# INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS ADMINISTRATOR

BID 3317

### Recommendation

Yes

6/25/2018

Comments: Overall, the material is thorough and well done. There are some parts I feel that are more technical than necessary for the target audience. Some of the language is high level (which isn't always a bad thing). There were a few word choice oddities such as using the terms diploid and sex cell instead of diploid and haploid. Also, I thought using the word ochre to describe a color of an animal to be odd as well. But overall, there were nice learning options that are adaptable to most classrooms. I would caution districts with lower performing students that they may need supplementary materials.

### **Material for Review**

Course: M/J Life Science, Advanced (2000020)

Title: Science Bits - M/J Life Science, Advanced, Edition: 1st

Copyright: 2017

Author: International Science Teaching Foundation

Grade Level: 6 - 8

#### Content

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- 5 VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT
- 4 GOOD ALIGNMENT
- 3 FAIR ALIGNMENT
- 2 POOR ALIGNMENT
- 1 VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT

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A. Alignment with curriculum1. A. The content aligns with the state's standards and benchmarks for subject, grade level and learning outcomes.

VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT	OGOOD ALIGNMENT	FAIR ALIGNMENT	O POOR ALIGNMENT	VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT
lustification:				

The topics are covered thoroughly.

2. A. The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards and benchmarks in the course.

VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT OF SAIR ALIGNMENT OF POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Some vocabulary is more complex than expected at the middle school level.
3. A. The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT
B. Level of Treatment4. B. The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Examples are relevant.
5. B. The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the standards.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT OF SAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Some topics are more detailed than others.
6. B. The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the student abilities and grade level.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Some are too complex.
7. B. The level (complexity or difficulty) of the treatment of content matches the time period allowed for teaching.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:  Most teachers will adjust no matter how it is set up depending on the levels of their students.
C. Expertise for Content Development8. C. The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT  ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT  ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT  ■ POOR ALIGNMENT  ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT  Justification: Use of Wikipedia is concerning.
9. C. The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Use of wikipedia is a little concerning.
D. Accuracy of Content 10. D. The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors).
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:  I did not find any errors.
11. D. The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature).
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: I did not observe any bias.
12. D. The content of the material is representative of the discipline? (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards, and models used with the subject area).
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Commonly used examples were used.
13. D. The content of the material is factual accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies).
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: The content was consistent.
E. Currency of Content14. E. The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT © GOOD ALIGNMENT © FAIR ALIGNMENT © POOR ALIGNMENT © VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT

Justification: There was good use of current issues.
15. E. The content is presented to the curriculum, standards, and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ⑤ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: The content mirrors currently used benchmarks.
16. E. The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Some topics are more complex than others.
F. Authenticity of Content 17. F. The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: There could have been more Florida- specific examples used.
18. F. The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Math was regularly used as part of the assessments.
<b>G. Multicultural Representation</b> 19. G. The portrayal of gender, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical, and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section).
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT  GOOD ALIGNMENT  FAIR ALIGNMENT  POOR ALIGNMENT  VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT  Justification:  Diverse examples were used.
<b>H. Humanity and Compassion</b> 20. H. The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy, and consideration of their needs and values and exclude hard-core pornography and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare).
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: All use of humans and animals in examples were done with integrity.
21. In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:

## Presentation

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<b>A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources</b> 1. A. The comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ☐ GOOD ALIGNMENT ☐ FAIR ALIGNMENT ☐ POOR ALIGNMENT ☐ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: The activities including scientific method were few.
B. Alignment of Instructional Components 2. B. All components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ⑤ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Curriculum was followed.
C. Organization of Instructional Materials 3. C. The materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: The information had a logical flow to it.
<b>D. Readability of Instructional Materials</b> 4. D. Narrative and visuals engage students in reading or listening as well as in understanding of the content at a level appropriate to the students' abilities.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ● GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Some of the vocabulary was at a higher level than middle school.
<b>E. Pacing of Content</b> 5. E. The amount of content presented at one time or the pace at which it is presented must be of a size or rate that allows students to perceive and understand it.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ● GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: The information is presented at a reasonable pace.
<b>Accessibility</b> 6. The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance refer to the answers on the UDL questionnaire).
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: There were good options for navigating the material.
7. In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section).
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: There were nice video clips as well as interactives showing (for example) how natural selection works.

### Learning

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tems included in this rubric.
A. Motivational Strategies 1. A. Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Interactives were well done.
B. Teaching a Few "Big Ideas"2. B. Instructional materials thoroughly teach a few important ideas, concepts, or themes.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT OF AIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:  Some chapters were more detailed/ at a higher level than expected for middle school, but also provide options for teaching gifted students.
C. Explicit Instruction3. C. The materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Some of the 'exploratory' questions were unclear.
<b>D. Guidance and Support</b> 4. D. The materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ─ GOOD ALIGNMENT ─ FAIR ALIGNMENT ─ POOR ALIGNMENT ─ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT
Justification: This materials provide opportunity for independent learning. However, most chapters would require supplementary activities provided by a teacher for critical understanding of the material.
5. D. Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: The chapters followed a relatively standard routine. It would be adaptable to students of differing learning styles and abilities with some
ingenuity on the teacher's part.
E. Active Participation of Students6. E. The materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:  Few physical activity components
7. E. Rate how well the materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals, and objectives.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
Some creative activities such as envisioning a base on Mars. Some topics would need to be supplemented.
<b>F. Targeted Instructional Strategies</b> 8. F. Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
9. F. The instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Interactives were well done for student experimentation.
G. Targeted Assessment Strategies 10. G. The materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT OF AIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: There was a good integration of math with the science in several sections.
11. G. the assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners' performance with regard to the

targeted outcomes.

VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Assessments followed material closely and allowed for critical thinking. Could be difficult for ELL students or ESE.
Universal Design for Learning12. This submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc., that consider the needs of all students.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Some adjustments would need to be done by instructors.
Mathematical Practice 13. Do you observe the appropriate application of Mathematical Practices (MP) as applicable?
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: I thought the math was strong and very well done.
14. In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT OF GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:  Generally, the learning requirements were adequate.

### **Standards**

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When looking at standards alignment reviewers should consider not only the robustness of the standard coverage but also the content complexity (depth of knowledge level) if appropriate. More information on content complexity as it relates to Florida standards can be found at: <a href="http://www.cpalms.org/Uploads/docs/CPALMS/initiatives/contentcomplexity/CPALMS">http://www.cpalms.org/Uploads/docs/CPALMS/initiatives/contentcomplexity/CPALMS</a> codefinitions 140711.pdf

For example, if the standard is marked as a level 3 (strategic reasoning and complex thinking) then the materials coverage should reflect this. If the materials coverage is only sufficient to allow for recall (level 1) then this should be reflected in the points assigned.

1. **SC.6.L.14.1:** Describe and identify patterns in the hierarchical organization of organisms from atoms to molecules and cells to tissues to organs to organ systems to organisms.

### Remarks/Examples:

Florida Standards Connections: MAFS.K12.MP.7: Look for and make use of structure.

VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT	OGOOD ALIGNMENT	FAIR ALIGNMENT	O POOR ALIGNMENT	VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT
Justification:				
Found in several topics.				

2. **SC.6.L.14.2**: Investigate and explain the components of the scientific theory of cells (cell theory): all organisms are composed of cells (single-celled or multi-cellular), all cells come from pre-existing cells, and cells are the basic unit of life.

VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT OGOOD ALIGNMENT	FAIR ALIGNMENT	O POOR ALIGNMENT	VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT
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Justification: Cell unit is thorough.
3. <b>SC.6.L.14.3:</b> Recognize and explore how cells of all organisms undergo similar processes to maintain homeostasis, including extracting energy from food, getting rid of waste, and reproducing.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
4. <b>SC.6.L.14.4:</b> Compare and contrast the structure and function of major organelles of plant and animal cells, including cell wall, cell membrane, nucleus, cytoplasm, chloroplasts, mitochondria, and vacuoles.
Remarks/Examples: Florida Standards Connections: MAFS.K12.MP.7: Look for and make use of structure.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Nice examples given.
5. <b>SC.6.L.14.5:</b> Identify and investigate the general functions of the major systems of the human body (digestive, respiratory, circulatory, reproductive, excretory, immune, nervous, and musculoskeletal) and describe ways these systems interact with each other to maintain homeostasis.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Systems are covered with interactives. They are actually a bit more detailed than necessary.
6. <b>SC.6.L.14.6:</b> Compare and contrast types of infectious agents that may infect the human body, including viruses, bacteria, fungi, and parasites.
Remarks/Examples: Integrate HE.6.C.1.8. Explain how body systems are impacted by hereditary factors and infectious agents.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Good examples are given.
7. <b>SC.6.L.15.1:</b> Analyze and describe how and why organisms are classified according to shared characteristics with emphasis on the Linnaean system combined with the concept of Domains.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Classification is well covered.
8. <b>SC.6.N.1.1:</b> Define a problem from the sixth grade curriculum, use appropriate reference materials to support scientific understanding, plan and carry out scientific investigation of various types, such as systematic observations or experiments, identify variables, collect and organize data, interpret data in charts, tables, and graphics, analyze information, make predictions, and defend conclusions.
Remarks/Examples: Florida Standards Connections: LAFS.68.RST.1.3. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Scientific method are integrated through the text.
9. SC.6.N.1.2: Explain why scientific investigations should be replicable.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
10. <b>SC.6.N.1.3</b> : Explain the difference between an experiment and other types of scientific investigation, and explain the relative benefits and limitations of each.
Remarks/Examples: Explain that an investigation is observing or studying the natural world, without interference or manipulation, and an experiment is an investigation that involves variables (independent/manipulated and dependent/ outcome) and establishes cause-and-effect relationships (Schwartz, 2007).
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT © GOOD ALIGNMENT © FAIR ALIGNMENT © POOR ALIGNMENT © VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:

11. <b>SC.6.N.1.4:</b> Discuss, compare, and negotiate methods used, results obtained, and explanations among groups of students conducting the same investigation.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT  ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT  ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT  ■ POOR ALIGNMENT  ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT  Justification:  Projects cover this standard.
12. <b>SC.6.N.1.5:</b> Recognize that science involves creativity, not just in designing experiments, but also in creating explanations that fit evidence.
Remarks/Examples: Florida Standards Connections: LAFS.68.RST.3.7 LAFS.68.WHST.1.2 and, LAFS.68.WHST.3.9.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Covered in first chapter. Could use supplementary activities.
13. SC.6.N.2.1: Distinguish science from other activities involving thought.
Remarks/Examples: Thought refers to any mental or intellectual activity involving an individual's subjective consciousness. Science is a systematic process that pursues, builds and organizes knowledge in the form of testable explanations and predictions about the natural world.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
14. <b>SC.6.N.2.2:</b> Explain that scientific knowledge is durable because it is open to change as new evidence or interpretations are encountered.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
15. <b>SC.6.N.2.3:</b> Recognize that scientists who make contributions to scientific knowledge come from all kinds of backgrounds and possess varied talents, interests, and goals.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Provides examples of famous scientists and their biographies.
16. <b>SC.6.N.3.1:</b> Recognize and explain that a scientific theory is a well-supported and widely accepted explanation of nature and is not simply a claim posed by an individual. Thus, the use of the term theory in science is very different than how it is used in everyday life.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
17. <b>SC.6.N.3.2:</b> Recognize and explain that a scientific law is a description of a specific relationship under given conditions in the natural world. Thus, scientific laws are different from societal laws.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
18. SC.6.N.3.3: Give several examples of scientific laws.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
19. SC.6.N.3.4: Identify the role of models in the context of the sixth grade science benchmarks.
Remarks/Examples: Florida Standards Connections: MAFS.K12.MP.4: Model with mathematics.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
20. <b>SC.7.L.15.1</b> : Recognize that fossil evidence is consistent with the scientific theory of evolution that living things evolved from earlier species.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: The evolution unit is well done.

21. <b>SC.7.L.15.2:</b> Explore the scientific theory of evolution by recognizing and explaining ways in which genetic variation and environmental factors contribute to evolution by natural selection and diversity of organisms.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT □ FAIR ALIGNMENT □ POOR ALIGNMENT □ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
22. <b>SC.7.L.15.3:</b> Explore the scientific theory of evolution by relating how the inability of a species to adapt within a changing environment may contribute to the extinction of that species.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT □ FAIR ALIGNMENT □ POOR ALIGNMENT □ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Good interactives for students to explore.
23. <b>SC.7.L.16.1:</b> Understand and explain that every organism requires a set of instructions that specifies its traits, that this hereditary information (DNA) contains genes located in the chromosomes of each cell, and that heredity is the passage of these instructions from one generation to another. <b>Remarks/Examples:</b> Integrate HE.7.C.1.4. Describe how heredity can affect personal health.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT □ FAIR ALIGNMENT □ POOR ALIGNMENT □ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
24. SC.7.L.16.2: Determine the probabilities for genotype and phenotype combinations using Punnett Squares and pedigrees.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT □ FAIR ALIGNMENT □ POOR ALIGNMENT □ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Good interactives in the genetics section.
25. <b>SC.7.L.16.3:</b> Compare and contrast the general processes of sexual reproduction requiring meiosis and asexual reproduction requiring mitosis.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT □ FAIR ALIGNMENT □ POOR ALIGNMENT □ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
26. <b>SC.7.L.16.4:</b> Recognize and explore the impact of biotechnology (cloning, genetic engineering, artificial selection) on the individual, society and the environment.
Remarks/Examples: Integrate HE.7.C.1.4. Describe how heredity can affect personal health.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
27. <b>SC.7.L.17.1:</b> Explain and illustrate the roles of and relationships among producers, consumers, and decomposers in the process of energy transfer in a food web.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
28. <b>SC.7.L.17.2</b> : Compare and contrast the relationships among organisms such as mutualism, predation, parasitism, competition, and commensalism.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Symbiosis is thoroughly explained and good examples are given.
29. <b>SC.7.L.17.3:</b> Describe and investigate various limiting factors in the local ecosystem and their impact on native populations, including food, shelter, water, space, disease, parasitism, predation, and nesting sites.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
30. <b>SC.7.N.1.1:</b> Define a problem from the seventh grade curriculum, use appropriate reference materials to support scientific understanding, plan and carry out scientific investigation of various types, such as systematic observations or experiments, identify variables, collect and organize data, interpret data in charts, tables, and graphics, analyze information, make predictions, and defend conclusions.
Remarks/Examples:
Florida Standards Connections: LAFS.68.RST.1.3. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
I would have liked to see more of this standard throughout the text.

31. <b>SC.7.N.1.2</b> : Differentiate replication (by others) from repetition (multiple trials).
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
32. <b>SC.7.N.1.3:</b> Distinguish between an experiment (which must involve the identification and control of variables) and other forms of scientific investigation and explain that not all scientific knowledge is derived from experimentation.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Not emphasized.
33. SC.7.N.1.4: Identify test variables (independent variables) and outcome variables (dependent variables) in an experiment.
$^{\circ}$ Very good alignment $^{\circ}$ <b>Good alignment</b> $^{\circ}$ fair alignment $^{\circ}$ poor alignment $^{\circ}$ Very poor/no alignment Justification:
34. <b>SC.7.N.1.5:</b> Describe the methods used in the pursuit of a scientific explanation as seen in different fields of science such as biology, geology, and physics.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Different fields were described and examples are given.
35. <b>SC.7.N.1.6:</b> Explain that empirical evidence is the cumulative body of observations of a natural phenomenon on which scientific explanations are based.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
36. SC.7.N.1.7: Explain that scientific knowledge is the result of a great deal of debate and confirmation within the science community.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT □ FAIR ALIGNMENT □ POOR ALIGNMENT □ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
37. <b>SC.7.N.2.1:</b> Identify an instance from the history of science in which scientific knowledge has changed when new evidence or new interpretations are encountered.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: I liked the example of Lamarck used here.
38. <b>SC.7.N.3.1:</b> Recognize and explain the difference between theories and laws and give several examples of scientific theories and the evidence that supports them.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:  I wasn't thrilled with the spherical shape of the Earth being used as an example here. That can be a difficult concept for a child to grasp.
39. <b>SC.7.N.3.2:</b> Identify the benefits and limitations of the use of scientific models.
Remarks/Examples: Florida Standards Connections: MAFS.K12.MP.4: Model with mathematics.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT    GOOD ALIGNMENT    FAIR ALIGNMENT    POOR ALIGNMENT    VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT    Justification:  Many good examples of math used in graphics throughout the text.
40. <b>SC.8.L.18.1:</b> Describe and investigate the process of photosynthesis, such as the roles of light, carbon dioxide, water and chlorophyll; production of food; release of oxygen.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT □ FAIR ALIGNMENT □ POOR ALIGNMENT □ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
41. SC.8.L.18.2: Describe and investigate how cellular respiration breaks down food to provide energy and releases carbon dioxide.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
42. <b>SC.8.L.18.3</b> : Construct a scientific model of the carbon cycle to show how matter and energy are continuously transferred within and between organisms and their physical environment.

Remarks/Examples: Florida Standards Connections: MAFS.K12.MP.4: Model with mathematics.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
43. SC.8.L.18.4: Cite evidence that living systems follow the Laws of Conservation of Mass and Energy.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
44. <b>SC.8.N.1.1:</b> Define a problem from the eighth grade curriculum using appropriate reference materials to support scientific understanding, plan and carry out scientific investigations of various types, such as systematic observations or experiments, identify variables, collect and organize data, interpret data in charts, tables, and graphics, analyze information, make predictions, and defend conclusions.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
45. SC.8.N.1.2: Design and conduct a study using repeated trials and replication.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ⑤ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
46. <b>SC.8.N.1.3:</b> Use phrases such as "results support" or "fail to support" in science, understanding that science does not offer conclusive 'proof' of a knowledge claim.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
47. <b>SC.8.N.1.4</b> : Explain how hypotheses are valuable if they lead to further investigations, even if they turn out not to be supported by the data.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
48. SC.8.N.1.5: Analyze the methods used to develop a scientific explanation as seen in different fields of science.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: This is an area of critical thinking that really requires the students to experience it first hand with activities rather than simply providing an explanation.
49. <b>SC.8.N.1.6:</b> Understand that scientific investigations involve the collection of relevant empirical evidence, the use of logical reasoning, and the application of imagination in devising hypotheses, predictions, explanations and models to make sense of the collected evidence.
Remarks/Examples: Florida Standards Connections: MAFS.K12.MP.4: Model with mathematics.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
50. SC.8.N.2.1: Distinguish between scientific and pseudoscientific ideas.
Remarks/Examples:  Science is testable, pseudo-science is not science seeks falsifications, pseudo-science seeks confirmations (e.g. astrology is pseudoscience).
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT OGOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: I would like to see more contemporary examples of pseudo-science.
51. SC.8.N.2.2: Discuss what characterizes science and its methods.
Remarks/Examples: Science is the systematic, organized inquiry that is derived from observations and experimentation that can be verified through testing to explain natural phenomena.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
52. <b>SC.8.N.3.1:</b> Select models useful in relating the results of their own investigations.

Remarks/Examples:	
Florida Standards Connections: MAFS.K12.MP.4: Model with mathematics.	
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:	
53. <b>SC.8.N.3.2:</b> Explain why theories may be modified but are rarely discarded.	
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:	
54. <b>SC.8.N.4.1:</b> Explain that science is one of the processes that can be used to inform decision making at the community, state, national, and international levels.	
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: I would recommend more practice for this one.	
55. SC.8.N.4.2: Explain how political, social, and economic concerns can affect science, and vice versa.	
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:	
56. <b>SC.912.L.14.2</b> : Relate structure to function for the components of plant and animal cells. Explain the role of cell membranes as a highly selective barrier (passive and active transport).	y
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT  GOOD ALIGNMENT  FAIR ALIGNMENT  POOR ALIGNMENT  VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT  Justification:	
57. <b>SC.912.L.14.3:</b> Compare and contrast the general structures of plant and animal cells. Compare and contrast the general structures of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.	f
Remarks/Examples: Annually Assessed on Biology EOC. Also assesses SC.912.L.14.2.	
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Accurate diagrams. Good examples.	
58. SC.912.L.15.6: Discuss distinguishing characteristics of the domains and kingdoms of living organisms.	
Remarks/Examples: Annually Assessed on Biology EOC. Also assesses SC.912.L.15.4 SC.912.L.15.5 SC.912.N.1.3 and SC.912.N.1.6.	
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT  GOOD ALIGNMENT  FAIR ALIGNMENT  POOR ALIGNMENT  VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT  Justification:	
59. <b>SC.912.L.15.13:</b> Describe the conditions required for natural selection, including: overproduction of offspring, inherited variation, and the struggle to survive, which result in differential reproductive success.	пе
Remarks/Examples: Annually assessed on Biology EOC. Also assesses SC.912.L.15.14, SC.912.L.15.15, and SC.912.N.1.3.	
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT  GOOD ALIGNMENT  FAIR ALIGNMENT  POOR ALIGNMENT  VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT  Justification:  Thoroughly covered.	
60. <b>SC.912.L.16.2</b> : Discuss observed inheritance patterns caused by various modes of inheritance, including dominant, recessive, codominant, sex-linked, polygenic, and multiple alleles.	
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:	
61. <b>SC.912.L.16.14:</b> Describe the cell cycle, including the process of mitosis. Explain the role of mitosis in the formation of new cells and it importance in maintaining chromosome number during asexual reproduction.	ts
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:	
62. <b>SC.912.L.16.16:</b> Describe the process of meiosis, including independent assortment and crossing over. Explain how reduction division results in the formation of haploid gametes or spores	ı

VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT OF AIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
63. <b>SC.912.L.17.6</b> : Compare and contrast the relationships among organisms, including predation, parasitism, competition, commensalism, and mutualism.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:  The depth is more appropriate to high school biology, but well done.
64. <b>SC.912.L.17.9:</b> Use a food web to identify and distinguish producers, consumers, and decomposers. Explain the pathway of energy transfer through trophic levels and the reduction of available energy at successive trophic levels.
Remarks/Examples: Annually assessed on Biology EOC. Also assesses SC.912.E.7.1.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
65. SC.912.L.18.7: Identify the reactants, products, and basic functions of photosynthesis.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
66. SC.912.L.18.8: Identify the reactants, products, and basic functions of aerobic and anaerobic cellular respiration.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
67. SC.912.L.18.9: Explain the interrelated nature of photosynthesis and cellular respiration.
Remarks/Examples: Annually assessed on Biology EOC. Also assesses SC.912.L.18.7 SC.912.L.18.8 SC.912.L.18.10.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
68. LAFS.68.RST.1.1: Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
69. <b>LAFS.68.RST.1.2:</b> Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
70. <b>LAFS.68.RST.1.3:</b> Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
71. LAFS.68.RST.2.4: Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
72. <b>LAFS.68.RST.2.5:</b> Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
73. <b>LAFS.68.RST.2.6</b> : Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT

74. <b>LAFS.68.RST.3.7</b> : Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT OF AIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:  Some of what is presented is a little overly technical for the age level.
75. LAFS.68.RST.3.8: Distinguish among facts, reasoned judgment based on research findings, and speculation in a text.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
76. <b>LAFS.68.RST.3.9:</b> Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT OF SAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
77. LAFS.68.WHST.1.1: Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.  a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
<b>b.</b> Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources.
<ul> <li>c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>d. Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> </ul>
e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
There are several writing assignments throughout.  78. LAFS.68.WHST.1.2: Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or
technical processes.
<ul> <li>a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.</li> <li>c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li> <li>d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone.</li><li>f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.</li></ul>
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
79. <b>LAFS.68.WHST.2.4:</b> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
80. <b>LAFS.68.WHST.2.5:</b> With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT GOOD ALIGNMENT FAIR ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: The writing assignments lack specifics. Teachers would need to supplement. (Which I think is fine- this would be a class/ skills specific
exercise.)
81. <b>LAFS.68.WHST.2.6:</b> Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
82. <b>LAFS.68.WHST.3.7:</b> Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:

83. <b>LAFS.68.WHST.3.8</b> : Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
84. LAFS.68.WHST.3.9: Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
85. <b>LAFS.68.WHST.4.10:</b> Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
For the age group, there are adequate writing prompts and opportunities.  86. LAFS.7.SL.1.2: Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
87. <b>LAFS.7.SL.1.3:</b> Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
88. LAFS.7.SL.2.4: Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ FAIR ALIGNMENT ■ POOR ALIGNMENT ■ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
89. LAFS.7.SL.2.5: Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points.
■ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT □ FAIR ALIGNMENT □ POOR ALIGNMENT □ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
90. <b>MAFS.6.EE.3.9:</b> Use variables to represent two quantities in a real-world problem that change in relationship to one another; write an equation to express one quantity, thought of as the dependent variable, in terms of the other quantity, thought of as the independent variable. Analyze the relationship between the dependent and independent variables using graphs and tables, and relate these to the equation. For example, in a problem involving motion at constant speed, list and graph ordered pairs of distances and times, and write the equation d = 65t to represent the relationship between distance and time.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ─ GOOD ALIGNMENT ─ FAIR ALIGNMENT ─ POOR ALIGNMENT ─ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
Many examples of graphs and interactives that address relationships (for example predator/ prey).  91. MAFS.6.SP.2.4: Display numerical data in plots on a number line, including dot plots, histograms, and box plots.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT
Justification:  92. MAFS.6.SP.2.5: Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context, such as by:  a. Reporting the number of observations.
<ul> <li>b. Describing the nature of the attribute under investigation, including how it was measured and its units of measurement.</li> <li>c. Giving quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (interquartile range and/or mean absolute deviation), as well as describing any overall pattern and any striking deviations from the overall pattern with reference to the context in which the data were gathered.</li> </ul>
<b>d.</b> Relating the choice of measures of center and variability to the shape of the data distribution and the context in which the data were gathered.
$^{\circ}$ Very good alignment $^{\circ}$ <b>Good alignment</b> $^{\circ}$ fair alignment $^{\circ}$ poor alignment $^{\circ}$ very poor/no alignment Justification:
93. MAFS.7.SP.2.4: Use measures of center and measures of variability for numerical data from random samples to draw informal

comparative inferences about two populations. For example, decide whether the words in a chapter of a seventh-grade science book are

https://web01.fldoe.org/InstructMat/Admin/Reviews/printReviewItem.aspx?rassignmentID=28383

generally longer than the words in a chapter of a fourth-grade science book.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ■ GOOD ALIGNMENT □ FAIR ALIGNMENT □ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:
94. <b>MAFS.7.SP.3.5:</b> Understand that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that expresses the likelihood of the event occurring. Larger numbers indicate greater likelihood. A probability near 0 indicates an unlikely event, a probability around 1/2 indicates an event that is neither unlikely nor likely, and a probability near 1 indicates a likely event.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ● GOOD ALIGNMENT ● FAIR ALIGNMENT ● POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: This is integrated into genetics.
95. <b>HE.6.C.1.8</b> : Examine the likelihood of injury or illness if engaging in unhealthy/risky behaviors.
Remarks/Examples:  Obesity related to poor nutrition and inactivity, cancer and chronic lung disease related to tobacco use, injuries caused from failure to use seat restraint, and sexually transmitted diseases caused by sexual activity.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:  Drugs and addiction are covered well.
96. <b>HE.7.C.1.3:</b> Analyze how environmental factors affect personal health.
Remarks/Examples:  Food refrigeration, appropriate home heating and cooling, air/water quality, and garbage/trash collection.  VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT OF ALIGNMENT POOR ALIGNMENT VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT
Justification:
97. <b>HE.7.C.1.7</b> : Describe how heredity can affect personal health.
Remarks/Examples: Sickle-cell anemia, diabetes, and acne.
● VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT → GOOD ALIGNMENT → FAIR ALIGNMENT → POOR ALIGNMENT → VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification:  Diseases are covered.
98. <b>ELD.K12.ELL.SC.1</b> : English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Science.
○ VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ GOOD ALIGNMENT ○ FAIR ALIGNMENT ○ POOR ALIGNMENT ○ VERY POOR/NO ALIGNMENT Justification: Would require teacher to create more activities.
99. ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1: English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.
VERY GOOD ALIGNMENT