - Switch Scanning Controls -- Standard switch scanning control software can be used with SavvasRealize instructional content. - Speech-to-Text -- Dragon Naturally Speaking speech recognition software

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher listed several AT softwares that are compatible with their site. They do not have text-to-ASL options. I also tested the on-screen keyboard and speech to text tool built into Mac computers as well as Read and Write. All of these functioned with the site. |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

## **Bid Response**

Savvas Response We offer a print student edition textbook, which matches the content we provide in our digital platform, Savvas Realize. Assessments and worksheets found in Savvas digital products can be printed out for students and are also found in corresponding print ancillary materials. Additionally Savvas supports and complies with the Individuals with Disabilities Act of 2004 and the terms of the National Instructional Materials Access Center, NIMAC. Savvas routinely uploads most eligible materials to the NIMAC at the time of the first classroom-ready printing to support instructional materials available in Braille, large print, audio, and other specialized formats.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher offers paper based books that match the online workbooks, and they state they have other accessible versions available. |

**Reviewer's Name:** Melinda Robinson

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 5

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade Five Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 385

| Final Recommendation   |                         |  |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes                     |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. |                         |  |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.AR.1.1 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any combination of the four operations with whole numbers, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted within the context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | many instances type<br>of operation is linked<br>solely to lesson<br>taught students just<br>jump to an operation                           |
| MA.5.AR.1.2 | Solve real-world problems involving the addition, subtraction or multiplication of fractions, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1.                                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | problems represented in various ways and instructions encourage representing problems in various ways as clarification calls for            |
| MA.5.AR.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving division of a unit fraction by a whole number and a whole number by a unit fraction.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | clarifications met  |
| MA.5.AR.2.1 | Translate written real-world and mathematical descriptions into numerical expressions and numerical expressions into written mathematical descriptions.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | clarification limits<br>seem to have been<br>met  |
| MA.5.AR.2.2 | Evaluate multi-step numerical expressions using order of operations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | clarifications seem to<br>be met with<br>limitations to<br>exponents and nested<br>groupings, question<br>balance of decimal<br>limitations |
| MA.5.AR.2.3 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving any of the four operations is true or false.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | looks to have decent<br>balance of equal sign<br>moved around   |
| MA.5.AR.2.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write an equation involving any of the four operations to determine the unknown whole number with the unknown in any position.               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | clarifications met and<br>movement of<br>operations to<br>different sides of<br>equal sign better   |

|             |  |                               | addressed in these pages  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.AR.3.1 | Given a numerical pattern, identify and write a rule that can describe the pattern as an expression.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | clarification met<br>question how/where<br>multiplication 4(9) or<br>4a is taught   |
| MA.5.AR.3.2 | Given a rule for a numerical pattern, use a two-column table to record the inputs and outputs.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | again concept of 8s<br>doesn't seem to be<br>addressed between<br>AR benchmarks   |
| MA.5.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical data, including fractional and decimal values, using tables, line graphs or line plots.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | line graphs, line plots, and tables all evident   |
| MA.5.DP.1.2 | Interpret numerical data, with whole-<br>number values, represented with tables or<br>line plots by determining the mean, mode,<br>median or range.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 2   |
| MA.5.FR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world problem, represent the division of two whole numbers as a fraction.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | few visual examples<br>to support conceptual<br>understanding   |
| MA.5.FR.2.1 | Add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, with procedural reliability.                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | question the amount<br>of practice needed to<br>build to a procedural<br>reliability of one<br>strategy   |
| MA.5.FR.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication to multiply a fraction by a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, with procedural reliability. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | building to<br>multiplying fraction<br>including mixed<br>numebrsmay need<br>more practice out<br>examples what is<br>presented meets<br>clarifications |
| MA.5.FR.2.3 | When multiplying a given number by a fraction less than 1 or a fraction greater than 1, predict and explain the relative size of the                                     | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | poor connection to<br>decimals just giving<br>problem with<br>decimals does not   |

|             | product to the given number without calculating.   |                               | promote connectionm  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.5.FR.2.4 | Extend previous understanding of division to explore the division of a unit fraction by a whole number and a whole number by a unit fraction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | clarification notes<br>instruction including<br>properties of<br>operations not<br>seeming to be<br>addressed              |
| MA.5.GR.1.1 | Classify triangles or quadrilaterals into different categories based on shared defining attributes. Explain why a triangle or quadrilateral would or would not belong to a category.                                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | benchmark addressed  |
| MA.5.GR.1.2 | Identify and classify three-dimensional figures into categories based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to right pyramids, right prisms, right circular cylinders, right circular cones and spheres. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | clarification of curved<br>or straight edges   |
| MA.5.GR.2.1 | Find the perimeter and area of a rectangle with fractional or decimal side lengths using visual models and formulas.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | benchmark calls for<br>fraction or decimal<br>side lengths only<br>fractional<br>represented in both<br>perimeter and area |
| MA.5.GR.3.1 | Explore volume as an attribute of three-dimensional figures by packing them with unit cubes without gaps. Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by counting unit cubes.        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | time to address<br>conceptual<br>understanding of<br>units to a type of<br>measurement lacking                             |
| MA.5.GR.3.2 | Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths using a visual model and a formula.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | connection between packing and developing a formula lacking assumes understanding of base needs discussion of layers       |
| MA.5.GR.3.3 | Solve real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms, including  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | missing opportunities to write equation  |

|              | problems with an unknown edge length, with whole-number edge lengths using a visual model or a formula. Write an equation with a variable for the unknown to represent the problem.  |                               | with a variable for the unknown                             |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.GR.4.1  | Identify the origin and axes in the coordinate system. Plot and label ordered pairs in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | clarifications<br>addressed                                 |
| MA.5.GR.4.2  | Represent mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane and interpret coordinate values of points in the context of the situation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | real word problem presented in a variety of ways            |
| MA.5.M.1.1   | Solve multi-step real-world problems that involve converting measurement units to equivalent measurements within a single system of measurement.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | all systems of<br>measurement<br>included                   |
| MA.5.M.2.1   | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving money using decimal notation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | good placement in progression of decimal work               |
| MA.5.NSO.1.1 | Express how the value of a digit in a multi-<br>digit number with decimals to the<br>thousandths changes if the digit moves one<br>or more places to the left or right.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | benchmark is evident<br>but minimal explicit<br>instruction |
| MA.5.NSO.1.2 | Read and write multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths using standard form, word form and expanded form.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | benchmark addressed<br>with adequate<br>practice            |
| MA.5.NSO.1.3 | Compose and decompose multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths in multiple ways using the values of the digits in each place. Demonstrate the compositions or decompositions using objects, drawings and expressions or equations. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | missing opportunity<br>for drawing to<br>represent numbers  |
| MA.5.NSO.1.4 | Plot, order and compare multi-digit numbers with decimals up to the thousandths.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | material presented in various ways                          |

| MA.5.NSO.1.5   | Round multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths to the nearest hundredth, tenth or whole number.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | benchmark addressed  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.5.NSO.2.1   | Multiply multi-digit whole numbers including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | benchmark addressed<br>in various ways with<br>multiple chances for<br>fluency practice  |
| MA.5.NSO.2.2   | Divide multi-digit whole numbers, up to five digits by two digits, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency. Represent remainders as fractions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | builds towards<br>purpose of<br>benchmark  |
| MA.5.NSO.2.3   | Add and subtract multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | builds towards<br>appropriate fluency  |
| MA.5.NSO.2.4   | Explore the multiplication and division of multi-digit numbers with decimals to the hundredths using estimation, rounding and place value.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | multiple models used<br>to assist in conceptual<br>understanding as a<br>explore benchmark   |
| MA.5.NSO.2.5   | Multiply and divide a multi-digit number with decimals to the tenths by one-tenth and one-hundredth with procedural reliability.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | benchmark met  |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | TE contains prompts<br>for teacher but no<br>prompts throughout<br>lessons only MTR<br>handbook and<br>specific lesson refer<br>to MTR's in SE |

| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | TE contains prompts for teacher but no prompts throughout lessons only MTR handbook and specific lesson refer to MTR's in SE |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  • Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  • Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  • Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  • Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  • Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | TE contains prompts for teacher but no prompts throughout lessons only MTR handbook and specific lesson refer to MTR's in SE |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | TE contains prompts for teacher but no prompts throughout lessons only MTR handbook and                                      |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:</li> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>                               |                       | specific lesson refer<br>to MTR's in SE  |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | TE contains prompts for teacher but no prompts throughout lessons only MTR handbook and specific lesson refer to MTR's in SE |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | TE contains prompts for teacher but no prompts throughout  |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:</li> <li>Estimate to discover possible solutions.</li> <li>Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.</li> <li>Check calculations when solving problems.</li> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul> |                               | lessons only MTR handbook and specific lesson refer to MTR's in SE   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | TE contains prompts for teacher but no prompts throughout lessons only MTR handbook and specific lesson refer to MTR's in SE |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | lessons note justify reasoning questions   |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | word problems and reading mats address   |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | reading mats and<br>word problems nay<br>address   |

| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | TE contains prompts but SE just has occasional lesson to justify and projects may be used to address |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | projects provide<br>ability to address   |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | may adapt projects to address  |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | TE provide<br>suggestions and<br>available in Spanish  |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | TE provide<br>suggestions and<br>available in Spanish  |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | curriculum supports  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | curriculum supports  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | lessons provide limited differentiation  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | importance of lessons from one to another shown no different level of significance |

| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | conceptual procedural building is evident         |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | more easier access for differentiation            |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | seems to align with time<br>needed                |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | expertise evident                                 |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | expertise evident                                 |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | no noticeable errors found                        |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | non noted   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | content reflects                                  |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | non noted   |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | BEST standards addressed                          |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | curriculum and standards aligned and with context |

| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | applicable too fifth grade         |
|--|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | real world applications throughout |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | STEM activities and project based  |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | evident                            |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | nothing inappropriate evident      |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | addressed well                     |

T

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                             |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | may need to print additional resources           |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | alignment evident                                |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | progression through curriculum seems appropriate |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | illustrations and digital visual learning        |

| understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   |                            |  |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | additional lessons present for more difficult benchmarks |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | seem accessible  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | provides balance   |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                                 |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | non noted at student level                           |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | addressed  |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | only single "I can" noted at beginning of lessons    |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | buddy practice supports                              |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | heavy on reading in text but digital supports better |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | physical barely evident                              |

| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | enrichment single page offered but projects available                                  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | aligned  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | aligned proven strategies  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | aligned proven strategies  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | quick checks available but only digitally  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | differentiation reaching<br>different learning styles could<br>be improved             |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | good for T but to promote to<br>student may be missed as<br>evident as a question type |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | addressed  |

| Special Topics  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | none observed        |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | none observed        |

| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | none noted but not all ACT math, pick a projects or problem solving reading mats looked at |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | none noted   |

**Reviewer's Name:** Michelle Hoover

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 3 Accelerated

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade 3 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 386

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes   |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment   |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Overall, this material is highly aligned to the benchmarks and clarifications. The resources are easily accessible by all learners and provide them supportive features both in interacting with the math and understanding the math. The materials have opportunities for both collaborative and independent practice that allows for multiple entry |  |  |

points. The incorporation of 5 Practices for Orchestrating Productive Mathematical Discussion in the materials is a strength that will support veteran and inexperience instructors. There are a few standards that are not clearly aligned or addressed within the material such as the missed opportunity to find perimeter of non-overlapping rectangles (MA.3.GR.2.4), the lack of focus on 2 step elapse time problems (MA.3.M.2.2) and lack of instruction support for identifying even and odd numbers (MA.3.AR.3.1).

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.3.AR.1.1 | Apply the distributive property to multiply a one-digit number and two-digit number. Apply properties of multiplication to find a product of one-digit whole numbers. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Models include tiles, arrays and grids. Equations for associative property utilize parenthesis appropriately. Two digit by one digit multiplication is represented by base ten blocks and open area models. The recording of the distributive property is done mostly vertically with limited horizontally as seen in Topic 14 Lesson 14 until assessment practice of same lesson. (Limited exposure to examples such as 4 x 56 = (4 x 50) + (4 x 6)) |
| MA.3.AR.1.2 | Solve one- and two-step real-world problems involving any of four operations with whole numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | A variety of one and two step real-world problems are evident throughout the  |

|             |  |                               | material. These problems vary is problem type structure. Two step problem lessons (Example pg. 426) also incorporate tape diagrams to support comprehension and solving.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.AR.2.1 | Restate a division problem as a missing factor problem using the relationship between multiplication and division.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Topic 1 Lesson 7 explicitly relates division and multiplication equations with the unknown factor represented. Topic 4 Lesson 1 also uses the strategy of think multiplication to divide explicitly.   |
| MA.3.AR.2.2 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving multiplication or division is true or false.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Topic 9 Lesson 2 provides a variety of practice determining equations as true or false with multiplication on either side of the equation, division on either side of the equation and a mix of multiplication and division on either side. There is only one lesson that clearly focuses on this skill. |
| MA.3.AR.2.3 | Determine the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division equation, relating three whole numbers, with the unknown in any position. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material provides multiple context situations aligned to Situations Involving Operations with Numbers (Appendix A). In the equations   |

|             |  |                               | presented, the<br>unknown is in a<br>variety of positions.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.AR.3.1 | Determine and explain whether a whole number from 1 to 1,000 is even or odd.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Lesson 4-6 heavily focuses on if the product of two given number is even or odd, but not identifying if a given number is even or odd.   |
| MA.3.AR.3.2 | Determine whether a whole number from 1 to 144 is a multiple of a given one-digit number.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Content is presented in straight forward statements and applies both multiplication and division.  |
| MA.3.AR.3.3 | Identify, create and extend numerical patterns.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Topic 9 Lesson 1 includes numeric patterns with multiplication, division, addition and subtraction. Material includes identifying patterns and extending them. Numeric patterns are also present in additional lessons (Ex. Multiple lessons in Topic 2 when exploring multiplication facts) |
| MA.3.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical and categorical data with whole-number values using tables, scaled pictographs, scaled bar graphs or line plots. Use appropriate titles, labels and units. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Bar models are presented with a variety of intervals and in a balance of horizontal and vertical formats. Picture graphs are all presented horizontally. Some  |

|             |  |                               | lessons (Example: Lessons 12-2 and Lesson 12-3 provides students the opportunity to collect their own data and generate a bar graph. Line plots represent measurement units and quantities in collections/data. There are only two question (Question 8 Lesson 12-5 and Another Example page 581 Lesson 12-6) that incorporates circle graphs. |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.DP.1.2 | Interpret data with whole-number values represented with tables, scaled pictographs, circle graphs, scaled bar graphs or line plots by solving one- and two-step problems. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Each lesson within the unit provides a variety of one and two step problems based on picture graphs, bar graphs, and line plots. There are only two question (Question 8 Lesson 12-5 and Another Example page 581 Lesson 12-6) that incorporates circle graphs.  |
| MA.3.FR.1.1 | Represent and interpret unit fractions in the form 1/n as the quantity formed by one part when a whole is partitioned into n equal parts.                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Fractions are represented in a variety of ways including: area models of various shapes, number lines and sets sets.   |
| MA.3.FR.1.2 | Represent and interpret fractions, including fractions greater than one, in the form   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Fractions are represented in a variety of ways including: area   |

|             | of as the result of adding the unit $\frac{1}{n}$ to itself $m$ times.  |                       | models of various shapes, number lines and sets sets. Connections are made between unit fractions and those greater than a unit fraction within the same models. (See example in Lesson 10-2)   |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.3.FR.1.3 | Read and write fractions, including fractions greater than one, using standard form, numeral-word form and word form. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Fractions within the materials are represented in fraction notation, word form and numeric word form. In some student tasks students have both fraction notation and number-word form presented with the task (Example: SE page 475). There are limited opportunities for students to identify a given fraction in a different form or to record answers in number-word or word form. |
| MA.3.FR.2.1 | Plot, order and compare fractional numbers with the same numerator or the same denominator.                           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Material consists of opportunities to plot fractions on number lines that students must partition (Lesson10-5) number lines that are completely partitioned and labeled with fraction values (Lesson 11-2) and number lines partially partitioned   |

|             |  |                               | that must be complete based on the given information (SE page 479) Lesson 10-7 relates fraction on a number line to rulers and measurement to the nearest half and quarter inch. Lesson 11-6 compared 3 or more fractions, but does not make it explicit that this is to order fractions. One question in the "Reteaching" section on page 546 ask students to clearly order fractions. |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.3.FR.2.2 | Identify equivalent fractions and explain why they are equivalent.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material uses fraction tiles and area modes for students to identify equivalent fractions.  |
| MA.3.GR.1.1 | Describe and draw points, lines, line segments, rays, intersecting lines, perpendicular lines and parallel lines. Identify these in two-dimensional figures. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Referenced pages (183-186) do not pertain to the given benchmark. Evidence of benchmark found in Lesson 5-1 starting on page 203 where mathematical examples are presented with images and definitions aligned to the benchmark. Right angles are addressed in lesson 5-2 as square angles. Real world context included within the sited lessons such as                                |

|             |  |                               | road ways, postcard and telephone lines.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.GR.1.2 | Identify and draw quadrilaterals based on their defining attributes. Quadrilaterals include parallelograms, rhombi, rectangles, squares and trapezoids.                        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The material provides opportunites to identify and draw a variety of quadrilaterals. Clarification #2 of the benchmark states quadrilaterals should be outlined, filled or both. All quadrilateral images in Lessons 5-2 and 5-3 are outlined only. The supporting TE documents are only outlines as well. |
| MA.3.GR.1.3 | Draw line(s) of symmetry in a two-dimensional figure and identify line-symmetric two-dimensional figures.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Opening task in lesson 5-4 provides opportunity to multiple lines of symmetry and no lines of symmetry. The intervention asks promotes hands on learning to cut shapes to find symmetry.   |
| MA.3.GR.2.1 | Explore area as an attribute of a two-dimensional figure by covering the figure with unit squares without gaps or overlaps. Find areas of rectangles by counting unit squares. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons 5-5 and 5-6 focus the strategy of counting to find area and recognizing area as an attribute measured in square units.   |
| MA.3.GR.2.2 | Find the area of a rectangle with whole-<br>number side lengths using a visual model<br>and a multiplication formula.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Models and materials require students to connect the concept of area to multiplication and generate a formula.  "Another Way" for lesson 5-7 highlights  |

|             |   |                               | the dimensions of length and width and connection to  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.3.GR.2.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the perimeter and area of rectangles with whole-number side lengths using a visual model and a formula.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Materials are presented with polygons that have all sides labeled, or only partially labeled where they also have to rely on attributes of quadrilaterals to find the perimeter. Units are appropriate based on clarification #2.   |
| MA.3.GR.2.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the perimeter and area of composite figures composed of non-overlapping rectangles with whole-number side lengths. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Materials in lessons cover part of the benchmark to find the area of non overlaping figures, but no evidence of materials to support finding the perimeter of the same shapes. Lesson 5-10 focuses only on perimeter of rectangles. |
| MA.3.M.1.1  | Select and use appropriate tools to measure the length of an object, the volume of liquid within a beaker and temperature.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Materials meet benchmarks. Let's Investigate task on page 607 makes connections to measurements (clocks, thermometers) to number lines.   |
| MA.3.M.1.2  | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with whole-number lengths, masses, weights, temperatures or liquid volumes.                              | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Throughout unit 13, real world problems are embedded with appropriate units for the benchmark.  |

| MA.3.M.2.1   | Using analog and digital clocks tell and write time to the nearest minute using a.m. and p.m. appropriately.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material aligns with benchmark.  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.M.2.2   | Solve one- and two-step real-world problems involving elapsed time.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Materials within the elapse time lessons cover one step realworld time problems, but not two step.   |
| MA.3.NSO.1.1 | Read and write numbers from 0 to 10,000 using standard form, expanded form and word form.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Materials align to the benchmark and include the use of models and charts.   |
| MA.3.NSO.1.2 | Compose and decompose four-digit numbers in multiple ways using thousands, hundreds, tens and ones. Demonstrate each composition or decomposition using objects, drawings and expressions or equations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson 6- 2 and 6-5 incorporates expanded form with flexibly thinking about numbers.   |
| MA.3.NSO.1.3 | Plot, order and compare whole numbers up to 10,000.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Materials align to the benchmark with the use of number lines to plot numbers, compare multiple numbers and order them based on their location on the numberline. NUmber lines in lesson 6-3 are all pre-partitioned and labeled with intervals of 50,100 or 1000. |
| MA.3.NSO.1.4 | Round whole numbers from 0 to 1,000 to the nearest 10 or 100.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The use of number lines in Lesson 6-4 supports students rounding to different place values. j  |
| MA.3.NSO.2.1 | Add and subtract multi-digit whole numbers including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Multiple algorithms are represented for students to choose   |

|              |   |                               | from including partial sums organized in two different ways (ex. page 314), which lead to efficiency. Estimation is also embedded throughout the addition and subtraction material as a way to check for reasonableness. |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.NSO.2.2 | Explore multiplication of two whole numbers with products from 0 to 144, and related division facts.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Models support equal groups, number lines and arrays within multiple lessons.  |
| MA.3.NSO.2.3 | Multiply a one-digit whole number by a multiple of 10, up to 90, or a multiple of 100, up to 900, with procedural reliability.                            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson 14-1 build connections to models and starategies from previous multiplication material. The language within the material supports and focuses on place value.   |
| MA.3.NSO.2.4 | Multiply two whole numbers from 0 to 12 and divide using related facts with procedural reliability.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material focuses on methods that support procedural realibity such as the example on page 68 where they use tens facts to efficiently multiply nines facts.  |
| MA.4.AR.1.2  | Solve real-world problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions with like denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Models are used to represent operations and include connections to real world measurement problems. Students have opportunities to   |

|             |  |                               | recognize equations<br>based on the real<br>world scenario (page<br>A186 problem 17).  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.AR.2.1 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving any of the four operations with whole numbers is true or false.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material aligned to benchmark relating whole numbers with equations.   |
| MA.4.AR.2.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write an equation involving multiplication or division to determine the unknown whole number with the unknown in any position. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material aligned to benchmark.   |
| MA.4.AR.3.1 | Determine factor pairs for a whole number from 0 to 144. Determine whether a whole number from 0 to 144 is prime, composite or neither.                                    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Connections to multiplication are clear in lessons A5-5 and A5-6 through arrays and equal grouping. Lesson A5-7 and A5-8 provide instruction on divisibility rules. The instruction does not provide opportunities for clear connections between divisibility rules and factors. |
| MA.4.AR.3.2 | Generate, describe and extend a numerical pattern that follows a given rule.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Meets expectations of patterns benchmark.  |
| MA.4.FR.1.1 | Model and express a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with the denominator 10 as an equivalent fraction with the denominator 100.          | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | Material covers multiple lessons on equivalent fractions, but none of these lessons (A6-1 through A6-4) incorperate denominators of ten with equivalent fractions with denominators of 100. Lesson A7-10 tuches  |

|             |  |                               | on this idea, but focuses more on writing an equivalent fraction with a denominator of 100 to add.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.FR.1.3 | Identify and generate equivalent fractions, including fractions greater than one.  Describe how the numerator and denominator are affected when the equivalent fraction is created.                                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches the expectations of the benchmark.   |
| MA.4.FR.1.4 | Plot, order and compare fractions, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with different numerators and different denominators.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches the expectations of the benchmark.   |
| MA.4.FR.2.1 | Decompose a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in multiple ways. Demonstrate each decomposition with objects, drawings and equations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches the expectations of the benchmark.   |
| MA.4.FR.2.2 | Add and subtract fractions with like denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with procedural reliability.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches the expectations of the benchmark.   |
| MA.4.FR.2.3 | Explore the addition of a fraction with denominator of 10 to a fraction with denominator of 100 using equivalent fractions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches the expectations of the benchmark.   |
| MA.4.GR.1.1 | Informally explore angles as an attribute of two-dimensional figures. Identify and classify angles as acute, right, obtuse, straight or reflex.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Lesson A8-1 uses real world examples of identifiable angles. This lesson does not incorporate identifying/classifying angles within geometric shapes. |

| MA.4.GR.1.2  | Estimate angle measures. Using a protractor, measure angles in whole-number degrees and draw angles of specified measure in whole-number degrees. Demonstrate that angle measure is additive. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.GR.1.3  | Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving unknown whole-number angle measures. Write an equation to represent the unknown.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Limited real-world problems involving unknown angle number. Most material focus on mathematical problems or doesn't incorporate writing equations for the unknown |
| MA.4.GR.2.1  | Solve perimeter and area mathematical and real-world problems, including problems with unknown sides, for rectangles with whole-number side lengths.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
| MA.4.GR.2.2  | Solve problems involving rectangles with the same perimeter and different areas or with the same area and different perimeters.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
| MA.4.NSO.1.2 | Read and write multi-digit whole numbers from 0 to 1,000,000 using standard form, expanded form and word form.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
| MA.4.NSO.1.3 | Plot, order and compare multi-digit whole numbers up to 1,000,000.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
| MA.4.NSO.1.4 | Round whole numbers from 0 to 10,000 to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
| MA.4.NSO.2.1 | Recall multiplication facts with factors up to 12 and related division facts with automaticity.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
| MA.4.NSO.2.2 | Multiply two whole numbers, up to three digits by up to two digits, with procedural reliability.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark with  |

|                |  |                               | strategies that focus<br>on distributive<br>property and place<br>value.   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.NSO.2.5   | Explore the multiplication and division of multi-digit whole numbers using estimation, rounding and place value.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.   |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Solve and Share problems throughout the material set students up with engaging problems that allow them to analyze the task, determine the entry point or strategy that makes sense to them. |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Problems allow students multiple ways to represent problems as well as self selection of strategies.   |

|                | Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.  |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson sequence builds effeciancy with strategy selection and connections amongst the strategies to support learning.            |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Planned questions within Solve and Share such as the example on page 165 keep discussion focused on key learning for the lesson. |

| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts. • Look for similarities among problems. • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Solve and Shares that allow for multiple representations or answers engage students in making generalizations. (Ex. pg 421)   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Estimation is called out at multiple points in the material including area, adding/subtraction, multiplication prior to students solving the computations in order to judge reasonableness. |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Various opportunities to interpret and model real-world context.  |

|                  | <ul> <li>Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.</li> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                               |   |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Guiding questions and directions within material elicit student justifications based on the text or their work. |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material matches expectation of benchmark.  |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Material provides visual references and definitions to support communication of ideas.                          |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Majority of the materials align fully to the benchmarks. Some minor gaps due exist as described in the standards section. |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is appropriately written and presented.   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | NA  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Including real-world examples, definitions and visual models.   |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | NA  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Text is grade level appropriate.  |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Lessons are 4 part and paced for an instructional block.  |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | NA  |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.         | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | NA  |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).               | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No errors noted.  |

| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No bias or contradictions notes.   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content presentation is aligned with models accepted for concepts and aligned to standard. |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No mistakes noted.   |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content and instructional practices align with best practice in math.                      |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content aligns to the grade level and benchmarks.  |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content aligns to the grade level and benchmarks.  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Variety of real-world context and images that relate to everyday life.                     |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Pick A Project tasks connect real-world experience, multiple contents and the benchmarks.  |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | NA   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | NA   |

| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | NA |
|---|----------------------------|----|
|---|----------------------------|----|

| Presentation  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Teacher and student materials align in a way that make facilitation of lessons targeted and well prepares.   |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Compoenents with student edition, teacher edition and other teacher resources align and are easily utilized. |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials follow a logical progression of learning.  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | bolded text, key highlighted vocabulary words, visual aids, exemplar examples are all present.               |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | NA   |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Interactive student edition provides access through adaptable features such as text size and audio support.  |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Overall this material is user friendly for teachers and students do to the layout and accessibility.         |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | In addition to being visually appealing, the teacher material provides guiding questions that elicit student thinking and the solve and share tasks engage students in productive struggle.                                  |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Sequencing of lesson material matches the demands of the benchmarks.   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Both teacher and student materials clearly state the intent of the lesson and content information clearly.   |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The stucture of individual lessons provides for guided and independent practice. During the hook/engage task, guiding questions are provide to activate student thinking and make sense of the mathematics.                  |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The student materials are available both in print and digital versions, allowing for adaptability with font, audio and visual supports. The teacher resources also provide additional questions to support student learners. |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                         | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Let's Investigate (example starting on TE page 95A) engage students in discourse based on their own work. These facilitated discussions highlight mathematics and strengthen/develop   |

|  |                            | connection that are necessary  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
|  |                            | for upcoming lessons.  |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Mathematical literacy, reteach, enrich, intervention and center tasks extend learning from the student edition of the materials.   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | In addition to the use of models, questioning and purposeful assessments, the materials all support high quality student discussion. This includes the embedded 5 Practices for discourse. |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | instructional strategies align with the mathematical teaching practices and mathematical standards for thinking and reasoning.   |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | NA   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Assessments are clearly aligned to benchmarks and provide support in responding to data.   |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | NA   |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | NA   |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials follow best practices in general and mathematics instruction. Students have targeted assessments, high leverage  |

|  | instructional strategies and student guiding support w the materials. |  |
|--|---|--|
|--|---|--|

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of Critical Race<br>Theory in the material.   |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of Culturally<br>Responsive Teaching as it<br>relates to Critical Race Theory<br>in the material. |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of Social Justice as it relates to Critical Race Theory in the material.                          |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of Social<br>Emotional Learning.  |

Reviewer's Name: Kelsey Ivey

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 3 Accelerated

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade 3 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 386

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 4 - Good Alignment   |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | The textbook is visually appealing for students. There are lots of characters from a wide range of ethnicities. The textbook brings lots of real-world examples into word problems, nothing is made up or "silly". There is not a lot of room for students to show their work or explain their answer. Some students need the room to work out problems, and |  |  |

although this could be done on another piece of paper, I think teachers would appreciate being able for students to show their work in the same space they write their answers. The textbook is heavy on word problems, and although this is great and a lot of higher-order thinking takes place when we present questions in world problem format, students are expected to read on grade-level to solve these independently. If students are not on grade level in reading and that hinders their ability to solve problems, are we really assessing their reading abilities or their math abilities?

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.AR.1.1 | Apply the distributive property to multiply a one-digit number and two-digit number. Apply properties of multiplication to find a product of one-digit whole numbers. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is covered in detail. The definition of the distributive property is explained and examples of how to solve using the distributive property are shown using manipulatives. The associative property is also explained. Along with the commutative property of multiplication |
| MA.3.AR.1.2 | Solve one- and two-step real-world problems involving any of four operations with whole numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This textbook gives multiple opportunities to solve real-world problems. There are many word problems for students to read and solve. These word problems include examples of using money, creating  |

|             |  |                               | a project, and cooking.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.3.AR.2.1 | Restate a division problem as a missing factor problem using the relationship between multiplication and division.                           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The textbook provides students the opportunity to identify missing factor problems, not just by filling in the missing factor, but through word problems, as well.  |
| MA.3.AR.2.2 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving multiplication or division is true or false.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Although this standard is not revisited throughout the textbook, the textbook does a good job relating true/false equations to a balance (both sides must be equal). That was a great connection.           |
| MA.3.AR.2.3 | Determine the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division equation, relating three whole numbers, with the unknown in any position. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | For this standard, a balance example was used once again. The standard could be solved using realworld examples of baking a cake, windows in a building, and a survey of favorite sports using tally marks. |
| MA.3.AR.3.1 | Determine and explain whether a whole number from 1 to 1,000 is even or odd.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at making this standard into higher order thinking questions. It is not simply identify, "odd" and "even" numbers, but how can we   |

|             |  |                               | predict if the answer will be odd or even.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.AR.3.2 | Determine whether a whole number from 1 to 144 is a multiple of a given one-digit number.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is shown in the textbook. It begins with very basic-level questioning ("Is _ a multiple of _?"), but then moves into higher order thinking questions.  |
| MA.3.AR.3.3 | Identify, create and extend numerical patterns.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a good job at looking at multiple ways students can find patterns in numbers, whether it be multiplication or division problems, and different facts   |
| MA.3.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical and categorical data with whole-number values using tables, scaled pictographs, scaled bar graphs or line plots. Use appropriate titles, labels and units. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does an excellent job at using multiple ways to explain how to collect and interpret data. There are opportunities for students to collect and represent their own datapictographs, bar graphs, frequency tables, and line plots. Giving students the opportunity to represent their own data makes learning this standard more meaningful. |
| MA.3.DP.1.2 | Interpret data with whole-number values represented with tables, scaled pictographs,   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The textbooks give students the opportunity to not   |

|             | circle graphs, scaled bar graphs or line plots by solving one- and two-step problems.   |                               | only represent data,<br>but interpret it, as<br>well. Students are<br>asked questions<br>about bar graphs, line<br>plots, pictographs,<br>and frequency tables.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.FR.1.1 | Represent and interpret unit fractions in the form 1/n as the quantity formed by one part when a whole is partitioned into n equal parts.                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at looking at unit fractions, but also asking higher order questions. Students look at unit fractions on number lines, on rulers, and in baking instructions.                                |
| MA.3.FR.1.2 | Represent and interpret fractions, including fractions greater than one, in the form of as the result of adding the unit $\frac{1}{n}$ to itself $m$ times. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at representing and interpreting fractions using measurement, word problems, data, and pictures.   |
| MA.3.FR.1.3 | Read and write fractions, including fractions greater than one, using standard form, numeral-word form and word form.                                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The textbook gives definitions for standard form, word form, and unit fraction. The textbook should give an example or definition of "numeral word form", as students are asked to name one part of the fraction this way. |
| MA.3.FR.2.1 | Plot, order and compare fractional numbers with the same numerator or the same denominator.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at showing different ways to plot a fraction with the same numerator or the same denominator.  |

|             |  |                                  | Students are asked to do this on a number line.  |
|-------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.FR.2.2 | Identify equivalent fractions and explain why they are equivalent.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | The textbook does a great job at having students identify equivalent fractions and explain why they are equivalent fractions. The textbook visually shows this using fraction strips and number lines.             |
| MA.3.GR.1.1 | Describe and draw points, lines, line segments, rays, intersecting lines, perpendicular lines and parallel lines. Identify these in two-dimensional figures. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | This standard is not covered on SE pages 183-186. These pages are focused on MTR.1.1.  |
| MA.3.GR.1.2 | Identify and draw quadrilaterals based on their defining attributes. Quadrilaterals include parallelograms, rhombi, rectangles, squares and trapezoids.      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | The textbook does a great job at having students identify and draw quadrilaterals. The textbook does not give enough space for students, especially in the 3rd grade, to write written responses to word problems. |
| MA.3.GR.1.3 | Draw line(s) of symmetry in a two-dimensional figure and identify linesymmetric two-dimensional figures.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | The textbook does a great job at having students not only identify lines of symmetry, but draw them, as well.  |
| MA.3.GR.2.1 | Explore area as an attribute of a two-<br>dimensional figure by covering the figure<br>with unit squares without gaps or overlaps.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | The textbook does a great job at having students use unit squares to cover a   |

|             | Find areas of rectangles by counting unit squares.  |                               | space. Students are asked to draw and count the number of square units in an object.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.3.GR.2.2 | Find the area of a rectangle with whole-<br>number side lengths using a visual model<br>and a multiplication formula.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at having students using a multiplication formula and a visual model to find the area of a rectangle. The standard starts out by students counting square units and moves into having students find areas of irregular figures. |
| MA.3.GR.2.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the perimeter and area of rectangles with whole-number side lengths using a visual model and a formula.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at having students read and solve real-world problems involving perimeter and area of rectangles. Real world examples included the area/perimeter of puzzles, houses, and gardens.  |
| MA.3.GR.2.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the perimeter and area of composite figures composed of non-overlapping rectangles with whole-number side lengths. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at having students read and solve real-world problems involving perimeter and area of rectangles. Real world examples included the area/perimeter of composite figures such as puzzles, houses, and gardens.                    |

| MA.3.M.1.1 | Select and use appropriate tools to measure the length of an object, the volume of liquid within a beaker and temperature.                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at having students measure the lengths of objects, volume of liquids, and temperature. It circles back to these standards multiple times.   |
|------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.3.M.1.2 | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with whole-number lengths, masses, weights, temperatures or liquid volumes. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at having students solve realworld problems relating to lengths, masses, weight, and temperature, or liquid volumes. Examples of these include- a football team's water cooler, the weight of different objects at the grocery store, and the amount of food different animals eat.                             |
| MA.3.M.2.1 | Using analog and digital clocks tell and write time to the nearest minute using a.m. and p.m. appropriately.                               | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The textbook does a great job at having students tell times using analog and digital clocks. Students may need to spend more time on this skill, as there is only one short lesson on time to the nearest minute, if they were not given adequate instruction on time in second grade. Telling time can be a difficult standard for students. |
| MA.3.M.2.2 | Solve one- and two-step real-world problems involving elapsed time.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The textbook does a great job at giving   |

|              |  |                               | real-word examples of when students would need to use elapsed time, such as start/stop times of movies, the length of basketball tournaments, and baking times. Although the textbook gives these real-world examples, elapsed time is only covered in three pages. From my experience, elapsed time is a difficult subject for students and some may need more support.                       |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.NSO.1.1 | Read and write numbers from 0 to 10,000 using standard form, expanded form and word form.                            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at having students write numbers from 0 to 10,000 using standard form, word form, and expanded form. The textbook has students use a place value chart to write digits in the correct place value. The textbook also has students list the number of digits in each place value. The textbook has students look at errors and explain where the errors occurred. |
| MA.3.NSO.1.2 | Compose and decompose four-digit numbers in multiple ways using thousands, hundreds, tens and ones. Demonstrate each | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at having students compose and decompose four-   |

|              | composition or decomposition using objects, drawings and expressions or equations.                       |                               | digit numbers in multiple ways. Students are asked to write numbers multiple ways using only hundreds and tens or without using certain digits.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.3.NSO.1.3 | Plot, order and compare whole numbers up to 10,000.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook did a great job having students plot, order, and compare numbers up to 10,000. Students were asked to do this on a number line and compare using, "greater than" and "less than".   |
| MA.3.NSO.1.4 | Round whole numbers from 0 to 1,000 to the nearest 10 or 100.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook did a great job having students round numbers up to 10,000 to the nearest 10 or 100. Students were able to look at a number line to do so. The textbook used words such as "about" and "estimate" to help students find "compatible" numbers. |
| MA.3.NSO.2.1 | Add and subtract multi-digit whole numbers including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook did a great job having students add and subtract multi-digit whole numbers using fluency. Techniques such as mental math and using partial sums were two ways   |

|              |  |                               | the textbook uses to<br>teach students<br>fluency.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.3.NSO.2.2 | Explore multiplication of two whole numbers with products from 0 to 144, and related division facts.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at having students show the relationship between multiplication and division- students are able to fill in the blanks or solve word problems.   |
| MA.3.NSO.2.3 | Multiply a one-digit whole number by a multiple of 10, up to 90, or a multiple of 100, up to 900, with procedural reliability. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a good job having students multiply one digit numbers by a multiple of 10. Students are asked to use place-value blocks, and different strategies to solve these problems. Students can demonstrate their understanding by filling in the blanks and solving word problems. |
| MA.3.NSO.2.4 | Multiply two whole numbers from 0 to 12 and divide using related facts with procedural reliability.                            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job having students demonstrate understanding of this standard. The textbook offers students many strategies to show their understanding of multiplication and relating it to division.   |
| MA.4.AR.1.2  | Solve real-world problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions with like  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at having students solve real-  |

|             | denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one.  |                               | world problems<br>related to fractions.<br>These include<br>examples of   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.AR.2.1 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving any of the four operations with whole numbers is true or false.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job going beyond just answering "true/false" questions to go along with this standard. Students are asked to explain what mistakes were made. |
| MA.4.AR.2.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write an equation involving multiplication or division to determine the unknown whole number with the unknown in any position. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is represented well through finding the value of "x", however there are not very many real-world examples, as explained in the standard.                  |
| MA.4.AR.3.1 | Determine factor pairs for a whole number from 0 to 144. Determine whether a whole number from 0 to 144 is prime, composite or neither.                                    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are able to use factor pairs and grids to determine whether a number is prime or composite.  |
| MA.4.AR.3.2 | Generate, describe and extend a numerical pattern that follows a given rule.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook gives students multiple opportunities to find patterns in numbers with word problems or by following a given "rule".                                       |
| MA.4.FR.1.1 | Model and express a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with the denominator 10 as an equivalent fraction with the denominator 100.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook gives students the opportunity to show equivalent fractions using multiple   |

|             |  |                               | examples of using pictures (fraction bars) and a number line.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.FR.1.3 | Identify and generate equivalent fractions, including fractions greater than one.  Describe how the numerator and denominator are affected when the equivalent fraction is created.                                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook gives students the opportunity to show equivalent fractions using multiple examples of using pictures (fraction bars) and a number line for fractions greater than one.   |
| MA.4.FR.1.4 | Plot, order and compare fractions, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with different numerators and different denominators.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are able to plot, order, and compare numbers within these pages. There is not a lot of room for students to use strategies to compare numbers, if they choose to draw pictures.   |
| MA.4.FR.2.1 | Decompose a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in multiple ways. Demonstrate each decomposition with objects, drawings and equations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are able to decompose a fraction greater than one. There are not many opportunities within the given pages. There are multiple examples of how to do this and the textbook gives the definition of the word, "decompose". |
| MA.4.FR.2.2 | Add and subtract fractions with like denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than one, with procedural reliability.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given multiple opportunities to solve problems of adding and subtracting fractions.   |

| MA.4.FR.2.3 | Explore the addition of a fraction with denominator of 10 to a fraction with denominator of 100 using equivalent fractions.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given the opportunity to add fraction with denominators of 10 to a fraction with a denominator of 100 in basic problems and word problems.      |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.GR.1.1 | Informally explore angles as an attribute of two-dimensional figures. Identify and classify angles as acute, right, obtuse, straight or reflex.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are able to identify and draw straight, reflex, acute, obtuse, and right angles.  |
| MA.4.GR.1.2 | Estimate angle measures. Using a protractor, measure angles in whole-number degrees and draw angles of specified measure in whole-number degrees. Demonstrate that angle measure is additive. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given multiple opportunities to measure angles using pattern blocks and a protractor.   |
| MA.4.GR.1.3 | Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving unknown whole-number angle measures. Write an equation to represent the unknown.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Students are given a few examples of real world situations where they would need to measure angles including the wings of an airplane and angles in a chair. |
| MA.4.GR.2.1 | Solve perimeter and area mathematical and real-world problems, including problems with unknown sides, for rectangles with whole-number side lengths.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given opportunities to show they understand how to find area and perimeter when given unknown sides.  |
| MA.4.GR.2.2 | Solve problems involving rectangles with the same perimeter and different areas or with the same area and different perimeters.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given multiple opportunities to solve problems involving rectangles with the same area and different perimeters                                 |

|              |  |                               | or the same perimeter and different areas. Students are encouraged to use grid paper to solve.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.NSO.1.2 | Read and write multi-digit whole numbers from 0 to 1,000,000 using standard form, expanded form and word form. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given opportunities to read and write numbers in word form, standard form, and expanded form up to 1,000,000. There are word problems and simple recall questions for this standard. |
| MA.4.NSO.1.3 | Plot, order and compare multi-digit whole numbers up to 1,000,000.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given multiple opportunities to compare numbers and plot them on number lines. There are also word problems that students can solve to show their understanding of this standard.    |
| MA.4.NSO.1.4 | Round whole numbers from 0 to 10,000 to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given multiple opportunities to round numbers to the nearest 10, 100, or 1,000. There are questions in word problems and simple recall questions, as well.                           |
| MA.4.NSO.2.1 | Recall multiplication facts with factors up to 12 and related division facts with automaticity.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given multiple opportunities to recall multiplication facts  |

|                |   |                               | including- using known facts to recall other facts, using patterns to recall facts. Then using these facts to relate it to division facts. There are multiple pages to show this standard.                                     |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.NSO.2.2   | Multiply two whole numbers, up to three digits by up to two digits, with procedural reliability.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook gives students multiple opportunities and strategies to use to multiply two digit numbers. Strategies include- drawing an array, using area models, and estimating products.                                      |
| MA.4.NSO.2.5   | Explore the multiplication and division of multi-digit whole numbers using estimation, rounding and place value.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook gives students multiple opportunities and strategies to use to multiply two digit numbers. Strategies include- drawing an array, using area models, and estimating products.                                      |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook is big on social emotional learning and students are encouraged to have a growth mindset when working through problems or working with others. There are clear definitions of what having a growth mindset means. |

|                | Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.  |                               |   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given different opportunities to solve problems using number lines, pictures, etc. Directions throughout give students multiple ways to solve.             |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook gives students multiple opportunities throughout the book to practice their fluency- whether its addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division facts. |

| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook allows for multiple opportunities to engaged in discussions that reflect on the thinking of themselves and others. This includes opportunities for students to "Learn Together" and there are talking points to guide discussions  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts. • Look for similarities among problems. • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook allows students multiple opportunities to use patterns and structures to help understand and connect mathematical concepts. One example included finding patterns in numbers. Students are asked to determine the missing numbers and then create their own extended number pattern. |

| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook allows students to assess the reasonableness of their solutions. Questions that state, "Is this answer reasonable? Explain". This is a higher order thinking question used throughout the textbook.   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook gives students multiple opportunities to apply real-world contexts to their math. At the beginning of each new topic students are able to pick a topic and complete a project which can range from creating a sports poster and writing a report to building a space probe using math skills. |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job asking students to explain their answers. One example included-"Why did you choose to solve the problem the way you did?".   |

| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook gives the students multiple opportunities to read grade-level texts. There are word problems in every topic. Students are expected to read on grade-level.               |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students are given multiple opportunities to make inferences within real-world problems.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at solving problems collaboratively. Suggestions such as, "with a partner" or "in a group" are embedded throughout the textbook.                        |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The textbook gives students suggestions on how to solve problems (using a number-line, drawing pictures, using mental math). Students can choose a variety of ways to solve problems. |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook gives students appropriate opportunities to write to explain their answers. There is not a lot of room for students to write their answers. There                        |

|                  |  |                               | are also journaling opportunities at the beginning of each topic.   |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The textbook does a great job at giving English Language Learners opportunities to demonstrate their knowledge using pictures and in words. |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content aligns with standards and benchmarks. Standards are written throughout the topics for easy correlation.  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks. Content begins with basic instruction and moves to higher order thinking questioning.                     |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material can be adaptable and useful for classroom instruction. Students are able to use hands-on materials to help solve problems, that can be used and found within the classroom. |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are many real-world examples of how this information can be used in life   |

|   |                            | (baking, measuring, collecting data).  |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The level of the treatment of content measures the standards. How the information is presented matches what is being asked by the standard.  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level, if reading on grade-level. There are a lot of word problems and written instructions in this textbook, if students are not reading at grade-level or do not have accommodations, this may be challenging for them. |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The level of treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching. Teachers have opportunities to teach using direct instruction, small group, and allow for students to have independent practice.   |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.         | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).               | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Upon review I did not see any typographical or visual errors.  |

| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and  | 5 - Very Good              | Material is free of bias and contradictions and is  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).   | Alignment                  | noninflammatory in nature.  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is accurate and appropriate for the content area.   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content of the material is factual and accurate.  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is current and up-to-<br>date. The material gives<br>students multiple methods of<br>solving a problem. There is also<br>a social-emotional component<br>to the textbook, as well.  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context.  |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is presented in appropriate and relevant context in the appropriate order of learning.  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content includes connection to life in a context that is meaningful to students. There are real-world projects for students to complete at the beginning of each topic. There are also real-world inspired word problems throughout the textbook. |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Interdisciplinary connections include writing through journaling and STEM projects.   |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multicultural representation is evident throughout the  |

| various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).   |                            | textbook. There are characters throughout the textbook that represent various ethnicities and cultures. One of the characters is even portrayed in a wheel-chair, which is not seen very often in other textbooks or readings. |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values.   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content of benchmarks and standards for this course are covered in the material.   |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials. However, a teacher would need to provide supplemental resources for students who may struggle with a particular standard. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All components of the major tool align with the curriculum.  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material is organized in a way in which standards build on each other. The organization makes sense. Example: students are asked to identify the name of angles  |

|   |                            | before they are asked to measure them.   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There is a lot of reading in this textbook, if students are ongrade level they will be able to work their way through the word problems. If students are working below grade level, this may be a challenge for them.                    |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Students are presented with material and are able to do work through it with guided instruction before moving on to independent practice.  |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The other concern I have is there is not enough space in the textbook for students to write out their problems and solve. Students with poor handwriting or OT students may find drawing pictures in the space provided is not feasible. |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | This textbook is presented in a way that engaged children-characters, color, graphics. However the space provided to solve and draw pictures is small in most problems.  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There are graphics and visuals on each page and in color. This may keep students engaged, but I'm not sure how motivating it is. |

| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Big Ideas are expressed throughout each topic. This textbook thoroughly teaches students and displays the "Big Idea" for each new topic.   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | At the beginning of each topic there is a clear expectation of what students should learn and be able to do written as, "I can" statements.  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Each topic has "Guided<br>Practice" and "Independent<br>Practice" opportunities for<br>students.   |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | I do not see a lot of small group opportunities or remediation opportunities for students within this textbook.  |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are opportunities for students to use manipulatives and share their work with partners throughout the different topics. Students also have opportunities to complete projects based on the skills they are learning. |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material includes "Pick a Project" opportunities for students to complete relating to their area of study and STEM projects throughout relating to what they are learning.   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are multiple strategies used to teach learning outcomes to students. For instance when students are comparing fractions they are asked to use fraction bars,   |

|   |                            | draw pictures, or use a number line.   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are multiple strategies used to teach learning outcomes to students. For instance when students are comparing fractions they are asked to use fraction bars, draw pictures, or use a number line.  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are assessment pieces throughout the textbook that allow students to show their answer multiple ways- multiple choice, select all, written response.   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are assessment pieces throughout the textbook that allow students to show their answer multiple ways- multiple choice, select all, written response.   |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multiple strategies are taught to help students find the best one for their learning style. There is also lots of opportunities for students to use manipulatives. Each topic also has students learning through guided practice before moving on to independent practice. |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The BEST standards are well represented in this resource as evident with the correlation they provided.  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                 | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I would confidently say this<br>textbook satisfies learning<br>requirements for the new BEST   |

|  | standards. The company has done a fine job of correlating standards to the appropriate pages. |
|--|---|
|--|---|

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The textbook is strictly focused on the math content and BEST standards. There is no evidence of Critical Race Theory being taught within this textbook.  |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material omits Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT.   |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT.   |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There is some Social Emotional Learning that is embedded within this textbook (sharing with a partner, growth mindset), but it is not overwhelming nor does it take away from the subject-area standards. |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Jason Rhodes

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 3 Accelerated

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

**Author:** R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition: 1** 

**Grade Level: K-5** 

**Course:** 5012055 - Grade 3 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID: 386** 

1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### Bid Response

Savvas Response Savvas digital products meet Web Content Accessibility Guidelines/508 Standards. enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics ©2023 on SavvasRealize.com provides flexibility and options with presentation features for students using the instructional materials. - Fonts: -- eText layouts and page features allow students to easily adjust font size for optimal viewing. Text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200%. -- Colors and background colors can be adjusted via device manufacturers' built-in settings or built-in browser settings (i.e., brightness of tablets, dimming of screens, color of fonts and backgrounds, etc - Background: High color contrast settings are available in Realize Reader. - Text-to-speech tools are supported using assistive technology that follows standards. Please see our response to Question 4 below for specific solutions and tools. - Images - Navigation elements and content images have alternative descriptions. - Video Closed Captioning — All student-facing videos have either text on screen or closed captioning. - Refreshable Braille Displays - The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format.

| Review  | Rating                | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains simple tools to change font and font size. The menu also includes an option to change the size of icons on the site. There is no option to change font color on the site, the publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |

| Background: High contrast color settings are available.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains options for changing the contrast of the site. They offer 3 options (Black on White, White on Black, and Yellow on Black) on the site.                            |  |
|--|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Text-to-speech tools.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There seems to be no built in option on the site for Text to Speech. The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |  |
| All images have alt tags.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Alt text does not appear when the mouse is hovered over an image.  Descriptive alt text is present when using screen reading software.  |  |
| All videos are captioned.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states videos have text on screen or closed captions available. I on not see a video in the sample site to confirm.   |  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states that the Student Editions will work with refreshable Bra displays. I do not have the software to confirm.  |  |

## 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Non-text navigation elements such as buttons, icons, and arrows can be adjusted in size using screen magnification software or built-in device and browser options. The keyboard can be used to navigate the site and menu items, and navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students.  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Keyboard shortcuts are available and work. A list of commands is found in the settings menu, as is the option to turn shortcuts on/off.  There is no option to change or customize the shortcuts. |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Publisher states that navigational information can be sent to a refreshable braille device. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

#### 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Within the Interactive Student Edition, users can highlight using yellow, rose, blue, and green. Once a section of text is highlighted, users are able to copy and paste it into another document or interface. This process can be repeated with additional sections of text. Additionally, students can add annotations to highlighted text as well as use the notebook feature to take notes.

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments   |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighters are available in all four colors, and the option to highlight pops up automatically when text is highlighted with the mouse. This menu also includes options to circle or underline the text – and these are available in the four colors as well.        |
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text and annotations are automatically copied and gathered in their own menu page. Here, the text can be searched and sorted. There is also an option to export all the highlighted texts to an RTF file that can be saved and moved.                      |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text can be annotated, and an icon indicates where on the page annotations are. There is also a Notebook option that allows students to take notes on a page without the highlighted text. Both of these options are searchable and fairly easy to access. |

# 4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response Savvas digital products are tested across many assistive technology software solutions: - Magnification -- ZoomText Magnification/Reader - Text-to-Speech -- NonVisual Desktop Access (NVDA) (Windows/Firefox/Chrome) -- JAWS Screen Reader (Windows/Firefox) -- VoiceOver (iOS/Safari browser) -- VoiceOver (OS/Safari browser) - Text-to-American Sign Language -- We have explored options for a Text-to-American Sign Language software but do not have a solution for our platform at this time. - On-screen Keyboards -- Supports on-screen keyboards via commonly used tablets and other touch enabled devices - Switch Scanning Controls -- Standard switch scanning control software can be used with SavvasRealize instructional content. - Speech-to-Text -- Dragon Naturally Speaking speech recognition software

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher listed several AT softwares that are compatible with their site. They do not have text-to-ASL options. I also tested the on-screen keyboard and speech to text tool built into Mac computers as well as Read and Write. All of these functioned with the site. |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response We offer a print student edition textbook, which matches the content we provide in our digital platform, Savvas Realize. Assessments and worksheets found in Savvas digital products can be printed out for students and are also found in corresponding print ancillary materials. Additionally Savvas supports and complies with the Individuals with Disabilities Act of 2004 and the terms of the National Instructional Materials Access Center, NIMAC. Savvas routinely uploads most eligible materials to the NIMAC at the time of the first classroom-ready printing to support instructional materials available in Braille, large print, audio, and other specialized formats.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher offers paper based books that match the online workbooks, and they state they have other accessible versions available. |

**Reviewer's Name:** Margaret Berridge

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 4 Accelerated

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade 4 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 387

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 4 - Good Alignment   |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Aligned to state standards and learning goals Provides real world problems that are relevant to students Provides variety of strategies for standards Connections to previous learning Questioning support for self-reflection during opening problem Problems are aligned with learning goal within lesson Engagement concerns with amount of |  |  |

learning per page Need additional support with physical engagement Pacing concerns for several standards Assessments overwhelming and little workspace

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.AR.1.1 | Solve real-world problems involving multiplication and division of whole numbers including problems in which remainders must be interpreted within the context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Variety of real world problems using multiplication and division; variety of opportunities to use standard algorithm and solve for remainders |
| MA.4.AR.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving multiplication of a fraction by a whole number or a whole number by a fraction.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Variety of real world opportunities to solve problems with fraction multiplication  |
| MA.4.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical data, including fractional values, using tables, stem-and-leaf plots or line plots.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Opportunities to represent data with line plots and stem plots; only represent not collecting   |
| MA.4.DP.1.2 | Determine the mode, median or range to interpret numerical data including fractional values, represented with tables, stem-and-leaf plots or line plots.        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Connects previous learning of stem and line plots to interpreting data with mode, median and range  |
| MA.4.DP.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving numerical data.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Variety of real world problems using operations and fractions   |

| MA.4.FR.1.2  | Use decimal notation to represent fractions with denominators of 10 or 100, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, and use fractional notation with denominators of 10 or 100 to represent decimals.                               | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instructional<br>emphasis on decimal<br>models and number<br>lines  |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.4.FR.2.4  | Extend previous understanding of multiplication to explore the multiplication of a fraction by a whole number or a whole number by a fraction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of real world opportunities to explore problems with fraction multiplication                                  |
| MA.4.M.1.1   | Select and use appropriate tools to measure attributes of objects.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Opportunities to select tools; no instruction of digital vs scale and recording measurements using fractions/decimals |
| MA.4.M.1.2   | Convert within a single system of measurement using the units: yards, feet, inches; kilometers, meters, centimeters, millimeters; pounds, ounces; kilograms, grams; gallons, quarts, pints, cups; liter, milliliter; and hours, minutes, seconds. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Opportunities to convert a variety of measurements; instruction does not prepare for the practice problems            |
| MA.4.M.2.1   | Solve two-step real-world problems involving distances and intervals of time using any combination of the four operations.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Instructional focus is on one step problems; instruction not preparing for some of the 2-step problems in practice    |
| MA.4.M.2.2   | Solve one- and two-step addition and subtraction real-world problems involving money using decimal notation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of problems using money and decimal models  |
| MA.4.NSO.1.1 | Express how the value of a digit in a multi-<br>digit whole number changes if the digit<br>moves one place to the left or right.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Explores how the value changes with models and operations   |
| MA.4.NSO.1.5 | Plot, order and compare decimals up to the hundredths.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Uses number lines to order and compare  |

|              |  |                       | decimals; opportunities to reason and evaluate thinking of others within problem solving scenarios  |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.4.NSO.2.3 | Multiply two whole numbers, each up to two digits, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of opportunities to practice standard algorithm   |
| MA.4.NSO.2.4 | Divide a whole number up to four digits by a one-digit whole number with procedural reliability. Represent remainders as fractional parts of the divisor.                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of opportunities to estimate, use models and solve division problems  |
| MA.4.NSO.2.6 | Identify the number that is one-tenth more, one-tenth less, one-hundredth more and one-hundredth less than a given number.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of opportunities to one more or less than a given decimal   |
| MA.4.NSO.2.7 | Explore the addition and subtraction of multi-digit numbers with decimals to the hundredths.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of connections to models and money while exploring addition and subtraction   |
| MA.5.AR.1.1  | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any combination of the four operations with whole numbers, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted within the context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of real world problems using multiplication and division; variety of opportunities to use standard algorithm and solve for remainders |
| MA.5.AR.1.2  | Solve real-world problems involving the addition, subtraction or multiplication of fractions, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1.                                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of real world opportunities to solve problems with fraction addition, subtraction and multiplication                                  |

| MA.5.AR.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving division of a unit fraction by a whole number and a whole number by a unit fraction.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Variety of real world opportunities to explore problems with fraction division                   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.5.AR.2.1 | Translate written real-world and mathematical descriptions into numerical expressions and numerical expressions into written mathematical descriptions.                    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Variety of opportunities for translating real world problems into numerical expressions          |
| MA.5.AR.2.2 | Evaluate multi-step numerical expressions using order of operations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Variety of opportunities to evaluate expressions   |
| MA.5.AR.2.3 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving any of the four operations is true or false.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Instructional focus on properties  |
| MA.5.AR.2.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write an equation involving any of the four operations to determine the unknown whole number with the unknown in any position. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Connection to previous variable instruction; examples do not include variable on both sides      |
| MA.5.AR.3.1 | Given a numerical pattern, identify and write a rule that can describe the pattern as an expression.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Variety of opportunities to write and identify rules   |
| MA.5.AR.3.2 | Given a rule for a numerical pattern, use a two-column table to record the inputs and outputs.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Opportunities for solving input and output; connection to linear relationships                   |
| MA.5.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical data, including fractional and decimal values, using tables, line graphs or line plots.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Opportunities to represent whole number and fractional data in graphs; no decimal problems found |
| MA.5.DP.1.2 | Interpret numerical data, with whole-<br>number values, represented with tables or<br>line plots by determining the mean, mode,<br>median or range.                        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Connection to previous learning of mode, range and median; instruction                           |

|             |   |                       | includes real world<br>problems relating to<br>understanding and<br>solving for the mean               |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.5.FR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world problem, represent the division of two whole numbers as a fraction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Connection between fractions and division within real world scenarios                                  |
| MA.5.FR.2.1 | Add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, with procedural reliability.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Connection with previous taught fraction standards; instruction includes estimation and models         |
| MA.5.FR.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication to multiply a fraction by a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, with procedural reliability.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction uses models and properties; practice includes mixed numbers and fractions greater than one |
| MA.5.FR.2.3 | When multiplying a given number by a fraction less than 1 or a fraction greater than 1, predict and explain the relative size of the product to the given number without calculating. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction focuses on assessing reasonableness  |
| MA.5.FR.2.4 | Extend previous understanding of division to explore the division of a unit fraction by a whole number and a whole number by a unit fraction.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Opportunities to use models and drawings to extend fraction division                                   |
| MA.5.GR.1.1 | Classify triangles or quadrilaterals into different categories based on shared defining attributes. Explain why a triangle or quadrilateral would or would not belong to a category.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Includes a variety of triangles and quadrilaterals with vocabulary support                             |
| MA.5.GR.1.2 | Identify and classify three-dimensional figures into categories based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Includes attributes<br>with vocabulary<br>support  |

|             | right pyramids, right prisms, right circular cylinders, right circular cones and spheres.   |                       |   |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.5.GR.2.1 | Find the perimeter and area of a rectangle with fractional or decimal side lengths using visual models and formulas.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Opportunities to find area and perimeter with fractions; no support for decimals  |
| MA.5.GR.3.1 | Explore volume as an attribute of three-dimensional figures by packing them with unit cubes without gaps. Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by counting unit cubes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Real world problems used to explore and calculate volume by counting cubes  |
| MA.5.GR.3.2 | Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths using a visual model and a formula.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Opportunities to determine volume using models and formula  |
| MA.5.GR.3.3 | Solve real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms, including problems with an unknown edge length, with whole-number edge lengths using a visual model or a formula. Write an equation with a variable for the unknown to represent the problem. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instruction includes support with determining volume of composite figures; little support with equations, variables and missing sides |
| MA.5.GR.4.1 | Identify the origin and axes in the coordinate system. Plot and label ordered pairs in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Connections between ordered pairs, charts and line graphs   |
| MA.5.GR.4.2 | Represent mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane and interpret coordinate values of points in the context of the situation.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Real world<br>connections between<br>ordered pairs, charts<br>and line graphs   |
| MA.5.M.1.1  | Solve multi-step real-world problems that involve converting measurement units to equivalent measurements within a single system of measurement.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Instructional focus is on one step problems; instruction not preparing for some of the 2-step problems in practice                    |

| MA.5.M.2.1   | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving money using decimal notation.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of multi-step problems relating to money   |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.5.NSO.1.1 | Express how the value of a digit in a multidigit number with decimals to the thousandths changes if the digit moves one or more places to the left or right.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction includes decimal support using models and place value charts                     |
| MA.5.NSO.1.2 | Read and write multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths using standard form, word form and expanded form.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of opportunities to make connections between forms of decimals                       |
| MA.5.NSO.1.3 | Compose and decompose multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths in multiple ways using the values of the digits in each place. Demonstrate the compositions or decompositions using objects, drawings and expressions or equations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Instruction includes models and different forms to compose and decompose decimals            |
| MA.5.NSO.1.4 | Plot, order and compare multi-digit numbers with decimals up to the thousandths.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Use of scaled number lines and symbols   |
| MA.5.NSO.1.5 | Round multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths to the nearest hundredth, tenth or whole number.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Some opportunities to round decimals to different place values                               |
| MA.5.NSO.2.1 | Multiply multi-digit whole numbers including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of opportunities to practice standard algorithm                                      |
| MA.5.NSO.2.2 | Divide multi-digit whole numbers, up to five digits by two digits, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency. Represent remainders as fractions.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of opportunities to estimate and use different strategies to solve division problems |
| MA.5.NSO.2.3 | Add and subtract multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Opportunities to add and subtract decimals using the standard algorithm                      |

| MA.5.NSO.2.4   | Explore the multiplication and division of multi-digit numbers with decimals to the hundredths using estimation, rounding and place value.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Use of estimation and models to explore multiplication and division of decimals                              |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.5.NSO.2.5   | Multiply and divide a multi-digit number with decimals to the tenths by one-tenth and one-hundredth with procedural reliability.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of opportunities to multiply and divide decimals using patterns and models                           |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of challenging problems, and questions to foster thinking and perseverance                           |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Connections to models and manipulatives throughout; instruction includes a variety of ways to solve problems |

|                | <ul> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul>   |                       |  |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Opportunities to solve problems with mathematical fluency after different solution strategies are explored |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Questions throughout<br>lessons to guide<br>instruction and<br>support student<br>struggle                 |

| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of standards are addressed through student work with patterns and making sense of the structure to connect to previous mathematics                      |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Throughout lessons students are expected to assess the reasonableness of their solution strategy or make sense of other presented in a problem solving scenario |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Real world<br>connections are made<br>within lessons via the<br>problem solving   |

|                | <ul> <li>Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.</li> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                       | scenarios and the projects  |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Questions provide verbal justification, but need additional opportunities for writing reflection when solving problems within lessons                                       |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Throughout the text there are lessons that focus on comprehending and making sense of the texts through self-questioning; need additional support with reading complex text |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Questions are given to support teachers and students with making inferences   |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Throughout the text there are lessons that focus on comprehending and making sense of the texts through self-questioning  |

| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Projects provide students opportunity to produce and present quality work; need additional opportunities during daily math lessons |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Opportunities to share thoughts in response to questions at beginning of lesson; need additional support throughout the lesson     |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Vocabulary support<br>not specific to ELL  |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Aligned with state standards and benchmarks  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Aligned with state standards and benchmarks  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of real world problems, projects and practice  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Connections are made throughout; need additional support for student understanding of significance |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Aligned with state standards and benchmarks  |

| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Aligned with state standards and benchmarks                |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Pacing is a concern for many topics                        |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Material reflects expert information                       |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Material reflects expert information                       |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content presented is accurate                              |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content is presented objectively                           |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of models and strategies shared within the lessons |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content viewed was factually accurate                      |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content viewed was up-to-date                              |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content is appropriate and relevant                        |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Context is appropriate                                     |

| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Content connections are meaningful              |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Cross connections between content is meaningful |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate multicultural representation        |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Appropriate humanity and compassion             |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Aligned with state standards and benchmarks     |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Appropriately addressed learning outcomes   |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Components viewed aligned with the curriculum   |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Consistent and logical  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Narratives are engaging to students; visually engaging for students with exception of some practice pages which might overwhelm |

| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Some concept pacing is concerning   |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Material is easily accessible   |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Engaging visually and projects/story problems make real world connections to students |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Motivation included in projects and stories; practice pages are not motivating                  |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Material is addresses the grade level standards   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Clear information, vocabulary and learning outcomes are presented                               |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Questioning support<br>throughout the lessons help<br>develop independence and<br>math thinking |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Pacing is a concern in connection to developmental difference and learning styles               |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Mental activity presented;<br>need additional support in<br>physical engagement                 |

| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Material is organized with clear objectives  |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of strategies are explored throughout lessons  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Variety of strategies are explored throughout lessons  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Connection between learning outcomes and assessment strategies   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Assessments are connected to learning outcomes; need support in visual engagement of students; assessments are overwhelming to view on the pages |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Materials viewed consider needs of all students  |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Materials viewed appropriate application of MTRs and ELA standards   |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Overall satisfies learning requirements  |

| Special Topics  | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification                 |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Materials viewed align to Rule<br>6A |

| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Materials viewed omit CRT              |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Materials viewed omit CRT              |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Materials viewed do not solicit<br>SEL |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Jason Rhodes

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 4 Accelerated

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

**Author:** R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** <u>5012065 - Grade 4 Accelerated Mathematics</u>

**Bid ID:** 387

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### Bid Response

Savvas Response Savvas digital products meet Web Content Accessibility Guidelines/508 Standards. enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics ©2023 on SavvasRealize.com provides flexibility and options with presentation features for students using the instructional materials. - Fonts: -- eText layouts and page features allow students to easily adjust font size for optimal viewing. Text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200%. -- Colors and background colors can be adjusted via device manufacturers' built-in settings or built-in browser settings (i.e., brightness of tablets, dimming of screens, color of fonts and backgrounds, etc - Background: High color contrast settings are available in Realize Reader. - Text-to-speech tools are supported using assistive technology that follows standards. Please see our response to Question 4 below for specific solutions and tools. - Images - Navigation elements and content images have alternative descriptions. - Video Closed Captioning – All student-facing videos have either text on screen or closed captioning. - Refreshable Braille Displays - The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Fonts:<br>Type and size.<br>Colors and background<br>colors can be adjusted. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains simple tools to change font and font size. The menu also includes an option to change the size of icons on the site. There is no option to change font color on the site, the publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |

| Background: High contrast color settings are available.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains options for changing the contrast of the site. They offer 3 options (Black on White, White on Black, and Yellow on Black) on the site.                            |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Text-to-speech tools.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There seems to be no built in option on the site for Text to Speech. The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |
| All images have alt tags.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Alt text does not appear when the mouse is hovered over an image.  Descriptive alt text is present when using screen reading software.  |
| All videos are captioned.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states videos have text on screen or closed captions available. I did not see a video in the sample site to confirm.  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states that the Student Editions will work with refreshable Braille displays. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

### 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Non-text navigation elements such as buttons, icons, and arrows can be adjusted in size using screen magnification software or built-in device and browser options. The keyboard can be used to navigate the site and menu items, and navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |  |
|--|-----------------------|---|--|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students.  |  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Keyboard shortcuts are available and work. A list of commands is found in the settings menu, as is the option to turn shortcuts on/off.  There is no option to change or customize the shortcuts. |  |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Publisher states that navigational information can be sent to a refreshable braille device. I do not have the software to confirm.  |  |

#### 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Within the Interactive Student Edition, users can highlight using yellow, rose, blue, and green. Once a section of text is highlighted, users are able to copy and paste it into another document or interface. This process can be repeated with additional sections of text. Additionally, students can add annotations to highlighted text as well as use the notebook feature to take notes.

| Review   | Rating                        | Comments   |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Highlighters are provided in the four standard colors (yellow, rose, green, blue).                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighters are available in all four colors, and the option to highlight pops up automatically when text is highlighted with the mouse. This menu also includes options to circle or underline the text – and these are available in the four colors as well.        |
| Highlighted text can be automatically extracted into another document.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text and annotations are automatically copied and gathered in their own menu page. Here, the text can be searched and sorted. There is also an option to export all the highlighted texts to an RTF file that can be saved and moved.                      |
| Note taking tools are available for students to write ideas online; as they are processing curriculum content. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text can be annotated, and an icon indicates where on the page annotations are. There is also a Notebook option that allows students to take notes on a page without the highlighted text. Both of these options are searchable and fairly easy to access. |

## 4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports**, **by product name**, have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response Savvas digital products are tested across many assistive technology software solutions: - Magnification -- ZoomText Magnification/Reader - Text-to-Speech -- NonVisual Desktop Access (NVDA) (Windows/Firefox/Chrome) -- JAWS Screen Reader (Windows/Firefox) -- VoiceOver (iOS/Safari browser) -- VoiceOver (OS/Safari browser) - Text-to-American Sign Language -- We have explored options for a Text-to-American Sign Language software but do not have a solution for our platform at this time. - On-screen Keyboards -- Supports on-screen keyboards via commonly used tablets and other touch enabled devices - Switch Scanning Controls -- Standard switch scanning control software can be used with SavvasRealize instructional content. - Speech-to-Text -- Dragon Naturally Speaking speech recognition software

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher listed several AT softwares that are compatible with their site. They do not have text-to-ASL options. I also tested the on-screen keyboard and speech to text tool built into Mac computers as well as Read and Write. All of these functioned with the site. |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response We offer a print student edition textbook, which matches the content we provide in our digital platform, Savvas Realize. Assessments and worksheets found in Savvas digital products can be printed out for students and are also found in corresponding print ancillary materials. Additionally Savvas supports and complies with the Individuals with Disabilities Act of 2004 and the terms of the National Instructional Materials Access Center, NIMAC. Savvas routinely uploads most eligible materials to the NIMAC at the time of the first classroom-ready printing to support instructional materials available in Braille, large print, audio, and other specialized formats.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher offers paper based books that match the online workbooks, and they state they have other accessible versions available. |

Reviewer's Name: Melissa Soto

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 4 Accelerated

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: R. Charles, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** K-5

**Course:** Grade 4 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 387

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | This curriculum had the majority of the standards aligned very well. The strategies used to teach the concepts within the standards were scaffolded well with concrete/visual representations connected to the equations used to solve the problems. Real world problems were evident in every lesson and the students were involved in their learning |  |  |

throughout the lessons. The MTR standards were embedded intentionally throughout the curriculum. Formative assessments were included for all lessons and included a response for teachers including specific assignments or teacher-led lessons. Vocabulary activities were included before and after each topic, and additional vocabulary resources will be provided. Overall, I was impressed with the way the content is presented to students with a true focus on conceptual understanding that leads to procedural fluency. Very unique format (in comparison to other curriculums I've used over the years) that aligns to effective mathematics practices.

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.AR.1.1 | Solve real-world problems involving multiplication and division of whole numbers including problems in which remainders must be interpreted within the context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Every lesson contains real world problems. The multiplication and division problems and strategies are scaffolded through the lessons.  |
| MA.4.AR.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving multiplication of a fraction by a whole number or a whole number by a fraction.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Every lesson contains real world problems. Students are multiplying fractions by whole numbers and vice versa. Various strategies including visuals and number lines are used to teach the concept. |
| MA.4.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical data, including fractional values, using tables, stem-and-leaf plots or line plots.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world problems<br>are provided where<br>students are<br>gathering numerical<br>data and representing<br>it using tables, line  |

|             |   |                               | plots, and stem-and-<br>leaf plots. The data<br>includes fractional<br>values.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.DP.1.2 | Determine the mode, median or range to interpret numerical data including fractional values, represented with tables, stem-and-leaf plots or line plots.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Mode, median, and range are defined clearly with examples provided. The students are given various sets of data and learn how to determine the mode, median, and range of the data provided.  |
| MA.4.DP.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving numerical data.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are applying their learning from the two prior standards 4.DP.1.1 and 4.DP.1.2 and extending that to solving problems involving the data.  |
| MA.4.FR.1.2 | Use decimal notation to represent fractions with denominators of 10 or 100, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, and use fractional notation with denominators of 10 or 100 to represent decimals. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Real world problems are included to help students understand how decimals can be used to represent fractions and vice versa. The examples provided include fractions, mixed numbers, fractions greater than one, and denominators of 10 and 100. Number lines are used to help students understand the concept. |
| MA.4.FR.2.4 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication to explore the multiplication of a fraction by a whole number or a whole number by a fraction.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Every lesson contains real world problems. Students are multiplying fractions   |

|            |   |                               | by whole numbers and vice versa. Various strategies including visuals and number lines are used to teach the concept. 4.AR.1.3 and 4.FR.2.4 are taught in tandem.   |
|------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.4.M.1.1 | Select and use appropriate tools to measure attributes of objects.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Two lessons provide real world examples of selecting and using appropriate tools to measure attributes of objects such as length, volume, weight, mass, and temperature. One lesson focuses on customary and the other on metric units of measurement.                          |
| MA.4.M.1.2 | Convert within a single system of measurement using the units: yards, feet, inches; kilometers, meters, centimeters, millimeters; pounds, ounces; kilograms, grams; gallons, quarts, pints, cups; liter, milliliter; and hours, minutes, seconds. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Both customary and metric units of measured are taught with real world examples. Students are converting within one system of measurement with various practice opportunities. The problems meet the benchmark clarifications and problems include fractions where appropriate. |
| MA.4.M.2.1 | Solve two-step real-world problems involving distances and intervals of time using any combination of the four operations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Two-step real-world problems have been embedded in the content from the two earlier measurement standards (M.1.1 and  |

|              |  |                               | M.1.2). Students are solving these problems that involve distances and intervals of time using various combinations of the four operations.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.M.2.2   | Solve one- and two-step addition and subtraction real-world problems involving money using decimal notation.             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Content teaches one-<br>and two-step addition<br>and subtraction word<br>problems involving<br>money using decimal<br>notation. Strategies<br>for learning include<br>bar models, base-10<br>bocks, and converting<br>decimals to fractions.<br>This standard is not<br>taught in isolation. |
| MA.4.NSO.1.1 | Express how the value of a digit in a multidigit whole number changes if the digit moves one place to the left or right. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson teachers how<br>the value of a digit<br>changes based on its<br>movement. Students<br>analyze patterns and<br>real world problems<br>are provided.  |
| MA.4.NSO.1.5 | Plot, order and compare decimals up to the hundredths.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson provides various strategies to plot, order, and compare decimals. This skill is combined with the standards 4.FR.1.2. and fractions are used as a strategy.   |
| MA.4.NSO.2.3 | Multiply two whole numbers, each up to two digits, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.         | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are provided real world problems that require them to multiply. Varies strategies are used to teach multiplication including area models,   |

|              |   |                               | partial products, and<br>the standard<br>algorithm. The lesson<br>stay within the limits<br>of 2 digit factors.  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.4.NSO.2.4 | Divide a whole number up to four digits by a one-digit whole number with procedural reliability. Represent remainders as fractional parts of the divisor. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Strategies used to divide: Bar model, compatible numbers, multiplication, estimation, models, distributive property, partial quotients, etc. After dividing, students learn how to represent the remainder as a fractional part of the divisor as appropriate. This strategy is also embedded standard 4.M.1.2 where students are converting units of measurement. Students are solving various division problem types including real world comparison problems. |
| MA.4.NSO.2.6 | Identify the number that is one-tenth more, one-tenth less, one-hundredth more and one-hundredth less than a given number.                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is combined with comparing and ordering decimals. Although the content is aligned to the standard, there should be additional practice or focus on this standard.  |
| MA.4.NSO.2.7 | Explore the addition and subtraction of multi-digit numbers with decimals to the hundredths.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are provided several strategies including "decimal grids" and equivalent  |

|             |  |                               | fractions to add and subtract multi-digit numbers with decimals to the hundredths. Context is provided for several problems in this lesson. Decimals are used as money, length, weight, distance, etc.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.5.AR.1.1 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any combination of the four operations with whole numbers, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted within the context. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The lessons referenced involve multi-step real-world problems involving several operations. However, multiplication is the focus and I did not view any practice I which remainders must be interpreted within the context. This skill was covered earlier in a 4th grade standard, which does align to this standard, but those pages were not referenced here. |
| MA.5.AR.1.2 | Solve real-world problems involving the addition, subtraction or multiplication of fractions, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1.                                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons include adding fractions, including mixed numbers, using the concept of perimeter. Visuals are used. Additional lessons include both adding and subtracting fractions/mixed numbers using bar models. Other lessons include all three operations in the problems students are  |

|             |   |                               | solving. This standard also includes a "let's investigate" activity that uses several strategies to solve problems such as drawings, repeated addition, distributive property, etc. Many opportunities to practice the content of the standard, and the practice is aligned to the standard.                              |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.AR.1.3 | Solve real-world problems involving division of a unit fraction by a whole number and a whole number by a unit fraction.                                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Whole numbers are divided by unit fractions using a visual as well as a bar model. Additional lessons include drawings and number lines. Real-world problem are provided for many of the practice problems. Models and number lines are used to teach division of a unit fraction by a whole number. Context is provided. |
| MA.5.AR.2.1 | Translate written real-world and mathematical descriptions into numerical expressions and numerical expressions into written mathematical descriptions. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Several lessons are provided that teach the content of this standard. The lessons include real-world and mathematical descriptions that students are to write as numerical expressions and vice versa. Students use parenthesis as needed and varies strategies   |

|             |  |                               | are provide to support the concept.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.5.AR.2.2 | Evaluate multi-step numerical expressions using order of operations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons provide practice using the order of operations to evaluate an expression. Whole numbers, decimals, and fractions are included within the content limitations. Problem solving is included. This standards includes a "let's investigate" lessons providing students with additional strategies for evaluating expressions. |
| MA.5.AR.2.3 | Determine and explain whether an equation involving any of the four operations is true or false.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson provides students with an opportunity to use the properties of operations to evaluate expressions and determine if they are true of false. Context is provided for several problems.  |
| MA.5.AR.2.4 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, write an equation involving any of the four operations to determine the unknown whole number with the unknown in any position. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are provided context, then asked to write an equation to represent the problem. Variables are used to represent the unknown and the bar diagram is the main strategy used to solve the variable.  |

| MA.5.AR.3.1 | Given a numerical pattern, identify and write a rule that can describe the pattern as an expression.                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | One of the lessons include a 3-Act task where students are identifying patterns. In another lesson, students are analyze tables and identifying/writing a rule that can be used to describe the pattern as an expression. In another lesson, students are being provided a table with missing numbers. They must use the rule provided to determine the missing numbers. Some of the word problem ask students to use the word problem to complete a table, then write the rule for the table. Lots of real world practice. |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.AR.3.2 | Given a rule for a numerical pattern, use a two-column table to record the inputs and outputs.                          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are given a rule for a numerical pattern, and they use a two-column table to record the inputs and outputs. This standard is also practiced in tandem with standard 5.GR.4.2 since the input/output information can be graphed.  |
| MA.5.DP.1.1 | Collect and represent numerical data, including fractional and decimal values, using tables, line graphs or line plots. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students collect data from their classmates and organize the data into a table. Students use data organized in tables to create line  |

|             |  |                               | plots. In another lesson, students take data from tables and organize the data into line graphs. The data includes fractional and decimal amounts as appropriate.  Denominators are limited to 1, 2, 3 and 4. Other lessons referenced teaches graphing ordered pairs, which is appropriate for standard 5.GR.4.1.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.DP.1.2 | Interpret numerical data, with whole- number values, represented with tables or line plots by determining the mean, mode, median or range. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students obtain data and determine the range, median, and mode. Data sets as well as real-world problems are provided for students. Another lesson focuses on mean using a variety of strategies such as redistribution and the usual strategy of adding up all the numbers and dividing by the number of digits added. As usual, students are provided with practice with and without context. In another lesson, mean is described as a representation of a balance point or an equal share. Visuals are provided to help students understand the concept. Yet another lesson |

|             |   |                               | combines mean, mode, median, and range and provides mostly real world problems for the data. The final lesson for this standard asks students to analyze the work of others who have analyzed data. Students focus on their communication and justification skills.   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.FR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world problem, represent the division of two whole numbers as a fraction.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Two lessons are provided teaching the connection between fractions and division. Visuals are provided to help students understand the connection. Students are asked to represent fractions as a division expression and vice versa. The second lesson continues with this understanding, however fractions greater than 1 and mixed numbers are include in the lesson. |
| MA.5.FR.2.1 | Add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, with procedural reliability. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students learn to estimate the sum of two fractions with unlike denominators. Visual models and number lines are strategies used. A "let's investigate" lesson is included and involves tasks where students need to add and subtract fractions   |

|             |  |                               | with unlike denominators. Students are taught how to find "likesized" parts or common denominators in order to add or subtraction fractions. Visuals are included. Several strategies are used to add and subtract fractions such as models, estimation, regrouping, and number lines. Students have a variety of strategies available as well as practice with and without context. |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.5.FR.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication to multiply a fraction by a fraction, including mixed numbers and fractions greater than 1, with procedural reliability. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students use concrete or visual models (drawins) to learn how to multiply fractions by whole numbers, and fractions by fractions. Once fractions greater than one or mixed numbers are being multiplied, students use area models and partial products to multiply. Students can rename mixed numbers, then multiply. Practice is provided with and without context.                 |
| MA.5.FR.2.3 | When multiplying a given number by a fraction less than 1 or a fraction greater than 1, predict and explain the relative size of the                                     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The lesson provided teaches how to use number sense to predict the relative  |

|             | product to the given number without calculating.   |                               | size of a product. Students use connect their prior knowledge to determine the relative size without multiplying.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.FR.2.4 | Extend previous understanding of division to explore the division of a unit fraction by a whole number and a whole number by a unit fraction.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are provided with division equations that require them to divide a whole number by a unit fraction. Visual representations, fraction models, and number lines are used to teach the concept. Student explore how dividing by a fraction is related to multiplication. Additional lesson ask students to divide unit fractions by a whole number using models and number lines. The skill is practiced with and without context. Ample practice is provided and instruction includes manipulatives, drawings, number lines, and properties of operations. |
| MA.5.GR.1.1 | Classify triangles or quadrilaterals into different categories based on shared defining attributes. Explain why a triangle or quadrilateral would or would not belong to a category. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Triangles and quadrilaterals are defined by their attributes. Venn diagrams are used to show the relationship among quadrilaterals. Practice includes both no context and context.  |

| MA.5.GR.1.2 | Identify and classify three-dimensional figures into categories based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to right pyramids, right prisms, right circular cylinders, right circular cones and spheres. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | 3-dimensional shapes are provided in a table, including how they are categorized based on their attributes. Students identify shapes and list defining attributes. Shapes are limited to the specifications of the standard.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.GR.2.1 | Find the perimeter and area of a rectangle with fractional or decimal side lengths using visual models and formulas.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | One lesson focuses on finding the area of a rectangle with fractional side lengths. This lesson is included in the topic where students learn to multiply fractions, so the lesson placement is appropriate. Students are taught using drawings as well as application of skill they learned earlier in the topic of multiplying fractions. Students are taught how to add/subtract decimals and fractions, which prepared them to determine the perimeter of a rectangle that involves decimals. They apply those skills to the concept of perimeter. The lesson provides practice with visuals to determine the perimeter as well as applying their prior |

|             |   |                               | understanding of fractions and decimals as stated. As usual, real world problems are provided for practice. Both clarifications are included in the connected lessons.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.GR.3.1 | Explore volume as an attribute of three-dimensional figures by packing them with unit cubes without gaps. Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by counting unit cubes.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Volume is taught as stated in the standard. Visual models are provided as well as problems with and without context.  |
| MA.5.GR.3.2 | Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths using a visual model and a formula.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The learning in GR.3.1 is connected to the formula to determine volume. Visual models are provided. Practice problems are with and without context. Content does not go outside of the standard clarifications.   |
| MA.5.GR.3.3 | Solve real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms, including problems with an unknown edge length, with whole-number edge lengths using a visual model or a formula. Write an equation with a variable for the unknown to represent the problem. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are solving problems with and without context. These problems involve volume of rectangular prisms as well as composite figures composed of rectangular prisms. Students connect their earlier learning in 5.GR.3.2 to the composite figures using formulas. Students determine the volume of each |

|             |  |                               | rectangular prism and combine the non-overlapping parts to determine the volume of the composite figure. Real world problems are provided with visuals as students determine the volume. All figures stay within the limitations of the standard clarifications.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.GR.4.1 | Identify the origin and axes in the coordinate system. Plot and label ordered pairs in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students learn about coordinate grids, ordered pairs, x-axis, y-axis, origin, x-coordinate, and y-coordinate. Lessons provide practice plotting and labeling ordered pairs in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane. Practice includes problems with and without context. Lessons stay within the limitations stated in the standard clarifications. |
| MA.5.GR.4.2 | Represent mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane and interpret coordinate values of points in the context of the situation. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons include practice where students represent mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points. Practice stays within the limitations in the standard and standard clarification.  |

| MA.5.M.1.1   | Solve multi-step real-world problems that involve converting measurement units to equivalent measurements within a single system of measurement.             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are provided tables to show equivalent measures for length, capacity/volume, and time. Practice problem are provided with and without context. Every lesson includes problem solving that incorporates real world problems where students have to convert measurement. |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.M.2.1   | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving money using decimal notation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lesson includes the content within the standard.  |
| MA.5.NSO.1.1 | Express how the value of a digit in a multidigit number with decimals to the thousandths changes if the digit moves one or more places to the left or right. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Place value is taught and shown based on a periods chart. 1/10 and 10 times based on place value is addressed and examples are shown.   |
| MA.5.NSO.1.2 | Read and write multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths using standard form, word form and expanded form.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons provide instruction on reading and writing numbers using a place value chart as well as base-10 blocks. Standard form, expanded form, and word form are taught to the thousandths. Real world examples are provided to help students understand decimals.               |
| MA.5.NSO.1.3 | Compose and decompose multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Multi-digit numbers are composed and  |

|              | in multiple ways using the values of the digits in each place. Demonstrate the compositions or decompositions using objects, drawings and expressions or equations. |                               | decomposed to the thousandth in multiple ways. Base-10 blocks and expressions/equations are used. Drawings are not present.   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.NSO.1.4 | Plot, order and compare multi-digit numbers with decimals up to the thousandths.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | A "let's investigate" provides a problem where students are comparing distance in a real world problem. In lessons, number lines are provided as a strategy to plot, order, and compare decimals to the thousandths. Content addresses the standard including the 3 clarifications. |
| MA.5.NSO.1.5 | Round multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths to the nearest hundredth, tenth or whole number.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons provide practice rounding decimals to the nearest whole number, tenth, and hundredth. Several strategies are provided including number lines as well as the traditional procedure for rounding (use the digit to the right, if it is 5 or greater round up, etc.).          |
| MA.5.NSO.2.1 | Multiply multi-digit whole numbers including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Topic 3 covers<br>multiplication of<br>multi-digit whole<br>numbers. Students<br>estimate and then<br>multiply. Strategies<br>include place value,  |

|              |   |                               | partial products, standard algorithm, area model, and bar models. Practice problems are provided with and without context. There are many opportunities to determine if the student has developed procedural fluency including a procedural fluency activity on pg. 129.   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.5.NSO.2.2 | Divide multi-digit whole numbers, up to five digits by two digits, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency. Represent remainders as fractions. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The content begins with students using patterns to determine the quotient. Students are dividing multiples of 10. Visuals are provided to help students understand division as well as models representing the distributive property. Bar models are taught and each lesson has practice with and without context. Strategies include, visuals, distributive property, area models, partial quotients, arrays, place value (standard algorithm), and base-10 blocks. Students are provided practice with and without context. Students are to express the remainder as a fraction when |

|              |  |                               | appropriate or when there is no context.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.5.NSO.2.3 | Add and subtract multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons provide instruction and practice adding and subtracting multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths. Strategies include rounding with estimation or compatible numbers, place value blocks (base-10), associative property or commutative property when appropriate, compensation, number lines, partial differences, place value charts, and the standard algorithm (including a step-bystep reference guide). Practice with and without context if provided. |
| MA.5.NSO.2.4 | Explore the multiplication and division of multi-digit numbers with decimals to the hundredths using estimation, rounding and place value. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | An entire topic is dedicated to multiplication of decimals and it begins with rounding or using compatible numbers to estimate. Strategies for multiplication of multi-digit numbers with decimals to the hundredths include using base-10 blocks, partial products, place value chart, visuals, hundredths grid, area  |

|                     |   |                               | model, and the commutative and associative property when appropriate. As usual, practice with provided with and without context. And entire topic is dedicated to division of decimals and begins with rounding or using compatible numbers to estimate. Strategies used include tools such as drawings, money, or place value blocks. Additional strategies include partial quotients, patterns, place value charts, hundredth grids, and the relationship between multiplication and division. Content includes the standard clarifications. |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| <u>MA.5.NSO.2.5</u> | Multiply and divide a multi-digit number with decimals to the tenths by one-tenth and one-hundredth with procedural reliability.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons are provided using place value and patterns to multiply and divide a multidigit number with decimals to the tenths by one-tenth and one-hundredth with procedural reliability.   |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1      | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Each MTR has its own lesson at the beginning of using the curriculum in the "My Math Thinking and Reasoning Handbook". The MTR   |

|                | <ul> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>  |                               | standard is reviewed and discussed with students. The MTR standard is found throughout the book and referenced below the standard in each lesson. Evidences observed while reviewing the text include analyzing problems, building perseverance, asking questions, and modifying methods as needed.   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Each MTR has its own lesson at the beginning of using the curriculum in the "My Math Thinking and Reasoning Handbook". The MTR standard is reviewed and discussed with students. The MTR standard is found throughout the book and referenced below the standard in each lesson. Evidences observed while reviewing the text include solutions to problems in multiple ways using concrete models, visuals, equations, etc. Building understanding through modeling and using manipulatives. Progression from modeling problems with objects/drawings |

|                |  |                               | to using algorithms and equations. Connections between concepts and representations, and choosing representations based on the given context or purpose.  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Each MTR has its own lesson at the beginning of using the curriculum in the "My Math Thinking and Reasoning Handbook". The MTR standard is reviewed and discussed with students. The MTR standard is found throughout the book and referenced below the standard in each lesson. Evidences observed while reviewing the text include selecting efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context, maintaining flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations, complete tasks accurately and with confidence, and using feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations. |

| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. • Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. • Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. • Justify results by explaining methods and processes. • Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Each MTR has its own lesson at the beginning of using the curriculum in the "My Math Thinking and Reasoning Handbook". The MTR standard is reviewed and discussed with students. The MTR standard is found throughout the book and referenced below the standard in each lesson. Evidences observed while reviewing the text include communicate and justify thinking. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Many opportunities to analyze the mathematical thinking of others, including recognizing errors and suggesting how to correctly solve the tasks. Constructing arguments based on the evidence and communicating those ideas effectively. |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Each MTR has its own lesson at the beginning of using the curriculum in the "My Math Thinking and Reasoning Handbook". The MTR standard is reviewed and discussed with students. The MTR standard is found   |

|                | <ul> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                               | throughout the book and referenced below the standard in each lesson. Evidences observed while reviewing the text include creating plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems, decompose a complex problem into manageable parts, and relate previously learned concepts to new concepts, look for similarities among problem. Using patterns in mathematics is seen throughout the curriculum and students connect these patterns to mathematical concepts. |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Each MTR has its own lesson at the beginning of using the curriculum in the "My Math Thinking and Reasoning Handbook". The MTR standard is reviewed and discussed with students. The MTR standard is found throughout the book and referenced below the standard in each lesson. Evidences observed while reviewing the text include estimating  |

|                |   |                               | before determining a an exact solution, using benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense, checking calculations using inverse operations or other strategies, verifying solutions by explain methods used, and evaluating the results based on the given context. Teacher prompts are given many times throughout the curriculum asking students if their solution makes sense and asking them to explain how they know. |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Each MTR has its own lesson at the beginning of using the curriculum in the "My Math Thinking and Reasoning Handbook". The MTR standard is reviewed and discussed with students. The MTR standard is found throughout the book and referenced below the standard in each lesson. Evidences observed while reviewing the text include connecting mathematical concepts to everyday experiences, using                                      |

|                |   |                               | models and methods to understand, represent, and solve problems, and performing investigations to gather data.  Most/many of the visual learning bridge problems allow students to apply the concept to real-world contexts. A4 — Collecting bottle caps. She has 100 caps and wants to collect 10 times as many. Students are provided many opportunities to question the accuracy of their models and methods. |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are asked to explain and justify their reasoning through the use of models, drawings, and other strategies throughout the curriculum.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This curriculum provides real world problem throughout each lesson. Students have daily opportunities to read and comprehend grade level text while problem solving  |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Students are inferring throughout the curriculum when they are constructing new  |

|                |   |                               | meaning when they recognize a pattern or relationship within what they already know and their new knowledge.   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. Students are provided many opportunities to collaborate during the math lessons. Teachers provide students with questions that are meant to be discussed and solved collaboratively. |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Students will incorporate skills learned into work products to produce quality work. Quality work examples are provided throughout the curriculum, and students are expected to produce quality work similar to the examples. However, I didn't see a place where it is explicitly taught.                         |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing. Although not taught explicitly, students are  |

|                  |  |                               | given ample<br>opportunities to<br>practice appropriate<br>social and academic<br>language to discuss<br>real world problems.  |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. Each lesson contains activities to support the learning of ELL students including writing and speaking activities specifically differentiated for various levels of ELL (entering, emerging, and bridging). |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Excellent alignment.   |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Skill level is appropriate based on the standards and provided clarifications. |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Lots of resources available for all learners. Adaptable and useful resources.  |

| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.                                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Most of the materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance. A few standards could have included additional practice, but that was only a small fraction of the overall standards covered. |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Level of complexity appears to match the content of the standards.  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The level of difficulty matches the student abilities (accelerated course) and grade level based on the provided standards.   |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.                                 | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Although the content was accelerated and includes standards from two grade levels, the amount of content was deliberately included based on the condensed time period (one year vs. two).                                   |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All sources reflect expert information and it is evident in the overall product created.  |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.                                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All sources reflect expert information and it is evident in the overall product created.  |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No errors found.  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Math content is presented objectively.  |

| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials includes concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area.  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials appear to be free of mistakes and inconsistencies.  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Recent math practices and current standards are evident in the content.   |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is aligned quite well to the new BEST standards in an appropriate and relevant context.   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content presented is appropriate and relevant for the intended audience. Word problems and context is appropriate and interesting.  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Real world context is included in every lesson. Students should be able to connect to most of the situations provided in a meaningful way.                                      |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material includes interdisciplinary connections such as science, reading, gardening, construction, etc.   |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. No unfair or biased content was seen. |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No inappropriate content.   |

| pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare).  |                            |   |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes, as stated in the overall standards review. |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Excellent curriculum with a plethora of resources to address the targeted learning outcomes. If all the items shared are purchased by the county, the teacher should not have to prepare additional teaching materials. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Components aligned quite well.  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials and strategies are consistent and the organizations of the standards is logical.  |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content engages students and includes reading and listening as we as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities. All content is appropriate for the students level and age.      |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Considering this is an accelerated course, the pace is appropriate. If it were not an accelerated class, pace would be inappropriate.   |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students,   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Based on the welcome video and the content that was   |

| including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire).                              |                            | referenced in the TE, the material is accessible. Without complete access, I can't give this a "very good alignment". |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Excellent presentation.   |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Students take an active role in learning.  |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Standards content is grouped in a way that makes sense, and learning is connected to prior learning.   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials are very easy to read and understand.  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials provide guidance to help students become more independent math thinkers with various strategies for problem solving.                     |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is easily adaptable.   |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                         | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content requires students to be engaged in their learning and the learning process, rather than the teacher simply being the presenter of information. |

| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All the activities observed are logical extension of content, goals, and objectives.   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Instructional materials include the practices from the MTR standards as well as practice from the 8 effective mathematics practices as outlined by the NCTM. |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Based on the content reviewed, they are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes with the targeted audience.  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Assessment materials are incorporated into daily lessons and are effective in assessing the learners' performance.   |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The strategies consider the needs of all students.   |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The application of the MTR standards is more than appropriate. They are deliberately embedded within the content on a daily basis.                           |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes, see all comments including the overall comment regarding the curriculum   |

| Special Topics | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
|                |                 |                      |

| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Nothing resembling CRT was found.    |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Nothing resembling CRT was found.    |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No social justice content was found. |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No SEL content was apparent.         |

Reviewer's Name: Tyler Eastridge

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 6

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: Berry, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 6 Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 388

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification     |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of CRT found |

Reviewer's Name: Jessica Haid

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 6

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: Berry, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** Grade Six Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 388

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes   |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment   |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | I love all of the activities in this text. The amount of practice problems for students is adequate and geared for learning. I really enjoyed seeing procedural fluency incorporated throughout this book and the high use of better mathematical vocabulary. |  |  |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered in depth with great range of complexity in questioning.  Awesome activities.  Absolutely love the increased vocabulary in these lessons that require students to communicate in concise terms.  Various styles of modeling examples for students to grasp content. |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks cover content perfectly. All levels of thinking for students will be engaged. Love the investigate activities for this module for students to explore balancing and writing inequalities.  Vocabulary continues to impress me.   |
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered in depth with great range of complexity in questioning. Awesome activities. Absolutely love the increased vocabulary in these lessons that require students to communicate in concise terms.   |

|             |  |                               | Various styles of modeling examples for students to grasp content.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered in depth with great range of complexity in questioning. Awesome activities. Absolutely love the increased vocabulary in these lessons that require students to communicate in concise terms. Various styles of modeling examples for students to grasp content. |
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false.                               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks cover content perfectly. All levels of thinking for students will be engaged. Love the investigate activities for this module for students to explore balancing and writing inequalities.  Vocabulary continues to impress me.  |
| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks cover content perfectly. All levels of thinking for students will be engaged. Love the investigate activities for this module for students to explore balancing and writing inequalities.  Vocabulary continues to impress me.  |

| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks cover content perfectly. All levels of thinking for students will be engaged. Love the investigate activities for this module for students to explore balancing and writing inequalities.  Vocabulary continues to impress me. |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks cover content perfectly. All levels of thinking for students will be engaged. Love the investigate activities for this module for students to explore balancing and writing inequalities.  Vocabulary continues to impress me. |
| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of two quantities using appropriate notation:   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Content covers benchmarks dealing with ratios, rates, conversions. Love the investigate activities and the act mathematical modeling opportunities for kids to think outside of the box and challenge them to think differently.          |
| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units. Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Content covers benchmarks dealing with ratios, rates, conversions. Love the investigate activities and the act  |

|             |  |                               | mathematical modeling opportunities for kids to think outside of the box and challenge them to think differently.  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Content covers benchmarks dealing with ratios, rates, conversions. Love the investigate activities and the act mathematical modeling opportunities for kids to think outside of the box and challenge them to think differently. |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great lessons on percents. Investigate activities challenge the student to think deeper and make it real. Love the application of the real world use in these lessons.   |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Content covers benchmarks dealing with ratios, rates, conversions. Love the investigate activities and the act mathematical modeling opportunities for kids to think outside of the box and challenge them to think differently. |

| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Module involving data and statistics has great examples for students to follow and learn from while increasing their fluency of the content. Vocabulary is used constantly to ensure students can express their mathematical reasoning. Modeling and investigation activities are once again awesome and allow students to think at a higher level. Love the reviews of the lesson and materials from other modules as well. |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a realworld context, find and interpret mean, median, mode and range. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Module involving data and statistics has great examples for students to follow and learn from while increasing their fluency of the content. Vocabulary is used constantly to ensure students can express their mathematical reasoning. Modeling and investigation activities are once again awesome and allow students to think at a higher level. Love the reviews of the lesson and materials from other modules as well. |

| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Module involving data and statistics has great examples for students to follow and learn from while increasing their fluency of the content. Vocabulary is used constantly to ensure students can express their mathematical reasoning. Modeling and investigation activities are once again awesome and allow students to think at a higher level. Love the reviews of the lesson and materials from other modules as well. |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-world context, qualitatively describe and interpret the spread and distribution of the data, including any symmetry, skewness, gaps, clusters, outliers and the range.        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Module involving data and statistics has great examples for students to follow and learn from while increasing their fluency of the content. Vocabulary is used constantly to ensure students can express their mathematical reasoning. Modeling and investigation activities are once again awesome and allow students to think at a higher level. Love the reviews of the lesson and materials from other modules as well. |

| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.                         | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Module involving data and statistics has great examples for students to follow and learn from while increasing their fluency of the content. Vocabulary is used constantly to ensure students can express their mathematical reasoning. Modeling and investigation activities are once again awesome and allow students to think at a higher level. Love the reviews of the lesson and materials from other modules as well. |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Module involving data and statistics has great examples for students to follow and learn from while increasing their fluency of the content. Vocabulary is used constantly to ensure students can express their mathematical reasoning. Modeling and investigation activities are once again awesome and allow students to think at a higher level. Love the reviews of the lesson and materials from other modules as well. |

| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Applications of benchmarks appropriate for these lessons. Allows students exploration of shapes on the coordinate plane to derive their own formulas for area of basic shapes. Investigate activities help conceptualize the information. Vocabulary used at a higher level and student procedural fluency continues to be strong. |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.GR.1.2 | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Applications of benchmarks appropriate for these lessons. Allows students exploration of shapes on the coordinate plane to derive their own formulas for area of basic shapes. Investigate activities help conceptualize the information. Vocabulary used at a higher level and student procedural fluency continues to be strong. |
| MA.6.GR.1.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Applications of benchmarks appropriate for these lessons. Allows students exploration of shapes on the coordinate plane to derive their own  |

|             |   |                               | formulas for area of basic shapes. Investigate activities help conceptualize the information. Vocabulary used at a higher level and student procedural fluency continues to be strong.   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.GR.2.1 | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.                                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Applications of benchmarks appropriate for these lessons. Allows students exploration of shapes on the coordinate plane to derive their own formulas for area of basic shapes. Investigate activities help conceptualize the information. Vocabulary used at a higher level and student procedural fluency continues to be strong. |
| MA.6.GR.2.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Applications of benchmarks appropriate for these lessons. Allows students exploration of shapes on the coordinate plane to derive their own formulas for area of basic shapes. Investigate activities help conceptualize the information. Vocabulary used at a higher level and student procedural                                 |

|              |  |                               | fluency continues to be strong.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Applications of benchmarks appropriate for these lessons. Allows students exploration of shapes on the coordinate plane to derive their own formulas for area of basic shapes. Investigate activities help conceptualize the information. Vocabulary used at a higher level and student procedural fluency continues to be strong. |
| MA.6.GR.2.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.                       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Applications of benchmarks appropriate for these lessons. Allows students exploration of shapes on the coordinate plane to derive their own formulas for area of basic shapes. Investigate activities help conceptualize the information. Vocabulary used at a higher level and student procedural fluency continues to be strong. |
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered thoroughly with integer operations. Plenty of activities for exploration learning   |

|              |   |                               | and projects. I love the project time activities. Provides opportunity for student mastery in lesson and procedural fluency, along with mid module check, and alternate summative assessments  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered thoroughly with integer operations. Plenty of activities for exploration learning and projects. I love the project time activities. Provides opportunity for student mastery in lesson and procedural fluency, along with mid module check, and alternate summative assessments |
| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered thoroughly with integer operations. Plenty of activities for exploration learning and projects. I love the project time activities. Provides opportunity for student mastery in lesson and procedural fluency, along with mid module check, and alternate summative assessments |

| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered thoroughly with integer operations. Plenty of activities for exploration learning and projects. I love the project time activities. Provides opportunity for student mastery in lesson and procedural fluency, along with mid module check, and alternate summative assessments |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | New benchmarks were covered in great detail in Ch1. Lessons align with benchmark goals and expectations. Activities require students to participate in all levels of thinking and encourages procedural fluency throughout the lessons.  |
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | New benchmarks were covered in great detail in Ch1. Lessons align with benchmark goals and expectations. Activities require students to participate in all levels of thinking and encourages procedural fluency throughout the lessons.  |

| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | New benchmarks were covered in great detail in Ch1. Lessons align with benchmark goals and expectations. Activities require students to participate in all levels of thinking and encourages procedural fluency throughout the lessons.   |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered in depth with great range of complexity in questioning. Awesome activities. Absolutely love the increased vocabulary in these lessons that require students to communicate in concise terms. Various styles of modeling examples for students to grasp content.    |
| MA.6.NSO.3.2 | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers.                        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered in depth with great range of complexity in questioning.  Awesome activities.  Absolutely love the increased vocabulary in these lessons that require students to communicate in concise terms.  Various styles of modeling examples for students to grasp content. |

| MA.6.NSO.3.3 | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered in depth with great range of complexity in questioning. Awesome activities. Absolutely love the increased vocabulary in these lessons that require students to communicate in concise terms. Various styles of modeling examples for students to grasp content. |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.3.4 | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.                                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great lessons on percents. Investigate activities challenge the student to think deeper and make it real. Love the application of the real world use in these lessons.   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.5 | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Great lessons on percents. Investigate activities challenge the student to think deeper and make it real. Love the application of the real world use in these lessons.   |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered thoroughly with integer operations. Plenty of activities for exploration learning and projects. I love the project time activities. Provides opportunity for student mastery in   |

|                |  |                               | lesson and procedural fluency, along with mid module check, and alternate summative assessments  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.4.2   | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmarks covered thoroughly with integer operations. Plenty of activities for exploration learning and projects. I love the project time activities. Provides opportunity for student mastery in lesson and procedural fluency, along with mid module check, and alternate summative assessments     |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs are addressed in multiple ways in this text. Using the Lets Investigate tools and Act Mathematical Modeling students are able to engage and reach higher levels of thinking. These opportunities provide the best learning environment for a student and teacher for the educational environment. |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs are addressed in multiple ways in this text. Using the Lets Investigate tools   |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:</li> <li>Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.</li> <li>Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.</li> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul> |                               | and Act Mathematical Modeling students are able to engage and reach higher levels of thinking. These opportunities provide the best learning environment for a student and teacher for the educational environment.  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  • Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  • Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  • Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  • Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  • Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs are addressed in multiple ways in this text. Using the Lets Investigate tools and Act Mathematical Modeling students are able to engage and reach higher levels of thinking. These opportunities provide the best learning environment for a student and teacher for the educational environment. |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs are addressed in multiple ways in this text. Using the Lets Investigate tools and Act Mathematical Modeling students are able to engage   |

|                | <ul> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>   |                               | and reach higher levels of thinking. These opportunities provide the best learning environment for a student and teacher for the educational environment.  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs are addressed in multiple ways in this text. Using the Lets Investigate tools and Act Mathematical Modeling students are able to engage and reach higher levels of thinking. These opportunities provide the best learning environment for a student and teacher for the educational environment. |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  • Estimate to discover possible solutions.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs are addressed in multiple ways in this text. Using the Lets Investigate tools and Act Mathematical Modeling students are able to engage and reach higher  |

|                | <ul> <li>Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.</li> <li>Check calculations when solving problems.</li> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul>  |                               | levels of thinking. These opportunities provide the best learning environment for a student and teacher for the educational environment.   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs are addressed in multiple ways in this text. Using the Lets Investigate tools and Act Mathematical Modeling students are able to engage and reach higher levels of thinking. These opportunities provide the best learning environment for a student and teacher for the educational environment.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text allows students to also reach many of the goals for their ELA class due to the reasoning and explanations that students are asked to provide throughout the lessons and content. These ideas allow students to collaborate with each other, have evidence of why they think the way that they do, know how to properly communicate themselves, use appropriate |

|                |   |                               | vocabulary, and more.  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text allows students to also reach many of the goals for their ELA class due to the reasoning and explanations that students are asked to provide throughout the lessons and content. These ideas allow students to collaborate with each other, have evidence of why they think the way that they do, know how to properly communicate themselves, use appropriate vocabulary, and more. |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.                   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text allows students to also reach many of the goals for their ELA class due to the reasoning and explanations that students are asked to provide throughout the lessons and content. These ideas allow students to collaborate with each other, have evidence of why they think the way that they do, know how to properly communicate themselves, use appropriate vocabulary, and more. |

| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text allows students to also reach many of the goals for their ELA class due to the reasoning and explanations that students are asked to provide throughout the lessons and content. These ideas allow students to collaborate with each other, have evidence of why they think the way that they do, know how to properly communicate themselves, use appropriate vocabulary, and more. |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text allows students to also reach many of the goals for their ELA class due to the reasoning and explanations that students are asked to provide throughout the lessons and content. These ideas allow students to collaborate with each other, have evidence of why they think the way that they do, know how to properly communicate themselves, use appropriate vocabulary, and more. |

| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text allows students to also reach many of the goals for their ELA class due to the reasoning and explanations that students are asked to provide throughout the lessons and content. These ideas allow students to collaborate with each other, have evidence of why they think the way that they do, know how to properly communicate themselves, use appropriate vocabulary, and more. |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text allows students to also reach many of the goals for their ELA class due to the reasoning and explanations that students are asked to provide throughout the lessons and content. These ideas allow students to collaborate with each other, have evidence of why they think the way that they do, know how to properly communicate themselves, use appropriate vocabulary, and more. |

| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This text allows students to also reach many of the goals for their ELA class due to the reasoning and explanations that students are asked to provide throughout the lessons and content. These ideas allow students to collaborate with each other, have evidence of why they think the way that they do, know how to properly communicate themselves, use appropriate vocabulary, and more. |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text allows great opportunity to show alignment with the new benchmarks.  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text allows great opportunity to show alignment with the new benchmarks.  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text allows great opportunity to show alignment with the new benchmarks.  |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text has multiple levels of complexity that are all age appropriate, along with materials that have significant value to education. The material is also realistic in the |

|   |                            | time frame that teachers and students will be allotted.   |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text has multiple levels of complexity that are all age appropriate, along with materials that have significant value to education. The material is also realistic in the time frame that teachers and students will be allotted. |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text has multiple levels of complexity that are all age appropriate, along with materials that have significant value to education. The material is also realistic in the time frame that teachers and students will be allotted. |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text has multiple levels of complexity that are all age appropriate, along with materials that have significant value to education. The material is also realistic in the time frame that teachers and students will be allotted. |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Primary and secondary resources were used in this text to create an awesome resource for the new BEST math benchmarks.  |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.         | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Primary and secondary resources were used in this text to create an awesome resource for the new BEST math benchmarks.  |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).               | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is presented appropriately. There are no biases of any type in the  |

|   |                            | material. Content is accurate and presented in a way that is up to date and aligns with the standards of practice.  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is presented appropriately. There are no biases of any type in the material. Content is accurate and presented in a way that is up to date and aligns with the standards of practice. |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is presented appropriately. There are no biases of any type in the material. Content is accurate and presented in a way that is up to date and aligns with the standards of practice. |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is presented appropriately. There are no biases of any type in the material. Content is accurate and presented in a way that is up to date and aligns with the standards of practice. |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is up to date on current research   |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is presented appropriately. There are no biases of any type in the material. Content is accurate and presented in a way that is up to date and aligns with the standards of practice. |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is presented appropriately. There are no biases of any type in the material. Content is accurate and presented in a way that is   |

|  |                            | up to date and aligns with the  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
|  |                            | standards of practice.  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text provides real life examples that are relatable for students and provides opportunities fro interdisciplinary lessons |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text provides real life examples that are relatable for students and provides opportunities fro interdisciplinary lessons |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All cultures and types are represented.   |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All materials are considerate of people and animals and there isn't any inappropriate information                             |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes this text is awesome  |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text allows for students to achieve higher order learning while addressing content and benchmarks of the BEST standards. Materials are well-organized and appropriate in complexity. Reading level and narratives are appropriate for age. Content and speed of pacing are appropriate and achievable.Many tools and |

|   |                            | resources included to provide for student success.  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text allows for students to achieve higher order learning while addressing content and benchmarks of the BEST standards. Materials are well-organized and appropriate in complexity. Reading level and narratives are appropriate for age. Content and speed of pacing are appropriate and achievable. Many tools and resources included to provide for student success. |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text allows for students to achieve higher order learning while addressing content and benchmarks of the BEST standards. Materials are well-organized and appropriate in complexity. Reading level and narratives are appropriate for age. Content and speed of pacing are appropriate and achievable. Many tools and resources included to provide for student success. |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text allows for students to achieve higher order learning while addressing content and benchmarks of the BEST standards. Materials are well-organized and appropriate in complexity. Reading level and narratives are appropriate for age. Content and speed of pacing are appropriate and achievable. Many tools and resources included to provide for student success. |

| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text allows for students to achieve higher order learning while addressing content and benchmarks of the BEST standards. Materials are well-organized and appropriate in complexity. Reading level and narratives are appropriate for age. Content and speed of pacing are appropriate and achievable. Many tools and resources included to provide for student success. |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text allows for students to achieve higher order learning while addressing content and benchmarks of the BEST standards. Materials are well-organized and appropriate in complexity. Reading level and narratives are appropriate for age. Content and speed of pacing are appropriate and achievable. Many tools and resources included to provide for student success. |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text allows for students to achieve higher order learning while addressing content and benchmarks of the BEST standards. Materials are well-organized and appropriate in complexity. Reading level and narratives are appropriate for age. Content and speed of pacing are appropriate and achievable. Many tools and resources included to provide for student success. |

| Learning | Reviewer Rating | Rating Justification |
|----------|-----------------|----------------------|
|----------|-----------------|----------------------|

| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Text allows or students to stay motivated with multiple strategies.  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials and activities throughout the text allow students to thoroughly understand the big idea concepts.  |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content contains clear statements with information.  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multiple learning strategies and teaching styles have been addressed throughout the text to allow for students safety and creation of successful independent learners.           |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multiple learning strategies and teaching styles have been addressed throughout the text to allow for students safety and creation of successful independent learners.           |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials in the text allow for engagement and participation on students behalf. These activities include but are not limited to independent work, and group/collaborative work. |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials in the text allow for engagement and participation on students behalf. These activities include but are not limited to independent work, and group/collaborative work. |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All materials included in this text are effective and successful teaching strategies for learning outcomes.  |

| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All materials included in this text are effective and successful teaching strategies for learning outcomes.                    |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Assessments are appropriate and geared toward monitoring student progress  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Assessments are appropriate and geared toward monitoring student progress  |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | UDL was incorporated throughout this text to include different materials, activities, and texts to meet the needs of students. |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | yes  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                 | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | yes  |

| Special Topics  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials align      |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials omit       |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?                 | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials omit       |

| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | materials do not solicit |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Jason Rhodes

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 6

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: Berry, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition: 1** 

**Grade Level:** 6-8

Course: 1205010 - Grade Six Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 388

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### Bid Response

Savvas Response Savvas digital products meet Web Content Accessibility Guidelines/508 Standards. enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics ©2023 on SavvasRealize.com provides flexibility and options with presentation features for students using the instructional materials. - Fonts: -- eText layouts and page features allow students to easily adjust font size for optimal viewing. Text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200%. -- Colors and background colors can be adjusted via device manufacturers' built-in settings or built-in browser settings (i.e., brightness of tablets, dimming of screens, color of fonts and backgrounds, etc - Background: High color contrast settings are available in Realize Reader. - Text-to-speech tools are supported using assistive technology that follows standards. Please see our response to Question 4 below for specific solutions and tools. - Images - Navigation elements and content images have alternative descriptions. - Video Closed Captioning – All student-facing videos have either text on screen or closed captioning. - Refreshable Braille Displays - The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format.

| Review  | Rating                | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains simple tools to change font and font size. The menu also includes an option to change the size of icons on the site. There is no option to change font color on the site, the publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |

| Background: High contrast color settings are available.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains options for changing the contrast of the site. They offer 3 options (Black on White, White on Black, and Yellow on Black) on the site.                            |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Text-to-speech tools.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There seems to be no built in option on the site for Text to Speech. The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |
| All images have alt tags.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Alt text does not appear when the mouse is hovered over an image.  Descriptive alt text is present when using screen reading software.  |
| All videos are captioned.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states videos have text on screen or closed captions available. I did not see a video in the sample site to confirm.  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states that the Student Editions will work with refreshable Braille displays. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

### 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Non-text navigation elements such as buttons, icons, and arrows can be adjusted in size using screen magnification software or built-in device and browser options. The keyboard can be used to navigate the site and menu items, and navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students.  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Keyboard shortcuts are available and work. A list of commands is found in the settings menu, as is the option to turn shortcuts on/off.  There is no option to change or customize the shortcuts. |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Publisher states that navigational information can be sent to a refreshable braille device. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

#### 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Within the Interactive Student Edition, users can highlight using yellow, rose, blue, and green. Once a section of text is highlighted, users are able to copy and paste it into another document or interface. This process can be repeated with additional sections of text. Additionally, students can add annotations to highlighted text as well as use the notebook feature to take notes.

| Review   |           | Rating                        | Comments   |
|--|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| Highlighters are provide<br>four standard colors (y<br>rose, green, blue)        | ellow,    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighters are available in all four colors, and the option to highlight pops up automatically when text is highlighted with the mouse. This menu also includes options to circle or underline the text – and these are available in the four colors as well.        |
| Highlighted text can<br>automatically extracte<br>another documen                | d into    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text and annotations are automatically copied and gathered in their own menu page. Here, the text can be searched and sorted. There is also an option to export all the highlighted texts to an RTF file that can be saved and moved.                      |
| Note taking tools are ava students to write ideas o they are processing current. | nline; as | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text can be annotated, and an icon indicates where on the page annotations are. There is also a Notebook option that allows students to take notes on a page without the highlighted text. Both of these options are searchable and fairly easy to access. |

## 4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports, by product name,** have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher listed several AT softwares that are compatible with their site. They do not have text-to-ASL options. I also tested the on-screen keyboard and speech to text tool built into Mac computers as well as Read and Write. All of these functioned with the site. |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response We offer a print student edition textbook, which matches the content we provide in our digital platform, Savvas Realize. Assessments and worksheets found in Savvas digital products can be printed out for students and are also found in corresponding print ancillary materials. Additionally, Savvas supports and complies with the Individuals with Disabilities Act of 2004 and the terms of the National Instructional Materials Access Center, NIMAC. Savvas routinely uploads most eligible materials to the NIMAC at the time of the first classroom-ready printing to support instructional materials available in Braille, large print, audio, and other specialized formats.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher offers paper based books that match the online workbooks, and they state they have other accessible versions available. |

**Reviewer's Name:** Catherine White

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 6

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: Berry, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** Grade Six Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 388

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | The clickable table of contents on the left made it very easy to navigate the online texts. The content matches the language and clarifications of the state benchmarks. The student editions are colorful and images promote student understanding. The teacher editions provide background information for teachers to make the learning engaging for students |  |  |

| and to allow teachers to clarify their own misunderstandings. In all, the resources were easy to use and align to the benchmarks and could be an effective teaching/learning tool. |
|--|
|  |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | TE and SE provide examples and practice: Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions.   |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | TE and student edition provide examples and practice: Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of x > a, x < a, x ? a or x ? a.  Represent the inequality on a number line. Would be good to see more examples with the variable on the right side of the inequality symbol. |
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Could not find explicit instruction on order  |

|             |   |                               | of operations in the<br>listed examples from<br>the publisher. Found<br>in SE pg. 162.   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | TE and SE provide examples: Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.         |
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false.                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Would be good to see more examples with the variables and inequalities on the right. Most, if not all, examples have the variable on the left. |
| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Examples show<br>manipulatives and<br>real world examples  |
| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Examples show<br>manipulatives and<br>real world examples  |
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Not a lot of real world examples and visuals   |
| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of two quantities using appropriate notation:   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Useful visuals and examples  |

| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units. Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Demonstrates: Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units. |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios.                               | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Could use more examples of 3-column tables   |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Could use more examples of part/whole = %/100  |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Do not see examples with tape diagrams and number lines  |
| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Good definition of a statistical question. Examples could be more clear. "students" vs "you"               |
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a real-<br>world context, find and interpret mean,<br>median, mode and range.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good use of visuals and real world examples  |
| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data.       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good use of visuals<br>and real world<br>examples  |
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-<br>world context, qualitatively describe and<br>interpret the spread and distribution of the<br>data, including any symmetry, skewness,<br>gaps, clusters, outliers and the range. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good use of visuals<br>and real world<br>examples  |

| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Good use of visuals and real world examples. Would be improved by students being asked to label their own graphs.   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good use of visuals and real world examples   |
| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. |
| MA.6.GR.1.2 | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y- coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.  |
| MA.6.GR.1.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle   |

| MA.6.GR.2.1  | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | I see many examples using parallelograms, but few rectangles   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.GR.2.2  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles   |
| MA.6.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula.                              | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Benchmark does not specify fractional edge lengths   |
| MA.6.GR.2.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good use of nets and visuals   |
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | plot, order and compare positive and negative rational numbers when given in the same form and to plot, order and compare positive rational numbers when given in different forms (fraction, decimal, percentage). |
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Would benefit from<br>more vertical number<br>lines  |

| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.                 | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.                 |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  |
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Leveled practice includes remainders. Would benefit from less practice with remainders to focus on decimals.  |
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency. |
| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers.                                  |

| MA.6.NSO.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.           | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Explanation of LCM could use alternate examples  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.3.2 | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Could benefit from more student practice rewriting the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers. |
| MA.6.NSO.3.3 | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Evaluate positive rational numbers and integers with natural number exponents.   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.4 | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Would benefit from more practice with natural number exponents   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.5 | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.   |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Good visuals with counters   |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide   |

|                |  |                               | integers with procedural fluency. |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs embedded<br>throughout       |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs embedded<br>throughout       |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs embedded throughout          |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:</li> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>  |                               |                             |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | <ul> <li>Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.</li> <li>Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others: <ul> <li>Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively.</li> <li>Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.</li> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs embedded<br>throughout |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs embedded throughout    |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:</li> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                               |                             |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs embedded<br>throughout |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  • Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | MTRs embedded<br>throughout |

|                  | <ul> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. • Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                               |                        |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1   | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | embedded<br>throughout |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1   | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | embedded<br>throughout |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1   | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | embedded<br>throughout |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | embedded<br>throughout |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | embedded<br>throughout |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | embedded<br>throughout |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | embedded<br>throughout |
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | embedded<br>throughout |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes.    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum appears to have good/very good alignment with the state's benchmarks in most areas.   |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Appears to be written at the correct skill level. There are some review areas sprinkled throughout.  |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Curriculum allows for both paper and electronic use.   |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Good use of visuals. TE has a "look back" and "look forward"   |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Would be great if the projects were easier for students and teachers to access   |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Would be great if there were an area in the text that bridged the gaps from the change in standards. Complexity appears to match benchmark clarifications. |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Additional examples are available online   |
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Only saw the DOE sources referenced/cited  |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.         | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Only saw the DOE sources referenced/cited, but they are helpful  |

| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Did not see typos  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Saw a mix of names/cultures throughout   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Good use of visuals and examples   |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content appears a be factual and accurate  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is up to date  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is appropriate and relevant  |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is appropriate and relevant to students                                  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is meaningful to students  |
| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content includes STEM and ELA  |
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Did not see religious references. Text doe snot include many pictures of people. |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Meets this criteria  |

| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Yes, I would say this text does a good/very good job covering the benchmarks and standards |
|---|-----------------------|--|
|---|-----------------------|--|

| Presentation  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.                              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The teacher will have to go to the envision website to download projects for students, which may be challenging, and students may need to go online for additional practice, but these are all built within the Savvas materials. Teachers should not have to go to outside resources. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Concepts are aligned with connecting benchmarks.   |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials are consistent and logically organized   |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Text includes a great use of color and visuals for students to help develop their understanding  |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The TE also provides options for "early finishers" that are aligned to the benchmark   |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are RTI and Enrichment suggestions throughout the TE   |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials are presented in a visually-appealing, easy-to-  |

| follow format for both teachers and students |
|--|
|--|

| Learning  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Includes purposeful teacher questions and ELL supports   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The text is broken down into 8 main topics   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials include math background and challenging concepts for the teacher   |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials allow students to review what they know and help to develop mathematical language  |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are various projects for different learning styles as well as discussion questions built into the SE   |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The student materials include "I can" statements, thinking and reasoning, looking for patterns, and prompts to promote student justification of answers            |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Materials start with a review, introduction to the concept, checks for understanding, practice and problem solving, and assessment that match the learning targets |

| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multiple learning strategies are embedded throughout   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Multiple teaching strategies are embedded throughout the TE  |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are "try it!" questions embedded throughout the lessons, as well as review questions and assessment questions.                                       |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text asks students to check for the reasonableness of their answers. The student text would be improved by providing students with more work space.    |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The TE focuses on concepts, skills, and application of concepts, as well as topic readiness, as well as standards analysis, visuals, and student projects. |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | ELA expectations are embedded throughout the text and included at the end with explanations  |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The text aligns well with learning requirements.   |

| Special Topics  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                      |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Did not see any references to race or CRT |

| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Did not see any references to CRT            |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Did not see any references to Social Justice |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Did not see any reference to SEL             |

**Reviewer's Name:** Christopher DeLuca

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 6 Accelerated

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: Berry, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 389

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes   |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment   |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | Overall, this is great material. It is simple by design, allowing teachers with varying degrees of experience the ability to seamlessly implement it in their classrooms. |  |  |

| Standard    | Description  | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons highlighted here cover the entirety of the benchmark.  |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons highlighted here cover the benchmark and provide ample opportunity for students to practice.   |
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons highlighted here cover the benchmark and provide ample practice opportunity for students to master the concept.  |
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons highlighted here cover the benchmark and provide ample opportunity for students to practice and master the properties of operations.   |
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false.                         | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons highlighted cover the benchmark and do a great job introducing the concept with manipulatives and various forms of representations to allow students to develop a concrete and pictorial |

|             |   |                               | understanding of the concept at hand.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons highlighted align to benchmark. I liked how students were given ample opportunities to learn and practice using the properties of equality prior to being expected to solve equations. |
| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons highlighted align to benchmark. I liked how students were given ample opportunities to learn and practice using the properties of equality prior to being expected to solve equations. |
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.                      | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons align to benchmark. I like how the equations are written in a variety of ways as opposed to all being written from left to right.  |
| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of two quantities using appropriate notation:   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very good alignment. I really like how the distinction is made between a ratio and a fraction, even though they are both written in the same format.   |
| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units. Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.                             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Very good alignment. I love the various different representations used   |

|             |  |                               | to calculate the rate including table of values, equivalent ratios/fractions, and double number lines.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The entire benchmark is covered throughout these highlighted lessons. The majority of the tables are written horizontally and I would have liked to see more of a balance between tables written horizontally and tables written vertically, especially early on in the lesson since most students are more familiar with vertical tables. |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The lesson aligns to the benchmark. For an introduction to understanding percents, I think the Explain It scenario on page 481 could have been worded differently to encourage students to use percents or at least use fractions with a denominator of 100.   |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Benchmark is fully covered with ample practice opportunities for students.   |

| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like how students are asked to determine if a given question is a statistical question and if not, they have to revise the question so that it becomes one.   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a real-<br>world context, find and interpret mean,<br>median, mode and range.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted lessons<br>fully align to<br>benchmark  |
| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data.       | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Although there is only one lesson for this benchmark other than the review, the entire benchmark is still covered thoroughly.   |
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-<br>world context, qualitatively describe and<br>interpret the spread and distribution of the<br>data, including any symmetry, skewness,<br>gaps, clusters, outliers and the range. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted lessons align to all components of the benchmark.   |
| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Ample opportunities provided for students to practice.  |
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I really like how the "Try It" on page 727 provides scaffolds for students to be able to complete the problem on their own or in their groups prior to starting the individual practice where those scaffolds are no longer proivded. |

| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligns to benchmark.   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.GR.1.2 | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted lessons cover benchmark  |
| MA.6.GR.1.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like how this<br>benchmark is<br>connected with<br>MA.6.GR.1.2 in the<br>first lesson.   |
| MA.6.GR.2.1 | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like how to lesson walks students through the process of deriving the area formula for a triangle. By allowing students to see it themselves with a variety of different triangles is so much more impactful then telling students the formula and having them practice. |
| MA.6.GR.2.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I really like the creativeness that went into the composite shapes. All too often we see students only getting exposure to the 'L-shape' composite figure.   |

| MA.6.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula.                              | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I really enjoyed the visual models that accompanied the highlighted lessons   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.GR.2.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The visual examples of these 3-d shapes drawn as their nets will really help students understand surface area. I also like the real-world context given because they allow students to see the practicality in learning this skill.   |
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The highlighted lesson has very good alignment and ample practice opportunities. The only reason I gave it a 4 instead of a 5 is because the benchmark calls for students to be able to define a rational number and the lessons highlighted do not ask this of the students. |
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons align to benchmark  |
| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This is a simple benchmark so I appreciate that there is not an excessive amount of practice for this skill.  |

| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted lessons align perfectly to the benchmark.   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The lessons align to the benchmark, however, the only method of multiplication and division presented is the standard algorithm. This benchmark calls for 'a' standard algoirthm so I would have liked to see a variety of methods presented. |
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted lessons align to benchmark and ample practice opportunity is provided for students to develop procedural fluency.   |
| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons highlighted meet expectations of the benchmark. I also really like how the review is broken down by specific skill.   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The highlighted lessons align to benchmark and also connect to benchmark MA.6.NSO.3.2   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.2 | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The highlighted lessons align to benchmark and also connect to  |

|              |  |                                  | benchmark<br>MA.6.NSO.3.1   |
|--------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.NSO.3.3 | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | Some of the questions in the highlighted lessons are outside of the benchmark clarifications and include negative numbers as bases.           |
| MA.6.NSO.3.4 | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.                                       | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | In my review I did not find any alignment to this specific benchmark.   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.5 | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.     | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Aligns to benchmark.  |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Various representations and methods combined with ample practice opportunities will surely help students succeed in mastering this benchmark. |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment    | Various representations and methods combined with ample practice opportunities will surely help students succeed in mastering this benchmark. |
| MA.7.AR.1.1  | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients.                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | The benchmark is covered thoroughly enough, however, the first lesson on pages 253-258 do not   |

|             |   |                               | directly align to this benchmark.  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.1.2 | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The highlighted lessons align to the benchmark.  |
| MA.7.AR.2.1 | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and represent solutions algebraically or graphically.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The highlighted lessons align to the benchmark.  |
| MA.7.AR.3.1 | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The highlighted lessons align to the benchmark and provide ample practice opportunities for students to master content.  |
| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The highlighted lessons only expose students to using proportions to solve real-world problems involving percentages. I would think there should be questionings involving proportions that do not pertain to percentages. |
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Page 760 provides a nice brief explanation as to when one should use mean and range versus when one should use median and interquartile range.   |
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | The highlighted lessons align to the benchmark, however,   |

|             | make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations.  |                               | all of the comparisons between data representations are the same. What I mean by this is that students are only asked to compare one histogram to another histogram, or one box plot to another box plot. I would have loved to see some questions that ask students to compare two data sets that were represented in different ways. For example, have students compare a histogram to a box plot. |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The lessons highlighted align entirely to the benchmark.   |
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There is only a small portion of this lesson that aligns to this benchmark, however, it appears to be sufficient enough due to the simplicity of the benchmark.  |
| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring. Compare the probabilities of chance events. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Aligns directly to benchmark.  |
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This lesson does a great job introducing the concept of theoretical probability and provides students  |

|              |  |                               | with practice opportunity.  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.7.DP.2.4  | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The highlighted lessons here do a great job with having students compare experimental probability with theoretical probability.                           |
| MA.7.GR.1.1  | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The highlighted lessons align completely to the benchmark, however, I would have liked to see additional practice problems for this benchmark.            |
| MA.7.GR.1.2  | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals.                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The large majority of problems included in this lesson are mathematical rather than real-world. I would have liked to see a more even balance of the two. |
| MA.7.NSO.2.1 | Solve mathematical problems using multi-<br>step order of operations with rational<br>numbers including grouping symbols, whole-<br>number exponents and absolute value. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | Very limited practice with absolute value and whole number exponents.   |
| MA.7.NSO.2.2 | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons align to benchmark and ample practice opportunities are provided.   |
| MA.7.NSO.2.3 | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Lessons align to benchmark and ample practice   |

|                |  |                               | opportunities are provided.  |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul>   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Strong evidence of MTR.1.1 throughout material and also contains explicit instruction on MTR.1.1 on page F25 in the SE |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.  Express connections between concepts and representations.  Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Strong evidence of MTR.2.1 throughout material and also contains explicit instruction on MTR.2.1 on page F26 in the SE |
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Strong evidence of MTR.3.1 throughout material and also  |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:</li> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul>   |                               | contains explicit instruction on MTR.3.1 on page F27 in the SE   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. Construct possible arguments based on evidence. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Strong evidence of MTR.4.1 throughout material and also contains explicit instruction on MTR.4.1 on page F28 in the SE |
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Strong evidence of MTR.5.1 throughout material and also contains explicit instruction on MTR.5.1 on page F29 in the SE |

|                | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:</li> <li>Focus on relevant details within a problem.</li> <li>Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.</li> <li>Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.</li> <li>Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.</li> <li>Look for similarities among problems.</li> <li>Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations.</li> </ul> |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Strong evidence of MTR.6.1 throughout material and also contains explicit instruction on MTR.6.1 on page F30 in the SE |
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  • Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Strong evidence of MTR.7.1 throughout material and also contains explicit instruction on MTR.7.1 on page F31 in the SE |

|                | <ul> <li>Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.</li> <li>Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate.</li> <li>Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency.</li> </ul> |                       |  |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The lessons, by design, naturally engage students in this ELA expectation, however, there is no direct connection ever made to ELA.K12.EE.1.1 nor is there explicit instruction for it.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | All highlighted lessons here are essentially just word problems that may engage students in this ELA expectation, however, there is no direct connection ever made to ELA.K12.EE.2.1 nor is there explicit instruction for it. |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The lessons ask students to make predictions and inferences, however, there is never a connection made back to ELA.K12.EE.3.1 nor is there any explicit instruction for it.  |

| ELA.K12.EE.4.1   | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.            | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The lessons, by design, naturally engage students in this ELA expectation, however, there is no direct connection ever made to ELA.K12.EE.4.1 nor is there explicit instruction for it.  |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | This ELA expectation is evidence in that, by design, the material teaches students specific methods and formats to use to solve problems and then asks students to use said method to solve problems and produce quality work. No connection is ever made to this ELA expectation though nor is there any explicit instruction for it. |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The highlighted lessons ask students to communicate their findings, however, ELA expectation is never referenced nor do the lessons provide explicit instruction for this ELA expectation.   |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The highlighted lessons ask students to communicate their findings, however, no explicit instruction is  |

|  | provided towards this benchmark. |
|--|----------------------------------|
|--|----------------------------------|

| Content  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | With the exception of a few minor discrepancies, the content aligns very well to state benchmarks.  |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content has very good alignment to the skill level of the benchmarks.   |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials themselves are not necessarily adaptable, however, there is a plethora of instructional materials and practice opportunities which allow teachers the flexibility to pick and choose the most appropriate components. |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Sufficient details are provided for students to understand the significance of topics and events.   |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The level of complexity matches or exceeds the benchmark expectations.  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is appropriate for accelerated 6th grade students.  |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Lessons are appropriate lengths of time. Teachers may have to shorten lessons depending upon allotted time to teach.  |

| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content development is creditable.  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials             |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | In reviewing the material, I did not encounter any typographical or visual errors.                      |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | In reviewing the material, I did not encounter any bias, contradictions, and/or inflammatory content.   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content appears to be accurate and representative of the discipline                                     |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | In my review, I did not encounter any mistakes or inconsistencies.                                      |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content includes up-to-date strategies and methods for computing math.                                  |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good alignment   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content is relevant for middle school students in Florida.  |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The majority of real-world context and questions were relevant and relatable for the intended learners. |

| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Connections could be made from the content to other disciplines such as science and history, however, there is some room for improvement in this area. Rather than simply putting a math question into the context of a science topic, I would have liked to see an additional sentence or two elaborating more on the other discipline. |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I did not encounter any unfair or biased portrayals in the content.  |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All content I reviewed demonstrates humanity and compassion.   |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Yes, the content as very good alignment to the benchmarks and standards.   |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The resources are more than sufficient for students to achieve the desired learning outcomes.          |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Everything appears to be in sync and aligned   |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Lessons are consistent throughout and follow the same overall structure. They are organized logically. |

| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content in lessons is engaging for students and includes great visuals and pictures to help captivate students' attention.  |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Pacing is good in regards to amount of time/lessons spent on specific benchmarks. Teachers may have to modify content though in order to fit it all into an instructional window. |
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | According to the responses on the UDL questionnaire and seeing specific examples throughout the material, I find very good alignment in regards to accessibility.                 |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Overall, very good alignment in regards to presentation.  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |  |
|--|----------------------------|--|--|
| A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.                   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The lessons are engaging and motivating for students with the Solve and Discuss It questions as well as the various other problem-solving questions included in each lesson. |  |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content in the instructional material aligns to the areas of emphasis outlined in the Florida's B.E.S.T. Standards book  |  |

| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Clear 'I can' statements are written at the start of each lesson.   |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The lessons provide examples at the start which students can reference and use to assist them with other problems. The teacher edition also provides scaffolds for teachers to use. |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Teacher edition provides examples of support to meet the diverse learning needs of the students.  |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Various examples of learning and hands-on activities are included in the teacher edition.   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good alignment   |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Various strategies are included in the teacher edition as well as in the student edition. Student are encouraged to collaborate and discuss mathematical concepts in every lesson.  |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Very good alignment   |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Each lesson has an assessment practice component at the end.  |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Numerous formative assessments and quick checks throughout each lesson.   |

| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.                      | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | According to the responses on the UDL questionnaire and seeing specific examples throughout the material, I find very good alignment in regards to Universal Design for Learning.  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | MTRs are referenced throughout the material and evidence is apparent. The ELA expectations are not mentioned at all, however, many lessons naturally engage students in the practices of the ELA expectations. I would like to see the ELA expectations referenced throughout like the MTRs are. |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Overall, very good alignment in regards to the learning requirements.  |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of CRT.   |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of culturally responsive teaching as it relates to CRT. |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of social justice as it relates to CRT.                 |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of social emotional learning                            |

**Reviewer's Name:** Jennifer Dormichev

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 6 Accelerated

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: Berry, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 389

| Final Recommendation   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | Yes  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 5 - Very Good Alignment  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | This is an excellent resource for teaching accelerated sixth grade math students. The pace is appropriate and will prepare them for the seventh grade accelerated class. I like the use of manipulatives and different ways of solving equations used in this text. I highly recommend this text for use in Florida. |  |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.1.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, translate written descriptions into algebraic expressions and translate algebraic expressions into written descriptions.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well   |
| MA.6.AR.1.2 | Translate a real-world written description into an algebraic inequality in the form of . Represent the inequality on a number line.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well   |
| MA.6.AR.1.3 | Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution and order of operations.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well   |
| MA.6.AR.1.4 | Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent algebraic expressions with integer coefficients.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the incorporation of algebra tiles for this skill                           |
| MA.6.AR.2.1 | Given an equation or inequality and a specified set of integer values, determine which values make the equation or inequality true or false.                                  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the use of the scale for equivalency, I like the encouraging of discussions |
| MA.6.AR.2.2 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using addition and subtraction, where all terms and solutions are integers.    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the progression<br>from solve to write<br>and solve                         |
| MA.6.AR.2.3 | Write and solve one-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context using multiplication and division, where all terms and solutions are integers. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the use of<br>number lines and<br>other visuals                             |
| MA.6.AR.2.4 | Determine the unknown decimal or fraction in an equation involving any of the four  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The text teaches this standard well  |

|             | operations, relating three numbers, with the unknown in any position.  |                               |  |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.AR.3.1 | Given a real-world context, write and interpret ratios to show the relative sizes of two quantities using appropriate notation:  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well   |
| MA.6.AR.3.2 | Given a real-world context, determine a rate for a ratio of quantities with different units.  Calculate and interpret the corresponding unit rate.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Teaches this with real world examples with which students have familiarity   |
| MA.6.AR.3.3 | Extend previous understanding of fractions and numerical patterns to generate or complete a two- or three-column table to display equivalent part-to-part ratios and part-to-part-to-whole ratios. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well   |
| MA.6.AR.3.4 | Apply ratio relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving percentages using the relationship between two quantities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This complicated standard is broken down well  |
| MA.6.AR.3.5 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving ratios, rates and unit rates, including comparisons, mixtures, ratios of lengths and conversions within the same measurement system.          | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This complicated standard is broken down well  |
| MA.6.DP.1.1 | Recognize and formulate a statistical question that would generate numerical data.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | This standard is taught but not with much rigor  |
| MA.6.DP.1.2 | Given a numerical data set within a real-<br>world context, find and interpret mean,<br>median, mode and range.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like that the range is<br>kept separate from<br>the measures of<br>center and not just<br>lumped in as if it is<br>one |
| MA.6.DP.1.3 | Given a box plot within a real-world context, determine the minimum, the lower quartile, the median, the upper quartile and the  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well   |

|             | maximum. Use this summary of the data to describe the spread and distribution of the data.  |                               |  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.DP.1.4 | Given a histogram or line plot within a real-<br>world context, qualitatively describe and<br>interpret the spread and distribution of the<br>data, including any symmetry, skewness,<br>gaps, clusters, outliers and the range.                    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Excellent teaching of skewed data and spread of data |
| MA.6.DP.1.5 | Create box plots and histograms to represent sets of numerical data within real-world contexts.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught very well                    |
| MA.6.DP.1.6 | Given a real-world scenario, determine and describe how changes in data values impact measures of center and variation.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well                         |
| MA.6.GR.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of the coordinate plane to plot rational number ordered pairs in all four quadrants and on both axes. Identify the x- or y-axis as the line of reflection when two ordered pairs have an opposite x- or y-coordinate. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is taught well                         |
| MA.6.GR.1.2 | Find distances between ordered pairs, limited to the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate, represented on the coordinate plane.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well                         |
| MA.6.GR.1.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems by plotting points on a coordinate plane, including finding the perimeter or area of a rectangle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I saw evidence of this standard                      |
| MA.6.GR.2.1 | Derive a formula for the area of a right triangle using a rectangle. Apply a formula to find the area of a triangle.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well                         |
| MA.6.GR.2.2 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the area of quadrilaterals and composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or rectangles.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught                              |

| MA.6.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the volume of right rectangular prisms with positive rational number edge lengths using a visual model and a formula.                              | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the use of unit<br>cubes to teach this<br>standard |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.6.GR.2.4  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids using the figure's net.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is evident                                  |
| MA.6.NSO.1.1 | Extend previous understanding of numbers to define rational numbers. Plot, order and compare rational numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love the visuals on<br>this standard                    |
| MA.6.NSO.1.2 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, represent quantities that have opposite direction using rational numbers. Compare them on a number line and explain the meaning of zero within its context. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I saw evidence of this<br>standard                        |
| MA.6.NSO.1.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, interpret the absolute value of a number as the distance from zero on a number line. Find the absolute value of rational numbers.                           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well                              |
| MA.6.NSO.1.4 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving absolute value, including the comparison of absolute value.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Interesting examples                                      |
| MA.6.NSO.2.1 | Multiply and divide positive multi-digit numbers with decimals to the thousandths, including using a standard algorithm with procedural fluency.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Nice real world connections                               |
| MA.6.NSO.2.2 | Extend previous understanding of multiplication and division to compute products and quotients of positive fractions by positive fractions, including mixed numbers, with procedural fluency.           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well                              |
| MA.6.NSO.2.3 | Solve multi-step real-world problems involving any of the four operations with positive multi-digit decimals or positive fractions, including mixed numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The use of real world problems is abundant                |

| MA.6.NSO.3.1 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the greatest common factor and least common multiple of two whole numbers.               | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is evident   |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.6.NSO.3.2 | Rewrite the sum of two composite whole numbers having a common factor, as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two whole numbers.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is covered briefly   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.3 | Evaluate positive rational numbers with natural number exponents.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught  |
| MA.6.NSO.3.4 | Express composite whole numbers as a product of prime factors with natural number exponents.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is covered briefly   |
| MA.6.NSO.3.5 | Rewrite positive rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, terminating decimals and percentages.            | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is evident   |
| MA.6.NSO.4.1 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to add and subtract integers with procedural fluency.           | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love the use of the red and yellow counters                                |
| MA.6.NSO.4.2 | Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with whole numbers to multiply and divide integers with procedural fluency.        | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like the use of board<br>games and loss of<br>yards on a football<br>field |
| MA.7.AR.1.1  | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well   |
| MA.7.AR.1.2  | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I found evidence of this standard  |
| MA.7.AR.2.1  | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and represent solutions algebraically or graphically. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well   |

| MA.7.AR.3.1 | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well         |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught very well    |
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers.             | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well         |
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I found evidence of<br>this standard |
| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well         |
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is taought             |
| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring. Compare the probabilities of chance events.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | This standard is taught              |
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of this standard   |
| MA.7.DP.2.4 | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well         |
| MA.7.GR.1.1 | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well         |

| MA.7.GR.1.2    | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I love the use of pattern blocks   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.NSO.2.1   | Solve mathematical problems using multi-<br>step order of operations with rational<br>numbers including grouping symbols, whole-<br>number exponents and absolute value.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like how it is broken<br>down into steps   |
| MA.7.NSO.2.2   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | It's hard to show you<br>are teaching for<br>fluency but this<br>standard is attempted   |
| MA.7.NSO.2.3   | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I saw evidence of this standard  |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I like that it tells the<br>student to persevere   |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | There were examples where students could answer multiple ways but I would have liked to see alternate ways to solve more often |

|                | <ul> <li>Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.</li> <li>Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.</li> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul>  |                       |   |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | <ul> <li>Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.</li> <li>Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:</li> <li>Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.</li> <li>Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.</li> <li>Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.</li> <li>Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.</li> <li>Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.</li> </ul> | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | It is hard to show<br>fluency is being<br>taught, it must be<br>assessed by the<br>teacher      |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  • Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. • Analyze the mathematical thinking of others.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | These examples are asking the student to explain but the teacher must facilitate the discussion |

|                | <ul> <li>Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others.</li> <li>Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task.</li> <li>Justify results by explaining methods and processes.</li> <li>Construct possible arguments based on evidence.</li> </ul>  |                               |   |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem.  • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems.  • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts.  • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts.  • Look for similarities among problems.  • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | There is a good amount of content that refers to finding a pattern or using a pattern |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is taught well  |

|                | <ul> <li>Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.</li> <li>Evaluate results based on the given context.</li> </ul>   |                               |  |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems.  Perform investigations to gather data or determine if a method is appropriate. Redesign models and methods to improve accuracy or efficiency. | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | This standard is evident throughout the book   |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | There is a good attempt at this standard and sometimes the students are asked to look at a diagram or some other evidence to use to answer |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The text is written at the proper level  |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.   | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | I saw evidence of this throughout  |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment         | The suggestion to discuss and debate are there but it is up to the teacher to facilitate   |

| ELA.K12.EE.5.1   | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The teacher will need to determine what quality work is.  |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1   | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Not something that can be taught in a book but facilitated by the teacher                           |
| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The teacher's edition has strategies but the student edition is vague in reference to this standard |

| Content   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | All standards are covered in this text   |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is written to the correct skill level for accelerated students     |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Excellent source for classroom instruction                                     |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.          | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The materials help students to understand topics                               |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                             | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The complexity level is appropriate  |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The level of complexity is appropriate to the sixth grade accelerated students |

| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The difficulty of the material works well in the time period allotted |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Sources cited reflect expert information                              |
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Sources contribute to the quality of the content                      |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no errors   |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no evidence of bias   |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content of the material is representative of the discipline       |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I found no evidence of mistakes                                       |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is up-to-date   |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is presented well   |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is presented appropriatly                                 |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are real life connections that are meaningful to students       |

| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | I saw evidence of interdisciplinary connections       |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was no unfair or biased portrayals of any group |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There was not evidence of ill treatment of any groups |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Content covers benchmarks and standards well          |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No additional materials are necessary to teach this course                                 |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | all components align   |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material is organized well   |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are great visuals and the text is engaging   |
| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The content is presented in a way that the students can understand it in the time allotted |

| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are assistive supports throughout the online text |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The presentation of the text is well done               |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification  |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Several sections tell the students to persevere                   |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text breaks down the content to make it easier to comprehend |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are clear outcomes and objectives                           |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.                             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | This is evident but also must be facilitated by the teacher       |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There were several types of math manipulatives used in the text   |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | This text has engaging material but the teacher must facilitate   |
| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are many terrific activities in the text                    |
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | They use successful teaching strategies throughout                |

| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                      | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The strategies are there but the teacher must use them      |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Assessment strategies are aligned well                      |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes. | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | Excellent assessment strategies are incorporated            |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.   | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | There are various enhancements for different learning needs |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                    | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | ELA and MTR standards are covered                           |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                 | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | This text satisfies the learning requirements               |

| Special Topics   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification                                |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no evidence of CRT                            |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no evidence of culturally responsive teaching |
| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no evidence of social justice in the lessons  |
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | I saw no evidence of SEL in the lessons             |

**Reviewer's Name:** Tyler Eastridge

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 6 Accelerated

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: Berry, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** 6-8

Course: M/J Accelerated Mathematics Grade 6

**Bid ID:** 389

| Prohibited Topic  | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification     |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No evidence of CRT found |

**UDL Reviewer's Name:** Jason Rhodes

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 6 Accelerated

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: Berry, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition: 1** 

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** <u>1205020 - M/J Grade 6 Accelerated Mathematics</u>

**Bid ID:** 389

# 1. How are both flexibility and student choices provided for the following **presentation features** in the instructional materials:

#### Bid Response

Savvas Response Savvas digital products meet Web Content Accessibility Guidelines/508 Standards. enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics ©2023 on SavvasRealize.com provides flexibility and options with presentation features for students using the instructional materials. - Fonts: -- eText layouts and page features allow students to easily adjust font size for optimal viewing. Text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200%. -- Colors and background colors can be adjusted via device manufacturers' built-in settings or built-in browser settings (i.e., brightness of tablets, dimming of screens, color of fonts and backgrounds, etc - Background: High color contrast settings are available in Realize Reader. - Text-to-speech tools are supported using assistive technology that follows standards. Please see our response to Question 4 below for specific solutions and tools. - Images - Navigation elements and content images have alternative descriptions. - Video Closed Captioning – All student-facing videos have either text on screen or closed captioning. - Refreshable Braille Displays - The Student Editions, including image tags, are compatible with JAWS and will also work with refreshable Braille displays. Captions are in SRT format.

| Review  | Rating                | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Fonts: Type and size. Colors and background colors can be adjusted. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains simple tools to change font and font size. The menu also includes an option to change the size of icons on the site. There is no option to change font color on the site, the publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |

| Background: High contrast color settings are available.                | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | The Settings menu is fairly easy to access and contains options for changing the contrast of the site. They offer 3 options (Black on White, White on Black, and Yellow on Black) on the site.                            |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Text-to-speech tools.  | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment         | There seems to be no built in option on the site for Text to Speech. The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students. |
| All images have alt tags.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Alt text does not appear when the mouse is hovered over an image.  Descriptive alt text is present when using screen reading software.  |
| All videos are captioned.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states videos have text on screen or closed captions available. I did not see a video in the sample site to confirm.  |
| Text, image tags, and captioning sent to refreshable Braille displays. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment         | Publisher states that the Student Editions will work with refreshable Braille displays. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

### 2. How are the following **navigation features** provided in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Non-text navigation elements such as buttons, icons, and arrows can be adjusted in size using screen magnification software or built-in device and browser options. The keyboard can be used to navigate the site and menu items, and navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.

| Review   | Rating                | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Non-text navigation elements (buttons, icons, etc.) can be adjusted in size. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | The publisher states this could be done through the device or browser. Depending on the district/school this may not be an option for some students.  |
| All navigation elements and menu items have keyboard shortcuts.              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Keyboard shortcuts are available and work. A list of commands is found in the settings menu, as is the option to turn shortcuts on/off.  There is no option to change or customize the shortcuts. |
| All navigation information can be sent to refreshable Braille displays.      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Publisher states that navigational information can be sent to a refreshable braille device. I do not have the software to confirm.  |

#### 3. How are the following **study tools** provided in the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response: Within the Interactive Student Edition, users can highlight using yellow, rose, blue, and green. Once a section of text is highlighted, users are able to copy and paste it into another document or interface. This process can be repeated with additional sections of text. Additionally, students can add annotations to highlighted text as well as use the notebook feature to take notes.

| Review   |           | Rating                        | Comments   |
|--|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| Highlighters are provide<br>four standard colors (y<br>rose, green, blue)        | ellow,    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighters are available in all four colors, and the option to highlight pops up automatically when text is highlighted with the mouse. This menu also includes options to circle or underline the text – and these are available in the four colors as well.        |
| Highlighted text can<br>automatically extracte<br>another documen                | d into    | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text and annotations are automatically copied and gathered in their own menu page. Here, the text can be searched and sorted. There is also an option to export all the highlighted texts to an RTF file that can be saved and moved.                      |
| Note taking tools are ava students to write ideas o they are processing current. | nline; as | 5 - Very<br>Good<br>Alignment | Highlighted text can be annotated, and an icon indicates where on the page annotations are. There is also a Notebook option that allows students to take notes on a page without the highlighted text. Both of these options are searchable and fairly easy to access. |

## 4. Which of the following **assistive technology supports, by product name,** have you tested for use with the instructional materials:

#### **Bid Response**

| Review   | Rating                | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Assistive technology software that can be run in the background. Examples include: Magnification, Text-to-speech, Text-to-American Sign Language, On-screen keyboards, Switch scanning controls, Speech-to-text. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher listed several AT softwares that are compatible with their site. They do not have text-to-ASL options. I also tested the on-screen keyboard and speech to text tool built into Mac computers as well as Read and Write. All of these functioned with the site. |

5. For students with special needs who require paper materials based upon the IEP, how are the materials provided for students currently not able to access digital materials?

#### **Bid Response**

Savvas Response We offer a print student edition textbook, which matches the content we provide in our digital platform, Savvas Realize. Assessments and worksheets found in Savvas digital products can be printed out for students and are also found in corresponding print ancillary materials. Additionally, Savvas supports and complies with the Individuals with Disabilities Act of 2004 and the terms of the National Instructional Materials Access Center, NIMAC. Savvas routinely uploads most eligible materials to the NIMAC at the time of the first classroom-ready printing to support instructional materials available in Braille, large print, audio, and other specialized formats.

| Review | Rating                | Comments  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
|        | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Publisher offers paper based books that match the online workbooks, and they state they have other accessible versions available. |

Reviewer's Name: Tyler Eastridge

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 7

Publisher: Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: Berry, et al

Copyright: 2023

Edition: 1

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** M/J Grade 7 Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 390

| Prohibited Topic   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits<br>Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Pg. 70 of the Student textbook (106 of the online pages) provides an example of fresh water in the U.S. compared to Africa. No source was provided to verify the accuracy of the statistics. May be worth a second look. Pg 163 of the student textbook talks about how servers making low wages and how people are expected to tip 18-20%, information is not CRT related, but is irrelevant to the questions. Pg 331 in the student textbook describes two types of athletes based on their native country. |

Reviewer's Name: Rosetta Bailey

Title: enVision Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Grade 7

**Publisher:** Savvas Learning Company LLC, formerly known as Pearson K12 Learning LLC.

Author: Berry, et al

Copyright: 2023

**Edition:** 1

**Grade Level:** 6-8

**Course:** Grade Seven Mathematics

**Bid ID:** 390

| Final Recommendation   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Based on your evaluation scores and the material's alignment to standards, do you recommend this instructional material for adoption?  | No  |  |  |
| How would you rate the overall usability of the instructional material?  | 3 - Fair Alignment  |  |  |
| Please provide comments regarding this material that would be beneficial in determining whether it should be adopted for state use, including both strengths and weaknesses and overall effectiveness as a teaching/learning tool. | The Additional Practice Workbook, Florida's B.E.S.T. Assessment Practice Workbook, and the Savvas Realize™ Learning Management System was available to see if these recourses are aligned. Many of the AR benchmarks are not aligned in this curriculum |  |  |

| Standard    | Description   | Reviewer<br>Rating               | Rating Justification   |
|-------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.1.1 | Apply properties of operations to add and subtract linear expressions with rational coefficients.   | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Check all the pages listed in the book and there were no lessons directly aligned to the standard. The teacher addition did not have the standard listed in the index. The standard is taught within another standard. |
| MA.7.AR.1.2 | Determine whether two linear expressions are equivalent.  | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Check all the pages listed in the book and there were no lessons directly aligned to the standard. The teacher addition did not have the standard listed in the index. The standard is taught within another standard. |
| MA.7.AR.2.1 | Write and solve one-step inequalities in one variable within a mathematical context and represent solutions algebraically or graphically. | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Check all the pages listed in the book and there were no lessons directly aligned to the standard. The teacher addition did not have the standard listed in the index. The standard is taught within another standard. |
| MA.7.AR.2.2 | Write and solve two-step equations in one variable within a mathematical or real-world context, where all terms are rational numbers.     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |

| MA.7.AR.3.1 | Apply previous understanding of percentages and ratios to solve multi-step real-world percent problems.               | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Check all the pages listed in the book and there were no lessons directly aligned to the standard. The teacher addition did not have the standard listed in the index. The standard is taught within another standard.                           |
|-------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.3.2 | Apply previous understanding of ratios to solve real-world problems involving proportions.                            | 1 - Very<br>Poor/No<br>Alignment | Check all the pages listed in the book and there were no lessons directly aligned to the standard. The teacher addition did not have the standard listed in the index. The standard is taught within another standard.                           |
| MA.7.AR.3.3 | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the conversion of units across different measurement systems.    | 4 - Good<br>Alignment            | The pages listed in the book are lessons aligned to the standard.  |
| MA.7.AR.4.1 | Determine whether two quantities have a proportional relationship by examining a table, graph or written description. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | The pages listed in the book are lessons aligned to the standard. The lesson aligns through proportional relationship by examining a table and some written descriptions. There is no evidence of proportional relationship by examining graphs. |
| MA.7.AR.4.2 | Determine the constant of proportionality within a mathematical or real-world context                                 | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment            | The pages listed in the book are lessons   |

|             | given a table, graph or written description of a proportional relationship.   |                       | aligned to the standard. The lesson aligns through proportional relationship by examining a table and some written descriptions. |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.AR.4.3 | Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph proportional relationships from a table, equation or a written description.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There is evidence of standard  |
| MA.7.AR.4.4 | Given any representation of a proportional relationship, translate the representation to a written description, table or equation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There is evidence of standard but not very many opportunities to create a table.   |
| MA.7.AR.4.5 | Solve real-world problems involving proportional relationships.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There is evidence of standard but not very many opportunities to solve proportional relationships with real world problems.      |
| MA.7.DP.1.1 | Determine an appropriate measure of center or measure of variation to summarize numerical data, represented numerically or graphically, taking into consideration the context and any outliers.             | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Not very many practice problems with outlers   |
| MA.7.DP.1.2 | Given two numerical or graphical representations of data, use the measure(s) of center and measure(s) of variability to make comparisons, interpret results and draw conclusions about the two populations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |
| MA.7.DP.1.3 | Given categorical data from a random sample, use proportional relationships to make predictions about a population.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | 3 act task that<br>discussed the<br>standard   |
| MA.7.DP.1.4 | Use proportional reasoning to construct, display and interpret data in circle graphs.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |

| MA.7.DP.1.5 | Given a real-world numerical or categorical data set, choose and create an appropriate graphical representation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Low level practice   |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.DP.2.1 | Determine the sample space for a simple experiment.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Taught with MA.7.DP.2.2 in pages suggested   |
| MA.7.DP.2.2 | Given the probability of a chance event, interpret the likelihood of it occurring.  Compare the probabilities of chance events.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Taught with MA.7.DP.2.1 and MA.7.DP.2.3 in pages suggested                                   |
| MA.7.DP.2.3 | Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a simple experiment.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |
| MA.7.DP.2.4 | Use a simulation of a simple experiment to find experimental probabilities and compare them to theoretical probabilities.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | zero probability   |
| MA.7.GR.1.1 | Apply formulas to find the areas of trapezoids, parallelograms and rhombi.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The lesson allows for students to develop the area formula from the rectangles and triangles |
| MA.7.GR.1.2 | Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving the area of polygons or composite figures by decomposing them into triangles or quadrilaterals.                                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |
| MA.7.GR.1.3 | Explore the proportional relationship between circumferences and diameters of circles. Apply a formula for the circumference of a circle to solve mathematical and real-world problems. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |
| MA.7.GR.1.4 | Explore and apply a formula to find the area of a circle to solve mathematical and realworld problems.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Problem types did not include finding areas of fractional parts of a circle.                 |

| MA.7.GR.1.5  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving dimensions and areas of geometric figures, including scale drawings and scale factors.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.7.GR.2.1  | Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of a right circular cylinder using the figure's net.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |
| MA.7.GR.2.2  | Solve real-world problems involving surface area of right circular cylinders.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |
| MA.7.GR.2.3  | Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving volume of right circular cylinders.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |
| MA.7.NSO.1.1 | Know and apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to whole-number exponents and rational number bases. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |
| MA.7.NSO.1.2 | Rewrite rational numbers in different but equivalent forms including fractions, mixed numbers, repeating decimals and percentages to solve mathematical and realworld problems.    | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The standard calls for students to rewrite rational numbers as percent. I did not find evidence of converting fractions and decimals to percent.   |
| MA.7.NSO.2.1 | Solve mathematical problems using multistep order of operations with rational numbers including grouping symbols, wholenumber exponents and absolute value.                        | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There are at least 3 lessons that relate to this standard. Only one of the lessons aligns to the standard but more of the lesson has students create an expression from a real world problem. The benchmark mention real world problems. |

| MA.7.NSO.2.2   | Add, subtract, multiply and divide rational numbers with procedural fluency.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The lessons listed provides instruction for this standards in the pages provided. The standard is taught within other standard in the provided lessons.   |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| MA.7.NSO.2.3   | Solve real-world problems involving any of the four operations with rational numbers.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | This standard is aligned and taught with NSO2.2   |
| MA.K12.MTR.1.1 | <ul> <li>Mathematicians who participate in effortful learning both individually and with others:</li> <li>Analyze the problem in a way that makes sense given the task.</li> <li>Ask questions that will help with solving the task.</li> <li>Build perseverance by modifying methods as needed while solving a challenging task.</li> <li>Stay engaged and maintain a positive mindset when working to solve tasks.</li> <li>Help and support each other when attempting a new method or approach.</li> </ul> | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Each lesson does provide an engaging problem that allows learners to make sense of the benchmark.   |
| MA.K12.MTR.2.1 | Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways.  Mathematicians who demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways:  Build understanding through modeling and using manipulatives.  Represent solutions to problems in multiple ways using objects, drawings, tables, graphs and equations.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | For the necessary benchmarks, the curriculum provides the opportunity to represent problems with manipulatives and models. There is some evidence for representing the benchmarks multiple ways |

|                | <ul> <li>Progress from modeling problems with objects and drawings to using algorithms and equations.</li> <li>Express connections between concepts and representations.</li> <li>Choose a representation based on the given context or purpose.</li> </ul>   |                       |  |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | Complete tasks with mathematical fluency.  Mathematicians who complete tasks with mathematical fluency:  Select efficient and appropriate methods for solving problems within the given context.  Maintain flexibility and accuracy while performing procedures and mental calculations.  Complete tasks accurately and with confidence.  Adapt procedures to apply them to a new context.  Use feedback to improve efficiency when performing calculations.                                      | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The online proportions seems to allow students multiple opportunities for students to practice. However, there is not an opportunity to view this information. |
| MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.  Mathematicians who engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others:  Communicate mathematical ideas, vocabulary and methods effectively. Analyze the mathematical thinking of others. Compare the efficiency of a method to those expressed by others. Recognize errors and suggest how to correctly solve the task. Justify results by explaining methods and processes. | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Did not see specific<br>evidence of the MTR  |

|                | Construct possible arguments based on evidence.  |                       |  |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts.  Mathematicians who use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts:  • Focus on relevant details within a problem. • Create plans and procedures to logically order events, steps or ideas to solve problems. • Decompose a complex problem into manageable parts. • Relate previously learned concepts to new concepts. • Look for similarities among problems. • Connect solutions of problems to more complicated large-scale situations. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of this MTR throughout the lesson. |
| MA.K12.MTR.6.1 | Assess the reasonableness of solutions.  Mathematicians who assess the reasonableness of solutions:  Estimate to discover possible solutions.  Use benchmark quantities to determine if a solution makes sense.  Check calculations when solving problems.  Verify possible solutions by explaining the methods used.  Evaluate results based on the given context.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Did not see specific<br>evidence of the MTR          |

| MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.  Mathematicians who apply mathematics to real-world contexts:  Connect mathematical concepts to everyday experiences.  Use models and methods to understand, represent and solve problems. |                       | There was evidence of this standard throughout the lesson with the use models. However I did not see |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|--|
|                | <ul> <li>Perform investigations to gather<br/>data or determine if a method is<br/>appropriate.</li> <li>Redesign models and<br/>methods to improve accuracy or<br/>efficiency.</li> </ul>   |                       | students use of models.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.1.1 | Cite evidence to explain and justify reasoning.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There is some evidence of student showing or explaining their reasoning.                             |
| ELA.K12.EE.2.1 | Read and comprehend grade-level complex texts proficiently.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | This benchmark is aligned through real world problems.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.3.1 | Make inferences to support comprehension.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | This benchmark is aligned through models and manipulatives.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.4.1 | Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The investigation part of the curriculum allows students to engage in discussion about a situation.  |
| ELA.K12.EE.5.1 | Use the accepted rules governing a specific format to create quality work.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |
| ELA.K12.EE.6.1 | Use appropriate voice and tone when speaking or writing.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark.   |

| ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 | English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark. |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 | English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is evidence of alignment for this benchmark. |

| Content  | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There is some alignment missing for the AR benchmarks                                     |
| 2. A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.          | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | Some of some of the content is written to the level of the benchmark.                     |
| 3. A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There are problems that address various needs of all learners                             |
| 4. B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.       | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | The material provides some details such as models/visuals for students understand topics. |
| 5. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.                          | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | There is various levels of complexity evident in the curriculum                           |
| 6. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There is various levels of complexity evident in the curriculum                           |
| 7. B. Level of Treatment: The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There are some additional practice to extend the lesson                                   |

| 8. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The secondary sources reflect expert information. The other sources I was not able to access |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| 9. C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.   | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | The secondary sources provided quality. The other sources I was not able to access           |
| 10. D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | No errors noticed  |
| 11. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).                                | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There is no evidence of bias.  |
| 12. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area). | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The appropriate models and concepts were used through the beginning of the lessons.          |
| 13. D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | No mistakes noticed  |
| 14. E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There was evidence of best practices used with lessons.                                      |
| 15. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The content presented in the context was relevant to the curriculum.                         |
| 16. E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | The content presented in the context was relevant to the curriculum.                         |
| 17. F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There is evidences of real world situations that may be relevant to students.                |

| 18. F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There is evidences of interdisciplinary connections that may be relevant to students. |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 19. G. Multicultural Representation: The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | Pictures and content portrayed various social groups.                                 |
| 20. H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare). | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material portrays people and animals with compassion                              |
| 21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Most of the content of the benchmarks is covered in this material                     |

| Presentation   | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification  |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| 1. A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: the comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course. | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | A teacher will need to prepare additional teaching material for the AR Standards. |
| 2. B. Alignment of Instructional Components: all components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | SOme of the AR benchmarks are not aligned.  |
| 3. C. Organization of Instructional Materials: the materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The material is organized and user friendly.                                      |
| 4. D. Readability of Instructional Materials: Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.                              | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The material has great visuals and is organized for the reader                    |

| 5. E. Pacing of Content:The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The instruction within the material was paced out appropriately   |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 6. Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire). | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Most of this material is mentioned in the video is in the online recourse and there was no access to those materials. |
| 7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Everything seem to satisfy the presentation requirements  |

| Learning   | Reviewer Rating            | Rating Justification   |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | Some of the instruction has real world situations that may provide student motivation.                       |
| 2. B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas": Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There was evidences.   |
| 3. C. Explicit Instruction: the materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.  | 5 - Very Good<br>Alignment | The material is clear and easy to understand.  |
| 4. D. Guidance and Support: the materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There are guiding questions for the teachers to provide students the support to become independent thinkers. |
| 5. D. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.                                   | 4 - Good<br>Alignment      | There are different types of instructional task that provides opportunities for various learning styles.     |
| 6. E. Active Participation of Students: the materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.                         | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment      | There is some evidence of mental engagement.   |

| 7. E. Active Participation of Students: Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.                            | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The beginning of the instruction provided goals and objectives.                  |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 8. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements. | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum provides instruction that is effective in teaching the benchmark. |
| 9. F. Targeted Instructional Strategies: the instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.                                       | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum provides instruction that is effective in teaching the benchmark. |
| 10. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.   | 2 - Poor<br>Alignment | Did not see evidence of assessment strategies.                                   |
| 11. G. Targeted Assessment Strategies: the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.  | 3 - Fair<br>Alignment | There were not many targeted assessments that were accessible                    |
| 12. Universal Design for Learning: this submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The curriculum provided UDL for all students in the material that was provided   |
| 13. B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?                     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | The ELA expectations and the MTRs were evident throughout the curriculum.        |
| 14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)                                  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Yes the submission satifies the Learning requirements.                           |

| Special Topics  | Reviewer Rating       | Rating Justification |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT), in instructional materials?     | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Did not see evidence |
| Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Did not see evidence |

| Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT, as explained in the reviewer training?  | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Did not see evidence |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards? | 4 - Good<br>Alignment | Did not see evidence |